The Palmer Journal.

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WM. MCKINSTREY, Merchant Tailor and Manufacturer of Custom Clothing, opposite the Bank.

WM. O. GOULD, Dealer in Millinery of all kinds, Osmond's Block, Main street, up stairs.

One Note Wrong.

Blue bends the sky above—
Blue runs the stream below—
Earth quiet as a dove;
Would that my heart were so!

Nor leaf nor shadow falls,
On all the green hill-side:
Even to the cuckoo's calls
Echo but half replied.

So lazy goes the hour,
The very dragon-fly,
Perched on the dozing flower
Moves neither wink nor eye.

Bird, blossom, branch, and stream
All quiet as the air:
And lying as in a dream,
Earth seemeth passing fair.

Oh what a hymn divine
Breathes from his golden noon:
Only this heart of mine
Is beating out of tune!

A Yankee's Autobiography.

Sir, I was born and raised in Connecticut,
Bolted to sea and was wrecked in Japan
Quite a respectable figure I 'spect I cut,
When coming back to keep school I began,
Guess at the saw-mill I made a top sawyer,
And as a minister made a small splurge;
Reckon I felt more at home as a lawyer,
Ere as doctor I learned how to purge.
But the long words in the medical lexicon
Soon I forgot from a couple of years
Spent in campaign against the darned Mexicans,
When I commanded the Bragg volunteers,
Just for a change a paper I edited,
Scorched politicians, and pitched into books;
That was before I was convoy accredited,
Austrian Plenipo— General Snooks.
'Tis a slow life—that of Minister resident—
Posting dispatches to Kings and what not;
But, as they promised to run me for President,
Hanged if I care to repine at my lot.

THE PHANTOM BRIDE.

A STRANGE STORY.

"Will you love me beyond the tomb, forever?" The question came from the vermilion lips of a young girl, at a fancy ball in Paris during the reign of Louis XIV. She was a brilliant brunette, with abundant raven hair, and wore the Spanish veil and mantilla which she had assumed for the occasion with all the grace of a daughter of Andalusia.—Her companion, a noble Scotch Earl of some two or three and twenty, arrayed as a warrior of Mary Stuart's feather, had been pursuing the fair unknown all the evening with protestations of love and eternal fidelity.—His answer was prompt and unhesitating:

"Yes, I swear it. If I die I will dream of you in the sepulchre, and a thrill of joy will welcome you if your feet but press the grass over my head."

"And if *I* should die?" inquired the young girl, in a sad tone.

"If you should die, I will be as faithful to you dead as living. If you should be permitted to visit me, I will kiss your cold hand with as much love as at this moment." And he pressed to his lips the little white hand of the beautiful Spaniard.

"Ah, well! I permit you, then, to love me. We shall see if you will be constant. Farewell; we shall meet again."

"But where? when?" demanded the earl, anxiously.

"I cannot tell. Perhaps here; perhaps elsewhere—but you will see me." And, with a gesture which forbade him to follow her, she disappeared in the crowd.

Two years passed away, during which Earl Ralph Morton sought vainly at Marly, Versailles, in every place of public resort, for his beautiful unknown. He was a Scotchman by birth, and, like many of his countrymen, had entered the service of the King of France.—But a court life did not comport very well with his slender fortune, and he became, ere long, deeply involved in debt.

"You must find some rich heiress," said his sympathizing friends; it was the usual resource of embarrassed gentlemen of that day. But the earl had not forgotten the bewitching Andalusian, and he was in no mood for the search. He was spared the trouble, however. His uncle, who was the archbishop of an Assyrian city destroyed by the Romans, informed me one day that it was time for him to marry, and that he had found a wife for him.

"Is she rich?" inquired Ralph. "I do not ask if she is pretty—it is all the same to me."

"Very rich and very pretty."

The earl thought of his unknown and sighed; then thought of his creditors and consented. The uncle arranged everything, and when all was settled he gave the nephew his benediction and two hundred pistoles, and sent him off to Burgundy to pay his respects to Mademoiselle Roche Noire, whom he was to marry in a fortnight.

A gloomy journey of several days' duration brought him at length to the ancient feudal manor-house of Roche Noire, situated in the heart of a forest, on a lofty rock from which it derived its name. He was expected. The ground door of the mansion was open, and an aged servant met him at the threshold, and conducted him to a large hall, at the extremity of which sat an old man and a young girl. The former, whom we divine at once to be the Baron of Roche Noire, rose at his entrance, and, saluting him in the somewhat formal fashion of the day, presented him to his daughter Herminne. The latter had the voluptuous beauty of the flower which has unfolded under the southern sun. She was pale, with fair hair, and eyes of the deep blue of an Italian sky. Her figure was rich but graceful, her hands exquisitely shaped, and transparent as alabaster. So much the earl saw as he bent over his betrothed, and, in spite of his professed indifference, he inwardly congratulated himself on his good fortune.

The earl and the baron exchanged the usual reciprocal compliments and inquiries.—Ralph was accustomed to society, and understood well the art of making himself agreeable; the baron, in spite of seventy winters, had not forgotten to be a courtier; and Herminne had the simple grace and dignity, the modesty without prudery, of a young girl of high birth, religiously educated, but without rigidity. The conversation soon became animated and sparkling, while Ralph watched Herminne, and now and then whispered to himself, "She is charming! Blessings on my uncle for finding me a wife at once so pretty and so rich!"

When supper was announced, he offered his hand to the young girl, who accepted it with a blush, while the baron led the way to the dining room. It was a lofty apartment, furnished in the massive style of Louis XIV., and upon the walls were suspended ancient family portraits. As Ralph's eye glanced over these, it was attracted by one whose freshness formed a striking contrast to the smoky canvases devoted to the defunct barons of Roche Noire. It presented a young girl, a dazzling but foreign beauty, such as is found only under southern skies. A more brilliant daughter of Spain never danced the *botero* in the perfumed gardens of the Alhambra. The eyes of Ralph were fixed immovably upon the canvas; the first glance told that it was his long-lost unknown of the fancy ball.

"Come, my dear earl," said the baron, "let us be seated."

Ralph started and obeyed, then turned his eyes to Herminne. In contrast with that glowing beauty, even she appeared to him utterly insipid. He made some remark about the picture. The baron did not reply, but a cloud passed over his face, and Herminne turned pale and sat silent with downcast eyes.

A chill seemed to be thrown over those three persons, just now talking so joyously. Brief remarks were made occasionally, in a constrained voice, and the supper ended almost in silence. At its close, the earl made the fatigue of his journey an excuse for retiring early. As the servant was conducting him to his apartment, they passed again thro' the dining hall.

"Whose portrait is this?" he asked, pointing to the portrait of the lady.

The servant hesitated.

"Speak!" said the earl, imperiously.

"It is the portrait of Mademoiselle Fulmen," said the old man, trembling.

"And who is she?"

"The elder sister of Mademoiselle Herminne."

"But she is dressed in Spanish costume."

"Yes, her mother was a Spanish lady."

"And Fulmen, where is she now?"

"She is dead," said the old man, solemnly. "She lies at the cleft of the altar, in the chapel of the castle."

Fatigue had no power that night to bring sleep to Ralph's eyelids. It was in vain that he extinguished the candles and buried his head under the blankets; the image of Fulmen, radiant with beauty, as she was represented in the picture, and as he had seen her at the fancy ball; again, it was Fulmen pale and cold, extended in her coffin, under the pavement of the chapel. Then he remembered his oath to love her as well dead as living, and a cold sweat bathed his brow. At that moment, a light at the opposite extremity of the apartment attracted his attention; a door, whose existence he had not suspected, turned noiselessly on its hinges; the candles re-lighted themselves spontaneously; and a figure, draped in a winding sheet, entered the room and approached his bed. It advanced slowly, and the most acute ear could have detected no sound of footsteps.—Brave as he was, the earl trembled at the apparition. When the figure was within a few feet of the bed, the winding sheet was thrown back, revealing a young girl dressed in the Spanish costume.

"Fulmen!" he murmured; "the picture has descended from its frame."

It was, indeed, Fulmen, just as she was painted, save that the lips were pale, the eyes mournful, and the whole expression unspeakably sad.

"It is I," she said. "Do you remember your oath? They have told you that I am dead."

The teeth of Ralph chattered, but the voice was so pure, so melodious, that it aided him to shake off the torpor that was creeping over him.

"No, you are not dead," he exclaimed, with an effort.

"I have been dead a year," replied Fulmen, sadly. "They buried me in the chapel. You can read my epitaph on the marble slab, third from the high altar."

Ralph could not detach his eyes from this singular creature, whose marvelous beauty counteracted in some degree the terror which the apparition would otherwise have caused.

"Alas!" resumed the spectre, drawing the shroud about her form, with all the coquetry with which a living belle might wrap an opera cloak around her. "I am dead, really dead, at seventeen—when life was full of light, and perfume, and music; when tears, even, were so sweet that they resembled smiles; when the present was so happy that the future was forgotten; and then, I loved you—I trusted in your oath—but you did not care for me.—You have come here to marry my sister."

"Fulmen!" murmured Ralph, who felt a pang of remorse at his heart, "I have loved you—love you still."

She shook her head.

"The dead are never loved," she said, sadly. Ralph trembled; he felt his blood curdle in his veins. He remembered his oath. Yet Fulmen did not complain. She did not overwhelm him with reproaches. She seemed resigned. He saw her lean her head upon her hand; a tear shone in her eye, and a quiver passed through her frame.

"I am cold," she said; and, rising from the chair in which she had seated herself, she approached the fire-place, and bent as if to warm herself by the half-extinguished embers. "The dead are always cold, she murmured.

"But you are not dead. The limbs of the dead are frigid, the flesh corrupt. They cannot walk; they cannot speak. You are not dead—it is impossible!"

"I am dead," repeated Fulmen, in a tone of authority which admitted of no question—"dead, and yet I suffer."

"You suffer?" the earl exclaimed.

"Yes. Because I died with a guilty thought in my heart. I remembered the ball where I met you. It was earthly love, not penitence, that engrossed my last hours. Yet if you, who are alive, can love me still, God will, perhaps, pardon me, and I shall suffer no longer."

"I *do* love you," cried Ralph, gazing at the young girl so beautiful in her sadness. Yet a secret voice said to him, "Ah, if she were only alive!"

A pale smile passed over the face of the phantom. It rose and advanced towards him. Ralph involuntarily shrunk back at its approach.

"You see," she said, mournfully, "it is always so—the living fear the dead."

"No, no!" said he, eagerly, ashamed of the momentary terror; "no, Fulmen, my beloved, come!"

She extended her hand, and took that of the young man. Ralph uttered a cry. His hand was clasped by the cold, clammy fingers of a corpse. She let his hand fall.

"No," she repeated, in a half-suffocated voice; "you see it cannot be. I shall suffer always!"

And she fled, while Ralph was so overcome that he had no power to speak or move. The candles went out suddenly; silence reigned again in the chamber; the phantom vanished.

The next day dawned bright and beautiful. The Baron de Roche Noire, who did not appear to notice the palor and abstraction of his guest, propused a hunt. The day was spent in the open air, and if the earl thought of the occurrences of the last night, they seemed to him only as a bewildering dream. But with returning darkness, and especially at the sight of the portrait, the apparition again seemed a reality, and he determined to ascertain the truth. Pleading a headache, he retired to his room; and, extinguishing the candles, he called softly, "Fulmen! Fulmen!" No answer. Again he called, "Fulmen, I love you, though dead."

Immediately, the candles were re-lighted, and Fulmen again appeared. She threw off her winding sheet, and seated herself in a chair by his side. Her face had the cadaverous paleness of the tomb; and her eyes were sad, her steps slow and painful; yet her exquisite beauty had the same fascination over him as when sparkling with life and vivacity.

"Fulmen, I love you," he repeated, gazing at her with admiration.

"Yet, if my hand should touch yours," she replied, with a sad smile, "you would utter a cry, as you did last night—the dead are always cold."

"Give me your hand and you will see," said Ralph, extending resolutely his own. She took it, and again there came over him the same sensation as before; but he had self-control enough to conquer it, and again to repeat, "I love you!"

A bright smile illuminated the features of Fulmen.

"My poor friend," she said, "I would gladly believe you, but if your love would end my suffering, it must be so profound, so ardent. A tomb with me must have attractions for you, and you are but twenty-five, Ralph. At your age life is sweet.

The earl shook his head.

"To live without you is death; to be united to you, even in the tomb, would be life."

"Take care, my friend."

"Of what, dear Fulmen?" exclaimed Ralph, over whom the smile of the young girl seemed to exercise an overpowering fascination.

"Do you know," she said, "that if you utter such a wish, "God may hear your prayer?"

"Ay, if he would—an eternity by your side would be infinite happiness."

"Ralph, my friend," interupted Fulmen, while a smile of celestial joy shone in her face, "take care—you will die if you love me."

"I wish to die."

"But you are betrothed to my sister."

An exclamation of anger escaped him.

"I hate her!" he said vehemently.

"Why?"

"Because she is alive, while you are dead."

"What has she done that she should enjoy the light of the sun, the perfume of flowers, the melody of the birds? Was she any younger or more beautiful?"

"Ralph, you are unjust. My sister has no control over her destiny or mine."

"You are right perhaps; but I swear to you that I will never marry Herminne. I wish to be yours and only yours forever."

"You are mad, my friend—I cannot accept happines at such a sacrifice."

She rose slowly.

"Adieu, Ralph," said she. Marry Herminne and pray for me."

"Fulmen! Fulmen!" exclaimed Ralph, falling on his knees at her feet, "du not abandon me—I love you!"

"But your love is death."

"It is happiness; it is life!"

His tone was so earnest, so touching that the young girl hesitated.

"Let me live eternally with you," he persisted.

"Listen my friend," she said at length as if she could no longer resist his entreaties.—"In this casket,—pointing to a richly-carved box which stood on the table—there is a vial containing a dark liquid."

"And this liquid?"

"Is death."

"It is happiness," exclaimed Ralph, siezing the casket.

Fulmen stopped him by a gesture.

"Not yet," she said; "by-and-by—at midnight; but first reflect!"

Immediately the candles were extinguished, and he found himself in complete darkness.

If Earl Ralph had been a Frenchman, as soon as Fulmen disappeared he would have opened the window and let the cool night air play upon his brow. Then the fever fit being over he would have said to himself, "All this is folly. I am twenty-five years old, an officer in the king's service, and am about to marry a young girl—blonde as a Madonna, fair as a lily—who will bring me an income of a hundred thousand livres. I have only to be quiet and let things take their own course." After which he would have slept quietly and dreamed no more of Fulmen.—But Ralph was a Scotchman with an imagination as suceptible of exaltation as most of his countrymen of the land of mountain and mist. As soon as the phantom vanished, therefore he re-lighted the candle by the aid of a half extinguished fire brand, and opening the casket took out the vial.

"Fulmen! Fulmen! wait for me—I am coming!" he murmered, and swallowed the contents at a draught.

For a moment he experienced a strange sensation—a coldness in the chest, a heat in the head; then his eyes became heavy, his limbs trembled, an extreme languor crept over him, and he sank upon the floor, still murmuring faintly, "Fulmen, wait for me—I love you."

When Ralph swallowed the contents of the vial he expected to awake in the other world.

He was mistaken; the vial contained only a narcotic, and was very much astonished on opening his eyes to find himself in bed, and to see the sun shining through the curtained windows. A lady sat by his bedside. It was Fulmen! but no longer the pale, sad Fulmen, with livid lips, and form enveloped in a winding sheet; but Fulmen, radiant, fresh, joyous, in the costume she wore at the fancy ball.

The reader will understand the explanation more readily then the young earl whose head was still somewhat confused from the effects of the narcotic. The young girl had wished to put the sudden passion of her ball-room lover to a test, and with some difficulty she had persuaded her fond father and her cousin Herminne to lend themselves to the mystification. A little ingenuity, some invisible assistance, aided by the native superstition of the young Scotchman, were all that were necessary to the success of the scheme.

We need not say that the earl, when he recovered his senses, was very glad to exchange his phantom bride for a living one.

Letter from Worcester.

From Our Own Correspondent.

WORCESTER, Feb. 28 1865.

MR. EDITOR:—Probably one of the most comfortable and best arranged hospitals to be found, is Dale Hospital in this city. It is situated on Union Hill, about a mile south of the city. It was formerly the Eclectic Medical College, afterwards the Female College. The estate was leased for an annual rent of $6000. About $70,000 have been expended in buildings and alterations, &c. There are 14 pavillions, each 160 feet in length, 25 feet in width, and one story in heighth. Each pavillion comprises a room containing sixty beds, a ward-master's room, nurse's room bath and wash room, all lighted with gas.—Extensive out buildings, private barracks for the guard, carpenter's shop, knapsack room, smoking room, dead house, pest house, stable, steam laundry, printing office, &c. The cooking is mostly done by steam. The college has been converted into a chapel, dispensary, mess-rooms, head-quarters of the officers, wards for the patients, &c.

One of the most pleasing features of the hospital is the library, of more than 1000 volumes contributed by the friends of the soldiers. Besides services on the the Sabbath, they have lectures, also a lyceum, which is conducted by the soldiers. The sick among them receive many little dainties, and dishes from their friends in the city, besides brandy, wine, etc. As the brandy and wine has to pass through the officers' hands, the soldiers get but a *small* share. Since the organization of the hospital, 580 patients have been admitted, 134 returned to duty, and 143 have been discharged. Forty-six Mass. regiments are now represented, the men being from the Armies of the Potomac, Gen. Sherman's army, of the forces of the gulf, Gen. Sheridan's army, defences of Washington, the department of the South, &c. There are also 12 representations of the prison pens of the South.

A few mornings since, a prominent citizen of this city, found a valuable present on his doorsteps, in the shape of a male infant child. As it looked like nobody in particular, he couldn't tell where it came from. Such presents used to be valued at $1000, we conclude as every thing is so high, that $2000, would not be unreasonable. J. B. B.

POWER OF IMAGINATION.

Alexander Dumas published some time ago in a daily Paris paper, a novel, in which the heroine, prosperous and happy, is assailed by consumption. All the gradual symptoms were most touchingly described, and the greatest interest was felt for the heroine.

One day the Marquis de Dalomieu called on him.

"Dumas," said he, "have you composed the end of the story now being published in the ——?"

"Of course."

"Does the heroine die at the end?"

"Of course—dies of consumption. After such symptoms as I have described, how can she live?"

"You will have to make her live. You change the catastrophe.

"I cannot."

"Yes, you must; for on your heroine's life depends my daughter's."

"Your daughter's?"

"Yes; she has all the various symptoms of consumption you have described, and watches mournfully for every new number of your novel, reading her own fate in your heroine's. Now, if you make your heroine live, my daughter whose imagination has been deeply impressed, will live too. Come, a life to save is a temptation—"

"Not to be resisted."

Dumas changed his last chapters. His heroine recovered and was happy.

About five years afterwards, Dumas met the marquis at a party.

"Ah, Dumas!" he exclaimed. "let me introduce you to my daughter; she owes her life to you. There she is."

"That fine, handsome woman, who looks like Jeanne d'Arc?"

"Yes. She is married and has had four children."

"And my novel has had four editions," said Dumas; "and so we are quits."

☞ As daylight can be seen through very small holes, so little things will illustrate a person's character. Indeed, character consists of little acts honarably performed; daily life being the quarry from which we build it up, and rough-hewn the habits that form it.

☞ A man who had brutally assaulted his wife was lately brought before Justice Cole, of Albany, and had a good deal to say about getting justice. "Justice!" replied Cole, "you can't get it here. This court has no power to hang you."

☞ A cotemporary finds fault with the practice of putting Latin inscriptions on tombstones. But what more appropriate place than a graveyard can there be for a dead language.

☞ The good man has the touch of Pactolus. All things are transmitted into gold that he breaths upon. He draws out like a magnet the latent goodness of others.

☞ A poor family in Cincinnati has fallen heir to a fortune of seven million dollars.

LETTER ON FREE MASONRY.

Having in our former articles upon "Free Masonry" shown that the order has existed for centuries, we now in a brief article take up an objection often urged against the institution, to wit; "If Free Masonry is what you claim it to be, in its designs and teachings, why not do away with all secresy, and make it a public institution?" As all can readily perceive, the gist of the objection can be summed up in two words—"secret society;" and some men have told us that Washington cautioned his countrymen against Free Masonry entirely in his farewell address, but no candid person taking the words of that address for his guide can so distort the English language as to give such a rendering thereto: "All obstructions to the execution of the laws, all combinations and associations, under whatever plausible character, with the real design to direct, control, counteract, or awe the regular deliberations and actions of the constituted authorities, are destructive of this fundamental principle, and of fatal tendency. They serve to organize faction," &c. Does any man claim Free Masonry has ever done these things? Most assuredly not, but on the contrary the brighter Mason the man has become, the more peaceable and quiet citizen. But to return from this digression to the term "secret society." If the term applies as it most certainly belongs, it is only to such societies as keep their names, their members, places and objects of meeting from the public eye, as for example the Know Nothing organization of a few years since, or the Knights of the Golden Circle of our own day, but not to Free Masonry, as its places of meeting are well known, its designs publicly proclaimed, its members openly boast of such a distinction. It works fur a result of which it boasts—the civilization and refinement of man, the amelioration of his condition, and the reformation of his manners. But if by a secret society is meant a society whose stores of wisdom are only given in full to members of the order, whose meetings can only he attended by its members and such others as hy requisite vouchers are found fitted for safe depositories of its unwritten treasures, then of course we must admit the fact of its being a "secret society." And how do these same objectors who feel so bad about the secrets of Free Masonry, regard such secret societies as this? We ask not how they talk about them, but how do they act? for actions speak louder than words. Perchance they are members of a Christian church, and are present on communion Sabbath. The clergyman arises and passes the bread and wine to the deacons or stewards, and says, "all persons who are members of evangelical churches, whose faith is so far in accordance with our own as to esteem it a privilege, &c., are invited to partake." Are any but members of churches invited? Certainly not, and of course there is secresy or its synonyme, selectness. A party caucus is holden. A chairman is chosen. He takes his seat and requests all but members of his party to leave the place of meeting. This is as much a secret meeting as is Free Masonry. Again, a sewing circle is holden. Matters of business are coming up, and all but members are requested to withdraw. Does this cause the circle to be a secret society? Certainly not; only that some business is to be done that is not to be made public. With some people mystery is the only secrecy, while with this order secresy is only to be had in regard to the unwritten landmarks of the order. One of the most distinctive of which landmarks is this: That no change of these landmarks can ever be made, and of course no one but an initiated person can ever be placed in possession of the secrets of the order, which said secrets are well known to all Masons, and are the means of proving them what they claim to be, while their daily life must prove them worthy of being depositories thereof, or else they are unworthy of the benefits thereby conferred, as no atheist or otherwise immoral person has any claim upon Masonry more than any other outside person. NEMO.

NOW AND THEN.—As to the numbers engaged in the present civil war, the little state of Massachusetts, according to an article in a recent publication has furnished more men in our present struggle than fought on both sides in the great English rebellion. It has sent more men into the field that Julius Cæsar commanded to gain the empire of the world; more than all the troops of Hellas put together in the long struggle that rent her in pieces, when her sun went down in blood. The state of New York has equipped more soldiers that all the troops of Cæsar and Pompey put together, haugh drawn from every province, from the Euphraties to the pillars of Hercules. The whole army of Cromwell would only serve as skirmishers, or as a detail for a "raid" from the army of Grant or Sherman. His great military fame was gained by managing twenty-five thousand men; and its marches and evolution were within an area less extensive than the state of Virginia.

RICH COLORD MEN.—Ciprian Recaud is worth over a million dollars, and is the richest colored man in the United States. The colored men in New York have many rich men, among them Peter Vandyke, Robert Watson, J. M. Gloucester and Mr. Crosby, who owned about $3,000,000 in property, real estate and otherwise. In Philadelphia there are out of four thousand families nearly three hundred living in their own houses. Among the rich men are Viball, Frossor, White and Stephen Smith, the latter said to be worth over $500,000.

☞ A man is the healthiest and the happiest when he thinks the least either of health or happiness. To forget an ill is half of the battle; and it leaves easy work for the doctors.

☞ If you want to have a man your friend don't get the ill will of his wife. Public opinion is made up of the average prejudices of womankind.

☞ We rather think the most reluctant slave to a vice we ever saw was a poor fellow who had his fingers in one.

☞ An improvement has been suggested to an old proverb—a thorn in the bush is worth two in the hand.

Palmer Journal.

SATURDAY, MARCH 4, 1865.

THE LATEST WAR NEWS!

Wilmington has fallen! The capture of Fort Anderson necessitated the evacuation of the city, which took place on the 22d ult., the rebels burning nearly all the cotton and a large quantity of turpentine before leaving. The privateer Chickamauga, escaped up Cape Fear River, but will eventually fall into our hands or be destroyed by the rebels. Our forces captured 700 prisoners and 30 pieces of artillery, besides releasing a number of our prisoners who had been confined at that place. A good deal of Union feeling was manifested by citizens, some of whom threw out the stars and stripes as our soldiers entered the place.—Wilmington will afford a new base for Sherman, if he chooses to operate in the Carolinas instead of pushing on to the rear of Richmond.

The rebels are concentrating a large army for the purpose of checking and defeating Gen. Sherman, who has become the terror of the Confederacy. The armies of Beauregard, Hood, and Hardee, with 30,000 troops from Richmond, under Gen. A. P. Hill, are gathering at a point unknown to our forces, for a grand struggle, and the Richmond papers predict that Sherman will be overthrown and destroyed. But the rebels are puzzled to know where Sherman will strike, as he is threatening several points, and he is too wise a general to be caught napping.

Columbia has been burnt by order of Gen. Sherman, in retaliation for the firing upon his men from houses after the city had been captured. Augusta has also been captured, with a large quantity of supplies.

There are movements in Lee's army, in front of Richmond, which indicate that some important idea is in progress of consummation. The evacuation of Richmond is strongly hinted at. It cannot be many days before we shall learn what the rebels are up to.

A large force has concentrated at New Orleans, which it is supposed will be employed against Mobile and central Alabama. The rebels are hurrying their scattered forces together for the defence of that state, but if as is reported, Thomas has an army of 60,000 men to use against them, they cannot hope to make headway against him.

It is reported that the force sent from Newbern, N. C., some days since, with over fifty pieces of artillery, has arrived at Goldsboro', thus effectually cutting off Bragg's retreat from Wilmington, and obliging him to win a victory over our forces, or be captured with his whole army. Terry is in his rear, following him from Wilmington. Another report is that the corps sent by Sherman from Columbia, S. C., to Florence, to intercept Bragg in his retreat, has met him, had a battle, and routed his army.

Gen. Grant, the war department concurring, has declined an offer of Gov. Fenton of ten regiments of the national guard for 100 days service in garrisoning the forts at Savannah, Charleston, Wilmington, and other rebel ports.

A naval expedition of considerable magnitude is said to be fitting out at Cairo. The fleet will comprise 30 steamers.

Parties from Mobile report the city as substantially evacuated. Only a show of force is now kept up there.

Aiding the "Aimless."

Those "anxious and aimless" women whom Governor Andrew referred to in his late message, are not likely to find the aid recommended by the Executive, if what we learn is true concerning the progress of the committee who have the matter in charge. The committee itself is somewhat divided upon the subject, a portion looking upon the matter as a fanatical enterprise, more to be laughed at than seriously considered. They have addressed prominent persons upon the subject, in different parts of the Commonwealth, some of whom favor the project of sending our surplus female population to Oregon and the newly settled Territories, where the male population is largely in excess of the female element. Governor Andrew thought the large disproportion of our female population tends to inharmony in the various pursuits of business, bringing an unnatural competition of labor into the market; but other opinions differ upon the subject, many thinking that, if we are robbed of this surplussage of females, not only the labor market but society will suffer. So, between divers adverse opinions, the "anxious and aimless" girls of Massachusetts will probably be left to work out their own salvation, which they will, no doubt, be able to do in a natural way, without the aid of emigration societies or legislative committees.

A FOOLISH STORY.—A Montreal paper starts the ridiculous story that a commission of the Federal Government is in Canada, negotiating for the annexation of that country to the U. S., and that it offers $100,000,000 for the Canadas.

PRISONERS AT FORT DELAWARE.—There are now at Fort Delaware 8000 rebel prisoners, including some 2000 officers. All of them are in good health and receiving kind treatment. About 100 took the oath of allegience on Saturday.

☞ The Secretary of War has ordered the pay of all commanding officers of regiments to be stopped until proper rolls and returns of their regiments are filed in the Adjutant General's office.

LEE'S ARMY.—Estimates of General Lee's strength, made from the best authority, prove him to have from 60,000 to 75,000 men, of which, it is supposed, he has sent South, to Beauregard, from 10,000 to 15,000.

MUD-BOUND.—A dispatch from the Army of the Potomac states that both armies are up to their necks in mud, and could not fight if they would. This is a sufficient answer to all reports of reverses on the James.

LENT.—The season of Lent, observed by all Catholics, commenced last Wednesday.

The Amended Enrollment Law.

Congress has passed several amendments to the enrollment bill, some of which are important. It provides that all persons mustered into the military or naval service, whether as volunteers, substitutes, representatives, or otherwise, shall be credited to the State, and to the ward, township, precinct, or other enrollment sub-district where such persons belong by actual residence, if such persons have an actual residence within the United States, and where such persons were or shall be enrolled, if liable to enrollment, provided that no credits shall be given except for such men as have actually been mustered in.

The third section provide that in computing quotas, hereafter, credits shall be given to the several States, districts, and sub-districts, for all men furnished from them respectively, and not heretofore credited during the present rebellion, for any period of service of not less than three months, calculating the number of days for which such service was furnished, and reducing the same to years; provided that such credits shall not be applied to the call for additional troops made by the President on the 21st day of December, 1864.

Section 4th provides that no person of foreign birth, who has resided in the United States for three years preceding his arrival at 21 years of age, shall be exempt from enrollment and draft on account of being an alien.

The remaining sections provide that the mustering in of a substitute shall be conclusive in favor of the principal, and exempt him from military service for the term for which he was drafted. Any person who has been or may be drafted for one year, but who has furnished an acceptable substitute for three years, shall be exempt for this period of time. It shall not be lawful for any person to engage in the business of procuring recruits or substitutes for money or profit without having first obtained from the Secretary of War permission in writing. The party is to file proof of his loyalty and good character, and give bonds to the amount of $50,000 that he will faithfully observe and obey the laws and regulations in force governing the obtaining of recruits or substitutes. Principals who put in insufficient substitutes are to be notified of the fact, in order that their places may be properly supplied, provided that notice be given to such principal within thirty days. In addition to the other lawful penalties for the crime of desertion from military or naval service, all persons who have deserted, who shall not return or report themselves to a provost marshal within sixty days, shall be deemed and taken to have voluntarily relinquished and forfeited their rights of citizenship and their rights to become citizens.

The bill repeals the third section of the present enrollment law, which authorizes Governors of States to send recruiting agents into the rebel States.

Four Years Ago.

Four years ago, this fourth day of March, Abraham Lincoln was first inaugurated President of the United States. At that time the government was paralyzed with treason, and the president knew not whom to trust. The rebels had already seized U. S. forts and arsenals along the coast, and were besieging Fort Sumter. The air was thick with rumors of rebellion in all quarters, and serious minded men trembled for the safety of the republic. At that time President Lincoln stood upon the steps of the capitol and deliberately asserted that he should endeavor to repossess the forts seized by the rebels, and to restore order again to the Union. What followed is well known. A dark and bloody war opened, and all the horrors which usually attend an internal conflict were entailed upon the nation. Rebellion had its way for many months, and the people began seriously to doubt the ability of the government to suppress it. Up to the commencement of the third year of the war these doubts seemed to be founded on plausible reasons. But a rapid change has taken place within a year, and the rebellion has been so far crushed that the end thereof appears to be not far distant.

The president to-day renews the oath of office which he took four years ago, and under more happy circumstances. We can feel that his promise made at his previous inauguration is nearly fulfilled, all the forts and fortifications upon the sea-coast, except at Galveston, being in our possession. But more than he promised or even dreamed of, has been accomplished. Not only has the area of rebellion been narrowed down to a comparatively small extent, but states have wheeled into the ranks of freedom, and emancipation has been decreed to every slave. The prospect upon entering another term of office is encouraging to Mr. Lincoln for he undoubtedly will soon witness the close of the rebellion, and before returning to private life once more have the satisfaction of seeing the states united, and the people pursuing their customary vocations of peace.

RAPID EXCHANGE OF PRISONERS.—The exchange of prisoners of war goes on bravely. All the Richmond prisons have been emptied of their inmates. Arrangements have also been perfected for the delivery of those who have been in prison at Columbia, Salisbury, and a part of those at Florence. The place named for this exchange is Wilmington. The Georgia and Alabama prisoners are to be delivered at Mobile; those west of the Mississippi at the mouth of Red River. Gen. Grant extends the utmost facilities necessary to make the exchange as perfect and as speedy as the circumstances will admit.

EATEN BY A BEAR.—A little boy about ten years of age, residing near Hopatcoog Lake, Sussex county, New Jersey, suddenly disappeared a short time since, having gone out with his sled to play. Nothing was seen of him for some time when his mother searching after him, came across two legs, bitten off close to the tops of a pair of boots, which were recognized as those worn by the boy. It is supposed that the little fellow was devoured by a bear or panther, which is said to have been seen in that neighborhood.

ONE OF THE CHICAGO CONSPIRATORS COMMITS SUICIDE.—Col. Benjamin M. Anderson, one of the parties implicated in the Chicago conspiracy, shot himself in the stomach on Sunday last and cannot survive. He said the evidence was so strong against him that he was driven to despair.

AN EARLY SNAKE.—One day last week, a striped snake was killed near Hartsville, Mass. It was crawling about on the snow, and had evidently got strayed away from home.

A COLORED SURGEON.—Dr. Delaney, colored, has been appointed surgeon, with the rank of Major, and ordered to report to Gen. Saxton for duty.

Interesting Questions and Answers Relative to the 7-30 U. S. Loan.

Mr. Jay Cooke, of Philadelphia, who for so long a time had the management of the popular 500 million 5-20 Loan, has just been appointed by Secretary Fessenden, the General Agent to dispose of the only popular loan now offered for sale by the Government—the "Seven-Thirty."

In entering upon his duties he desires to answer plainly the large number of questions daily and hourly propounded to him, so that his fellow-countrymen may all understand what this "Seven Thirty Loan" is—what are its peculiar merits—how they can subscribe for or obtain the notes, &c.

1st Question—Why is this Loan called the "Seven-Thirty" Loan?

Answer—It bears interest, in currency, at the rate of seven dollars and thirty cents each year, on every hundred dollars; making the interest as follows:

One cent per day on each	$ 50	note
Two cents "	" 100	"
Ten cents "	" 500	"
Twenty cents "	" 1,000	"
One Dollar "	" 5,000	"

2d Q—When and how can they be obtained?

A—They are for sale, at par, and accrued interest, by all Sub-Treasuries, National and other Banks, and all banks and Brokers.

3d Q.—When is the interest payable, and how can it be collected?

A.—The Coupons or Interest Tickets are due 15th of February, and 15th of August in each year, and can be cut off from the note, and will be cashed by any Sub-Treasurer, U. S. Depository, National or other Bank or Banker

4th Q.—When must the Government pay off these 7.30s?

A.—They are due in two years and a half from the 15th of February, 1865; viz: on the 15th of August, 1867.

5th Q.—Must I receive back my money so soon as 1867?

A.—No! not unless you yourself prefer to do so—the Law gives you the right to demand from the Government, at that time, either your money or an equal amount at par, of the famous and popular 5.20 Gold bearing 6 per cent. Loan.

6th Q.—How much do you consider this privilege of conversion into 5.20 Loan to be worth?

A.—5.20s bearing Gold Interest from 1st of November, are to-day worth 9 per cent, premium. If they are worth no more at the end of the two years and a half, when you have a right to them, than they now are, this premium added to the interest you will receive will give you at least 10 per cent. per annum for your money—but the opinion is that they will be worth more than 9 per cent. premium at that time.

7th Q.—What other advantage is there in investing in the 7-30 Loan?

A.—It cannot be taxed by States, Counties, or Cities, and this adds from one to three per cent. per annum to the net income of the holder, according to the rate of taxation in various localities. All bonds and stocks, except those of the United States, and all mortgages, &c., are taxed, not only by the government, but by states, counties and cities.

8th Q.—How does the government raise the money to pay the interest, and is it safe and sure?

A.—The government collects, by taxes, internal revenue, and duties on imports, fully three hundred millions each year. This is nearly three times as much as is needed to pay the interest on all the debt, and as soon as the war is ended the amount not needed will be used in paying off the debt. Our government has twice paid off all its debts, and can easily do so again. The interest is sure to be paid promptly, and the debt itself is the very safest investment in the world. It is, in fact, a *first mortgage* on all lands, all incomes, all railroad and canal bonds, and bank or other stocks, mortgages, &c.

Nothing can be safer, for we are all bound for it, and all that we have is firmly held for the payment of principal and interest. How foolish those people are who keep their gold and greenbacks idle and locked up, or purchase mortgages or railroad stocks and bonds, which pay only 5 or 6 per cent. interest, when these Seven-Thirties pay (counting the premium on Five-Twenties) over 10 per cent., and are so much safer and surer.

9th Q.—How many Seven-Thirties are there, and how much remains unsold?

A.—There are only about three hundred and twenty-five millions authorized by law, and only about 190,000,000 remain unsold.

10th Q.—How long will it take you to sell the balance?

A.—There are about 800 National Banks all engaged in selling them; also a large number of the old banks, and at least 3000 private bankers and brokers, and special agents will be engaged in all parts of the country in disposing of them to the people.

11th Q.—How long will it take to sell the whole?

A.—In less than three months they will be all sold, and will no doubt then sell at a premium, as was the case with the old Seven-Thirties, the first Twenty Year Loan, and the Five-Twenties.

The above questions and answers, it is believed, will give full information to all. If not, the General Subscription Agent, or any of the Banks or Bankers employed to sell the Loan will be glad to answer all questions, and to furnish the Seven-Thirties in small or large sums (as the notes are issued in denominations of $50, $100, $500, $1000, and $5000) and to render it easy for all to subscribe—thus fulfilling the instructions of Mr. Fessenden, who earnestly desires that the people of the whole land (as well as capitalists) shall have every opportunity afforded them of obtaining a portion of this most desirable investment.

Let none delay, but subscribe at once, through the nearest responsible bank or banker.

THE ENEMY CONCENTRATING.—All the intelligence we can gather goes to prove that Lee is concentrating at some important point the entire rebel forces in the South. Some predict a great battle near Goldsboro, when the column of Gen. Sherman reaches North Carolina. The evacuation of Charleston, and so soon after it the withdrawal of the rebel forces from Wilmington without a general engagement, plainly points to some new and possibly startling programme of the head of the rebel army

ANOTHER INCENDIARY PLOT IN SAVANNAH.—Another conspiracy to burn the city has been detected in Savannah. About a dozen men, reported by the guards as belonging to the poor of the place, were found attempting to cut the water pipes. They were to be tried by regular court martial, in default of the drum head.

POISONED HER FATHER.—A girl at Louisville, aged 13, lately poisoned her father, in the hope that the old gentleman's death would make her own life easier. He made her work too hard for her, and so she seceded and declared herself "independent."

FOR THE FRONT.—About two thousand soldiers are daily sent to the front through New York city. They are composed of volunteers, substitutes and furloughed soldiers.

REFUSED TO BE EXCHANGED.—Of thirty-two hundred prisoners confined at Camp Douglas, Chicago, more than one-fifth of the entire number refused to be exchanged and return to Dixie.

SUICIDE.—Mrs. Franklin Smith of Charlton, Mass., committed suicide by drowning on the 21st inst. Domestic infelicity was said to be the cause of the rash act.

IMPORTANT, IF TRUE.—Letters from the Army of the Potomac unmistakably indicate that that grand army has a long March before it.

A VARIETY OF THINGS.

MARCH, the first month of spring, came in smiling like a May Queen, its sunny face all aglow with beauty. Such a genial debut warmed the milk of human kindness in people, and started the sap in sugar orchards. But, if the old sign is correct, the lamb-like entrance of the month will be followed by a lion-like roar of old Boreas, who will come tearing out of the northwest one of these days, as if Taurus himself were after him.

—The old notion that we could never gain a success on a Sunday is exploded, since some of our greatest victories have been won on that day. The last Sunday victory was the capture of Fort Anderson, when the rebels fled in a very irreverent manner. There is no Sunday in war, when the way is open to success.

—Mr. Samuel Lincoln, while reading the Woonsocket Patriot, on Friday, last week, expired. He had been married only six days prior to his death. Was it reading the Patriot that killed him, brother Foss?

—Admiral Porter's assertion that with such iron-clads as the Monadnock he could lay any English port under contribution, is sustained by T. A. Blakely, the inventor of the famous English gun that bears his name.

—The papers in Richmond have received orders from the rebel War Department to stop the publication of rebel military movements.

—Mrs. John Bell is living in Philadelphia.—Unless this lady is libelled, she drove her husband into the secession party, and thus ruined him.

—A Taunton undertaker has gone to Newbern for the purpose of exhuming and bringing home the bodies of fifty soldiers buried in that vicinity.

—English manufacturers complain bitterly of the filth and bad quality of Indian cotton. They long for the resumption of trade with America.

—An old man named J. J. Van Buren, who was said to have been laboring under great depression of spirits from domestic troubles, committed suicide at his residence in Brooklyn on Sunday morning last.

—A miser by the name of David Dodge recently died in Pownal. He had about $3,500, mostly in silver, tied up in little packages and hid away in different parts of his cabin.

—A Richmond paper says that Grant is no nearer the rebel capital now than he was last summer. Perhaps he is not, but Sherman is.

—Austria is about to release all the Poles whom she has in prison, and to give them each a small sum of money to help them out of her empire.—It ought not to be necessary to bribe them to go out of what is to them a huge prison.

—The new fifty cent postal currency has made its appearance. It is the largest and neatest postal currency yet issued.

—The convicted rebel spy, Davis, has had his death sentence commuted. He was not once keeper of Andersonville prison, as alleged.

—The two Armstrong guns captured at Fort Fisher are coming North. One will be sent to West Point.

—Murders are on the increase in the West—So they are in the East. There's not the slightest suspicion of sectionalism in the matter.

—Clerks at Richmond starve on salaries of $7,000 a year—and no wonder, for that sum means $140 in money.

—Nevada alone produced silver to the value of $15,000,000 in 1864. What has become of it all?

—The Army and Navy Journal thinks the result of the present campaign is no longer a matter of doubt.

—There was no blood shed in taking Fort Sumter, and there's been none shed in re-taking it.

—The Kentucky Legislature has chartered over two hundred oil companies for that State.

—Bridgeport, Tenn., is reported to have been almost entirely destroyed by fire on Tuesday night last.

—It is reported that our forces in East Tennessee have occupied Bristol, on the line of the Lynchburg and East Tennessee Railroad.

—Drafting is now in progress in many of the States.

A DOMESTIC ROMANCE IN NEW YORK.—There is now progressing before a police magistrate in New York, a curious case of wife abandonment, in which it is impossible to determine which is complainant and which defendant.—The gentleman is about fifty years of age, a widower very well known in upper-tendom. A year ago his wife died, and while wearing the widower's weeds, he became enamored of a girl of seventeen. Four months ago the girl assented to a secret marriage, but by mutual consent they agreed not to cohabit until the deceased had been buried a year. The young maid wife was treated with the utmost liberality by her husband. He lavished upon her jewelry and silk dresses to the full extent of his means. But during the four months probation, she still indulged in her girlish freaks and pranks, and went to balls and theatres with men of her own age. The widower became jealous, and ere the four months had expired he demand her companionship as well as her band. She refused; he expostulated; he threatened; she wept; he became rampant; she thrust her tiny fist into his face; and in the face of all these incongruities, and had the widower arrested for abandonment. Both admitted on the examination that the marriage had never been consummated, and the case was dismissed. When the wife was defeated the the widower had a summons on an "octoroon complaint"—something that was everything but nothing definite. In one point he wished to be recognized as the husband, in the other he would be satisfied if he recovered the gewgaws he had given her. He also charged her with insulting his manhood, and from the nature of his examination it would seem that he only wished her to make the amende honorable. That she won't do. He wishes bad enough that he was single again, so does she; and thus matters stand at the present writing.

A SOLDIER ACCIDENTLY SHOT AT GALLOUPE'S ISLAND.—A recruit named William L. Barringer was shot at Galloupe's Island on Monday, by the accidental discharge of a pistol in the hands of another soldier, and died on Tuesday. He was twenty-one years of age, and formerly lived at Saratoga Springs, New York.

THE SOLDIERS DISGUSTED.—Considerable disgust was manifested by the soldiers at the fact that any loyal papers had allowed themselves to entertain, for a single moment, the rumor, started by secession gold gamblers and indorsed by the Philidelphia Press, that our army had met with a reverse.

OIL IN MARYLAND.—The coal oil fever has reached Maryland, and is rapidly assuming an epidemic form. In Cumberland county a large number of farms have been leased and companies formed to commence boring.

ARM OR DISARM.—If the rebels do not soon arm their slaves they will have no slaves to arm. Federal successes are rapidly and extensively limiting the dominions of the lords of the lash.

PALMER AND VICINITY.

NEW BUILDING.—A small building is going up between our office and the Palmer House, to be occupied as a law office and club room.

NEW LIVERY.—J. W. Weeks has opened a livery stable in connection with the Nassowanno House.

THE "Old Scratch" is prevailing extensively in this vicinity. Sluphur and kerosene oil are said to be remedies.

NEW BUSINESS.—The manufacturers of the American Life Drops—an excellent medicine, by the way—have removed from Springfield to Palmer, and opened shop under our office.

REMOVAL.—Lymen Dimock has removed his boot and shoe store from the Journal block to Palmer House block, where he has a much larger store and better conveniences.

TROTTING HORSE SOLD.—S. G. Newton has sold his trotting mare to Mr. Turner of New York for $900. Mr. Newton is now looking for another fast nag.

TOWN MEETING.—Our annual town meeting occurs in two weeks from Monday. Candidates for office should pick their flints and be ready for any emergeney.

GOING TO ORGANIZE ANEW.—The Baptist society of this village, which had suffered its organization to expire, through neglect of holding annual meetings, proposes to organize anew next Monday evening.

CLOTHING.—D. Mulvihill has gone into the ready-made clothing business, in connection with his tailoring establishment, and proposes to fit any man or boy to a handsome suit for a small price. See his advertisements.

FARMS FOR SALE.—A large number of farms have been advertised for sale in this vicinity. It is a good time to sell, when prices are high, if one contemplates waiting for a fall before purchasing.

GETTING READY.—Our town officers are preparing their annual report, which will show a pretty heavy debt against the town. We have the consolation, however, that we are no worse off than other towns, as all have been in the same war boat for the past four years.

POSTPONED.—The Sabbath School exhibition at Four Corners was postponed from Thursday evening this week to next Wednesday evening. It was a decided success on Wednesday evening, and the next exhibition will excel the first.

NEW AGENT.—Geo. T. Hill, of Ware, has been appointed agent of the mills at Thorndike, and R. G. Palmer, who has been for several years agent at Thorndike, goes to Monson, where he becomes an owner in the Monson Woolen Manufacturing Co.

FOUND.—A bachelor, on his way from Palmer to Brimfield a day or two since, found a roll of cotton cloth in the road, which proved to be an under garment for a small child. He invites the owner of the garment and child to call at the Antique House, prove property and take it away.

HONORABLE REFERENCE.—We should judge that our old friend and townsman, J. W. Elliot, dentist, must have turned high churchman since he left Palmer and established himself at Toronto. Attached to his card in the Toronto Globe we find the following:—Reference—Hon. and Right Rev. John, D. D., Lord Bishop of Toronto." Perhaps, however, he has only pulled the Lord Bishop's teeth.

CYRUS KNOX has received a supply of Dr. Dio Lewis' new book—"Weak Lungs, and how to make them Strong." The subject is treated in an entertaining manner, and none can avoid being interested in the perusal of the work. It is freely illustrated, and nicely got up. Consumptives, dyspeptics, and other classes of invalids should get it and read it.

LUDLOW.—A good Methodist brother of this town has lately tasted the bitterness which flows from scandalous tongues on account of charges of an immoral character having been preferred against him by a young woman.—The girl is reputed to be of doubtful virtue, and the charitably disposed portion of the community believe that she made the charges to obtain hush money, in which she was successful. The brother confesses only to "fooling" a little with the lass, which statement is probably correct; but he has learned, ere this, that—

"Many dangers do environ
The man who meddles with a siren."

MONSON.—The selectmen of Monson have furnished us evidence which puts a different coloring upon the case alluded to in our last paper concerning the death of a young woman in that town. Our information was from a source which we considered reliable; but the selectmen state to us that the family was promptly furnished with such necessaries as they desired—that they employed a physician themselves for awhile, and afterwards one was sent by the selectmen—that they frequently did visit the family, and never refused aid in a single instance—that the woman was sick with a loathsome disease, which rendered her burial necessary as early as possible after her decease; but her interment was not till the day following her death, and then in a manner agreeable to the wishes of her friends and in accordance with the best judgment of the selectmen. The selectmen of Monson pride themselves on their humanity and efficiency and feel aggrieved at being represented as inhuman or neglectful of their duties; but they have exhibited an unamiable feeling, very unbecoming mature years and official position, in a lengthy communication in the Springfield Republican. We hope their explanation has set all errors right, but we fear the reader will think they have been touched in a tender spot.—Capt. Royal Moulton, formerly of Monson, died in Alexandria, N. Y., on the 4th ult., aged 93.—Capt. Moulton was born in Monson, and emigrated to the then "Holland Purchase" and settled in Alexandria in 1810. He was uncle of Ex-Lieut. Gov. Trask, of Springfield, and leaves many relatives and friends in Monson, Palmer, Wales, and adjoining towns.

A HOME OIL COMPANY.—J. G. Allen and James K. Child have returned from Canada, where they went prospecting for oil, and report having purchased ten acres of land in the village of Enniskillen, on the southern shore of Lake Huron, Canada West, and in the center of the Canada oil region. The village contains about 800 inhabitants, 2 churches, 2 school houses, telegraph office, and four hotels, all built up by oil. The land purchased contains two oil wells capable of yielding from 14 to 25 barrels daily, and the oil sells at the wells for $4 per barrel in gold. It is proposed to raise a capital of $20,000 for the purpose of sinking new wells and carrying on the old ones, and to make it a home company, in which none but good reliable men shall be interested. It is estimated that the avails of the two wells now on the premises will pay for the whole thing in six months. Any one in this vicinity who contemplates investing in oil companies, will do well to consider this home project before venturing into the numerous fancy companies which are every day starting elsewhere.

THE FATAL EPIDEMIC.—The alarming disease which burst so suddenly upon the people of this village and struck terror to the hearts of many families, seems to have abated, as no new cases have occurred for more than a week. It is believed by eminent physicians that the number of cases have been only nine, and all of these have proved fatal but two, which are yet in doubt. The same disease appeared in Greenwich this season, where eight deaths occurred in rapid succession. There, as here, the victims were striken down suddenly, and died in a few hours. It came and went as mysteriously and fatally as the pestilence which, in a night, smote the Assyrian army before Jerusalem, when

"The angel of Death spread his wings on the blast,
And breathed in the face of the foe as he passed."

The disease has been chiefly confined to children, only one adult person here and one in Greenwich having been visited by it. Much unnecessary fear and panic has prevailed, and some of the efforts to avoid the disease were more ludicrous than effective. May the years be long and many before the destroyer again returns.

SO. WILBRAHAM ITEMS.—The select school in this village is drawing to a close. A. B. Newell, A. B., who has taught for the past three years, advertises an exhibition to close the present term. It is to be holden at the Cong. church, on Thursday and Friday evenings, March 9th and 10th. The programme comprises dialogues, charades, declamations, recitations and tableaux, accompanied by instrumental and vocal music. Mr. Newell, the principal, has taught this school for the last three years with success. His examinations at the close of the various terms have heretofore been such that the public now expect in this exhibition something more than an ordinary success. It is hoped that he will remain and continue the school, although his receipts do not warrant him that support he should receive. Those who have children to send should take the matter in hand, and not let him locate in another vicinity. S. W.

A SUSPICIOUS DEATH IN WARE.—A death occurred in Ware not long since, attended with suspicious circumstances; yet no action has been taken on the part of the authorities to ascertain the truth of the matter. From what we learn, it appears that a woman known as Jane Morse, about twenty-three years of age, engaged a man by the name of Combs to carry her to Enfield. In the early part of the evening, Combs obtained a team at the livery stable to go four miles, and started alone in the direction of Enfield, returning about 10 o'clock, and then stating he had been seven miles. He denies knowing anything of her purpose; but, when they arrived in the village, she informed him that she was going to see Dr. Rockwood, and would be at the hotel, ready to go back, in a few minutes. Combs went to the hotel and waited some two hours, when Rockwood came and asked him if he was the man who brought the woman who was at his house; and he, answering in the affirmative, was informed by the doctor that she was in a fit, but would be better soon, and he requested him to take her away. Combs went to the doctor's house, and found the woman in such a condition that he declined to take her, but went direct to Ware and informed her friends, who immediately went to Enfield, where they found her in all the agony a human being is capable of enduring. Dr. Rockwood insisted that they should take her from his house; and, in that situation, she was put into a sleigh and taken to Ware, where she arrived about midnight, screaming and groaning, and delirious with pain. During the passage she gave birth to a child which was between seven and eight months advanced. It was reported that her sister asked the doctor if anything would happen before they arrived home. He replied, not before the next day. Dr. Yale was called soon after she arrived home, and attended her until she died, six days after. Her version of the affair is unknown, as she was deprived of her reason from the time her friends first saw her until she died. Dr. Rockwood said she came to his house and wished to see him alone, stating that she had wished to see him for over a month; talked not over five minutes; said she was sick; started to take a seat on the sofa, but fell on the floor and went into spasms. He then discovered that she was going to have a miscarriage, and thinks she came to see him on that account, but had not done her errand when she was taken.

WHISKERS!—Those wishing a fine set of whiskers, a nice moustache, or a beautiful head of glossy hair, will please read the card of THOS. F. CHAPMAN in another part of this paper.

☞ The Ninth National Bank of the City of New York—Joseph U. Orvis, president, has been one of the most enterprising and successful agents for the various government loans. Over fifty millions dollars have been placed in the hands of the people through its agency within nine months, and it now advertises to furnish the 7-30 notes by express, free of charge, in all parts of the country. Its object is patriotic, and the high reputation of its officers, as well as its capital of a million dollars, is a sure guarantee that the 7-30's subscribed for through its agency will be promptly forwarded.

MR. EDITOR—Dear Sir:—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send, by return mail to all who wish it, (free) a recipe, with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm that will effectually remove, in ten days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth, and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads and Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than thirty days.

All applications answered by return mail without charge.

Respectfully yours,
THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
831 Broadway, New York.

m4 3m

To Our Patrons.

We would again remind our readers that this season of the year is a time when they are constantly liable to sudden coughs, influenza, sore throat, &c., while the children are in constant danger from croup, throat and lung complaints. It is important that every head of a family should provide a remedy that is ready at all times for immediate use, whether assailed at the deadh our of night, with the breaking out of a hard cold, the racking of a violent cough, or the children with that most dangerous of all diseases—croup—or at the midday hour, you should always be prepared. In Coe's Cough Balsam, you will find a ready and effectual remedy. It grapples and controls instantaneously the most stubborn coughs, while in croup it is a sovereign cure. The price is but forty cents per bottle—the bottles twice the size of any other at the same price. Delays are dangerous. You should always have it in the house. It can be found at all our drug stores.

☞Ladies can receive a box of Dr. Velpan's Pills by mail, sealed from the eyes of the public, by enclosing one dollar and six postage stamps to O. G. Staples, General Agent for U. S., a Watertown, N. Y.

OLD EYES MADE NEW.

A Pamphlet directing how to speedily restore sight and give up spectacles, without the aid of doctor or medicine. Sent by mail, free, on receipt of 10 cents. Address E. B. FOOTE, M. D., 6mja28. 1130 Broadway, New York.

Information Free! To Nervous Sufferers!

A Gentleman cured of Nervous Debility, Incompetency, Premature Decay, and Youthful Error, actuated by a desire to benefit others, will be happy to furnish to all who need it, (free of charge) the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy used in his case. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's bad experience, and possess a sure and valuable remedy, can do so by addressing him at once at his place of business. The Recipe, and full information—of vital importance—will be cheerfully sent by return mail.

JOHN B. OGDEN, 63 Nassau st., New York.

P. S.—Nervous sufferers of both sexes will find this information invaluable. d24 3m

A CARD.—Mr. Editor:—In reply to many letters and inquiries from people in this section of the country, the undersigned take great pleasure in saying through the columns of your paper, that our renowned preparation known as COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE, is a certain cure for Dyspepsia, in its worst stages. Many cures of long standing, within our own acquaintance, have been completely, and we believe permanently cured. It will stop distress after eating almost instantaneously, and enables the dyspeptic who has lived for years upon Graham bread and the plainest diet to eat as heartily as he pleases, and anything he chooses, without danger of distress, or souring, or rising on the stomach. It is an infallible corrector of indigestion and constipation, creates a healthy appetite, stops sick-headache, heart-burn, sickness at the stomach, pains, cramps, or colic in either stomach or bowels, and sweetens offensive breath, as soon as you take it, and by enabling the patient to take plenty of hearty food, "which is the parent of health," produces vigor, strength and energy. In every trial we have known it has speedily eradicated Dyspepsia with all its attendant sufferings, weaknesses, debility, and loss of power, giving instead, a proper activity and tone to the stomach and organs of digestion, and as we confidently believe, and as the published certificates in our circulars, almanaes, and in many of the leading Journals, from convalescent patients will *confirm*, completely, permanently, and almost miraculously "cure the worst case of Dyspepsia in existence." We warrant it in every instance. It can be obtained at all the Drug Stores in the United States and Canadas, at $1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. C. G. CLARK & CO., 1yf4. Proprietors, New Haven, Ct.

A Card to Invalids.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and visious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *Free of Charge*.

Address JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D., Bible House, New York City

IF YOU WANT TO KNOW

A little of everything relating to the human system, male and female; the causes and treatment of diseases; the marriage customs of the world; how to marry well, and a thousand things never published before, read the revised and enlarged edition of "Medical Common Sense," a curious book for curious people, and a good book for every one. 400 pages, 100 illustrations. Price, $1.50. Content tables sent free to any address. Books may be had at the bookstores, or will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of the price. Address E. B. FOOTE, M. D.,
ja28 6m 1130 Broadway, New York.

Strength to the Weak! Youth to the Aged!

BIOKRENE, or Life Rejuvenator.

This preparation is unequalled as a Rejuvenator, and Restorer of wasted or inert functions.

The aged should be certain to make the Biokrene a household god, inasmuch as it will render them youthful in feeling and in strength, and enable them to live over again the days of their pristine joy. It not only exhilerates but strengthens, and is really an invaluable blessing, especially to those who have been reduced to a condition of servility, self abuse, mis-fortune, or ordinary sickness. No matter what the cause of the impotency of any human organ, this superb preparation will remove the effect at once and forever.

BIOKRENE cures Impotency, General Debility, Nervous Incapacity, Dyspepsia, Depression, Loss of Appetite, Low Spirits, Weakness of the Organs of Generation, Imbecility, Mental Indolence, Emaciation, Ennui, It has a most Delightful, Desirable, and Novel Effect upon the Nervous System; and all who are in any way prostrated by nervous disabilities are earnestly advised to seek a cure in this most excellent and unequailed preparation.

Persons who by imprudence have lost their NATURAL VIGOR will find a speedy and permanent cure in the

BIOKRENE.

The Feeble, the Languid, the Despairing, the Old should give this valuable discovery a trial; it will be found totally different from all other articles for the same purposes.

TO FEMALES.—This preparation is invaluable in nervous weaknesses of all kinds, as it will restore the wasted strength with wonderful permanence.

It is also a grand tonic, and will give relief in Dyspepsia with the first dose. A brief persistence in its use will renovate the stomach to a degree of perfect health, and banish Dyspepsia forever

One Dollar per Bottle, or six Bottles for $5. Sold by Druggists generally.

Sent by express anywhere, by addressing
HUTCHINGS & HILLYER, Proprietors,
81 Cedar Street, New York.

Sold in Palmer by Wood & Allen; in Ware by Daniel Holden, and in Stafford Springs by H. T. Small & Co.
Aug. 13, 1864. su

Dr. S. O. Richardson's

BLOOD-ROOT ELIXIR

Is an effectual cure for
COSTIVENESS,
and the best remedy ever prepared for
DISEASES OF THE LIVER, and all IMPURITIES OF THE BLOOD.

Sold by all druggists, and at the Doctor's office, 51 Hanover street, Boston. o296m*

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a Sure Cure For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address. Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON.
3m. Williamsburgh, Kings County, New York.

BORN.

At the Stafford Springs House, Feb. 26th, a son, (Arthur H.) to Henry B. Gay.

In Monson, Feb. 20th, a daughter to Wm. Welch.

DIED.

In Warren, Feb. 24th, Ann Eliza, 40, wife of F. B. Knowles.

In Wilbraham, Feb. 26th, Emily S., 45, wife of Abraham Knowlton.

In Stafford (Orcuttville), Feb. 17th, Harley P., 4, son of J. D. Fletcher.

In West Stafford, Feb. 26th, John Griffith.

In Ware, 1st, Mrs. Gough.

IF YOU WANT
A GOOD ARTICLE
—OF—
READY-MADE CLOTHING
For a Little Money,
Call at D. MULVIHILL'S,
Palmer, March 4, 1865. Nassowanno Block.

READY MADE CLOTHING,
Just received and for sale by
D. MULVIHILL,
Nassowanno Block, Palmer, Mass.
March 4, 1865.

TO LET.
THE ROOMS IN STRONG BLOCK heretofore used as a Tin-shop. Enquire of
Palmer, March 4, 1865. JAS. G. ALLEN.

REMOVED!
THE BOOT AND SHOE STORE
—OF—
L. DIMOCK,
Is removed to the center store in
Palmer House Block, Sign of the Boot,
Where I intend to keep constantly on hand
A FULL ASSORTMENT
Of BOOTS AND SHOES, of every description, which I will sell at the
LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES.

Also, **Boots Made to Order**, and **Repairing** done in the best manner and most reasonable terms.

While grateful for your patronage in the past, I am determined to merit it in the future.

Don't mistake the place—Centre Store, Palmer House Block: Sign of the Boot.
Palmer, March 4, 1865. LYMAN DIMOCK

CHARLESTON EVACUATED!
GOLD HAS FALLEN!
And so have many kinds of Goods, and
MY PRICES
ARE MARKED TO CORRESPOND.

Good Prints,	25 cts.
All others,	33
Best DeLaines,	42
7-8 Brown Cottons,	30
Nice yard wide, do.	37½
Best 9-8 do., do.,	42
Larg't size best qual. Ladies' Nubias,	1 25
Heavy Long Shawls, largest size,	7 00
Best quality do.,	11 00
More Ladies' Rubber Boots,	2 50
More Ladies' Rubber Sandals,	1 00
Colored Cambrics (slightly soiled),	17
A lot of shop worn shoes,	75
Good Bleached Cottons,	25, 33, @50
Good Cot. and Wool Flannels,	40@60
Heavy Cotton Goods, for suits,	80
Good Balmoral Skirts,	$3@$4.50
Nice Alpaccas,	50@75
Best All Wool Delaines,	75
Heavy yard wide Cottons,	40
Heaviest Cottons made,	50
A lot of Ladies' Cambric Collars, half price.	

All-widths OIL CLOTHS, Palm Leaf MATTRASSES, HOOP SKIRTS, every size from 6 to 40 springs.

A variety of SUGARS; several kinds of MOLASSES and SYRUPS; TEAS and COFFEES.

☞Remember the French Breakfast and Dinner Coffee.

VARIOUS GRADES OF FLOUR,

From the cheapest to the best made. BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, RYE FLOUR, GRAHAM FLOUR, CORN AND RYE MEAL, always on hand.

Just Received, a lot of *SMITH'S PARAFFINE*, for Boots, Harnesses, or any Leather work. The *only sure Water Proof Leather Preserver* known, and will be furnished by the dozen or gross, at New York prices.

Always on hand an assortment of
Clocks, Trunks, Toys and Fancy Goods,
Cooking Extracts and Perfumeries,
All the popular *PATENT MEDICINES*,
In STONE and WOODEN WARE, the usual variety.
Crockery and Glass Ware, enough of it.
HATS AND CAPS,
a good stock at all times. Also,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
for Men and Boys, and as good a variety of Ladies', Misses', and Childrens', Shoes, in Leather and Serge Work, as can be found, in stores out of the cities.

I shall soon receive all the most popular
FERTILIZERS,
to which the attention of Farmers is invited.

Recollect, I always have
A LARGE STOCK OF GOODS,
At *PRICES TO SUIT THE PEOPLE* and the times, all marked in plain figures, and
ONE PRICE ONLY.

☞Every one who owes me is requested to make immediate payment, as a change in business is contemplated.

E. E. TOWNE.
Monson, Feb. 25, 1865.

ADMINISTRATORS' AUCTION SALE.

WILL be sold at public auction on Thursday, the 9th day of March, current, at the shop of the late D. D. Moody, in Monson, a large variety of tools used in the manufacture of spectacles, and by mechanics generally. Also, a lot of Household articles, too numerous to mention. Sale to commence at 9 o'clock A. M.

SARAH MOODY,
JAMES G. ALLEN, } Administrators.
March 3, 1865. 2w.

THE NINTH NATIONAL BANK
OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
CAPITAL, $1,000,000---PAID IN,
Fiscal Agent of the United States,
And Special Agent for Jay Cooke, Subscription Agent.

Will Deliver 7-30 Notes, Free of Charge,

by express, in all parts of the country, and receive in payment Checks on New York, Philadelphia, and Boston, current bills, and all five per cent. interest notes, with interest to date of subscription. Orders sent by mail will be promptly filled.

This Bank receives the accounts of Banks and Bankers on favorable terms; also of individuals keeping New York accounts.

J. T. HILL Cashier. J. U. ORVIS, Pres't.

TOWN REPORTS printed neatly, cheaply and expeditiously at this office.

HEALTH

HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT
BUCHU.

For Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Bladder or Kidneys, Diseases of the Prostrate Gland, Gravel, Brick Dust Deposits, Dropsical Swellings, Organic Weakness, Debility, Female Complaints, &c.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu and
IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Will radically exterminate from the system Diseases arising from habits of Dissipation, at little expense, little or no change of diet, no inconvenience or exposure, completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copabia and Mercury, in curing these diseases.

USE HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

In all Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing In Male or Female, *from whatever cause originating*, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in its taste and odor, IMMEDIATE in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from Broken Down or Delicate Constitutions, *procure the Remedy at once.*

The reader must be aware that however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect his *Bodily Health, Mental Powers and Happiness*. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue.

All the above diseases require the aid of a diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
IS THE GREAT DIURETIC.

HELMBOLD'S
HIGHLY CONCENTRATED COMPOUND
FLUID
EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,

For purifying the blood, removing all diseases arising from excess and imprudence in life, chronic constitutional diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, and the only reliable and effectual know remedy for the cure of Scrofula, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Pains and Swellings of the Bones, Ulcerations of the Throat and Legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Tetter, Erpsipelas, and all sealy eruptions of the skin, and beautifying the complexion.

AND
HAPPINESS

NOT A FEW

Of the worst disorders that afflict mankind arise from the corruption that accumulates in the Blood. Of all the discoveries that have been made to purge it out, none can equal in effect Helmbold's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla. It cleanses and renovates the Blood, instills the vigor of health into the system and purges out the humors which make disease. It stimulates the healthy functions of the body, and expels the disorders that grow and rankle in the blood. Such a remedy, that could be relied on, has long been sought for, and now, for the first time, the public have one on which they can depend. Our space here does not admit of certificates to show its effects, but the trial of a single bottle will show to the sick that it has virtues surpassing anything they have ever taken.

Two tablespoonsful of the Extract of Sarsaparilla, added to a pint of water, is equal to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is equal to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla, or the decoction as usually made.

The above Extracts are prepared on purely scientific principles—in Vacuo—and embody the full strength of the ingredients entering into their composition. A ready and conclusive test will be a comparison of their properties with those set forth in the U. S. Dispensatory.

HOW TO USE THE REMEDIES.

In diseases of the Blood, Humors on the Face, or any and every part of the body, use Extract Sarsaparilla, applying to Pimples and all external Humors or Eruptions the Improved Rose Wash.

Use the Extract Buchu for all diseases requiring the aid of a Diuretic, except those of the Urinary Organs, such as Gonorrhœa and Gleet; in these use the Extrac Buchu and inject with the Improved Rose Wash.

☞THESE EXTRACTS HAVE BEEN ADMITTED TO USE IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY, and also are in very general use in all the STATE HOSPITALS and Public Institutions throughout the land, as well as in private practice, and are considered as invaluable remedies.

Medicine delivered to Any Address.

Direct letters to—
HELMBOLD'S DRUG & CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,
594 Broadway, New York,
Next Metropolitan Hotel, or to
HELMBOLD'S MEDICAL DEPOT,
104 South Tenth St., Philadelphia,
Assembly Buildings.

Describe Symptoms in all Communication.

☞Sold by all Druggists everywhere.
☞Beware of Counterfeits.
☞Ask for Helmbold's. Take no Other.
Feb. 25. 1y.

SECURED.

SMITH & CONVERSE,
Successors to M. W. FRENCH & BRO.,
Have on Hand a Choice Lot of
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes,
&c., &c., &c.

YARD WIDE COTTONS,
VERY CHEAP.

New Spring Style DeLaines, Very Handsome.

Also, a large assortment of
SPRING SKIRTS,
All Styles and Prices.

GIVE US A CALL.
GEO. L. SMITH. JOHN S. CONVERSE.
Palmer, Mass., 1865.

DODGE & HASTINGS,
PAY the HIGHEST MARKET PRICE for GOOD VEAL CALVES.
Palmer, Feb. 25, 1865.

OFFICIAL.

10th Mass. Collection District,
Pittsfield, Mass., Feb. 17, 1865.

TO PERSONS LIABLE TO PAY SPECIAL Income Tax in this District.—It has become apparent to the Revenue Department, and to this Office that many of the returns of Special Income were made to my Assistants, either under an honest misapprehension of the Law, or wilful ignorance and falsehood.

An opportunity will be given, under instructions from Washington, to all persons who have made such returns to correct them and file new ones in my office directly. Any such return made to me before March 15th, 1865, will be received. Promptness in this behalf will entitle the tax-payer to the lenient consideration of the Treasury Department. Failure to regard this notice will be visited with the full penalties of the law. (Persons who have omitted to make *any* return, are requested to make one at once.) CHAS N. EMERSON,
f25 United States Assessor, 10th District.

MONSON ACADEMY.

THE SUMMER TERM begins Wednesday, March 22d. For Catalogues apply to
C. HAMMOND, Principal.
Monson, Feb. 25, 1865. 3w.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed administrator *de bonis non*, of the estate of Edward A. Shaw, late of Palmer, in the county of Hampden, deceased; and has taken upon himself that trust, by giving bonds as the law directs. And all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate are called upon to make payment to JOHN FOSTER, Administrator *de bonis non*.
Feb. 15, 1865.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Abel Webber vs. Andrew J. Holt. Returnable before G. M. Fisk, *Jus Pacis*, Feb. 11, 1865.

THIS is an action of contract, as by writ on file, dated February 4th, 1865, will more fully appear. This action was duly entered and continued *nisi* until March 11th, A. D., 1865, and it appearing to the court that at the time of the service of the writ in said action by the attachment of personal property and by the officer's return that the defendant was not found within said Commonwealth, it is therefore ordered by said court that the plaintiff give notice of the pending action by causing an attested copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Palmer Journal, a newspaper published in Palmer, in said county, the last publication to be seven days at least before the said 11th day of March, 1865, that the defendant may then and there appear to take upon himself the defence of this action.

G. M. FISK, *Jus Pacis.*
A true copy, attest. G. M. FISK, *Jus Pacis.*

Treasury Department.

Office of Comptroller of the Currency,
Washington, D.C., December 16, 1864.

WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that

"THE WARE NATIONAL BANK,"

in the town of Ware, in the county of Hampshire, and state of Massachusetts, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said Act required to be complied with before commencing the business of banking under said Act.

Now, therefore, I, Hugh McCulloch, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "The Ware National Bank," in the town of Ware, in the county of Hampshire, and State of Massachusetts, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the Act aforesaid.

In Testimony Whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this, sixteenth day of December, 1864.

L. S. HUGH McCULLOCH,
j7 2m Comptroller of the Currency
No. 628.

WM. O. GOULD,

Having established himself over D. P. Billings' store, with Clark Merriam, will be happy to receive orders for
Custom Boots and Shoes.
Ware, Feb. 18, 1865.

WOODS' **Celebrated Dry Hop Yeast,** for sale at PARKS' STORE, Palmer

FARM AND FARMING TOOLS AT AUCTION.

WILL be sold at public auction on Tuesday, March 14, at 10 o'clock A. M., on the premises, the farm of the subscriber, situated about three-fourths of a mile from Palmer Center, on the road leading to Ware.

The farm contains 85 acres, divided into mowing, pasture, tillage and woodland. It has also a story and a half house, a barn 40x44, with cellar, almost new, and another barn 30x32, all in good repair.

Also, all the Farming Tools on the premises, Among which are one ox-cart, iron axle, two plows, one harrow, horse-rake, &c., &c.

Terms made known at time of sale.

Auctioneer, A. R. Murdock.
WALTER M. GREEN.
Palmer. Feb. 25, 1865.

New Styles of
PAPER HANGINGS & BORDERS,
CURTAINS, of various kinds, CURTAIN FIXTURES; Cord and Tassels, a great variety.
Also, a good assortment of
Books, Stationery, Music, Periodicals,
And NEWSPAPERS for sale.
Ware, March 4—3m. G. K. CUTLER.

WANTED—PRIME MINK SKINS.
H. T. SMALL & CO.
Dec. 10. Stafford Springs, Ct.

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, the undersigned has assumed the General subscription Agency for the sale of United States Treasury Notes, bearing seven and three-tenths per cent. interest, per annum, known as the

SEVEN-THIRTY LOAN.

These Notes are issued under date of August 15th, 1864, and are payable three years from that time, in currency, or are convertible at the option of the holder into

U. S. 5-20 Six per cent. Gold Bearing Bonds.

These bonds are now worth a premium of nine per cent. including gold interest from Nov., which makes the actual profit on the 7 30 loan, at current rates, including interest, about ten per cent., per annum, besides its exemption from *State and Municipal Taxation*, which adds from one to three per cent. more, according to the rate levied on other property. The interest is payable semi-annually, by coupons attached to each note, which may be cut off and sold to any bank or banker.

The interest amounts to

One Cent per Day on a		$50	Note.
Two "	"	$100	"
Ten "	"	$500	"
Twenty	"	$1000	"
$1	"	$5000	"

Notes of all the denominations named will be promptly furnished upon receipt of subscriptions. This is

THE ONLY LOAN IN MARKET,

now offered by the Government, and it is confidently expected that its superior advantages will make it

The Great Popular Loan of the People.

Less than $200,000,000 remain unsold, which will probably be disposed of within the next 60 or 90 days, when the notes will undoubtedly command a premium, as has uniformly been the case on closing the subscriptions to other Loans.

In order that citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loan, the National Banks, State Banks, and Private Bankers throughout the country have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will select their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent,
Philadelphia.

Subscriptions will be received by the
First National Bank of Springfield.
Second National Bank of Springfield.
Third National Bank of Springfield.
Ware National Bank of Ware.
Monson National Bank of Monson.
f25 Stafford National Bank of Stafford. 3m

FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS,
And Dealers in Government Securities,
38 Wall Street, New York,
—ARE—
U. S. GOVERNMENT AGENTS,
FOR THE SALE OF THE
POPULAR 7-30 LOAN,

Under the recent arrangement of the Treasury Department with Mr. JAY COOKE, General Subscription Agent.

Checks and Drafts on New York, Legal Tender Notes, and National Bank Notes may be remitted in payment. We also receive all Legal Tender *Five per cent.* Notes, and allow the *accrued interest to date of subscription.*

The 7-30 Notes will be forwarded by express, free of charge, to all points reached by the express companies.

Orders may be forwarded to us direct, or through your nearest bank or banker.

Persons visiting the city will find a full assortment of the notes on hand at our office for immediate delivery.

Orders by mail should be accompanied with the address in full to which the notes are to be forwarded.

We also keep on hand, and buy and sell at market rates, all kinds of

United States Securities.

Accounts of Banks, Bankers, and individuals received on favorable terms.

FISK & HATCH, BANKERS,
f18 38 Wall Street, New York. 3m.

Travelers' Insurance Company,
HARTFORD, CONN.,
Insures against
ACCIDENTS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

CAPITAL $500,000.

Five Dollars Annual Premium

Will insure $5,000 against loss of life occasioned by accident to any *public conveyance* by which the assured may at the time be traveling, under the *Travelers' Risk Policy.*

Ten Dollars Premium

Secures a full policy for $5,000, and $25 per week compensation for personal injury, incapacitating the assured from his ordinary business—under the Travelers' Risk.

Twenty-five Dollars Premium

Secures a full policy for $5,000, and $25 per week compensation for all and every description of accident, traveling or otherwise,—under a General Accident Policy.

Policies for $500, with $3 per week compensation, can be had for $3 per annum, or any other sum between $500 and $5,000 at proportionate rates.

Special and hazardous risks taken at special and hazardous rates.

☞No medical Examination required.

J. G. BATTERSON, Pres't.
RODNEY DENNIS, Sec'y.
HENRY A. DYER, General Agent.
E. F. MORRIS, Agt, Monson.

PETROLEUM STOCKS

Are now attracting much attention, as
They Pay Larger Dividends
than any other stocks in the market, ranging from
One to Five per Cent. per Month.

Parties wishing to subscribe for stock in the "Great Basin" the "Massachusetts & Oil Creek," the "New England," "Fuller Farm," or other first-class oil companies, or in the

Montezuma Gold Mining Company,

the ore of which assays at over $8,000 per cord, can do so at the office of
Palmer, Jan. 21, 1865. JAS. G. ALLEN.

Administrator's Sale of
REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

I SHALL SELL at public auction on the premises, the real estate recently owned by Edward A. Shaw, deceased. Said real estate will be sold at one o'clock P. M., on the 22d day of March next. It consists of seventy-five acres of land, with house, barn, and other out-buildings; is suitably divided into mowing, pasture, wood, and tillage lands. Well watered, with good running water at house and barn. It is near a saw and grist mill, and near a public school, within 1½ miles of Thorndike village, in Palmer. JOHN FOSTER.
f25 Administrator, *de bonis non.*

GREAT SALE
—OF—
DRY GOODS!

W. W. CROSS,
STRONG BLOCK.... PALMER.

The subscriber begs leave to offer to the citizens of Palmer and vicinity his entire STOCK of DRY GOODS, at a GREAT REDUCTION from previous rates. GREAT BARGAINS will be given in the various departments.

DRESS GOODS!

THIBETS, SHADES OF

Green. Tan, Black, Purple.
Garnet. Georgean Pigeon. Blue. Scarlet.

PLAIDS.

Scotch. Herbecians. Cotton & Wool. Persian.
Crossovers. All Wool. Checks. Valencias.

PLAIN GOODS.

All Wool Reps. All Wool DeLaines. Coburgs.
Alpaccas. Lyonese Cloths. Ottomans.
Amures. Alpines.

FIGURED GOODS.

Alpaccas. Cotton & Wool DeLaines. Parametta.
Amures. All Wool do. Ottomans.
Repps. Taffetas.

PRINTS.

A BIG Assortment. Good Prints, 25 cents.
Best do. 28 to 33½c

SILKS! SILKS!

Plain Black Silks, and Fancy Silks, at less than the present cost of Importation.

CLOAKS AND SHAWLS!

Black Beaver Cloaks. All Wool Cloaks.

A big line of Square and Double Shawls, bought at low figures, and to be sold at ruinous prices.

Black and White Square Shawls, from $4.50 to $6.00.

SKIRTS AND CORSETS!

BALMORAL SKIRTS.

All Wool Colors, from $3.50 to $4.50 each, to close the lot.

HOOP SKIRTS.

Ladies' White Skirts, for $0.80, 1.00, 1.25, 1.50.
" Colored " same prices.
Misses White and Colored do., all sizes.

Mrs. Nathan's Celebrated Corsets.

White Corsets, $1.75. Colored do., $1.50 @ 1.75.

FURS! FURS!

A large line of Ladies' Muffs, which we shall sell at $4.50 each, to close out the lot.

Also, SETTS, at Prices that cannot be beat.

FANCY GOODS!

Ladies' White and Col'd Hose. Braids,
Misses do. do. Gimpures.
Lot of Ladies' Ribbed Hose, at 37½c ₰ pair, worth 62½. Bugle Trimmings.
Ladies' Gloves, all styles. Bindings.
Black Kids, Fancy Kids, Perfumeries.
White Kids, Cashmere Gloves. Back Combs.
Embroideries. Side Combs.
Wrought Collars, Linen do. Round Combs.
Linen Cuffs. Jet Pins.
Dress Buttons, all newest styles. Seaps de'Toilet. &c. &c.

WORSTED GOODS!

A BIG LINE.

Hoods. Sontags. Breakfast Capes. Undersleeves.
Nubias. Mittens. Leggins. &c. &c.

which must be sold, as we will not keep them over.

MILLINERY! MILLINERY!

THE BEST ASSORTMENT
Of Millinery Goods to be found
IN HAMPDEN COUNTY.
All the NEWEST STYLES and LATEST NOVELTIES.

BOOTS AND SHOES!

500 pairs Ladies' Cloth Gaiters, some of them a little out of style, which we shall sell from $1 to $1.50 per pair.

200 pairs Ladies' Thick Boots, at $1 per pair.

Ladies' Rubbers, $1.25 per pair.

Ladies' and Misses' Kid and Cloth Balmorals.

Men's Rubber Boots. Men's Arctic Gaiters.
Men's Calf Boots. Men's Thick Boots.

Boys' Boots. Children's Boots and Shoes.

A good assortment of all kinds, and at prices which will render
COMPETITION USELESS.

READY-MADE CLOTHING!

MARKED DOWN!

Frock Undercoats. Pants and Vests to match.
Sack do. Suits to match.
English Sacks. Men's Pants, new and pretty patterns.
Boys' Sacks.
Beaver Overcoats. Undershirts and Drawers, white and colored, for $2.00 each, to close a large lot.
Boys' Overcoats.
Boys' Jackets.
Boys' Suits.

HATS AND CAPS!

For Men and Boys, all the latest and most desirable styles.

DOMESTICS!

Stripes, Ticking, Checks, Denims, Cotton Flannels, Sheetings.
Bleached and Brown Shirtings, all widths.
Flannels—White, blue, gray, red, yellow; figured flannels, in all colors for shirtings.
Woolen Cloths—a good assortment, suitable for men and boys' wear.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS!

CROCKERY, of all kinds.
CARPETINGS, purchased before the rise, and which will be sold at low figures.
PAPER HANGINGS, all styles and prices.
OIL CARPETINGS, all widths.
OIL RUGS, all sizes.
TRUNKS, CARPET BAGS, FEATHERS, &c., &c., &c.

We shall offer our merchandise at unprecedented low rates for the times, for sixty days, in order to reduce our stock before invoicing; and customers will do well to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere, as we shall make it a point to live up to our advertised rates, however low.

☞GOODS CHEERFULLY SHOWN.

W. W. CROSS.
Palmer, Jan. 7, 1866.

THE YANKEE.—This sixpence-pinching Yankee; this supposed-to-be meanest of all God's creatures; who nevertheless, touching the rock, the earth, the flood, the sky, makes them all rain down gold; this man that saves his money, but builds schoolhouses; that saves his money but sends out his school-mistress daughters and schoolmaster sons. This New England that is hated, and that is complimented by the hatred of its apostate descendants, has been true as truth itself to the whole historic doctrine of the revolutionary period, and of the colonial period before that—the doctrine of American Liberty.—[H. W. Beecher.

IN A SCRAPE.—A Vienna journal says that a young man, who was paying assiduous court to the wife of a dyer, had the misfortune to be caught by the enraged husband, who called his workmen about him, and, without any ceremony, the gallant was plunged into a cauldron prepared for imparting a true blue color to various fabrics. In such a tint he dared not appear in public. His friends implored the dyer to restore the poor fellow to his natural hue, but the pitiless answer was, "It is impossible. He is of a beautiful color, and all I can do for him is to change him to a green or violet." This is rather a worse predicament than in which Mr. Tittlebat Titmouse found himself.

☞Some untried men think themselves brave, and others believe themselves great cowards; the former are quite as often mistaken as the latter.

☞Many ladies think themselves unable to walk a mile, who gladly dance three times that distance.

☞The sunshine that makes the grass green and beautiful, nurtures and invigorates the snake in it.

ANY BOOK WANTED!

CAN be obtained at short notice by leaving orders at our store. A select assortment of STANDARD WORKS on hand, together with TOY BOOKS and BOOKS FOR YOUTH.

Have just received Hall's Arctic Researches, Abbott's Empire of Austria, The Nurse and Spy, Taylor's John Godfrey's Fortune, The Schonberry Cotta Family, Enoch Arden, by Tennyson, Dora Darling, Abbott's Historics, &c., &c.

Give us a Call.

WOOD & ALLEN,

Palmer, Feb. 11, 1865. tf

Selling at Cost! Selling at Cost!

FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS.

BEING desirous of reducing stock, previous to taking inventory, shall therefore offer all

WINTER GOODS,

consisting of MEN'S and BOYS'

Fur, Fur Band' and Cloth Band Caps,

Fur Collars, Wool Mufflers, Scarfs, Under-Shirts and Drawers, Fancy Flannel Shirts,

FUR, BUCK, KID, CALF, AND CLOTH GLOVES, in

Great variety.

Many articles were bought at old prices, consequently can and will be sold VERY CHEAP. Persons wishing any of the above named goods can obtain the same by visiting the

CORNER HAT, CAP & GLOVE STORE,

ARTHUR H. FAY,

Corner of Main and Sanford Streets,

3wf11. SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

HALL'S VEGETABLE

SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER,

THE best preparation for the Hair. It will immediately free the head from all dandruff, restore the hair to its natural color, and produce a new growth where it has fallen off. It will stop the falling out of the hair in a few days, if faithfully applied, and it will turn gray hair to its original color. Price, one dollar. A large lot just received, and for sale by the bottle or dozen.

WOOD & ALLEN,

Palmer, Mass., Feb. 11, 1865. 1y

PICTURE FRAMES

Of all descriptions FOR SALE and MADE TO ORDER by

TITUS & CO.,

House, Sign, Carriage, and Ornamental Painters,

Feb. 18, 1865. tf. Palmer, Mass.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE farm known as the Shaw Tavern stand, situated in the north-east part of Palmer, containing about 300 acres, suitably divided into mowing, pasturing, and tillage. Some 10 acres of the plow land is in a high state of cultivation, and well adapted to the cultivation of tobacco. Good fruit, and mostly grafted. About 100 acres of the above is woodland. The wood is mostly hard, and within 1 to 1½ miles of West Warren depot, and 2 to 2½ miles of Ware village. A two-story house, convenient for two families, and three barns, 36x45, 28x34, and 16x30 feet. Both house and barns are supplied with soft and never-failing spring water.

CHARLES R. SHAW.

Palmer, Feb. 18, 1865. 3w*

CHEAP PASSAGE

—TO AND FROM—

GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND.

TAPSCOTT BROTHERS & CO'S

Emigration & Foreign Exchange Office,

86 SOUTH ST., NEW YORK.

Drafts on England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales.

Tapscott's Favorite Line of Liverpool Packets sails every Three Days.

X Line of London Packets, sails every Ten Days.

Parties wishing to send for their friends, or remit money to the Old Country can do so at the lowest rates by applying to

3maj21 CHAS. E. STEVENS, Ware.

TOBACCO.

FINE CUT, CHEWING, and SMOKING, of the best quality. Also, the best

Plug Tobacco, Navy Cavendish, &c.,

For sale AT PARK'S STORE, Palmer.

THE best Young Hyson, Black, and Japanese TEAS,

For sale at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer.

FLOUR

Of all grades, FOR SALE LOW for cash,

AT A. H. PARKS' STORE,

West end of Palmer House Block, Palmer, Mass

CLARK MERRIAM,

BOOTS AND SHOES REPAIRED,

Shop over David P. Billings' Store.

Feb. 11, 1865. 3w WARE, Mass.

FISH, OF ALL KINDS,

FOR SALE

AT PARKS' STORE.

Palmer House Block.

J. H. STORRS

Invites the special attention of all buyers o

DRY GOODS

to his LARGE and VARIED ASSORTMENT

—OF—

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

—AT—

Marked Down Prices!

Having bought very largely at the late

PANIC PRICES,

we are now prepared to meet the views of buyers, to

CORRESPOND WITH THE PRICE OF GOLD.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS,

—AND—

FEATHERS,

—AT—

REDUCED PRICES.

CHOICE AND VARIED ASSORTMENT

—OF—

DRESS FABRICS,

Embracing ALL NEW AND DESIRABLE STYLES of both

European and American Manufacture,

which he will sell

AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

French Merinos,
French Ottoman Cloths,
German Repps,
6-4 Mohair Plaids,
Clan Tartan Plaids,
All Wool Plaids,
Rich Plaid Poplins,
Roman Plaids,
Plaid Poil de Chevres,
Colored Alapcas,
Colored Lyonese Cloths,
8-4 Crown Alpacas,
Mourning Dress Goods,
All-Wool Delaines,
Black Silks,
Cross Grain Silks,
Colored Poult de Soies,
&c., &c., &c.

Respectfully,

J. H. STORRS.

Ware, Oct. 1, 1864.

GOLD PENS

FOR THE MILLION!

Pens to Suit the Hand, and Prices to Suit the Pocket!

The Best Gold Pens in the World!

On receipt of the following sums we will send, by mail or as directed, a Gold Pen or Pens, selecting the same according to the description, namely:

Gold Pens in Silver Plated Extension Cases, with Pencils.

For $1 a No. 2 pen — For $2 a No. 5 pen
For 1 25 a No. 3 pen — For 2 25 a No. 6 pen
For 1 50 a No. 4 pen

These pens are stamped THE IMPERIAL PEN, and are well finished and fine-writing Gold Pens, with good Ardium points, although they are unwarranted and cannot be exchanged.

WARRANTED GOLD PENS.

Our name (American Gold Pen Co., N. Y.) is stamped on all our 1st quality pens, and the points are warranted for six months, except against accident. Our SECOND quality pens are stamped THE NATIONAL PEN, with the initials of our firm, (A. G. P. Co.) and are carefully made, having the same points as our 1st quality pens, the only great difference being in the quality of the Gold.

Gold Pens. 1st and 2d Quality, in Solid Silver Extension Cases, with Pencils.

For $2 00 a No. 1 pen, 1st quality, or No. 2 pen 2d qual.
For 2 25 a No. 2 pen 1st quality, or No. 3 pen 2d qual.
For 2 25 a No. 3 pen 1st quality, or No. 4 pen 2d qual.
For 3 50 a No 4 pen 1st quality, or No. 5 pen 2d qual.
For 4 50 a No. 5 pen 1st quality, or No. 6 pen 2d qual.
For 5 50 a No 6 pen 1st quality.

The same Gold Pens in Solid Silver or Gold Plated Ebony Desk Holders and Morocco Cases.

For $2 25 a No. 3 pen 1st quality, or No. 4 pen 2d qual.
For 2 50 a No. 4 pen 1st quality, or No. 5 pen 2d qual.
For 3 50 a No 5 pen 1st quality, or No 6 pen 3d qual.
For 4 00 a No. 6 pen 1st quality. For $5 50 a No 7 pen.
For 6 75 a No. 8 pen. For $12 a No. 12 pen; all 1st qual.

Our pens rank throughout the country as equal if not superior to any gold pens manufactured. Not only for their writing qualities durability and elegant finish. The greatest care is used in their manufacture, and none are sold with the slightest imperfection which skill can detect.

Parties in ordering must specify the name, number and quality in all instances, and whether stiff or limber, coarse or fine.

TO CLUBS.

A discount of 12 per cent. will be allowed on sums of $15, if sent to one address, at one time; 15 per cent. on $25; 20 per cent. on $40.

All remittances by mail, *registered*, are at our risk. To all who enclose 20 cents extra for registering, we guarantee the safe delivery of the goods.

Circulars of all our new styles, with Engravings of exact sizes and prices, sent upon receipt o stamp, if desired. Pens repointed for 50 cents by mail.

Stationers and Jewellers are requested to correspond with us, as we can offer them GREAT INDUCEMENTS. Address

AMERICAN GOLD PEN CO.,

j28 3m. No. 200 Broadway, New York.

WINNER'S PERFECT GUIDES

TO THE USE OF

EVERY MUSICAL INSTRUMENT.

Perfect Guide for the VIOLIN.	75 cents.
Perfect Guide for the FLUTE.	75 "
Perfect Guide for the GUITAR.	75 "
Perfect Guide for the PIANO.	75 "
Perfect Guide for the MELODEON.	75 "
Perfect Guide for the ACCORDEON	75 "
Perfect Guide for the FIFE.	75 "
Perfect Guide for the CLARIONET.	75 "
Perfect Guide for the FLAGEOLET.	75 "
ALSO	
Flute and Piano Duets,	75 "
Violin and Piano Duets.	75 "

The instructions in these books are given in a manner adapted to the comprehension of all grades of scholars. The exercises illustrating and enforcing the lessons are not dry and tedious, but sprighrly and enliving, and the selection of music, varying from the simple to the difficult, comprises the most popular melodies of the day. Copies will be mailed post-paid, on recipt of price.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Publishers, 277 Washington Street, Boston.

Palmer Steam Mill!

THE subscribers, having leased the Steam Mill formerly occupied by Hall & Trumble, offer for sale

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

FLOUR, GRAIN, MEAL,

FEED, SALT, LIME,

COAL, WOOD, &c,

AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

CASH PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.

Palmer, Mass., Dec. 20, 1862.

NEW GROCERY STORE!

The undersigned, having purchased the stock of

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS

lately owned by J. P. SHAW, and removed them to their Flour and Grain Store, and having made large additions thereto, are prepared to furnish

FAMILY GROCERIES as CHEAP as at any other establishment in the county.

As we deal largely in

FLOUR AND GRAIN,

we are enabled to make purchases at

LOW FIGURES,

and sell in the same manner.

All kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods.

☞Remember the place—

At the Palmer Steam Mill.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.

Palmer, Aug. 29, 1863.

THE NEW YORK CLOTHING COMPANY

Have taken the Store,

138 MAIN ST., SPRINGFIELD,

For the purpose of selling

CLOTHING,

From one of

THE LARGEST WHOLESALE ESTABLISHMENTS

in the City of New York,

—AT—

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

ANY ONE WISHING

A Good Substantial Article

FOR A

LITTLE MONEY,

WOULD DO WELL TO

EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

ALL GOODS SOLD BY US ARE

WARRANTED

TO BE JUST AS REPRESENTED.

We will allow the privilege of exchanging (within three days), any garment sold at retail, which upon examination at home does not meet the entire approval of the purchaser, either in material, style, or fit; or, if that is not sufficiently liberal,

WE WILL REFUND THE MONEY.

Our terms of sale are strictly for cash, and

WE GUARANTEE

A BETTER ARTICLE

OF CLOTHING FOR THE SAME PRICE

than can be obtained elsewhere. Call and satisfy yourselves, at the

New York Clothing Co's

SALESROOM,

138 MAIN ST.,

Corner of Main and Vernon Streets, nearly opposite the Baptist Church,

SPRINGFIELD.....MASS.

n21tf

M. P. KNOWLTON,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

Post Office Building, south side of Court Square,

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

Soldiers' Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, &c., procured promptly and at reasonable rates.

Immense Success—Third Edition.

"HOW 'TIS DONE," or "The Secret Out," "Gambling Exposed," "Marked Cards," and all other tricks explained, "Fortune Telling," "The Book of Wonders," "Hunting and Fishing Secrets," the Original great Secret of a "Moustach and Whiskers in 42 Days," "How to make Gold, Silver, and Diamonds," and 180 other new discoveries, never before published. A New Book, handsomely printed, and bound; price only 25 cts; 6 for $1; circulars for stamp. Satisfaction guaranteed. Agents Wanted. Address

HUNTER & Co. Publishers,

f4 3m* Hinsdale, N. H

TAPIOCA, FARINA, SAGO, CORN STARCH, CHOCOLATE, COCOA &c., &c., for sale at

A. H. PARKS' Cash Store . . . PALMER, MASS.

A Lot of First-Rate

BUTTER,

FOR SALE in any quantity, from one to 100 pounds, at

A. H. PARKS' STORE, Palmer, Mass.

GEO. S. BOSWORTH,

CARPENTER AND JOINER,

—AND DEALER IN—

Doors, Sash, Blinds, Framing Timber, &c., &c.

Doors, Sash, and Blinds constantly on hand. All kinds of jobbing done to order. Palmer, Jan. 30

A Superior Article of Pure Ground

JAVA COFFEE,

For sale at A. H. PARKS' Store,

Palmer House Block

The New 7 3-10 Treasury Notes

ARE on hand and for sale at the MONSON NATIONAL BANK, in denominations of $50, $100, $500, and $1000.

Monson, Dec. 17. E. F. MORRIS, Cashier.

DENTISTRY.

DR. J. B. GOULD,

Surgical and Mechanical Dentist,

Palmer, Mass.

respectfully informs the Citizens of Palmer and vicinity that he has located himself in this place as a permanent Dentist, and hopes by strict attention to business to win the patronage of the public.

The Most Difficult Operations in Dentistry Performed with Care.

One of the most important and often neglected duties of the age is the preservation of the Natural Teeth, and to this end none should neglect having them frequently examined by a Dentist, that decay and other imperfections may be seasonably remedied. Children's teeth should receive frequent and careful attention, to prevent irregularities or decay.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH

inserted on the improved principle of atmospheric pressure. Teeth, from one to an entire set, inserted on Gold, Silver, or Rubber.

A SUPERIOR ARTICLE of DENTRIFICE and TOOTH BRUSHES constantly on hand.

☞Examinations and advice gratis.

☞All operations warranted.

TERMS REASONABLE.

TESTIMONIALS:

The undersigned, citizens of Monson, have employed Mr. J. B. Gould, in his regular practice as Dentist, with satisfaction, and would cheerfully recommend him to the citizens of this and adjoining towns, as skillful in all branches of this business. They are happy also to commend him as a man of good principles and high moral character.

Rev. T. G. Colton.	Marcus Keep.
" F. Woods.	S. Darling.
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n19 Dr. J. McKinstrey.

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IT is well known to the medical profession that IRON is the Vital Principle or Life Element of the blood. This is derived chiefly from the food we eat; but if the food is not properly digested, or if from any cause whatever, the necessary quantity of iron is not taken into the circulation, or becomes reduced, the whole system suffers. The bad blood will irritate the heart, will clog up the lungs, will stupefy the brain, will obstruct the liver, and will send its disease producing elements to all parts of the system, and every one will suffer in whatever organ may be predisposed to disease.

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is well known and acknowledged by all medical men. The difficulty has been to obtain such a preparation of it as will enter the circulation and assimilate at once with the blood. This point, says Dr. Hayes, Massachusetts State Chemist, has been attained in the Peruvian Syrup, by combination in a way before unknown.

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Palmer, March 21, 1863.

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2.15 P. M., and 6.00 P. M., for Belchertown and Amherst.

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New London, Jan. 2, 1865.

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As a Tonic it has no equal, causing an appetite, and building up the system, being entirely a pure wine of a most valuable grape.

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Speer's Wine is not a mixture or manufactured article, but is pure from the juice of the Port Grape, cultivated in New Jersey, recommended by Chemists and Physicians as possessing medical properties superior to any other Wines in use, and an excellent article for all weak and debilitated persons, and the aged and infirm, improving the appetite and benefiting ladies and children.

A Ladies' Wine, because it will not intoxicate as other wines, as it contains no mixture of spirits or other liquors, and is admired for rich, peculiar flavor, and nutritive properties, imparting a healthy tone to the digestive organs, and a blooming, soft, and healthy skin and complexion.

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January 1, 1865. 1y

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The Palmer Journal.

VOLUME XV. PALMER, MASS., SATURDAY, MARCH 11, 1865. NUMBER 52.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.
—BY—
GORDON M. FISK & Co.

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Belle at The Study.

Who comes knocking at the door!
"Let me in," says Belle
Ah! I've heard that voice before
"Let me in," says Belle,
"I will be so good and still;
Dear papa, you know I will
Just a little corner fill,
Let me in," says Belle.

So I spoke the welcome word,
"Come in, little Belle."
Her two little feet I heard,
"Here I come," says Belle.
In there peeped a golden head,
Chubby face, with cheeks so red;
"Welcome little one," I said,
"Here I come," says Belle.

I was tired and full of gloom
When you came, my Belle;
Dark and lonely seemed the room,
Till you came, my Belle;
But your presence changed it quite,
For you brought a flood of light—
Made my study warm and bright,
Sunny little Belle.

INAUGURAL ADDRESS OF PRESIDENT LINCOLN.

The inauguration of President Lincoln for a second term of office took place on the steps of the Capitol, at noon on Saturday last, when the President delivered the following brief

ADDRESS.

Fellow Countrymen:—At this second appearing to take the oath of the presidential office, there is less occasion for an extended address than there was at the first. Then, a statement of a coorse to be porsued seemed very fitting and proper. Now, at the expiration of four years, during which public declarations have been constantly called forth on every point and phase of the great contest which still absorbs the attention and engrosses the energies of the nation, little that is new could be presented. The progress of our arms, upon which all else chiefly depends, is as well known to the public as to myself, and it is, I trust, reasonably satisfactory and encouraging to all. With high hope for the future, no prediction in regard to it is ventured.

On the occasion corresponding to this, four years ago, all thoughts were anxiously directed to an impending civil war. All dreaded it; all sought to avoid it. While the inaugural address was being delivered from this place, devoted altogether to saving the Union without war, insorgent agents were in the city seeking to destroy it without war—seeking to dissolve the Union and divide the effects by negotiation. Both parties deprecated war; but one of them would make war rather than let the nation survive, and the other would accept war rather than let it perish; and the war came.

One-eighth of the whole population were colored slaves, not distributed generally over the Union, but localized in the southern part of it. These slaves constituted a peculiar and powerful interest. All knew that this interest was, somehow, the cause of the war. To strengthen, perpetoate and extend this interest, was the object for which the insorgents would rend the Union by war; while the government claimed no right to do more than restrict the territorial enlargement of it.—Neither party expected for the war the magnitude or the duration which it has already attained. Neither anticipated that the cause of the conflict might cease, even before the conflict itself should cease. Each looked for an easier triumph, and a result less fundamental and astounding.

Both read the same Bible and pray to the same God, and each invokes His aid against the other. It may seem strange that any men should dare to ask a just God's assistance in wringing their bread from the sweat of other men's faces; but let us judge not, that we may not be judged. The prayer of both could not be answered; that of neither has been answered fully. The Almighty has his own purposes. "Woe unto the world because of offenses; for it must needs be that offenses come, but woe to that man by whom the offense cometh." If we shall suppose that American slavery is one of these offenses which, in the providence of God, must needs come, but which, having continued through His appointed time, He now wills to remove, and that he gives to both North and South this terrible war as the woe due to those by whom the offense came, shall we discern there is any departure from those Divine attributes which the believers in a living God always ascribe to Him? Fondly do we hope, fervently do we pray, that this mighty scourge of war may speedily pass away. Yet, if God wills that it continue until all the wealth piled by the bondman's two hundred and fifty years of unrequited toil shall be sunk, and until every drop of blood drawn with the lash shall be paid by another drawn with the sword, as was said three thousand years ago, so still it must be said, "The judgments of the Lord are true and righteous altogether."

With malice toward no one, with charity for all, with firmness in the right, as God gives us to see the right, let us strive on to finish the work we are in, to bind up the nation's wound, to care for him who shall have borne the battle and for his widow and his orphans, and to do all which may achieve and cherish a just and lasting peace among ourselves and with all nations.

PHOTOGRAPHING THE EYE OF A DEAD PERSON.—The people of Florence, Italy, have lately been somewhat excited over the theory of the eye of a dead person retaining the image of the last object presented to it in life. The Florentines became interested in this idea, which is now a new one, from examining enlarged photographs taken of the eye of a murdered woman, in which was discerned an impression resembling the dim outlines of a human face, and many fancied they could readily recognize in it the features of a man who had been arrested charged with the murder. But many scientific and artistic gentlemen who have carefully examined the pictures announce their inability to arrive at such a conclusion. It will be remembered that in the case of the Burdell morder the idea of applying the same test was agitated; but nothing satisfactory resulted from it.

NEW CURRENCY.—The new twenty-five cent fractional currency has made its appearance. It is a trifle larger than the old, printed on stouter paper, and bears the likeness of Secretary Fessenden. The back is printed green.

CHRIST IN THE STORM.

One dark, stormy night, said a traveller, we were tossing in a rode little native boat, near the coast of Ceylon. As I lay on my low bed in the bottom of the boat, and saw the red flashes of lightning throogh the thatched covering, and heard the rapid peals of thonder, while the rain was pouring on all sides, and oor boat tossing like a bobble on the waves, I could not bot think of our danger; for I knew that the native boatmen were timid and ignorant, and many soch little barks go down every year on that coast.

Trembling and afraid, I raised my head to catch the words of my companion as he inquired of one of the boatmen for the master of the boat. "He is in the hinder part of the ship, asleep," was the reply. Little did the rude heathen who uttered these words know that they made my very soul thrill. In a moment, I was carried back to that night when Jesus, perhaps in jost such a rude little boat as oors, lay tossing on the stormy sea of Genesareth. Never did I so realize that oor blessed Saviour was once a man, a suffering mortal, and one with os in nature.

Far from home and kindred, weak, helpless, and full of fear, for a moment I had forgotten that Jesus was just as near as he was to his disciples, and that he could as easily say to the loaning billows about us, "Peace, be still," as he did on that night when they cried, "Master, carest thou not that we perish?"

My fears were gone. I felt that Jesos was near, that I could almost put my hand in his and hear his voice, "It is I, be not afraid."

Often, since then, in hours of darkness and trial, have I lived over that night, and been comforted by the same sweet thooghts.

Dear fellow Christian, in a time of darkness and storm, dost thoo remember that Jesos is near? When afflictions come, and moontains of grief stand on the right hand and on the left, and the mists of doll despair come full and thick in thy face, dost thoo draw near to thy Master and trust to his arm to save?—This is thy privilege. Oh! come to Him and enjoy it. Do heavy hordens press thee down? Fear not—carry them all to Jesos. None are too heavy for him to bear, none so small as to be beneath his notice. In Him all fulness dwells. Art thou poor? he is rich.—Art thoo weak? he is strong. Art thou sinful and onworthy? he is righteous and infinitely worthy.

Look op, then, to Jesos. Confide in him. Live very near to him, and be at peace.

A FAITHFUL WIDOW.

The loiterer along Broadway, who stops to look at the monument of General Montgomery, in St. Paul's Church, will be glad to read this touching incident, related by Mr. Hunt, in his lately published "Life of Edward Livingston." Montgomery was a captain in the British army when he first met Livingston's sister, Janet, whom he afterwards married.—When the Revolutionary War began, he was made one of the brigadier generals of the army of the United Colonies. He had been married but two years, but his wife did not oppose his departure, and he took leave of her at Saratoga in 1775, upon his way to Canada. His parting words to her were, "You shall never blush for your Montgomery," and she never saw him again.

In the year 1818, the Legislature of New York resolved to transfer his remains from Canada, and Edward Livinston's son Lewis, the nephew of Mrs. Montgomery, was commissioned by Governor De Witt Clinton to superintend the removal. On the 9th of July they reached Albany, and lay in state in the capitol. On Monday they were taken, under military escort, upon the steamer Richmond, to New York. Mr. Hunt says:

"The Governor had advised Mrs. Montgomery at about what hour the boat hearing the remains of her husband would pass her house, Montgomery Place. By her own request she stood up alone on the portico at the appointed time. She had lived with the general but two years. It was then almost forty-three years since she parted with him at Saratoga. For a third of a century oot of this period, the waters of the Hudson, like all other waters, had been ignorant of steam vessels. The change which in the meantime had come over her person was not greater than that which the face of the country, its government, and all the objects with which she was familiar, had undergone. Yet she had continued as faithful to the memory of her "soldier," as she called him, as if she still looked for him to come back alive and unaltered. The steamer halted before her; the "Dead March" was played by the band; a salute was fired; and the ashes of the departed hero passed on. The attendants of the venerable widow now sought her. She had succumbed to her emotion, and fallen to the floor in a swoon."—*Harper's Weekly.*

BE HONEST WITH YOURSELF.—It is the custom of many persons to porchase, at the close of each year, "diaries," in which they propose to set down their daily thooghts and acts—to write, in fact, their own private histories in a series of annual volomes. As these auto-biographical memoranda are only intended for the eyes of the parties who commit them to paper, it might be thought that they would be candid and authentic; but this is seldom the case. Few men are entirely sincere, even with themselves. Few are willing to paint themselves as they really are and know themselves to be, even though none but themselves can contemplate the picture. Unquestionably, hundreds of individuals who keep diaries tell fibs, overreach their neighbors, are guilty of detraction, repay good with evil, put an enemy in their mouths to steal away their brains, use profane language, and in other ways transgress the moral law. Yet, were all the diaries in existence published to-morrow, no such entries as, to-day I lied; to-day I cheated in business; to-day I slandered; to-day I was guilty of base ingratitude; to-night I staggered home tipsy; to-day I blasphemed—would be found in any of them. We are all too wilfully blind to our offenses to put them fairly on record. We fight down our own consciences when they challenge us with our faults, and, of course, refrain from chronicling our sins in black and white, to stare us out of countenance. Diaries are, therefore, almost always egotistic and hypocritical.

☞ Our public debt on the 31st of January figured up the little sum of $2,000,153,000!

CHEMISTRY FOR YOUNG BEGINNERS.

Everybody ought to know something of chemistry at this time of year, or else they are sure to eat all the ornaments off the Twelfth Night cakes. Therefore, my dear children, you should be grateful to your kind papa, who makes you learn the following:

General Rules.—1. Never pot your hands in the fire when you want a red-hot coal, but use the tongs.

2. Never carry gunpowder and locifer matches loose in your pocket.

3. Don't taste everything that looks like powdered sogar; it might be dangerous.

How to Make a Light in a Dark Room.—First darken the room. Then take of spirits of wine 2 oz.; deal shavings, as much as you can carry; gunpowder about a wine-glassful. Mix them well together, and place them on the floor in the centre of the room. Procure a red-hot poker; apply it to the mass. This will soon light up the room.

How to Turn a Lady's Face to a Brilliant Green.—Take of verdigris one pint, sap-green two tablespoonsful, painters' green 4 oz., jack-in-the-green, half a drachm. Mix hot water and sugar in a basin. Ask the lady to hold her face over the basin. Give her head a push when she is not looking. Her face will now appear a bright green color.—This is a very pretty experiment.

How to Change Copper to Silver or Silver to Copper.—Borrow as many half-crowns as you can. Pot them in your pocket. When the owners ask for them back give them pennies and say you've made a mistake. This will create a sensation.

How to Burn a Hole in a Piece of Velvet with Water.—Get your mother's best velvet mantle. Take about two drachms of nitric acid, pot them into a test-tube. Say its water; if they don't believe you, ask them to taste it. Poor it on the velvet. It will burn a hole right through it. This will gladden your mother's heart.

How to Make a Precipitate.—Take of detonating powder about two tablespoonfols, skyrockets one boshel, blank cartridges twelve or more. Wrap them in a paper parcel.—Make the company stand round with their backs to the fire. Give the parcel to any nervous old gentleman and tell him to put it in the fire. It will go off; so will the company, and precipitate themselves out of the room. Don't try this experiment more than twice a day.

A PANTHER HUNT.

A British traveller in Brazil gives the following account of a panther hunt near the Villa de Feroaiha:

"Finding I still persisted in my favorite pursuit, the Governor good-naturedly resolved on gratifying me with the spectacle of a panther hunt. Accompanied by his sons, we rode out early in the morning to an extensive plain in the centre of which was a jungle; into this the vaqueiros had succeeded in driving, on the previous night preparatory to the morning's sport, a large panther. We took oor station on an eminence which commanded a view of the centre field. The loud barking of the dogs, the wild cry of the huntsmen as they galloped round the skirts of the jungle, cheering on the dogs, formed an animated scene. Aroused in his lair, the panther furious with rage, sprang forth to meet his enemies. The Vaqoeiro nearest the point from which he had issued, now advanced to the attack. He exhibited a beautiful sight, whirling in the air his lasso, and urging forward with the spur the spirited little steed on which he was mounted, whose dilated nostrils, fiery eyeballs and erect mane, proclaimed his instinctive dread of the enemy in his front. The panther crouched in the act to spring on his advancing foe, but he was forestalled by the well-skilled assailant, who at the distance of twenty-yards threw his lasso with unerring aim. Scarcely had it left his hand before the well-trained horse wheeled round and flew across the plain, dragging after him the already disabled panther; for with such beautiful precision had the lasso been thrown, that the fore paw of the animal had been fairly strapped to his neck. The whole party now dashed forward to be in at the death. The Vaqueiro slackening his pace gradually shortening the length of the cord till he brought his enemy within a few yards of him, and then in less time than I can narrate it, I saw him leap from his saddle, his broad knife gleaming in the morning sunbeam and with the rapidity of lightning leaving the cloud, it was buried in the heart of the panther."

WHAT MONEY WILL DO.—Money is a queer institution. It buys provender, satisfies justice, and heals wounded honor. Everything resolves itself into cash, from stock jobbing to building churches. Childhood craves pennies, youth aspires to dimes, while manhood is swayed by the almighty dollar.—The blacksmith swings the sledge, the lawyer pleads for his client, and the judge decides a case of life and death, for a salary. Money makes a man—therefore man must make money if he would be respected by fools; for the eye of the world looks through golden spectacles. It buys Brossels carpets, lace curtains, gilded cornices, rich furniture, and builds marble mansions. It drives us to church in splendid equipages, and pays the rent for our pews. It buys silk and jewelry for the ladies, and commands obsequious attention. It enables us to be charitable, and to send Bibles to the heathen. It gilds the rugged scenes of life, and spreads over our rugged existence a velvet carpet, soft to our feet—the rude turmoils and scenes are incased in a gilt frame. It bids care vanish, and soothes the anguish of the bed of sickness—stops short of nothing save the grim destroyer, whose relentless hand spares none, but levels all distinction and teaches poor humanity that it is but dust. Thus wealth pauses on the brink of eternity—the beggar and millionaire rest side by side beneath the sod, and rest in equality.

☞ "When a superior race like ours," said one of the chivalry to a modest looking federal soldier, "comes in contact with an inferior one like negroes, what do you think will be the result?" "I guess the contact must result in a big crop of mulattoes in your State, judging from the complexion of a good many people, retorted the soldier.

☞ More are they that drift into evil, than deliberately steer towards it.

OLD-FASHIONED COMFORTS.

Oor ancestors were frogal, self-denying people, inured to hardships from the cradle, and were content to be almost without the luxuries of life, bot they enjoyed some of the comforts, to which many of us are strangers, (old-fashioned comforts, we may say,) and among them the old fire place, as it used to be termed held no mean rank. How vividly the picture of those spacious kitchens of the olden time comes to oor mind, and its plain furnitore and sanded floor, innocent of paint, but as white as the neatest of house-wives could make it. Its face wearing an aspect of good cheer and seeming to smile benignantly opon a miniature moon over its head, which tradition said, had at a remote period followed the rising and setting of its great prototype in the heavens, though its days of active service were long ago over.

But the crowning glory of that kitchen was not its white sanded floor; nor its high desk with its pigeon-holes, and secret drawers, which no venturesome ynongster ever dared to invade; nor yet the old clock ticking so musically in the corner, bot it was the old-fashioned fire-place, with its blazing embers, hoge back logs, and iron fire dogs, that shed glory over the whole room, gilded the plain homely furniture with its light and rendered the place a type of true New England in "ye olden times."

Never was there such apples as those that swung around and around upon strings before the bright fire of winter's evening, never soch baked potatoes as those horied deep in the ashes upon the hearth, never such corn-cakes as those which caught golden hue from the blazing embers, or turkey like those turned upon a spit, filling the room with savory odors so suggestive of a dainty repast.

Before the fire was the wooden settee, and here the children were wont to sit in the long evening telling stories, cracking nots, conning their lessons for the morrow, or listening in silence to the words of wisdom that fell from the lips of their superiors, and anon gazing into the bright fire and conjuring op all sorts of grotesque and fanciful images from among the horning coals. No fabled genii with their magic lamp of enchantment, could boild such gorgeous palaces, or create soch gems as the children could discern amid the blazing embers of the old-fashioned fire-place.

And we must not forget the chimney corner where sat our grandfather in his accostomed seat, his hair silvered with the snows of many winters—a venerable man, to whom old age came "frosty bot kindly," and whose last days are like those of an Indian summer, serene and beautiful, even till the stars appeared in the Heaven.

MORE FRIGHTENED THAN HURT.

The old story which attributed to the coolness of General Putnam—in the opinion of at least the British officer—because he sat at his ease on a barrel of gunpowder with a smoking fose, but which proved after all to contain mere onions or onion seed, has undoobtedly been re-enacted in more than one form since his day; since it is so very easy to "make believe," and pass off any empty revolver for a loaded one, as was done by an excellent and pious friend of mine, Captain C——, in the Southwest. Having been ordered to drive in certain pickets, the captain with a small band proceeded to "drive," which he did with soch success as to pot to flight a larger body of men than his own.—Unfortunately his horse was a "just a little too good," and excited by the headlong chase bore him into the center of the "Johnnies." "I hadn't a shot left in my revolver, but I made the best of things, and riding up to a gentlemanly looking officer who was somewhat separated from the others, put my pistol in his face and told him to surrender. He held a carbine in one hand, and his only answer was to begin to search in his pocket for something. He did this twice, when I cried in a great rage, "Surrender at once, or you're a dead man." So he surrendered, but when I brought him into camp he remarked, "It was lucky for your I couldn't find a percussion cap just when I wanted one." I replied, "It was luckier for you that mine was not loaded at all." Oor Colonel recognized in him an old friend in New Orleans; so they paroled him."—*United States Service Magaznie.*

THE LORD'S DAY IN BOSTON.

We fear we have not much Sabbath in Boston. The newsboys wake the morn by singing their Sabbath papers and crying the early news. The street cars run all day long, carrying a few people to church but many more away from church. And when night comes, halls and even theatres are open for public resort. Mordock reads, or Richardson lectures, at the Boston Theatre; Music Hall has concerts or oratorios; and the evening is stolen from the service of God, and given to the world. How long before all the old landmarks are swept away? It will not be long at the present rate. The city of Boston, in respect to the Sabbath, is below New York or Philadelphia, and is becoming worse and worse. Saloons for fashionable drinking are hardly disguised after sun-down, and the day is fearfully desecrated. What shall we do to keep our Sabbath in Boston? What shall we do to prevent the sacred day from being swept away? The question is worthy the attention of every christian man and woman, of every press and every pulpit.—*Christian Era.*

THE DEAD CHILD.—Few things appear to be so beautiful as a young child in its shroud. The little innocent face looks up so sublimely simple and confiding among the cold terrors of death. Crimeless and fearless, that little mortal has passed alone under the shadow. There is death in its sublimest and purest image; no hatred, no hypocrisy, no suspicion, no care for the morrow ever darkened that little face; death has come lovingly upon it; there is nothing cruel or harsh in its victory. The yearnings of love, indeed, cannot be stifled; for the prattle and smile—all the little world of thoughts that were so delightful—are gone forever. Awe, too, will overcast us in its presence for the lonely voyage; for the child has gone; simple and trusting, into the presence of an all-wise Father; and of such, we know, is the kingdom of Heaven.

☞ A partisan paper says it is a mistake to say that the opposite party plays upon a harp of a thousand strings. The organ of that party is a lyre.

Not Married Yet.

Not married yet! ah, let me think—
How horrid is the thought,
That eighteen summers have escaped,
And still not I am caught,
And still—and, still—'tis like to be,
If things don't alter soon,
No matter I'll live on in hopes,
At least another moon!

No offer yet! ah, let me think,
For maiden past eighteen,
With face and form as faultless too
As any ever seen;
Ah wherefore do they keep me back,
And why this long delay?
No man need ask this maid but once,
To name the wedding day.

HOW IT WILL BE.

Grace Greenwood, in her late lecture in Chicago, drew the following picture of the future:—

Back to these troubloos times will our children look in reverence and awe. The sons of oor brave soldiers will date their patents of nobility on grander battle-fields than Agincoort or Bannockburn. Such patents of nobility as no royal herald's office has symbols sufficiently glorious for. Many a coat of arms in those days will have one sleeve hanging empty.

We may picture to oorselves a groop of noble young lads, some ten years hence, thus proudly accountiug for their orphanage—an orphanage which the country should see to it shall not be desolate.

Says one, "*My* father fell in beating back the invaders at Getteysburg." Says another "*My* father fell on Lookoot Mountain fighting above the clouds. Says a third, "*My* father soffered *martyrdom* in Libby Prison." Says another, "*My* father went down in the Comberland;" yet another, "*My* father was rocked into a sleep below the waves, in the iron cradle of the Monitor."

And there will be hapless lads who will listen in mournful envy, saying in their secret hearts. "Alas we have no part nor lot in such gloryings—*Our* fathers were *rebels!*" And here and there a youth, more unfortonate, who will steal away from his comrades and murmer in hitterness of soul, Ah, God help me! *My* father was a *Copperhead!*"

FRETFUL PEOPLE.—Men make themselves oncomfortable, destroy the peace of their families, and actoally make themselves hated by fretfolness. Beecher says: "it is not work that kills a man; it is worry. Work is healthy. Yoo can hardly pot more on man than he can bear. Werry is rust upon the blade. It is not the revolotion that destroys the machinery but the friction. Fear secretes acid, bot love and trust are sweet joices.—We knew a man, with a patient, good, Christian wife, and we never heard him speak a kind word to her, and doubt if he ever did in the half century they lived together. He is alway sin a fret. Everything goes wrong. You would have thaught he was made of cross-grained timber, and had always trying to digest a cross-cut saw. He is eternally cross, and thinks that his wife, children, hired hands, and all the domestic animals have entered into one combination to worry him to death. He is not only rusty, but fairly crusted over with it. He is encased in a shell of acid secretions, throogh which no sweet juices ever distil. Friction has literally worn him out, and he will soon worry himself to death. Of course, he has never worked to any advantage for himself, or anybody else. With him everything always went wrong. He superstitiously believes that the devil has a spite against him, when in truth it is nothing but his own fretfulness.

QUESTIONS FOR PHILOSOPHERS.—What is the funniest drum now in use? The conundrum.

Mr. Wisepate, in meditating on the above pronounced it to be unnatural and too much strained. "Not at all," said the reckless individual who made it, "don't you see the more it is strained the sharper it is?"

There was a dog lying on the floor between the two, now and then snapping a fly from his ear, a shaggy, hirsute, inconsequent kind of dog, who is supposed to have inspired the author of the above with this still more atrocious utterance:

"In what age of the world was pork introduced? Ans. "The sauce-age to be sure. Wisepate did smile at this a little, notwithstanding a most dogged determination to the contrary.

The excercises closed with the following selection: "How is the quickest way to make a pig-pen?" "Tie a knot in his tail, and that makes a pig's-tie."

A CURIOUS CUSTOM.—A traveler in China, speaking of burial there, says:—

"In point of fact, the corpse is huried, in China, when it is laid in its coffin. The coffin is made of very thick, heavy timber, and the joints are all carefully closed by pasting layers of paper over them, so as to make them perfectly air-tight. For greater security, a little lime is generally put in with the corpse. In this way, it is possible to keep the corpse in the house for years without any unpleasant consequences. The practice, indeed, is not uncommon. Some have not the means at hand for burying in such style as they would wish. They must wait for better days. Some do not find a place to suit them. Thus it sometime happens that, on entering a Chinese gentleman's house, a coffin is one of the most prominent objects seen among the articles of furniture."

CHARCOAL.—There are but few who realize the value of charcoal applied to the soil. Whoever will observe the fields where coal has been burned will see that grass or grain about the former pit will be earlier and much more luxuriant than in any part of the field. This difference is discernable for twenty years. It is the best known agent for absorbing any noxious matter in the soil or in the moisture about the roots of the trees. Walden says "no peach or pear tree should be planted without a few quarts of pulverized charcoal in the soil." This would also prove highly beneficial to cherry trees on land where they might be exposed to too much moisture. Its color also renders it an excelent application to the surface of hills of vines. It is quite effectual against the ravages of insects, and so absorbs the rays of the sun as to promote a rapid growth of the plants.

Palmer Journal.

SATURDAY, MARCH 11, 1865.

THE LATEST WAR NEWS!

There is nothing new from Gen. Sherman, though we get a rumor that he has met Gen. Johnston and defeated him, capturing 15,000 prisoners. There is, however, little reliance to be placed on this story, though it is not altogether improbable. Since he left Columbia, on the 21st ult., nothing definite has been heard of him. It is believed that he and Gen. Schofield have united their forces at Fayetteville.—It cannot be long before we shall have positive intelligence from him.

Active operations have again commenced in the Shenandoah Valley. Gen. Sheridan started from Winchester last week Monday, and pushed directly on to Charlotteville, where he encountered Gen. Early. The first account says he captured that general with a large part of his army, but later dispatches state that he broke and scattered Early's forces, without capturing that general. He is making for Lynchburg, where the rebels have immense stores, and to which place Lee's army would retire in case it evacuated Richmond. General Lee has sent off a considerable force to anticipate the arrival of Sheridan at Lynchburg, and the race for that point has, no doubt, been exciting.

Before Richmond and Petersburg all seems quiet. A sharp lookout is kept for the rebel naval expedition under Semmes, which is expected down the James.

On Wednesday of last week about 50 guerillas dashed into the town of Paoli, Tennessee, burned the depot, and robbed the families resident there.

The steamers Golden Era and Tycoon have been fired into by guerillas on the Mississippi, five miles below Memphis.

Guerilla outrages of the most fiendish character continue in the vicinity of Memphis. A fight occurred at White Station on the 2d inst., between 300 guerillas and 50 Union pickets, in a block-house, in which a number of the former were wounded.

Considerable excitement is represented as existing at Knoxville, in consequence of a rumor that Gen. Longstreet's command was moving on that place.

The Philadelphia Bulletin gives rumors that a gigantic "three-fold" movement is soon to take place in the Southwest. Thomas and Canby are the chief actors.

Our naval forces have captured Fort White, a fine fortification near Georgetown, S. C., and Georgetown itself, with the loss of but one man.

Two rebel steamers recently arrived at the mouth of the Red River with prisoners for exchange, and others are said to be on the way.

The War Department has received information that the rebels in Canada are contemplating a raid on Rochester and Oswego.

An immediate movement on Mobile is anticipated, Gen. Canby having been expected to leave New Orleans on the 23d ult.

A report comes from rebel sources that the army opposed to Sherman is at least 60,000 strong, without reinforcements from Lee.

Twelve hundred Union prisoners have arrived at New Orleans from the Red River, having been exchanged.

NO AID FOR THE "ANXIOUS AND AIMLESS" WOMEN.—The legislative committee to whom was referred so much of Gov. Andrew's message as recommended the exportation of our surplus female population to the far West, have reported that it is inexpedient to legislate thereon. Wise men will, no doubt, commend the conclusion to which the committee have arrived. It was kind and gallant in the Governor to look after the interests of a class of women who seem to be leading anxious lives, without any special aim; but some of the Governor's philanthropic projects are impracticable, and this appears to be one of them.—As water running in its natural channel always works itself clear, so society, though sometimes unevenly proportioned in regard to sex, eventually comes to its proper level, and things go on as they should, without inharmony.

DEATH OF A CENTENARIAN.—Dea. John Phillips, of Sturbridge, aged 104 years 7 months and 26 days, died on the 25th of February. He was grandfather of A. M. Phillips, of Monson. He was born on the place where he died, on the 29th day of June, 1760, back in the reign of King George II., and 16 years before the Declaration of Independence. He was of the 6th descent from Rev. George Phillips, who came from England in 1630, with Gov. Winthrop. He represented Sturbridge in the legislature in 1816 and 1817; and, for a period almost as long as the allotted duration of human life, he had been a deacon of the Baptist church in Sturbridge.

THE DOINGS OF GEN. FORREST.—The rebel Gen. Forrest has published an account of the results of his guerilla warfare during the past year. He says his troops have fought fifty battles, killed and captured 16,000 of the enemy, captured 2,000 horses and mules, 67 pieces of artillery, 14 transports, 20 barges, 300 wagons, 50 ambulances, 105 stand of arms, 40 block houses, destroyed 36 railroad bridges, 2,000 miles of railroad, 6 locomotives, and 100 cars—amounting to $15,000,000 worth of property.

STARVATION OF A SOLDIER'S WIFE.—A woman named Susan Cavanagh, residing at 143 Tillary street, Brooklyn, N. Y., died suddenly, between one and two o'clock, on Friday morning last week. The deceased had three children, a boy and two girls. Her husband is a soldier at the front. Nothing has been heard of him for eighteen months. The family were devoid of the most common necessaries of life. No physician attended her, and, as reported by the police, she died for want of proper nourishment. The coroner was notified.

PARDONED.—The New Bedford Standard learns that Zeno Kelley, of that city, now undergoing a four years' sentence in Dedham Jail for fitting out the bark Tahmaroo as a slaver, is to be pardoned by the President, if the pardon has not already been granted.

☞ England is said to have recognized the Empire of Maximilian.

☞ Gold went down to 191¼ at New York on Thursday evening.

Letter from the Front.

BEFORE RICHMOND, VA., March 2, '65.

The eyes of the nation being turned to North and South Carolina with almost breathless interest, by the magnificent movements of Gen. Sherman, it has seemed that letters from the "Army of the James" would be hardly readable, as all remains quiet along the lines, and there is not much of interest happening except the constant drill and preparation for the spring campaign, which will, doubtless, commence early. The winter months have passed, and already the warm rains of spring are upon us. The enemy has not been suffered to rest and recruit, and it is hoped that the downfall of the rebellion is at hand. It is worthy of remark that large numbers of the enemy are deserting, and tell the same old story of discouragement and hard fare.

Quite a pleasing ceremony occurred on the 1st inst., in the Eleventh Conn. Vol. Infantry. A magnificent national flag, a present from Miss Julia A. Beach, of Wallingford, Conn., was presented to the regiment by Chaplain Smith of the Eighth Conn Vol., in a fitting speech, which was responded to by Maj. Warren in behalf of the regiment. Chaplain DeForrest, of the eleventh regiment, invoked the blessing of God in prayer, after which three rousing cheers were given for the donor, three for the flag, and three for Chaplain Smith.

The flag bears the names of eleven battles which the regiment has participated in, and is, without doubt, the finest stand of colors in the 24th army corps. The following is inscribed upon the staff: "To the Eleventh Regiment Conn. Volunteers. This flag is presented by Julia A. Beach in memory of their valorous commander, Col. and Brig. General Griffin A. Steadman, fallen before Petersburg, Va., Aug. 6th, 1864, and in memory of the officers and soldiers of the regiment who have nobly dared and died in its defence."

This regiment numbers on its rolls 32 officers and 947 enlisted men. Present, 26 officers and 460 enlisted men. A large number are absent, wounded and prisoners of war. About 250 recruits have recently been received.

VETERAN.

Disgrace at the Capital.

Washington has become proverbially wicked and licentious, and it is a sorry confession to say that members of Congress and officers of the various departments contribute largely in making it thus. One prevailing evil is that of drunkenness among members of Congress; and the latest and most disgraceful exhibition of that vice was witnessed at the inauguration of Vice President Johnson. He was literally drunk at the time, and made a disjointed, rambling speech, which caused a blush of intense mortification to mantle the cheeks of every one who heard him. It was so course and disgusting that it was not reported at all in the Washington Globe. Such an exhibition, at such a time, in presence of foreign ministers and men of high culture and refinement, drawn by the importance of the occasion from all parts of the country, was not calculated to inspire a very exalted opinion of the character and ability of the second officer at the head of the Government. It makes a sober voter ashamed that he ever cast a ballot for such a man. Senator Wilson, of Massachusetts, has taken steps to prevent a repetition of such disgraceful scenes in Congress. He has introduced a resolution expelling liquors from the Senate wing of the Capitol, and, for the present, demijons, decanters, and whiskey bottles, have disappeared. The daily scenes of drunkenness in the Senate chamber had become too intolerable to be borne by decent people. It is enough that the orgies and bacchanal revels of Congressmen and others high in office, outside of the Capitol, bring reproach upon the Government, without allowing the influence of liquor to mould the laws of the land. The surest way to put a stop to such disgrace is for the constituents of these drunken lawmakers to frown upon their conduct, and fill their places with sober men when their term of office expires.

CONSOLIDATION OF EXPRESS COMPANIES.—The Springfield Union learns that Thompson & Co.'s Express line from Albany to Worcester, and from Springfield to northern cities and towns, has been sold to and consolidated with the Adams Express Company, for the sum of one million dollars. Even at this enormous cost, the Union understands that the stock in Thompson & Co.'s Express pays over twenty-five per cent.

DEATH FROM POISON.—A man by the name of Charles Hughes, living in Douglas, R. I., feeling unwell, went to a drawer and took out what he supposed to be Epsom salts. He swallowed the dose and died within eight hours. It proved to be arsenic which was bought two years before for destroying rats.

MR. WEBSTER'S WINES.—Five hundred bottles of wine, belonging to the estate of the late Daniel Webster, were sold by auction in Boston lately, at from $1 to $7 a bottle; and one demijohn of brandy at $52,50; so says the Boston Journal.

A NICE LITTLE SUM.—The rebel Secretary of the Treasury estimates that he will require for the coming year $1056.000,000. That sum is given as an under statement rather than an over statement of liabilities. The legislatures are puzzled to know how to raise it.

SINKING OF A STEAMER.—The memphis and Vicksburg packet, James Watson, laden with Government freight, a large number of passengers, and 86 soldiers, sunk twelve miles below Napoleon on the 2d. Over thirty lives were lost.

OIL DIVIDENDS FOR MARCH.—Cherry Run Petroleum Company, 1 per cent. (or 2 per cent. on the investment); Mass. and Oil Creek Co., 2½ per cent.; Fuller Farm, 5 per cent.—quarterly.

BALL BY DRAFTED MEN.—In two Philadelphia wards, the drafted men concluded to give a grand fancy dress ball this week, in honor of the country calling them to battle.

SUDDEN DEATH.—Mr. Edwin Booth of Springfield dropped down dead on Saturday, from a stroke of apoplexy. He was sixty-eight years old.

FRESHETS.—There seems to be a general freshet in all the rivers of Kentucky and Tennessee. Considerable damage has been done to bridges and other property.

WARREN.—S. H. Sibley is about building a new woolen mill, 116 feet by 52, four stories high, with a wing 30 by 40, and three stories high. This will require a dye house of 31 by 45, and a boarding house, 60 feet long.

A VARIETY OF THINGS.

YESTERDAY was a day of fasting in the rebel Confederacy. All efforts of Jeff Davis having failed to win victories, he has taken to fasting and prayer, but it is doubtful if he will receive much assistance in that way.

—The weather has been springlike for a week, and the mud is fast settling.

—Civilians and women are ordered away from the Army of the Potomac, which is expected to do something as soon as the muddification of Virginia shall be over.

—Butter—so it is stated—is to be destroyed in Boston, or shipped to England, to prevent a fall in the price of the article.

—A deserter who came within our lines in front of Petersburg a few days since said he paid ten dollars for three small ginger cakes before leaving.

—During the past twelve weeks, our captures of artillery of all descriptions, from the rebels, have been about 900 pieces.

—Be cautious how you receive and circulate slander. Believe not all you hear against the character of your neighbor. Remember that falsehood travels ten times as fast as truth.

—The Archbishop of Baltimore announces that the Pope's Encylical Letter does not apply to things in this country. This is kind in him; and it shows that he has too much sense to wish to see the Pope butting against the American wall.

—The Skowhegan Clarion says that potatoes are getting to be a drug in that market. The price varies from 35 to 70 cents.

—The total number of National Banks, up to Saturday last, was eight hundred and fifty-five, with an aggregate capital of over one hundred and ninety-four millions.

—The 7-30 loan goes on amazingly, the daily subscriptions being counted by millions.

—The number of cannon taken at Charleston is more than 450.

—Gov. Cannon, of Delaware, died on the 1st inst. He was a good Union man.

—The panic in Richmond has extended to the surrounding country, and farmers refuse to bring in supplies.

—The stragglers from Lee's army say they are "seceders," not deserters.

—There is a great inundation at Nashville, caused by the rapid rise of the Tennessee River. Much damage has been done to property.

THE NEW TAX BILL.—The following are some of the most important features of the new tax bill, which passed in Congress at the close of last week:

The income tax is as follows:—On all incomes exceeding six hundred dollars, five per cent. is levied and collected; on all incomes over five thousand dollars, ten per cent. is levied; incomes from the purchase and sale of real estate within the year is added, or deducted where there is a loss. The tax on cigars, originally named at sixty cents per pound, was finally fixed at a specific rate of ten dollars per thousand, without regard to quality or price. On all tobacco manufactured from the leaf, forty cents per pound is the rate agreed upon. Smoking tobacco is fixed at thirty-five cents per pound; and on tobacco manufactured from stems, &c., thirty-five cents per pound.—On and after July, 1865, there is to be levied and collected a tax of ten per cent. on the circulation of all State banks, and, from the 1st of next May, savings banks are to be taxed one-half of one per cent. on their deposits.—On petroleum, the tax named by the Ways and Means Committee was six cents per gallon, but it became a law at the rate of one dollar per barrel, with no drawback allowed when exported. On the ninety-fourth section of the old internal revenue law, an increased tax of twenty per cent. is levied on every article in the long schedule of manufactures therein named.

THE MOURNERS GO ABOUT THE STREETS."—A correspondent, writing from Savannah, says it is a sad sight to look upon the Southern women as they pass through the streets with their pale countenances and deep mourning garments. Terrible indeed has been the loss of Southern life, and especially of young men of education and good social position. The awful slaughter in the fields of Virginia and at the Southwest, has carried desolation to the homes of the South to a much greater extent than at the North. The rebel Generals have often thrown their battalions upon Federal batteries, (sweeping them into oblivion, hundreds at a time,) with a recklessness of consequences that made, on one occasion, even such a veteran as General Phil. Kearney shudder. It was thus that Magruder's men, filled with wiskey, advanced in the face of a Federal battery of forty or fifty guns to almost certain death. The South is full of mourners.

OILY FORTUNES.—A young man now living in New York receives an income of $5000 per day for his property in Pennsylvania, which a short time since could not have been sold entire for $10,000.—Mr. Watkins, the "oil prince," has an income from petroleum property amounting to abont $6000 a day. A mere boy who by some chance invested one hundred dollars in an oil company which was fortunate, is now receiving over three hundred dollars per day. His first venture was less than a year ago. Two gentlemen who bought some land in Pennsylvania nearly four years ago, for a few hundred dollars, have this year realized as many hundred thousand from the investment, and recently, through large investments in stock, have made a second stride, and are probably to-day worth over a milion dollars.

DIVORCE IN HIGH LIFE.—An interesting divorce suit is now in progress before the Superior Court in New York. The parties, Strong by name, move in the first circles, and the lady is a well-known leader of the ton. The husband was the complainant in the first instance, basing his application for divorce on the ground of adultery. The lady has filed counter affidavits, charging him with the same offence. The case is still under consideration.

WHAT THEY THINK.—The rebel papers think there is no doubt that General Grant will commence heavy operations on his left so soon as the condition of the roads will permit, and they consequently are anticipating a great battle in the vicinity of Hatcher's Run.

EXPORTATION OF FEMALES.—Somebody figures out that, after deducting the number of females who come into Massachusetts to work temporarily in factories, there would be no excess of females. So much in opposition to Gov. Andrew's theory of exporting them.

☞ Strawberries have made their appearance in Baltimore.

TERRIBLE DEATH IN A RAILROAD CAR.—The Buffalo papers give the following particulars of the death of Mr. Godfrey Schultz, of that city:

He was on his way to Warren, Pa., when a collision took place, and he grasped his carpet bag and essayed to make his escape from the car. Just then the baggage car came crashing through the car he occupied, and before he could release himself, he was jammed in between two seats. The stove was upset, and in a moment the car was in flames. Every effort was made to release him from his frightful position, but without avail. He cried in his agony to those near him not to let him perish; but they were powerless. Large quantities of snow were thrown in through the window of the burning car, and with desperate energy he stooped down, gathered it in his hands, and applied it to his face and body. One man worked his way into the car, but could not reach the helpless victim, and was got out with great difficulty after having been badly burned. But the merciless flames continued to wrap the unfortunate man in their folds, and for twenty minutes he was clothed in fire before the soul deserted the veriest cinder of a body. He was a man of great strength and vitality, and his sufferings no pen can adequately describe.

THE SPRING CAMPAIGN.—The Army and Navy Journal, in an article upon the military future, speculates as follows:

"Should Johnston be encountered and defeated by Sherman, the cue is given to Lee for the evacuation of Richmond and a concentration at Lynchburg. Should fortune favor Johnston, Richmond may be still held. The two ablest generals of the confederacy command their respective armies. But while our own commanders, as we believe, surpass them in skill, our troops are far more numerous and are brave, vigorous, and flushed with victory. We need not, therefore, tremble for the issue. But movements of importance must be speedily looked for. With Sherman and Schofield in their present positions, we shall not be surprised to hear at any hour that the Army of the Potomac is once more in motion."

HORRIBLE SUICIDE CAUSED BY DOMESTIC TROUBLES.—An exchange states that M. Willard Sumner of Hartwellville, in this State, committed suicide by shooting himself on Friday, Feb. 24th. He left a wife and several children. Domestic troubles are assigned as the cause of the rash deed. His wife had left him and he told his children at supper time that he should shoot himself. Two of them being frightened left the house and on hearing the report of the gun ran to the neighbors and informed them what was done. Several persons went immediately to the house and found Sumner dead. His head was severed from his body and blown to fragments, presenting a horrid spectacle.

THE DEFENSE OF CANADA.—The House of Lords, on Feb. 22, had an important discussion on the question on the defenses of Canada. The Earl of Grey in the name of Government, stated that in the estimates for the present year there would be included the sum of £50,000 for improving the fortifications of Quebec, and that it was proposed that the Canadian Government should undertake the fortification of Montreal and of the important territory to the westward.

NOT SO.—The statement that the French Government had sent a war vessel in pursuit of the Rebel steam ram Stonewall is denied by the Phare de la Loire. The Stonewall left the island of Houat, near Nantes, on the 26th of January, but was damaged during a gale in the Bay of Biscay. She has three heavy guns, but is not considered seaworthy.

A SAD CASE.—A few weeks since, George W. Boynton, Esq., of Georgetown, Mass., went to New Orleans to obtain the body of his elder son who lost his life while a member of the 50th Regiment. He arrived at New York on Sunday and came home to find that his younger son and only child had on Saturday fallen a victim to diptheria.

WHY MILK IS HIGH.—A New York paper states that one of the principal causes of the high price of milk in that city at present is the cessation of work in nearly all the distilleries in and around New York. The supply of slops is cut off from the swill milk producers, and they are obliged to purchase other food for their cows at a high price.

A NEW BURLESQUE.—A burlesque called "Petroleumania, or Oil on the Brain," has been bought out in New York, and among the characters are Pete Trollem (Demon King of the Oil Regions), Johannes Jerome (Pete's favorite imp), and Job S. Turkey, an unfortunate speculator.

HOW TAXES ARE SOMETIMES USED.—Some of the tax gatherers under the internal revenue law appear to be making a good thing of it. Senator Wilson says that collectors hold at present more than twenty millions of dollars which should have been handed to the Treasury, but which they use for speculating in whisky and other commodities.

IN THE DIVORCE LINE.—A young woman of twenty summers married but ten days ago to a carriage maker in New Haven, as his second wife, (says the Palladium,) has applied for a divorce. The first wife was divorced at the last term of court, and the new wife found she had been victimised.

WHAT THE WAR HAS DONE.—One thing at least the war has done. It has forced the South to acknowledge the manhood of the negro. Gen. Lee says he will make a good soldier, and that the South can't gain its independence without his aid. Rather a humiliating confession, that.

FELL INTO A VAT.—On Wednesday, Robert Powers, employed at Wanskuck Mill, R.I., fell into a dye-vat, the liquor in which was 140 degrees. He was pulled out and plunged into a cistern of cold water. His recovery is doubtful, as he was very severely burned.

SHOCKING ACCIDENT.—A fatal accident occurred on the Camden & Amboy railroad Tuesday morning. The owl train was run into by an express train, killing five persons and seriously wounding thirty others, mostly furloughed soldiers.

THE EVERETT STATUE.—The contributions to the Edward Everett statue amount to $31,014.

PALMER AND VICINITY.

TOWN DEBT.—The debt of this town is about $30,000.

WHAT PALMER HAS DONE.—The number of men recruited in Palmer during the past year is 124.

FARM SOLD.—Chas. O. Newton has sold the Merrick Farm to Charles Goff for $12,000. A considerable quantity of woodland went with the farm.

GOLDEN WEDDING IN LUDLOW.—The golden wedding of Ezekiel Fuller and his wife, of Ludlow, was celebrated by a family gathering on Thursday, last week.

THE Springfield Republican advises people not to shake hands with Palmer folks if they would avoid catching the itch. Pretty sweeping caution that, and pretty hard insinuation.

HOLLAND.—Mrs. Silie Webber, mother of Abel Webber of Palmer, died at Holland recently from small pox. Several other cases have occurred there, and the people are very much frightened.

HIGH PRICES.—Cattle are selling at fabulous prices this spring, there being few for sale at any price. John M. Converse, of this village, sold a pair of working oxen this week for $400. Stock raising ought to be good business.

A SUCCESS.—The exhibition of the Sunday school children at Four Corners, on Wednesday evening, was a decided success, the house being crowded and the exercises proving highly entertaining. The receipts will give the school a good lift in the way of replenishing its library.

REOPENING OF THE PALMER HOUSE.—The Palmer House, which has been closed to the public since last spring, is to be reopened about the first of April, by J. G. Merriam, at present keeping the hotel in Enfield. The house is to have new furniture, and Mr. Merriam will keep it as a first class hotel.

REORGANIZATION OF THE BAPTIST SOCIETY.—A meeting was held at the Baptist church vestry last Monday evening, when the society was reorganized by the choice of the following officers: Clerk, A. H. Parks; assessors and standing committee, J. G. Allen, Lyman Dimock, G. M. Fisk; treasurer and collector, Enos Calkins.

BELCHERTOWN.—There appears to be a general hegira of farmers from this town, judging from the number of auctions of real and personal estate which take place there this season.—The quota of Belchertown is full, with one to spare.—Last Monday, seven families from Hardwick took the cars at Belchertown for Wisconsin.—The proceeds of the entertainment given in Belchertown by the ladies of the Christian Commission amounted to $95.

ATTEMPT TO THROW A TRAIN OFF THE TRACK. The night express train from New York for Boston, over the Western Railroad, had a narrow escape on Saturday night. Some scoundrel had placed bars of railroad iron across the track near Brimfield, but the trap was discovered by the engineer of the freight train going west in season to avert the calamity. The passenger train was notified, and the ruffianly attempt to wreck a train and kill and maim passengers proved abortive.

TOWN OFFICERS.—*Belchertown*—Clerk, E. R. Bridgman; selectmen, J. G. Longley, A. R. Owen, H. J. Chandler; assessors, F. Dickinson, G. Chandler, F. S. Cook; school committee, P. Winter; constables, R. A. White, L. Burnett. Appropriations—schools, $3000; roads and bridges, $1800; payment of the town debt, $3500; interest on town debt, $1000. Other business was laid over till the 1st of April.

Enfield—Clerk and treasurer, Joseph S. Jones; selectmen, Cyrus F. Woods, Micah H. Gross, Henry Smith; school committee, Dr. Granville Knight; assessors, Joseph Root, Micah Gross, L. D. Potter.

MORE CASES OF CEREBRO SPINAL MENINGITIS.—While we were congratulating ourselves, last week, on the disappearance of this fatal epidemic, four new cases occurred—one the youngest son of the late Wm. C. Child, another the youngest daughter of Dr. Davis of Three Rivers, a third the daughter of Amos Mason, keeper of the depot restaurant in this village, and the fourth a little son of Michael Horigan. The first resulted fatally on Tuesday, and the other cases are not entirely free from danger. P. S.—A little daughter of Marshal Hitchcock, of Thorndike, was taken with this disease on Wednesday, and died in a few hours.

FIVE MEN SUFFOCATED.—Five men were suffocated at Quincy, Ill., last Friday night in consequence of blowing out the gas in their room at the hotel, on retiring for the night, instead of turning it off, thus leaving the gas to escape and fill their room. They were found insensible in the morning and all died.

KILLED BY THE CARS.—Miss Fanny Rogers, sister of John K. Rogers, of the Boston type foundry, in stepping from a train on Saturday afternoon after it had started, fell between the cars and the platform, and was so badly injured that she died at Longwood, (Brookline) on Sunday morning.

NOT SO FORMIDABLE.—The Stonewall, a rebel ship, is at Ferrol, in Spain. She is the craft that was to have destroyed New York; but it is reported of her that she is hardly able to cross the Atlantic. The Niagara is looking after her, and so is a French ship.

KILLED BY CHLOROFORM.—Elizabeth Yates, a school teacher of Woodstock, Canada, took a bottle of chloroform to bed with her to alleviate the toothache, and in the morning she was found dead, having inhaled the entire contents of the bottle.

SHERMAN ACTING VERY NAUGHTY.—An old lady is shocked to read in the news reports that Gen. Sherman has not only been "fooling about Augusta," but has actually been guilty of "striking Charlotte," and is now "after Florence."

SECESH WOMEN SENT OFF.—A letter from Winchester states that Gen. Sheridan has sent Mrs. Hugh H. Lee, Miss Lee, and two Miss Burwells, beyond the Federal lines for indiscreet conduct, which provoked the exercise of military power. Mrs. M. A. Sheward was also ordered to be sent to the South, but this order relating to Mrs. S was subsequently revoked.

LARGE SALE.—The immense property forming the royal patrimony of Spain will be sold for the benefit of the Spainsb nation. It is expected that the sale will produce 600,000,000 reals. The bill which has been drawn up at the instance of the Queen, was received by the Chamber of Deputies with indescribable enthusiasm.

A SAD PICTURE.—The condition of the Union prisoners recently exchanged from Wilmington, N. C., is described as being far too sad to picture in exaggerated colors. A majority of them are mere tottering bags of bones racked with pestilent diseases, and in many dreadful cases hopelessly deprived of every mental faculty.

ANTIMONY "STRUCK."—In boring for oil in Wirt county, West Virginia, recently, some parties struck a rich vein of antimony. The sum of $360 per ton was at once offered for all the discoverers could supply, and at these rates their profits will rival those of the silver mines of Washoe and the oil wells of Venango.

TENNESSEE.—The constitutional election in Tennessee has gone all one way and the free State amendments have been adopted. A sufficient number of returns have come to indicate the result, and Governor Johnson has issued a proclamation congratulating the people on the beginning of a new and brighter era for the State.

WYOMING TERRITORY.—The new territory that is, or is to be oganized under the name of Wyoming, is bounded on the north by Idaho and Dacotah, on the east by Nebraska, on the south by Colorado and Utah, and on the west by Utah and Idaho. There are nine territories now, and Wyoming will make the tenth.

LET BACK.—The famous verdict of $1250, rendered in a court held in Salem some months since, Matilda Smith vs. Edward E. Gunnison of Roxford, Essex county, for breach of promise of marriage, has been set aside and a new trial granted.

GREAT CELEBRATION.—Our national victories and the inauguration of President Lincoln were celebrated at New York with great pomp last Monday. The procession was ten miles long, and the pageantry eclipsed all previous New York celebrations.

MOTHER AND CHILD DROWNED.—In Tremont township, Wis., a little child of Mr. Ashburn fell into a well, when the mother went down to rescue it, and they were both drowned.

HOW LARD IS ADULTERATED.—The high price of lard has stimulated adulteration. By pouring water into melted lard and keeping it agitated until it cools, some 20 or 25 per cent of water will be mixed with it.

☞ Several Union men have lately been killed in North Missouri in retaliation for giving information of the hiding places of noted guerillas.

"A LOVE OF A PARASOL."—The article has been found at last, in a store in New York; and "only think!" they don't ask but $700 for it. "Cheap as dirt!" and about as valuable.

SPEER'S WINE.—This wine is known to be the most healthy and invigorating beverage now in use. It is recommended by physicians and other professional men, and is particularly adapted to this season—keeping the stomach in a clear and healthy state. Read the advertisement on another page, under the picture of a lady plucking grapes from a vine.

MR. EDITOR—Dear Sir:—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send, by return mail to all who wish it, (free) a recipe, with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm that will effectually remove, in ten days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth, and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads and Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than thirty days.

All applications answered by return mail without charge. Respectfully yours,

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
831 Broadway, New York.

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To Our Patrons.

We would again remind our readers that this season of the year is a time when they are constantly liable to sudden coughs, influenza, sore throat, &c., while the children are in constant danger from croup, throat and lung complaints. It is important that every head of a family should provide a remedy that is ready at all times for immediate use, whether assailed at the deadh our of night, with the breaking out of a hard cold, the racking of a violent cough, or the children with that most dangerous of all diseases—croup—or at the midday hour, you should always be prepared. In Coe's Cough Balsam, you will find a ready and effectual remedy. It grapples and controls instantaneously the most stubborn coughs, while in croup it is a sovereign cure. The price is but forty cents per bottle—the bottles twice the size of any other at the same price. Delays are dangerous. You should always have it in the house. It can be found at all our drug stores.

A Card to Invalids.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and visious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the receipt for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *Free of Charge.*

Address JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D Cooper Institute House, New York City.

Whiskers! Whiskers!

Whiskers or Mustaches? Our Grecian Compound will force them to grow on the smoothest face, or chin, or hair on bald heads, in six weeks, on receipt of price, $1. Sent by mail anywhere, closely sealed. Address WARNER & Co., Brooklyn, New York.

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WHISKERS!—Those wishing a fine set of whiskers, a nice moustache, or a beautiful head of glossy hair, will please read the card of THOS. F. CHAPMAN in another part of this paper.

Information Free! To Nervous Sufferers!

A Gentleman cured of Nervous Debility, Incompetency, Premature Decay, and Youthful Error, actuated by a desire to benefit others, will be happy to furnish to all who need it, (free of charge) the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy used in his case. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's bad experience, and possess a sure and valuable remedy, can do so by addressing him at once at his place of business. The Recipe, and full information—of vital importance—will be cheerfully sent by return mail.

JOHN B. OGDEN, 69 Nassau st., New York.

P. S.—Nervous sufferers of both sexes will find this information invaluable. d24 3m

IF YOU WANT TO KNOW

A little of everything relating to the human system, male and female; the causes and treatment of diseases; the marriage customs of the world; how to marry well, and a thousand things never published before, read the revised and enlarged edition of "MEDICAL COMMON SENSE," a curious book for curious people, and a good book for every one. 400 pages, 100 illustrations. Price, $1 50. Content tables sent free to any address. Books may be had at the bookstores, or will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of the price. Address E. B. FOOTE, M. D., ja28 6m 1130 Broadway, New York.

Lyon's Periodical Drops!

The Great Female Remedy for Irregularities.

These drops are a scientifically compounded fluid preparation, and better than any Pills, Powder, or Nostrums. Being liquid, their action is direct and positive, rendering them a reliable, speedy and certain specific for the cure of all obstructions and suppressions of nature. Their popularity is indicated by the fact that over 100,000 bottles are annually sold and consumed by the ladies of the United States, every one of whome speaks in the strongest terms of praise of their great merits. They are rapidly taking the place of every other Female Remedy, and are considered by all who know aught of them, as the surest, safest, and most infallible preparation in the world, for the cure of all female complaints, the removal of all obstructions of nature and the promotion of health, regularity and strength. Explicit directions stating when they may be used, and explaining when and why they should not, nor could not be used without producing effects contrary to nature's chosen laws, will be found, carefully folded around each bottle, with the written signature of JOHN L LYON, without which none are genuine.

Prepared by Dr. JOHN L. LYON, 195 Chapel Street, New Haven, Conn., who can be consulted either personally, or by mail, (enclosing stamp,) concerning all private diseases and female weaknesses.

Sold by Druggists everywhere.

C. G CLARK & CO.,
Gen'l Agents for U. S. and Canadas.

REEVES' ORIGINAL
REEVES' GENUINE
REEVES' RELIABLE

AMBROSIA,

FOR THE GROWTH, BEAUTY, AND PRESERVATION OF THE HAIR.

One of the Many Testimonials.

NEW YORK, September, 1862.

I have many evidences to prove that Reeves' Ambrosia is all it is represented to be. I will state a few facts—could relate many more, give the names, residences, etc.

About two years ago I purchased some of Reeves' Ambrosia for my customers. Many, perhaps, bo't it with but little faith in its excellence. But seeing the same ones return time and time again for "another bottle," led me to inquire as to the result of their experience. I was assured by all of benefits obtained beyond expectation. Hair falling out was prevented, that turning gray was arrested, the thin and slowly growing hair was made to grow thick and rapid; in fact and were pleased and highly elated. An instance showing the remarkable effects of its use for one year, came to my knowledge as follows: A lady, (one of my customers) who informed me that this preparation had caused her hair to grow, proved the truth of her assertion by removing her bonnet and letting down her beautiful hair. Measuring its length, it showed a growth of 3 feet and 9 inches since using Reeves' Ambrosia. I hear many speak in its praise, and can confidently recommend it from my own experience.

Miss S. MOODY, 319 Grand Street.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30, 1862.

Proprietor of Reeves' Ambrosia—Dear Sir:—Noticing upon one of your circulars a statement from Miss S. Moody, and believing that the person referred to is none other than myself, I desire to fully corrobrate her statement as I did on one occasion, while in her store, discussing the merits of your Ambrosia, remove my bonnet to show a proof of the excellence of your preparation. I would at any time give you a certificate in addition. Shall recommend it all I can, believing it to be infallible. Yours, gratefully,

Mrs. JOS. T. LOVELL.

REEVES' AMBROSIA is for sale by all Druggists, and at 62 Fulton Street, N. Y.

☞Price, 75 Cents per Bottle. d106m.

For sale in Palmer by WOOD & ALLEN, General Agents for Mass.

B Strength to the Weak! Youth to the Aged!

BIOKRENE, or Life Rejuvenator.

This preparation is unequalled as a Rejuvenator, and Restorer of wasted or inert functions.

The aged should be certain to make the Biokrene a household god, inasmuch as it will render them youthful in feeling and in strength, and enable them to live over again the days of their pristine joy. It not only exhilerates but strengthens, and is really an invaluable blessing, especially to those who have been reduced to a condition of servility, self-abuse, misfortune, or ordinary sickness. No matter what the cause of the impotency of any human organ, this superb preparation will remove the effect at once and forever.

BIOKRENE cures Impotency, General Debility, Nervous Incapacity, Dyspepsia, Depression, Loss of Appetite, Low Spirits, Weakness of the Organs of Generation, Imbecility, Mental Indulence, Emaciation, Ennui, It has a most Delightful, Desirable, and Novel Effect upon the Nervous System; and all who are in any way prostrated by nervous disabilities are earnestly advised to seek a cure in this most excellent and unequalled preparation.

Persons who by imprudence have lost their NATURAL VIGOR will find a speedy and permanent cure in the

BIOKRENE.

The Feeble, the Languid, the Despairing, the Old should give this valuable discovery a trial; it will be found totally different from all other articles for the same purposes.

TO FEMALES.—This preparation is invaluable in nervous weaknesses of all kinds, as it will restore the wasted strength with wonderful permanence.

It is also a grand tonic, and will give relief in Dyspepsia with the first dose. A brief persistence in its use will renovate the stomach to a degree of perfect health, and banish Dyspepsia forever

One Dollar per Bottle, or six Bottles for $5. Sold by Druggists generally.

Sent by express anywhere, by addressing

HUTCHINGS & HILLYER, Proprietors,
81 Cedar Street, New York.

Sold in Palmer by Wood & Allen; in Ware by Daniel Holden, and in Stafford Springs by H. T. Small & Co. B
aug. 13, 1864. an

Dr. S. O. Richardson's

BLOOD-ROOT ELIXIR

Is an effectual cure for

COSTIVENESS,

and the best remedy ever prepared for DISEASES OF THE LIVER, and all IMPURITIES OF THE BLOOD.

Sold by all druggists, and at the Doctor's office, Hanover street, Boston. o296m*

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a Sure Cure For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address. Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON.
3m. Williamsburgh, Kings County, New York.

OLD EYES MADE NEW.

A Pamphlet directing how to speedily restore sight and give up spectacles, without the aid of doctor or medicine. Sent by mail, free, on receipt of 10 cents. Address E. B. FOOTE, M. D., 6mja28. 1130 Broadway, New York.

TO THE NERVOUS, DEBILITATED AND DESPONDENT OF BOTH SEXES.

A great sufferer having been restored to health in a few days, after many years of misery, is willing to assist his suffering fellow creatures by sending (free), on the receipt of a postpaid addressed envelope, a copy of the *formula* of cure employed. Direct to JOHN M. DAGNALL, my19 Box 183 Post Office, Brooklyn, N. Y.

BORN.

In Belchertown, 4th, a daughter to JAMES WALKER.

MARRIED.

In Ware, 1st, by Rev. Wm. G. Tuttle, JOEL B. MARSH of Hardwick, and JULIA E. BABBITT of W.

In Palmer, 4th, by Rev. Dr. Vaill, GEORGE M. SHAW and LIZZIE WARD, both of Brimfield.

At Belchertown, 8th, by Rev. H. B. Blake, ALBERT A. PHELPS, of Wilbraham, and JULIA M. WRIGHT.

DIED.

In Palmer, 7th, JAMES BREWER, 6, son of the late Wm. C. Child.

In Greenwich, 2d, SUSAN CASWELL, 58.

In Holland, Feb. 20th, SILIE WEBBER, mother of Abel Webber of this town.

In Ware, Feb. 28th, Mrs. SUSAN TOWNE, 43.

In Belchertown, 1st, Mrs. LORINDA BROWN, 62; 5th. NORA SOPHIA, infant daughter of George V. Woods; 6th, Mrs. STEPHEN ALLEN, 89.

In Monson, 1st, WILLIAM H. STEWART, 23; 2d, ANSEL BEEBE, 76; same day, LOUIS CARPENTER, 83.

In Union, Ct., suddenly, of billious colic, PHILIP SMITH of Springfield, formerly employed at Stafford Springs.

In Stafford Springs, 4th, E. J. CROSSAN, 43.

In Wethersfield, Ill., Feb. 24th, Rev. WILLIAM F. VAILL, 82, only brother of Rev. Dr. Vaill of Palmer. He had been in the ministry 57 years.

AUCTION
SALE OF
DRY GOODS,
AT THE STORE OF
J. H. STORRS,
WARE VILLAGE.

We shall offer at auction,

$10,000 WORTH OF GOODS,

To be closed out in the shortest possible time, at prices that will astonish all who attend this sale.

First Sale will commence Tuesday, March 14th, at 2 o'clock P. M.,

And continue Wednesday and Thursday, March 15th and 16th, each day from 2 P. M. until 4, and from 7 to 9 P. M., each evening. Goods will be sold at private sale during each day, from 8 A. M until 2 P. M., at Auction prices.

We shall make this a special sale,

FOR THREE DAYS ONLY.

☞We shall sell goods to the highest bidder,

WITHOUT REGARD TO COST.

If Tuesday should prove stormy, the sale will take place the first fair day following.

Respectfully, J. H. STORRS.

Ware Village, March 11, 1865.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of Chloe Lamb, late of Palmer, in the county of Hampden, deceased; and has taken upon himself that trust, by giving bonds as the law directs. And all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate are called upon to make payment to A. R. MURDOCK Administrator.

Palmer, March 7, 1865. m11

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed executrix of the estate of Reuben Nichols, late of Brimfield, in the county of Hampden, deceased; and has taken upon herself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to

SARAH H. NICHOLS, Executrix.

Dec. 6, 1864*

FARM FOR SALE.

SITUATED in Palmer Center, known as the Frink Tavern Stand. The undersigned, laboring under many infirmities, wishes to draw his laborious business to a close, and will give a man a bargain that wishes to invest in real estate.

Give me a call, and I will show the premises.

ELIAS TURNER.

Palmer, March 6, 1865. m11 3w

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

PROBATE COURT. HAMPDEN, ss.

To all parties interested in any of the Real Estate of David Shaw, late of Palmer, in said County, deceased, testate: Greeting:

WHEREAS, Persis Hardin, David H. Maynard, and Julia A. Maynard, of Clinton, in the County of Worcester, have presented to said Court a petition, representing that they are interested in the real estate of said deceased, lying in this State, and praying that partition thereof may be made among the heirs according to law—

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Springfield, in said county of Hampden, on the first Tuesday of April next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, against the same. And said petitioners are ordered to serve this citation by delivering a copy thereof to each person interested who can be found within the State, fourteen days at least before said court, and if any one cannot be so found, by also publishing the same in the Palmer Journal, a newspaper printed at Palmer, once in each week for three weeks at least before said Court.

Witness, WILLIAM S. SHURTLEFF, Esquire Judge of said Court, this, seventh day of March, in the year one thousand, eight hundred and sixty-five. SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

Copy—attest SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

IF YOU WANT
A GOOD ARTICLE
—OF—
READY-MADE CLOTHING
For a Little Money,
Call at D. MULVIHILL'S,
Palmer, March 4, 1865. Nassowanno Block.

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Just received and for sale by

D. MULVIHILL,
Nassowanno Block, Palmer, Mass.
March 4, 1865.

TO LET.

THE ROOMS IN STRONG BLOCK heretofore used as a Tin-shop. Enquire of
Palmer, March 4, 1855. JAS. G. ALLEN.

WANTED—PRIME MINK SKINS.
H. T. SMALL & CO.
Dec. 10. Stafford Springs, Ct.

HEALTH

HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT
BUCHU.

For Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Bladder or Kidneys, Diseases of the Prostrate Gland, Gravel, Brick Dust Deposits, Dropsical Swellings, Organic Weakness, Debility, Female Complaints, &c.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu and
IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Will radically exterminate from the system Diseases arising from habits of Dissipation, at little expense, little or no change of diet, no inconvenience or exposure, completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copabia and Mercury, in curing these diseases.

USE HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

In all Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in MALE OR FEMALE, *from whatever cause originating*, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in its taste and odor, IMMEDIATE in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from Broken Down or Delicate Constitutions, *procure the Remedy at once.*

The reader must be aware that however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect his *Bodily Health, Mental Powers and Happiness.* If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue.

All the above diseases require the aid of a diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
IS THE GREAT DIURETIC.

HELMBOLD'S
HIGHLY CONCENTRATED COMPOUND
FLUID
EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,

For purifying the blood, removing all diseases arising from excess and imprudence in life, chronic constitutional diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, and the only reliable and effectual know remedy for the cure of Scrofula, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Pains and Swellings of the Bones, Ulcerations of the Throat and Legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Tetter, Erpsipelas, and all scaly eruptions of the skin, and beautifying the complexion.

HAPPINESS
AND
SECURED.

NOT A FEW

Of the worst disorders that afflict mankind arise from the corruption that accumulates in the Blood. Of all the discoveries that have been made to purge it out, none can equal in effect Helmbold's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla. It cleanses and renovates the Blood, instills the vigor of health into the system and purges out the humors which make disease. It stimulates the healthy functions of the body, and expels the disorders that grow and rankle in the blood. Such a remedy, that could be relied on, has long been sought for, and now, for the first time, the public have one on which they can depend. Our space here does not admit of certificates to show its effects, but the trial of a single bottle will show to the sick that it has virtues surpassing anything they have ever taken.

Two tablespoonsful of the Extract of Sarsaparilla, added to a pint of water, is equal to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is equal to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla, or the decoction as usually made.

The above Extracts are prepared on purely scientific principles—in Vacuo—and embody the full strength of the ingredients entering into their composition. A ready and conclusive test will be a comparison of their properties with those set forth in the U. S. Dispensatory.

HOW TO USE THE REMEDIES.

In diseases of the Blood, Humors on the Face, or any and every part of the body, use Extract Sarsaparilla, applying to Pimples and all external Humors or Eruptions the Improved Rose Wash.

Use the Extract Buchu for all diseases requiring the aid of a Diuretic, except those of the Urinary Organs, such as Gonorrhœa and Gleet; in these use the Extrac Buchu and Inject with the Improved Rose Wash.

☞THESE EXTRACTS HAVE BEEN ADMITTED TO USE IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY, and also are in very general use in all the STATE HOSPITALS and Public Institutions throughout the land, as well as well as in private practice, and are considered as invaluable remedies.

Medicine delivered to Any Address.

Direct letters to—

HELMBOLD'S DRUG & CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,
594 Broadway, New York,
Next Metropolitan Hotel, or to
HELMBOLD'S MEDICAL DEPOT,
104 South Tenth St., Philadelphia,
Assembly Buildings.

Describe Symptoms in all Commuication.

☞Sold by all Druggists everywhere.
☞Beware of Counterfeits.
☞Ask for Helmbold's. Take no Other.
Feb. 25. 1y.

SMITH & CONVERSE,

Successors to M. W. FRENCH & BRO.,

Have on Hand a Choice Lot of

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes,

&c., &c., &c.

YARD WIDE COTTONS,
VERY CHEAP.

New Spring Style DeLaines, Very Handsome.

Also, a large assortment of

SPRING SKIRTS,

All Styles and Prices.

GIVE US A CALL.

GEO. L. SMITH. JOHN S. CONVERSE.

Palmer, Mass., 1865.

REMOVED!
THE BOOT AND SHOE STORE
—OF—
L. DIMOCK,

Is removed to the center store in

Palmer House Block, Sign of the Boot,

Where I intend to keep constantly on hand

A FULL ASSORTMENT

Of BOOTS AND SHOES, of every description, which I will sell at the

LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES.

Also, **Boots Made to Order,** and **Repairing** done in the best manner and most reasonable terms.

While grateful for your patronage in the past, I am determined to merit it in the future.

Don't mistake the place—Centre Store, Palmer House Block: Sign of the Boot.

Palmer, March 4, 1865. LYMAN DIMOCK

CHARLESTON EVACUATED!

GOLD HAS FALLEN!

And so have many kinds of Goods, and

MY PRICES

ARE MARKED TO CORRESPOND.

Good Prints,	25 cts.
All others,	33
Best DeLaines,	42
7-8 Brown Cottons,	30
Nice yard wide, do.	37½
Best 9-8 do., do.,	42
Larg't size best qual. Ladies' Nubias,	1 25
Heavy Long Shawls, largest size,	7 00
Best quality do.,	11 00
More Ladies' Rubber Boots,	2 50
More Ladies' Rubber Sandals,	1 00
Colored Cambries (slightly soiled),	17
A lot of shop worn shoes,	75
Good Bleached Cottons,	25, 33,@50
Good Col. and Wool Flannels,	40@60
Heavy Cotton Goods, for suits,	80
Good Balmoral Skirts,	$3@$4.50
Nice Alpaccas,	50@75
Best All Wool Delaines,	75
Heavy yard wide Cottons,	40
Heaviest Cottons made,	50

A lot of Ladies' Cambric Collars, half price.

All-widths OIL CLOTHS, Palm Leaf MATTRASSES, HOOP SKIRTS, every size from 6 to 40 springs.

A variety of SUGARS; several kinds of MOLASSES and SYRUPS; TEAS and COFFEES.

☞Remember the French Breakfast and Dinner Coffee.

VARIOUS GRADES OF FLOUR,

From the cheapest to the best made. BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, RYE FLOUR, GRAHAM FLOUR, CORN AND RYE MEAL, always on hand.

Just Received, a lot of *SMITH'S PARAFFINE*, for Boots, Harnesses, or any Leather work. The *only sure Water Proof Leather Preserver* known, and will be furnished by the dozen or gross, at New York prices.

Always on hand an assortment of

Clocks, Trunks, Toys and Fancy Goods,

Cooking Extracts and Perfumeries,

All the popular *PATENT MEDICINES,*

In STONE and WOODEN WARE, the usual variety.

Crockery and Glass Ware, enough of it.

HATS AND CAPS,

a good stock at all times. Also,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

for Men and Boys, and as good a variety of Ladies', Misses', and Childrens', Shoes, in Leather and Serge Work, as can be found, in stores out of the cities.

I shall soon receive all the most popular

FERTILIZERS,

to which the attention of Farmers is invited.

Recollect, I always have

A LARGE STOCK OF GOODS,

At *PRICES TO SUIT THE PEOPLE* and the times, all marked in plain figures, and

ONE PRICE ONLY,

☞Every one who owes me is requested to make immediate payment, as a change in business is contemplated. E. E. TOWNE.

Monson, Feb. 25, 1865.

WM. O. GOULD,

Having established himself over D. P. Billings' store, with Clark Merriam, will be happy to receive orders for

Custom Boots and Shoes.

Ware, Feb. 18, 1865.

New Styles of

PAPER HANGINGS & BORDERS,

CURTAINS, of various kinds, CURTAIN FIXTURES; Cord and Tassels, a great variety.

Also, a good assortment of

Books, Stationery, Music, Periodicals,

And NEWSPAPERS for sale.

Ware, March 4—3m. G. K. CUTLER.

DODGE & HASTINGS,

PAY the HIGHEST MARKET PRICE for GOOD VEAL CALVES.

Palmer, Feb. 25, 1865.

MONSON ACADEMY.

THE SUMMER TERM begins Wednesday, March 22d. For Catalogues apply to

C. HAMMOND, Principal.

Monson, Feb. 25, 1865. 3w.

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, the undersigned has assumed the General subscription Agency for the sale of United States Treasury Notes, bearing seven and three-tenths per cent. interest, per annum, known as the

SEVEN-THIRTY LOAN.

These Notes are issued under date of August 15th, 1864, and are payable three years from that time, in currency, or are convertible at the option of the holder into

U. S. 5-20 Six per cent. Gold Bearing Bonds.

These bonds are now worth a premium of nine per cent. including gold interest from Nov., which makes the actual profit on the 7-30 loan, at current rates, including interest, about ten per cent., per annum, besides its exemption from *State and Municipal Taxation*, which adds from one to three per cent. more, according to the rate levied on other property. The interest is payable semi-annually, by coupons attached to each note, which may be cut off and sold to any bank or banker.

The interest amounts to

One Cent	per Day	on a $50	Note.
Two "	"	$100	"
Ten "	"	$500	"
Twenty	"	$1000	"
$1	"	$5000	"

Notes of all the denominations named will be promptly furnished upon receipt of subscriptions. This is

THE ONLY LOAN IN MARKET,

now offered by the Government, and it is confidently expected that its superior advantages will make it

The Great Popular Loan of the People.

Less than $200,000,000 remain unsold, which will probably be disposed of within the next 60 or 90 days, when the notes will undoubtedly command a premium, as has uniformly been the case on closing the subscriptions to other Loans.

In order that citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loan, the National Banks, State Banks, and Private Bankers throughout the country have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will select their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent,
PHILADELPHIA.

Subscriptions will be received by the
First National Bank of Springfield.
Second National Bank of Springfield.
Third National Bank of Springfield.
Ware National Bank of Ware.
Monson National Bank of Monson.
f25 Stafford National Bank of Stafford. 3m

THE NINTH NATIONAL BANK

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

CAPITAL, $1,000,000---PAID IN,

Fiscal Agent of the United States,

And Special Agent for Jay Cooke, Subscription Agent.

Will Deliver 7-30 Notes, Free of Charge,

by express, in all parts of the country, and receive in payment Checks on New York, Philadelphia, and Boston, current bills, and all five per cent. interest notes, with interest to date of subscription. Orders sent by mail will be promptly filled.

This Bank receives the accounts of Banks and Bankers on favorable terms; also of individuals keeping New York accounts.

J. T. HILL Cashier. J. U. ORVIS, Pres't.

FISK & HATCH,

BANKERS,

And Dealers in Government Securities,

38 Wall Street, New York,

—ARE—

U. S. GOVERNMENT AGENTS,

FOR THE SALE OF THE

POPULAR 7-30 LOAN,

Under the recent arrangement of the Treasury Department with Mr. JAY COOKE, General Subscription Agent.

Checks and Drafts on New York, Legal Tender Notes, and National Bank Notes may be remitted in payment. We also receive all Legal Tender *Five pet cent.* Notes, and allow the *accrued interest to date of subscription.*

The 7-30 Notes will be forwarded by express, free of charge, to all points reached by the express companies.

Orders may be forwarded to us direct, or through your nearest bank or banker.

Persons visiting the city will find a full assortment of the notes on hand at our office for immediate delivery.

Orders by mail should be accompanied with the address in full to which the notes are to be forwarded.

We also keep on hand, and buy and sell at market rates, all kinds of

United States Securities.

Accounts of Banks, Bankers, and individuals received on favorable terms.

FISK & HATCH, BANKERS,
f18 38 Wall Street, New York. 3m.

FARM AND FARMING TOOLS
AT AUCTION.

WILL be sold at public auction on Tuesday, March 14, at 10 o'clock A. M., on the premises, the farm of the subscriber, situated about three-fourths of a mile from Palmer Center, on the road leading to Ware.

The farm contains 85 acres, divided into mowing, pasture, tillage and woodland. It has also a story and a half house, a barn 40x44, with cellar, almost new, and another barn 30x32, all in good repair.

Also, all the Farming Tools on the premises. Among which are one ox-cart, iron axle, two plows, one harrow, horse-rake, &c., &c.

Terms made known at time of sale.

Auctioneer, A. R. MURDOCK. WALTER M. GREEN.

Palmer, Feb. 25, 1865.

Administrator's Sale of

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

I SHALL SELL at public auction on the premises, the real estate recently owned by Edward A. Shaw, deceased. Said real estate will be sold at one o'clock P. M., on the 22d day of March next. It consists of seventy-five acres of land, with house, barn, and other out-buildings; is suitably divided into mowing, pasture, wood, and tillage lands. Well watered, with good running water at house and barn. It is near a saw and grist mill, and near a public school, within 1½ miles of Thorndike village, in Palmer. JOHN FOSTER,
Administrator, *de bonis non.*
f25

ADMINISTRATORS' AUCTION SALE.

WILL be sold at public auction on Thursday, the 9th day of March, current, at the shop of the late D. D. Moody, in Monson, a large variety of tools used in the manufacture of spectacles, and by mechanics generally. Also, a lot of Household articles, too numerous to mention. Sale to commence at 9 o'clock A. M.

SARAH MOODY, } Administrators.
JAMES G. ALLEN, }
March 3, 1865. 2w.

TOWN REPORTS printed neatly, cheaply and expeditiously at this office.

GREAT SALE
—OF—
DRY GOODS.

W. W. CROSS,

STRONG BLOCK....PALMER.

The subscriber begs leave to offer to the citizens of Palmer and vicinity his entire STOCK of DRY GOODS, at a GREAT REDUCTION from previous rates. GREAT BARGAINS will be given in the various departments.

DRESS GOODS!

THIBETS, SHADES OF

Green. Tan, Black, Purple.
Garnet. Georgean Pigeon. Blue. Scarlet.

PLAIDS.

Scotch. Herbecians. Cotton & Wool. Persian.
Crossovers. All Wool. Checks. Valencias.

PLAIN GOODS.

All Wool Reps. All Wool DeLaines. Coburgs.
Alpaccas. Lyonese Cloths. Ottomans.
Amures. Alpines.

FIGURED GOODS.

Alpaccas. Cotton & Wool DeLaines. Parametta.
Amures. All Wool do. Ottomans.
Repps. Taffetas.

PRINTS.

A BIG Assortment. Good Prints, 25 cents.
Best do. 28 to 33½c

SILKS! SILKS!

Plain Black Silks, and Fancy Silks, at less than the present cost of Importation.

CLOAKS AND SHAWLS!

Black Beaver Cloaks. All Wool Cloaks.

A big line of Square and Double Shawls, bought at low figures, and to be sold at ruinous prices.

Black and White Square Shawls, from $4.50 to $6.00.

SKIRTS AND CORSETS!

BALMORAL SKIRTS.

All Wool Colors, from $3.50 to $4.50 each, to close the lot.

HOOP SKIRTS.

Ladies' White Skirts, for $0.80, 1.00, 1.25, 1.50.
" Colored " same prices.
Misses White and Colored do., all sizes.

Mrs. Nathan's Celebrated Corsets.

White Corsets, $1.75. Colored do., $1.50 @ 1.75.

FURS! FURS!

A large line of Ladies' Muffs, which we shall sell at $4.50 each, to close out the lot.

Also, SETTS, at Prices that cannot be beat.

FANCY GOODS!

Ladies' White and Col'd Hose. Braids,
Misses do. do. Gimpures.
Lot of Ladies' Ribbed Hose, at Bugle Trimmings.
at 37½c ₩ pair, worth 62½. Bindings.
Ladies' Gloves, all styles. Perfumeries.
Black Kids, Fancy Kids, Back Combs.
White Kids, Cashmere Gloves. Side Combs.
Embroideries. Round Combs.
Wrought Collars, Linen do. Jet Pins.
Linen Cuffs. Soaps de Toilet.
Dress Buttons, all newest styles. &c. &c.

WORSTED GOODS!

A BIG LINE.

Hoods. Sontags. Breakfast Capes. Undersleeves.
Nubias. Mittens. Leggins. &c. &c.

which must be sold, as we will not keep them over.

MILLINERY! MILLINERY!

THE BEST ASSORTMENT

Of Milliuery Goods to be found

IN HAMPDEN COUNTY.

All the NEWEST STYLES and LATEST NOVELTIES.

BOOTS AND SHOES!

500 pairs Ladies' Cloth Gaiters, some of them a little out of style, which we shall sell from $1 to $1.50 per pair.

200 pairs Ladies' Thick Boots, at $1 per pair.

Ladies' Rubbers, $1.25 ber pair.

Ladies' and Misses' Kid and Cloth Balmorals.

Men's Rubber Boots. Men's Arctic Gaiters.
Men's Calf Boots. Men's Thick Boots.

Boys' Boots. Children's Boots and Shoes.

A good assortment of all kinds, and at prices which will render

COMPETITION USELESS.

READY-MADE CLOTHING!

MARKED DOWN!

Frock Undercoats. Pants and Vests to match.
Sack do. Suits to match.
English Sacks. Men's Pants, new and
Boys' Sacks. pretty patterns.
Beaver Overcoats. Undershirts and Drawers,
Boys' Overcoats. white and colored, for
Boys' Jackets. $2.00 each, to close a
Boys' Suits. large lot.

HATS AND CAPS!

For Men and Boys, all the latest and most desirable styles.

DOMESTICS!

Stripes, Ticking, Checks, Denims, Cotton Flannels, Sheetings.

Bleached and Brown Shirtings, all widths.

Flannels—White, blue, gray, red, yellow; figured flannels, in all colors for shirtings.

Woolen Cloths—a good assortment, suitable for men and boys' wear.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS!

CROCKERY, of all kinds.

CARPETINGS, purchased before the rise, and which will be sold at low figures.

PAPER HANGINGS, all styles and prices.

OIL CARPETINGS, all widths.

OIL RUGS, all sizes.

TRUNKS, CARPET BAGS, FEATHERS, &c., &c., &c.

We shall offer our merchandise at unprecedented low rates for the times, for sixty days, in order to reduce our stock before invoicing; and customers will do well to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere, as we shall make it a point to live up to our advertised rates, however low.

☞GOODS CHEERFULLY SHOWN.

W. W. CROSS.

Palmer, Jan. 7, 1865.

RAILROAD ACCIDENTS.—Since the commencement of the present year there have been forty-five railroad accidents attended by loss of life or personal injury. Sixty-one persons have been killed and four hundred and forty-one injured. It is getting quite as dangerous to travel on railroads as to go through a campaign with the army.

TWO HUNDRED A DAY.—Deserters from Lee's army now number 200 a day some days. Supposing Lee to lose 200 daily through desertion, or death, or sickness, his army ought to dwidle down to skelcton dimensions in a few months, as it is not possible that he should be largely reinforced.

EFFECTS OF IMPRISONMENT.—The Bangor Times says that among the released prisoners at Annapolis, Md., is Samuel Jackson, supposed to belong to Co. H, 1st Maine Cavalry, but so reduced by the hardships of Andersonville as to be unable to communicate intelligibly with any one.

MACBETH REALIZED.—The Army and Navy Journal, speaking of the surrender of burning Charlston, says "the surrender was made by Mayor Macbeth, who, like the more distinguished soldier of the name, might have appropriately remarked; "Treason has done its worst."

☞An Italian was convicted in London of murdering a man at a beer shop. Just as sentence was being passed, a publicate in appearance and name, declared himself to be the criminal. It is believed that neither are the culprits, but are seeking in this way to hide the real criminal.

LIBERAL.—The Board of Supervisors of Kings County, N. Y., have voted to give all drafted men six hundred dollars toward procuring substitutes for three years service, four hundred dollars for two years, and three hundred dollars for one year.

COTTON AT WILMINGTON.—Advices from Wilmington state that our forces found about ten thousand bales of cotton exposed, while the inhabitants say 15,000 bales are concealed in the city. Much valuable property had been carried up the river previous to Terry's advance.

QUEER MISCHIEF.—Two men in Philadelphia are to be arraigned upon a charge of malicious mischief, their crime being the driving of two fat young steers directly into the bar room of the fashionable Continental Hotel.

A LOYAL PAPER SEIZED.—The Government has seized the Norfolk New Regime, and put it under a guard of negro soldiers, for what reason is not stated. The paper was started as Gen. Butler's organ.

☞A government detective, named Walker, has been arrested in Philadelphia on a charge of extorting money by threats.

OFFICIAL.

10TH MASS. COLLECTION DISTRICT,
Pittsfield, Mass., Feb. 17, 1865.

TO PERSONS LIABLE TO PAY SPECIAL Income Tax in this District.—It has become apparent to the Revenue Department, and to this Office that many of the returns of Special Income were made to my Assistants, either under an honest misapprehension of the Law, or wilful ignorance and falsehood.

An opportunity will be given, under instructions from Washington, to all persons who have made such returns to correct them and file new ones in MY office directly. Any such return made to me before March 15th, 1865, will be received. Promptness in this behalf will entitle the tax-payer to the lenient consideration of the Treasury Department. Failure to regard this notice will be visited with the full penalties of the law. (Persons who have omitted to make *any* return, are requested to make one at once.) CHAS N. EMERSON,
f25 United States Assessor, 10th District.

PETROLEUM STOCKS

Are now attracting much attention, as

They Pay Larger Dividends

than any other stocks in the market, ranging from

One to Five per Cent. per Month.

Parties wishing to subscribe for stock in the "Great Basin" the "Massachusetts & Oil Creek," the "New England," "Fuller Farm," or other first-class oil companies, or in the

Montezuma Gold Mining Company,

the ore of which assays at over $8,000 per cord, can do so at the office of

Palmer, Jan. 21, 1865. JAS. G. ALLEN.

ANY BOOK WANTED!

CAN be obtained at short notice by leaving orders at our store. A select assortment of STANDARD WORKS on hand, together with TOY BOOKS and BOOKS FOR YOUTH.

Have just received Hall's Arctic Researches, Abbott's Empire of Austria, The Nurse and Spy, Taylor's John Godfrey's Fortune, The Schonberry Cotta Family, Enoch Arden, by Tennysou, Dora Darling, Abbott's Histories, &c., &c.

Give us a Call.

WOOD & ALLEN,
Palmer, Feb. 11, 1865. tf

HALL'S EGETBLE
SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER,

THE best preparation for the Hair. It will immediately free the head from all dandruff, restore the hair to its natural color, and produce a new growth where it has fallen off. It will stop the falling out of the hair in a few days, if faithfully applied, and it will turn gray hair to its original color. Price, one dollar. A large lot just received, and for sale by the bottle or dozen.

WOOD & ALLEN,
Palmer, Mass., Feb. 11, 1865. 1y

CHEAP PASSAGE
—TO AND FROM—
GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND.

TAPSCOTT BROTHERS & CO'S
Emigration & Foreign Exchange Office,
86 SOUTH ST., NEW YORK.

Drafts on England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales.

Tapscott's Favorite Line of **Liverpool Packets** sails every Three Days.

X Line of London Packets, sails every Ten Days.

Parties wishing to send for their friends, or remit money to the Old Country can do so at the lowest rates by applying to

3mj21 CHAS. E. STEVENS, Ware.

WOODS' Celebrated Dry Hop Yeast, for sale at PARKS' STORE, Palmer

REVENUE STAMPS.

ALL DENOMINATIONS of U. S. Revenue Stamps for sale at the Journal Office.
Palmer, Aug. 20, 1864 tf

J. H. STORRS

Invites the special attention of all buyers o

DRY GOODS

to his LARGE and VARIED ASSORTMENT

—OF—

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

—AT—

Marked Down Prices!

Having bought very largely at the late

PANIC PRICES,

we are now prepared to meet the views of buyers, to

CORRESPOND WITH THE PRICE OF GOLD.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS,

—AND—

FEATHERS,

—AT—

REDUCED PRICES.

CHOICE AND VARIED ASSORTMENT

—OF—

DRESS FABRICS,

Embracing ALL NEW AND DESIRABLE STYLES of both

European and American Manufacture,

which he will sell

AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

French Merinos,
French Ottoman Cloths,
German Repps,
6-4 Mohair Plaids,
Clan Tartan Plaids,
All Wool Plaids,
Rich Plaid Poplins,
Roman Plaids,
Plaid Poil de Chevres,
Colored Alapcas,
Colored Lyonese Cloths,
8-4 Crown Alpacas,
Mourning Dress Goods,
All-Wool Delaines,
Black Silks,
Cross Grain Silks,
Colored Poult de Soies,
&c., &c., &c.

Respectfully, J. H. STORRS.

Ware, Oct. 1, 1864.

GOLD PENS

FOR THE MILLION!

Pens to Suit the Hand, and Prices to Suit the Pocket!

The Best Gold Pens in the World!

On receipt of the following sums we will send, by mail or as directed, a Gold Pen or Pens, selecting the same according to the description, namely:

Gold Pens in Silver Plated Extension Cases, with Pencils.

For $1 a No. 2 pen — For $2 a No. 5 pen
For 1 25 a No. 3 pen — For 2 25 a No. 6 pen
For 1 50 a No. 4 pen

These pens are stamped THE IMPERIAL PEN, and are well finished and fine writing Gold Pens, with good Ardium points, although they are unwarranted and cannot be exchanged.

WARRANTED GOLD PENS.

Our name (American Gold Pen Co., N. Y.) is stamped on all our 1st quality pens, and the points are warranted for six months, except against accident. Our SECOND quality pens are stamped THE NATIONAL PEN, with the initials of our firm, (A. G. P. Co.) and are carefully made, having the same points as our 1st quality pens, the only great difference being in the quality of the Gold

Gold Pens, 1st and 2d Quality, in Solid Silver Extension Cases, with Pencils.

For $2 00 a No. 1 pen, 1st quality, or No. 2 pen 2d qual.
For 2 25 a No. 2 pen 1st quality, or No. 3 pen 2d qual.
For 2 25 a No. 3 pen 1st quality, or No. 4 pen 2d qual.
For 3 50 a No. 4 pen 1st quality, or No. 5 pen 2d qual.
For 4 50 a No. 5 pen 1st quality, or No. 6 pen 2d qual.
For 5 50 a No 6 pen 1st quality.

The same Gold Pens in Solid Silver or Gold Plated Ebony Desk Holders and Morocco Cases.

For $2 25 a No. 3 pen 1st quality, or No. 4 pen 2d qual.
For 2 50 a No. 4 pen 1st quality, or No. 5 pen 2d qual.
For 3 50 a No. 5 pen 1st quality, or No 6 pen 3d qual.
For 4 00 a No. 6 pen 1st quality. For $5 50 a No 7 pen.
For 6 75 a No. 8 pen. For $1 2 a No. 12 pen; all 1st qual.

Our pens rank throughout the country as equal if not superior to any gold pens manufactured Not only for their writing qualities durability and elegant finish. The greatest care is used in their manufacture, and none are sold with the slightest imperfection which skill can detect.

Parties in ordering must specify the name, number and quality in all instances, and whether stiff or limber, coarse or fine.

TO CLUBS.

A discount of 12 per cent. will be allowed on sums of $15, if sent to one address, at one time; 15 per cent. on $25; 20 per cent. on $40.

All remittances by mail, *registered*, are at our risk. To all who enclose 20 cents extra for registering, we guarantee the safe delivery of the goods.

Circulars of all our new styles, with Engravings of exact sizes and prices, sent upon receipt o stamp, if desired. Pens repointed for 50 cents by mail.

Stationers and Jewellers are requested to correspond with us, as we can offer them GREAT INDUCEMENTS. Address

AMERICAN GOLD PEN CO.,
j28 3m. No. 200 Broadway, New York.

WINNER'S PERFECT GUIDES
TO THE USE OF
EVERY MUSICAL INSTRUMENT.

Perfect Guide for the VIOLIN.	75 cents.
Perfect Guide for the FLUTE.	75 "
Perfect Guide for the GUITAR.	75 "
Perfect Guide for the PIANO.	75 "
Perfect Guide for the MELODEON.	75 "
Perfect Guide for the ACCORDEON	75 "
Perfect Guide for the FIFE.	75 "
Perfect Guide for the CLARIONET.	75 "
Perfect Guide for the FLAGEOLET.	75 "
ALSO	
Flute and Piano Duets,	75 "
Violin and Piano Duets.	75 "

The instructions in these books are given in a manner adapted to the comprehension of all grades of scholars. The exercises illustrating and enforcing the lessons are not dry and tedious, but sprighrly and enliving, and the selection of music, varying from the simple to the difficult, comprises the most popular melodies of the day. Copies will be mailed post-paid, on recipt of price.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Publishers, 277 Washington Street, Boston.

FLOUR

Of all grades, FOR SALE LOW for cash,
AT A. H. PARKS' STORE,
West end of Palmer House Block, Palmer, Mass

Palmer Steam Mill!

THE subscribers, having leased the Steam Mill formerly occupied by Hall & Trumble, offer for sale

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

FLOUR, GRAIN, MEAL,
FEED, SALT, LIME,
COAL, WOOD, &c.
AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

CASH PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.
HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.
Palmer, Mass., Dec. 20, 1862.

NEW GROCERY STORE!

The undersigned, having purchased the stock of

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS

lately owned by J. P. SHAW, and removed them to their Flour and Grain Store, and having made large additions thereto, are prepared to furnish

FAMILY GROCERIES as CHEAP as at any other establishment in the county.

As we deal largely in

FLOUR AND GRAIN,

we are enabled to make purchases at

LOW FIGURES,

and sell in the same manner.

All kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods.

☞Remember the place—

At the Palmer Steam Mill.
HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.
Palmer, Aug. 29, 1863.

THE NEW YORK CLOTHING COMPANY

Have taken the Store,

138 MAIN ST., SPRINGFIELD,

For the purpose of selling

CLOTHING,

From one of

THE LARGEST WHOLESALE ESTABLISHMENTS

in the City of New York,

—AT—

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

ANY ONE WISHING

A Good Substantial Article

FOR A

LITTLE MONEY,

WOULD DO WELL TO

EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

ALL GOODS SOLD BY US ARE

WARRANTED

TO BE JUST AS REPRESENTED.

We will allow the privilege of exchanging (within three days), any garment sold at retail, which upon examination at home does not meet the entire approval of the purchaser, either in material, style, or fit; or, if that is not sufficiently liberal,

WE WILL REFUND THE MONEY.

Our term of sale are strictly for cash, and

WE GUARANTEE

A BETTER ARTICLE

OF CLOTHING FOR THE SAME PRICE

than can be obtained elsewhere. Call and satisfy yourselves, at the

New York Clothing Co's
SALESROOM,
138 MAIN ST.,

Corner of Main and Vernon Streets, nearly opposite the Baptist Church,

SPRINGFIELD..... MASS.
n21tf

M. P. KNOWLTON,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.
Post Office Building, south side of Court Square,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.
Soldiers' Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, &c., procured promptly and at reasonable rates.

Immense Success—Third Edition.

"HOW TIS DONE," or "The Secret Out," "Gambling Exposed," "Marked Cards," and all other tricks explained, "Fortune Telling," "The Book of Wonders," "Hunting and Fishing Secrets," the Original great Secret of a "Moustach and Whiskers in 42 Days," "How to make Gold, Silver, and Diamonds," and 180 other new discoveries, never before published. A New Book, handsomely printed, and bound; price only 25 cts; 6 for $1; circulars for stamp. Satisfaction guaranteed. Agents Wanted. Address

HUNTER & Co. Publishers,
f4 3m* Hinsdale, N. H

TAPIOCA, FARINA, SAGO, CORN STARCH, CHOCOLATE, COCOA &c., &c., for sale at
A. H. PARKS' Cash Store . . . PALMER, MASS.

A Lot of First-Rate

BUTTER,

FOR SALE in any quantity, from one to 100 pounds, at
A. H. PARKS' STORE, Palmer, Mass.

GEO. S. BOSWORTH,
CARPENTER AND JOINER,
—AND DEALER IN—
Doors, Sash, Blinds, Framing, Timber, &c., &c.

Doors, Sash, and Blinds constantly on hand. All kinds of jobbing done to order. Palmer, Jan. 30

A Superior Article of Pure Ground JAVA COFFEE,
For sale at A. H. PARKS' Store,
Palmer House Block

The New 7 3-10 Treasury Notes

ARE on hand and for sale at the MONSON NATIONAL BANK, in denominations of $50, $100, $500, and $1000.
Monson, Dec. 17. E. F. MORRIS, Cashier.

TOBACCO

FINE CUT, CHEWING, and SMOKING, of the best quality. Also, the best
Plug Tobacco, Navy Cavendish, &c.,
For sale AT PARK'S STORE, Palmer.

DENTISTRY.

DR. J. B. GOULD,
Surgical and Mechanical Dentist,
Palmer, Mass.

respectfully informs the Citizens of Palmer and vicinity that he has located himself in this place as a permanent Dentist, and hopes by strict attention to business to win the patronage of the public.

The Most Difficult Operations in Dentistry Performed with Care.

One of the most important and often neglected duties of the age is the preservation of the Natural Teeth, and to this end none should neglect having them frequently examined by a Dentist, that decay and other imperfections may be seasonably remedied. Children's teeth should receive frequent and careful attention, to prevent irregularities or decay.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH

inserted on the improved principle of atmospheric pressure. Teeth, from one to an entire set, inserted on Gold, Silver, or Rubber.

A SUPERIOR ARTICLE of DENTRIFICE and TOOTH BRUSHES constantly on hand.

☞Examinations and advice gratis.

☞All operations warranted.

TERMS REASONABLE.

TESTIMONIALS:

The undersigned, citizens of Monson, have employed Mr. J. B. Gould, in his regular practice as Dentist, with satisfaction, and would cheerfully recommend him to the citizens of this and adjoining towns, as skillful in all branches of this business. They are happy also to commend him as a man of good principles and high moral character.

Rev. T. G. Colton. Marcus Keep.
" F. Woods. S. Darling.
N. F. Rogers. Dr. J. M. Towne.
E. B. Miles. " Smith.
n19 Dr. J. McKinstrey.

DR. WISTAR'S
BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY,
THE GREAT REMEDY FOR
CONSUMPTION,

And acknowledged by many prominent physicians to be by far the most Reliable Preparation ever introduced for the Relief and cure of all

LUNG COMPLAINTS.

This well-known remedy is offered to the public, sanctioned by the experience of over forty years, and when resorted to in season, seldom fails to effect a speedy cure of

Coughs, Colds, Croup, Bronchitis, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Hoarseness, Pains or Soreness in the Chest and Side, Bleeding at the Lungs, Liver Complaints, &c., &c.

Its complete success in many cases of confirmed consumption has reversed the opinion so long entertained, that this much dreaded disease is incurable.

To those who have already made use of this Remedy, no appeal is necessary. To those who have not, we have only to refer them to the written testimonials of many of our most distinguished citizens, who have been restored to health when the expectation of being cured was indeed a "forlorn hope." We have space only for the following

Unsolicited Testimony.

From REV. FRANCIS LODDELL, Pastor of the South ong. hurch, Bridgeport, t.

BRIDGEPORT, Jan. 1, 1861.

Messrs. SETH W. FOWLE & Co.—Gentlemen: I consider it a duty which I owe to suffering humanity, to bear testimony to the virtues of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry: I have used it—when I have had occasion for any remedy for Coughs, Colds, or Sore Throat—for many years, and never, in a single instance, has it failed to relieve and cure me. I have frequently been very hoarse on Saturday, and looked forward to the delivery of two sermons on the following day with sad misgivings, but by a liberal use of the Balsam my hoarseness has invariably been removed, and I have preached without difficulty. I commend it to my brethren in the ministry, and to public speakers generally, as a certain remedy for the bronchial troubles to which we are peculiarly exposed.

Entirely unsolicited I send you this testimonial, which you are at liberty to use in any way you choose. Perhaps the Balsam does not affect all persons alike, but it always removes my hoarseness, and fits me for the minister's hard-working day—the Sabbath.

Very truly yours, FRANCIS LOBDELL.

Clergymen, Lawyers, Singers,

and all those whose occupation requires an unusual exercise of the vocal organs, will find this the Only Remedy which will effectually and instantaneously relieve their difficulties. This Remedy, unlike most others, is not only not nauseous, but is extremely

PLEASANT TO TASTE.

A small quantity allowed to pass over the irritated part at once removes the difficulty.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD HERRY
IS PREPARED BY
SETH W. FOWLE & CO.,
18 TREMONT STREET, BOSTON,
1ys10. and is sold by all druggists. eow.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE
HEALS OLD SORES.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE cures Burns, Scalds, Cuts.
REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE cures Wounds, Bruises, Sprains.
REDDINGS' RUSSIA SALVE cures Boils, Ulcers, Cancers.
REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE cures Salt Rheum, Piles, Erysipelas.
REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE cures Ringworms, Corns, &c.

☞No family should be without it. Only 25 cents a box. For sale by
SETH W. FOWLE & CO., Boston, Mass
and by all druggists and country storekeepers.

GOVERNMENT
PENSION AGENCY!
GOVERNMENT BOUNTY OF $100

Collected for soldiers who have been discharged from service by reason of wounds or disability, without regard to length of time. Invalid soldiers discharged from service, and the widows and orphans of soldiers who died in the U. States service, or of wounds or disease contracted in line of duty, are entitled to pensions. All pension claims against the government, and claims for arrears of pay and bounty, will be promptly attended to and collected at the lowest rates. No charge made to the soldier unless the claim is successful.

This Agency is duly licensed, and the undersigned does his business direct with the authorities at Washington, and not through third parties.

JAS. G. ALLEN, Counsellor & Attorney.
Palmer, March 21, 1863.

New London Northern Railroad.

On and after MONDAY, JANUARY 2, 1865,

Trains Leave Palmer as follows:

7.50 A. M., and 2.15 P. M., for New London and Way Stations.
2.15 P. M., and 6.00 P. M., for Belchertown and Amherst.

Trains for New London connect at Willimantic with trains for Hartford.

Trains for Amherst connect with trains from New London, and Western Railroad trains.

R. N. DOWD, Supt.
New London, Jan. 2, 1865.

WANTED!
All Kinds of Farmer's Produce in Exchange for Goods, at
A. H. PARKS' Store . . . . . Palmer, Mass.

Western Reserve Ohio Cheese.
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY,
For sale at A. H. PARKS' Cash Store, Palmer.

THE best Young Hyson, Black, and Japanese TEAS,
For sale at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer.

FISH, OF ALL KINDS,
FOR SALE
AT PARKS' STORE.
Palmer House Block.

DR. VELPAU'S FRENCH PILLS.

LADIES, TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.
THE REAL VELPAU FEMALE PILL.
[Warranted French.]

These Pills, so celebrated many years ago in Paris, for the relief of female irregularities, and afterward so notorious for their criminal employment in the practice of abortion, are now offered for sale for the first time in America. They have been kept in comparative security from the fact that the originator, Dr. Velpau, is a physician in Paris, of great wealth and strictly conscientious principles, and has withheld them from general use lest they should be employed for unlawful purposes. In overcoming Female Obstructions, Falling of the Womb, Whites, Green Sickness, Suppression, Retention, or Immoderate flow of the monthly discharges, they seem to be truly omnipotent, bursting open the flood gates from whatever cause may have stopped them; but they are offered to the public only for legitimate uses and all agents are forbidden to sell them when it is understood that the object is unlawful. Married ladies should never take them when there is any reason to believe themselves pregnant, for they will be sure to produce a miscarriage.

These Pills are entirely safe under all circumstances, being composed entirely of substances from the vegetable kingdom.

Each box has the coat of arms for the city of Paris stamped on the box, with the words "Trade Mark" in French, to counterfeit which is a misdemeanor, and all persons will be dealt with according to law.

☞Full directions accompany every box.

Ladies can obtain a box sealed from the eyes of the curious, by enclosing one dollar and six post-office stamps to any respectable druggists, or to O. C. STAPLES, General Agent for the United States, Watertown, N. Y.

For sale in Palmer by Wood & Allen, and Dr. Wm. Holbrook. n51y.

FIRE AND LIFE
INSURANCE AGENCY.

Ætna Insurance Company,
HARTFORD, CT.
Capital.....$1,500,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Company,
HARTFORD, CT.
Capital.....$1,000,000

Phœnix Insurance Company,
HARTFORD, CT.
Capital.....$400,000

Springfield Fire & Marine Ins. Co.,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.
Capital and Surplus.....$567,863 17

Norwich Fire Insurance Company,
NORWICH, CT.
Capital.....$300,000

INSURANCE AGAINST FIRE,
ON FACTORIES, STORES, DWELLING Houses, Barns, &c.,
Effected on MOST REASONABLE TERMS, in the Best Companies.

Also, Life Insurance

Effected on good risks in the best Mutual Companies.

Address or apply to

E. F. MORRIS,
MONSON, MASS.
June 25, 1864—1y.

SPEER'S SAMBUCI WINE!

Pure and Four Years Old, of Choice Port Grape,

For Physician's Use, For Females, Weakly Persons and Invalids.

THE Great remedy for kidney affections, rheumatism, & all chronic compl'nts.

Excellen Wiues for Females.

Every Family at this season should use the **SAMBUCI WINE,**

celebrated in Europe for its medicinal and beneficial qualities as a gentle Stimulant, Tonic, Diuretic, and Sudorific, highly esteemed by eminent physicians, used in European and American Hospitals, and by some of the first families in Europe and America.

As a Tonic it has no equal, causing an appetite, and building up the system, being entirely a pure wine of a most valuable grape.

As a Diuretic, it imparts a healthy action to the Glands and Kidneys, and Urinary Organs, very beneficial in Dropsy, Gout and Rheumatic Affections.

Speer's Wine is not a mixture or manufactured article, but is pure from the juice of the Port Grape, cultivated in New Jersey, recommended by Chemists and Physicians as possessing medical properties superior to any other Wines in use, and an excellent article for all weak and debilitated persons, and the aged and infirm, improving the appetite and benefiting ladies and children.

A Ladies' Wine, because it will not intoxicate as other wines, as it contains no mixture of spirits or other liquors, and is admired for rich, peculiar flavor, and nutritive properties, imparting a healthy tone to the digestive organs, and a blooming, soft, and healthy skin and complexion.

☞None genuine unless the signature of "Alfred Speer, Passiac, N. J." is over the cork of each bottle.

Make one Trial of this Wine.

For sale in Palmer by Wood & Allen, and by druggists generally. Trade supplied in Boston by G. C. Goodwin, and all wholesale druggists in Boston and New York.

A. SPEER, Proprietor. Vineyard, Passiac, New Jersey; Office, 208 Broadway, New York.

JOHN LA FOY, Paris, Agent for France and Germany. ap16.

VOLNEY WINCHELL,
DEALER IN
GOLD, SILVER,
COUPONS,
Canada Bills, Government Bonds,
UNCURRENT MONEY, FOREIGN EXCHANGE,
Passage Tickets, &c.

For further information inquire at
192 MAIN St. . . (up stairs) . . . SPRINGFIELD
j130 VOLNEY WINCHELL.

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS

R. H. EDDY,
SOLICITOR OF PATENTS,
Late Agent of U. S. Patent Office, Washington, (under the Act of 1837.)
76 STATE ST.....opp. Kilby st.....BOSTON

After an extensive practice of upwards of twenty years, continues to secure Patents in the United States, also in Great Britain, France, and other foreign countries. Caveats, Specifications, Bonds, Assignments, and all Papers or Drawings for Patents executed on liberal terms, and with dispatch. Researches made into American or Foreign works to determine the validity or utility of Patents or inventions—and legal or other advice rendered in all matters touching the same. Copies of the claims of any patent furnished by remitting one dollar. Assignments recorded at Washington.

The Agency is not only the largest in New England, but through it inventors have advantages for securing Patents, of ascertaining the patentability of inventions, unsurpassed by, if not immeasurably superior to any which can be offered them elsewhere. The Testimonials below given prove that none is MORE SUCCESSFUL AT THE PATENT OFFICE than the subscriber, and as SUCCESS IS THE BEST PROOF OF ADVANTAGES AND ABILITY, he would add that he has abundant reason to believe, and can prove, that at no other office of the kind are the charges for professional services so moderate. The immense practice of the subscriber during the twelve years past has enabled him to accumulate a vast collection of specifications and official decisions relative to patents.

These, besides his extensive library of legal and mechanical works, and full accounts of patents granted in the United States and Europe, render him able, beyond question, to offer superior facilities for obtaining Patents.

All necessity of a journey to Washington to procure a Patent, and the usual great delay there, are here saved inventors.

TESTIMONIALS.

"I regard Mr. Eddy as one of the MOST CAPABLE and SUCCESSFUL practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse." CHAS. MASON.
Commissioner of Patents.

"I have no hesitation in assuring inventors that they cannot employ a person more competent and trustworthy, and more capable of putting their applications in a form to secure for them an early and favorable consideration at the Patent Office."
EDMUND BURKE,
Late Commissioner of Patents.

"Mr. R. H. Eddy has made for me THIRTEEN applications, on all but one of which patents have been granted, and that is now pending. Such unmistakeable proof of great talent and ability on his part leads me to recommend ALL inventors to apply to him to procure their patents, as they may be sure of having the most faithful attention be stowed on their cases, and at very reasonable charges." JOHN TAGGART.

During eight months, the subscriber, in course of his large practice, made on TWICE rejected applications, SIXTEEN APPEALS, EVERY ONE of which was decided in his favor by the Commissioner of Patents. R. H. EDDY.
January 1, 1865. 1y

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,
Manufacturers of Photographic Materials,
Wholesale and Retail,
501 BROADWAY . . . . NEW YORK.

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"Hunting With Love."

Little maiden, azure-eyed,
Tell me where do you abide?

Down by the running water, she said;
For I am the Miller's daughter, she said.

Little maiden, if I may ask it,
Tell me what is in your basket?

I have been hunting with love, said she;
These are the hearts he has killed for me.

Little maiden if your were kissed,
Not a rose-leaf would be missed.

Oh, you are a pretty man! she said,
And you may kiss me if you can, she said.

Now why did the maiden, azure-eyed,
So blindly run to the riverside?

For she must have known—the silly lass—
That the bridge was down, and she could not pass,

Then why to the field did the maiden fly,
When she surely knew the fence was high?

Then why did the maiden run to the wood?
For she knew that the trees so thickly stood

That a rabbit could scarce pass in and out:—
Then why did she stand and smile and pout?

Ah! me and must the truth be told?
Another heart does the basket hold.

THE POST OFFICE AT THE FAIR.

She was sitting in the prettiest of bedrooms, writing busily. Sometimes the blue eyes filled with mirth, as the rapid pen jotted down some odd conceit or queer expression; and again, she would toss back her bright curls and a saucy smile would cross her little mouth, as mischief flowed from the small golden point of her weapon. One after another, the little sheets of note paper were filled with dainty characters, folded, and slipped into the snowy envelopes. Suddenly, the pretty writer paused. Resting her little dimpled chin on her hand, she sank into reverie; the blue eyes lost their smiling light, and the rosy mouth folded into a sweet, earnest gravity, as she sat buried in thought.

"If I only dared," she whispered—"if I only dared." Then, with a quick impulse, she selected a sheet of paper somewhat larger than those she had been using, and began to write again; not, as before, merry and careless, but with deep earnestness, the rapid pen evidently tracing words of grave import and weight. Once she paused, and, folding her little hands, raised her eyes in prayer. As she sealed the long letter, she did what she had neglected before—directed it, in a clear, pretty hand, and then placed it carefully in her writing desk. Again she continued her task. Sometimes a scrap of verse, a saucy quotation, or even an address, filled the sheet, but oftener a little graceful note was written and folded. She was still busy, when laughing voices in the hall made her pause.

"Come right up, girls. I am in my room," she called.

And in answer to the summons, four gay belles of Claireville came dancing into the room. "How many have you written, Amy?"

"Oh, ever so many! I don't know. Let me see yours."

And a shower of snowy billets fell from eight white hands into her lap, while the four girls eagerly opened and read the missives on the table.

"We have sold all the tickets," cried Leonora Darcy, the brunette, whose charms had set half Claireville in a ferment.

"All!" said Amy. "The hall will be packed!"

"Yes," said pretty Mabel Lee, "and everybody says the post office will be the most attractive feature of our fair. I am so glad you thought of it, Amy. And if it was late, we've got a good pile of letters written."

"There!" said Amy, signing a note with "Gabriella," in most minute characters, "there is my last sheet of paper and my last ounce of brains. I am utterly exhausted."

"But, Amy, you won't feel exhausted to-morrow," said demure Susy Jones, "when we hand dear Mr. Rivers a nice sum of money to help him rebuild the parsonage."

"That dreadful fire!" said Amy, shuddering. "Mother says she don't approve of lairs generally, but when one's minister is burned out, and the money won't come in fast any other way, why, she'll take cakes and make pincushions with the best of us."

"And then, you know," said Mabel, earnestly, "there will be no raffling or cheating, and the articles are all pretty, and good of their kind."

"Girls, is it not time to dress?" said Susy, consulting a wee watch at her belt. "We open at seven."

"The tables are all ready."

"True, but it is after five now, and everybody wants time for at least *one* extra touch to their finery, when they must face all Claireville."

"Scatter, then," said Amy, laughing. "Run home, all of you! Leave the letters here; I will take care of them. I am to be postmistress, you know."

"Not a bit of it," said Leonora. "You are only to sit in the background and direct the envelopes, which I will deliver to anxious inquirers."

"Whew! how important we are!" was the merry answer. And the laughing group dispersed.

The large hall of Claireville was brilliantly illuminated when, two hours later, the young girls announced all in readiness for opening the doors. The pretty tables, tasteful decorations, and groups of lovely girls, made no mean picture, and Claireville walked about, admired, and, above all, purchased, to the full content of the fair originators of the entertainment. Hidden away from sight by the full folds of a curtain, Amy sat shrined in the post office answering Leonora's call for letters. Busy excitement had flushed her fair cheeks, and, as her pen traced familiar names, one after another, smiles chased each other over lips and eyes. Suddenly, a call from Nora made her turn pale; her fingers trembled as she drew from her bosom the letter she had written with a prayer. It was fully directed, yet she hesitated, holding it as if reluctant to let it go.

"Come, Amy, is there nothing for Mr. Leonard Watson?" cried Leonora.

The letter was slipped through the appointed place in the curtain, and Amy drew a quick breath of apprehension as she heard the manly voice that said, "Thank you, Miss Darcy."

"If he is angry!" she whispered. "If he should be angry!"

But Leonard Watson had slipped the letter carelessly into the breast pocket of his coat, and was sauntering, in his usual lazy manner, down the hall. He was a tall, handsome man, with a broad forehead and large eyes, which spoke well for his heart and intellect; but with the *blaze* and *debonnaire* manner of one for whom the world had offered its pleasures in society, and who has not learned to look for life's purpose in duty. The little world of Claireville spoke well of Leonard Watson. The girls admired his courtly gallantry, his polished manner, and honeyed words; the young men applauded his generosity, his wines, his horses, and his good temper; while the older heads were ready to worship his wealth, his birth and position. Only here and there one spoke of late revels at Fairbank, of an occasional lapse into inebriety, or dropped a hint that "young Watson was living too fast."

There were many bright belles who cherished a secret belief of Leonard's marked preference; yet the gay heart was untouched, the traveled taste unsatisfied, and he was a free man, in word and thought, as he sauntered through the fair at Claireville with Amy's letter lying upon his breast. It was late at night, and he was alone in the library of his spacious house, before he recollected the missive. Then, with an indolent curiosity, he drew it forth. "Some flat, school-girl verse," he muttered; "or, worse, a dose of flattery, veiled by incognita."

At first he read with a lazy expression of contempt upon his lips; but, as the lines were traced with earnest care, so, as he read, the man's soul was roused to earnest thought and interest. Hot, angry flushes chased each other over his brow, yet he did not flinch; every word of the appeal, though it stung him with its scorching, true, heart-searching questions, was perused faithfully, till, at the end, the dainty signature, "Your sincere friend," found him serious and sad.

"It is all true," he said, in a low tone, rising, and pacing the floor with quick yet even steps. "I *am* wasting all God's blessings—squandering my wealth foolishly; undermining my health wickedly; flinging my best time away in folly, if not in vice. How earnestly she writes! and her 'dear brother' seems to come from her very heart. Who wrote it? Ha! the same hand on the envelope as on the inside, and it was *directed* by Amy Greyson. Amy Greyson!

"I always thought her a merry, light-hearted *child*; but this—this is the letter of a noble, earnest, Christian *woman*. How beautifully she writes! Yet—yet how she despises me! How she lashes my follies and vices! With what bitter sarcasm she questions! yet how earnestly she implores me to pause while there is yet time, and think of where the path I tread will lead me! Think! Ah! she has raised a train of thought, now, that will not die—that I can never quiet again. Conscience is alive now, and there is no more careless folly for me."

Up and down, pacing sometimes with the slow tread of earnest thought; again rapidly crossing and re-crossing the room, his foot falling with passionate emphasis, he spent the hours till long after midnight; and when, at last, he sought his own room, Leonard Watson, for the first time in long years, knelt and implored God's blessing on his resolutions for the future.

Claireville wondered what had "come over" the young millionaire. Old tenants, who had been wont to look upon their young landlord as an easy-going scamp, began to open their eyes over sanitary improvements in their lowly homes; charitable appeals began to find a ready response at the large house; musty books, which had long given his office a name, now began to fulfil their mission, as the young lawyer loaded his brains for service; and old friends wondered how Leonard could preserve his genial brightness, his generosity, wit, and grace, yet hold the reins on his follies with such a firm hand. New acquaintances spoke warmly of the conscientious, able young advocate, who was steadily working his way to future eminence.

But in one house there were tears of thanksgiving, and prayers of humble praise, as Amy Greyson heard from every tongue of the reform in that noble young life; and when, after a year's probation, words of love and petition greeted her, as the young lawyer implored her to be his wife—to aid him, by her love and presence, in maintaining the new life he owed to her suggestions, she humbly thanked Heaven for the impulse that had prompted her to write the letter that Leonard Watson found in the post-office at the Claireville Fair.

ARREST OF A REBEL SPY IN WOMAN'S APPAREL.—The Cleveland (Ohio) Herald announces the capture of a rebel spy in that city. On Saturday morning two young women apparently about nineteen or twenty years old called at the rooms of the Soldier's Aid Society and applied for transportation to Washington. One of them, giving the name of Charlotte Anderson, said she had enlisted two or three times in the army, but had been rejected on her sex being discovered. As they turned to leave one of the ladies in the room became suspicious that "Charlotte" was a man and sent up stairs to the Provost Marshal, by whose order "Charlotte" and her companion were immediately arrested. Charlie alias "Lottie" Anderson is very feminine in appearance, and has a soft low feminine voice whenever he chooses to use it. When dressed as a man he has the appearance of a girl in disguise, and when dressed in tasteful female attire it is difficult to doubt the femininity.—His accomplishements are varied. He is a dead shot with a pistol, a splendid horseman, can talk three languages fluently, can dance admirably, play the piano, do fine sewing, embroider, knit and crochet equal to any woman. There are facts that go to show he is a rebel spy.

ENGLISH IGNORANCE—The ignorance of English factory operatives is evidenced by the testimony of a boy in Manchester aged thirteen, a nailer, who last month deposed as follows: "Heard about Jesus Christ at the church school, but it's so long since that I've forgot Him. Don't know whether He performed miracles or wonderful things, or how He was killed and have not heard of Noah and the flood. Jesus made the world in six days.—The Queen has a name; it is Prince."

☞A good way to "kill time"—sleigh it. Yes, sleigh without distinction of age or sex.

GOOD FOR THE YOUNG.

Nothing can exceed the importance of beginning while young to give serious attention to your conduct. As soon as you are capable of reflection, you must perceive that there is a right and wrong to human actions. You see that of those who are born with the same advantages of fortune, are not equally prosperous in the course of life. While some of them, by wise and steady conduct, attain distinction in the world and pass their days in comfort and honor, others of the same rank by dishonorable behavior, forfeit the advantages of their birth, involve themselves in much misery, and end in a disgrace to their friends and a burden to society. Early, then may you learn that it is not on the condition in which you find your welfare and happiness that your eternal honor or infamy depends. Now when beginning to act your part in life what can be of greater importance than, with the most serious attention, to regulate your conduct, lest that you should commit yourself by any irretrievable error? If you deliver yourself up at so critical a period to sensuous pleasures instead of exerting reflection; if you refuse to listen to any counselor but humor, or attend to any pursuit except that of amusement; if you allow yourself to float loosely or carelessly on the tide of life, ready to receive any direction which the current of fashion may chance to give you, what can you expect while so many around you are undergoing the consequences of like indiscretion? For what reason shall not those consequences extend to you? Shall *you* attain success without that preparation, and escape danger without that precaution which is required of all others? Shall happiness *grow up to you* of its own accord and solicit *your* acceptance, when to all others it is the fruit of long cultivation and the acquisition of labor and care? Deceive not yourselves with such arrogant hopes. Whatever be your rank, Providence will not reverse its established rules. The author of your being has enjoined you to "take heed to your ways, to ponder the path of your feet, to remember your Creator in the days of your youth."

HOW TO PREVENT A DIVORCE.

When the Senior Jonathan Trumbull was Governor of Connecticut, a gentleman called at his house, requesting to see his excellency in private. Accordingly he was shown into his *sanctum sanctorum*; and the Governor came forward to meet Squire W., saying, "Good morning, sir; I am glad to see you." Squire W. returned the salutation, adding as he said so, "I have called upon a very unpleasant errand, sir and want your advice. My wife and I do not live happily together, and I am thinking of getting a divorce. What do you advise, sir?"

The Governor sat a few moments as if in deep thought, then turning to Squire W., said, "How did you treat Mrs. W. when you were courting her, and how did you feel towards her at the time of your marriage?" Squire W. replied, I treated her as kindly as I could, for I loved her dearly at that time." "Well, sir," said the Governor, "go home and court her now just as you did then, and love her as when you married her. Do this in the fear of God for one year and then tell me the result." The Governor then said, "let us pray." They bowed in prayer and separated. When a year had passed away, Squire W. called again to see the Governor, and grasping his hand, said: "I have called, sir, to thank you for the good advice you gave me, and to tell you that my wife and I are as happy as when first we were married. I cannot be grateful enough for your good counsel." "I am glad to hear it, Mr. W., and hope you will continue to court her as long as you live." The result was that Squire W. and his wife lived happily together to the end of life. Let those who are thinking of separation in these days go and do likewise.

"Little acts of kindness,
Little words of love,
Make the world an Eden,
Like to that above."

SLEEPING OUT OF DOOR.—A sensible writer in Harper's Magazine for September, concerning this matter, says:

"I thought I should never get to sleep. I had a bed of cornstalks, but I believe I was roughing it. It was the dreadful exposure to the night air which worried me and not the proximity of hostile balls and bayonets. And when I was arroused at five in the morning to continue the march, I actually felt more fearful of being broken down by want of proper rest than of being shot in the approaching engagement. How mistaken our mothers were when they warned us against exposure to the night air, and sleeping in damp clothing, and going with wet feet!—Judging from a two years' experience of almost constant field service, I aver that these things are wholesome and restorative. It does not require a strong constitution to stand them; it is sleeping inside which ought properly to be called exposure, and which demands a vigorous vitality; and is the crowning triumph of civilization that it enables humanity to do this without extermination. I have a creed to deliver some day on this subject to a misguided and house-poisoned public.

GEMS FOR LITTLE FOLKS.—1. Keep a list of your friends; and let God be the first in the list however long it may be.

2. Keep a list of the gifts you get; and let Christ who is the unspeakable gift be the first.

3. Keep a list of your mercies; and let pardon and life stand at the head.

4. Keep a list of your joys; and let the joy unspeakable and full of glory be first.

5. Keep a list of your hopes; and let the hope of glory be foremost.

6. Keep a list of your sorrows; and let sorrow for sin be foremost.

7. Keep a list of your enemies; and however many there may be, put down the "old man," and the "old serpent" first.

8. Keep a list of you sins; and let the sin of unbelief be set down as the first and worst of all.—*Journal and Messenger.*

NICELY SAID.—A Western poet, speaking of the moon, said: "She laid her cheek upon a cloud like a beauty upon a young man's bosom."

☞What is that which a coach cannot move without, and yet is no part of it? Ans.—Noise.

Peace.

Oh that all the bells in the silent spires
Would clash their clangor on the sleeping air,
Ring their wild music out with throbbing choirs,
Ring peace in every where!

Oh, that this wave of sorrow surging o'er
The red, red land would wash away its stain—
Drown out the angry fire from shore to shore,
And give it peace again!

On last year's blossoming graves, with summer calm,
Loud in his happy tangle hums the bee;
Nature forgets her hurt and finds her balm—
Alas! and why not we?

Spirit of God! that moved upon the face,
Of the waters, and bade ancient chaos cease,
Shine, shine again o'er this tumultuous space,
Thou that art Prince of Peace!

MAKING CHANGE WITH GIRARD.—A gentleman from Europe purchased a bill of exchange on Girard, to defray the expenses of a tour to this country. It was duly honored on presentation; but in the course of their transactions, it happened that one cent remained to be refunded on the part of the European; and on theeve of his departure from this country, Girard dunned him for it. The gentleman apologized, and tendered him a six-and-a-quarter-cent piece, requesting the difference. Mr. Girard tendered him in change five cents which the gentleman declined to accept alleging that he was entitled to an additional quarter of a cent. In reply, Girard admitted the fact, but informed him that it was not in his power to comply, as the government had neglected to provide the fractional coin in question, and returned the gentleman the six-cent piece, reminding him, however, in an unmistakable language, that he must still consider him his debtor for the balance unpaid—the one cent.—*Appleton's Cyclopedia.*

WHAT EXTRAVAGANCE LEADS TO.—Never was there made a more correct observation than this: Moderation is the silken string that runs through the pearly chain of all the virtues; and the string once broken, the pearls are scattered. When people begin to make a show which they cannot afford, either in dress, or home, or anything else, virtue is threatened. We increase our own unhappiness by multiplying our wants. We attempt to dazzle our acquaintances, and to assert our equality with those above us, and we sacrifice our interests and peace of mind. The eyes of other people are the eyes that ruin us.—Necessity soon compels the spendthrift to retrench, or adopt dishonorable means for procuring money. It is easy to see what course he would be likely to pursue, and what consequences he will soon incur.

MEXICO.—Advices from Mexico through private sources, state that the Imperial Government is very bitter and unfriendly towards the United States, having caused the arrest, of and sentence to a year's imprisonment, a man named Valders, for speaking favorably of this country, and predicting the speedy end of the Rebellion. Meantime the hostility of the church party toward Maximilian is said to be on the increase. The reported expulsion of the American Consul from Matamoras is confirmed by the latest New Orleans advices, and the report given that our flag had been hauled down by some person unknown. The report of the cession of Sonora to France remained as conflicting as ever. The San Francisco Democrat, which is supposed to be Dr. Gwin's organ denies emphatically that Napoleon has withdrawn from the colonization scheme, and that the visit of Dr. Gwin to France has any reference to a change of plan. It adds that it is not in contemplation to take possession of Ariebo, the future capital of the Northern States, before the 1st of May.

SOMETHING TO PAY THE NATIONAL DEBT WITH.—It is estimated that the United States possesses over 1,000,000,000 acres of public land susceptible of cultivation. These are worth even at Government price, $1,000,000,000. They also own 2,000,000 acres of gold and silver bearing land, which mineral lands can be estimated without exaggeration at $800,000,000.

REBEL DESERTERS.—A Soldier's letter from the Ninth Corps, Army of the Potomac, informs us that the tide of Rebel deserters still flows steadily northward. One of the most recent arrivals stated that he paid $10 each for three small ginger cakes in Petersburgh just previous to leaving, and that the price of all other edibles was in proportion,

SHOOTING.—A shooting affair occurred in an alleged house of ill-repute in Lowell, Thursday afternoon, the party firing being the landlord of the house and the injured party a young man named David Moody.

☞A Paris letter says that General McClellan, while in England, breakfasted at Claremont, with the entire Louis Phillippe family, consisting of twenty-two persons, and was invited to the house of the Prince of Wales.

INTERESTING TO LANDLORDS.—New York assessors are raising the valuation of property in the same proportion that property holders raise their rents. That is right and the practice should be general.

☞The capture and burning at sea by the Rebel pirate Shenandoah, of the whaling barque Edward, of New Bedford, and the schooner Lizzie M. Stacy, of Boston are reported.

☞To Gov. Andrew and "that street in Pittsfield," greeting: There is a school district in Deerfield in which 21 out of 30 legal voters—all well to do farmers—are bachelors.

☞The inhabitants of Marblehead lately held a meeting and took measures for a survey of a proposed railroad between that place and Lynn.

LOOK OUT FOR SPRING.—Several flocks of wild geese have gone northward this spring.

HINTS TO WRITERS AND SPEAKERS.

Wm. Cullen Bryant gave the following excellent advice to a young man who offered him an article for the Evening Post:

"My young friend, I observe that you have used several French expressions in your article. I think, if you will study the English language, you will find it capable of expressing all the ideas that you may have. I have always found it so; and, in all that I have written, I do not recall an instance, when I was tempted to use a foreign word, but that, on searching, I found a better one in my own language."

Be simple, unaffected; be honest in your speaking and writing. Never use a long word where a short one will do. Call a spade a spade, not a well known oblong instrument of manual industry; let a home be a home, not a residence; a place a place, not a locality; and so of the rest. Where a short word will do, you always lose by using a long one. You lose in clearness; you lose in honest expression of your meaning; and, in the estimation of all men who are competent to judge, you lose your reputation for ability.

The only true way to shine in this false world is to be modest and unassuming. Falsehood may be a very thick crust, but, in process of time, truth will find a place to break through. Elegance of language may not be in the power of all of us, but simplicity and straightforwardness are.

Write much as you speak; speak as you think. If with your inferior, speak no coarser than usual; if with your superior, speak no finer. Be what you say, and within the rules of prudence say what you are. No one ever was a gainer by singularity of word or in pronunciation. The truly wise man will so speak that no one will observe how he speaks. A man may show great knowledge of chemistry by carrying about bladders of strange gases to breathe, but he will enjoy better health and find more time for business, who lives on common air.

AN INDIAN TRADITION.

Among the Seminole Indians there is a singular tradition regarding the white man's origin and superiority. They say that when the Great Spirit made the earth, he also made three men, all of whom were fair complexioned; and that after he made them, he led them to the margin of a small lake, and bade them leap in and wash. One obeyed, and came out of the water purer and fairer than before, the second hesitated a moment, during which time, the water, agitated by the first, had become muddied, and when he bathed he came up copper-colored; the third did not jump in until the water had become black with mud, and he came out with his own color. Then the great spirit laid before them three packages, and out of pity for his misfortune in color he gave the black man his first choice. He took hold of each the packages; and having felt the weight, chose the heaviest; the copper-colored man then chose the next heaviest, leaving the white man the lightest. When the packages were opened the first was found to contain spades, hoes, and all the implements of labor, the second unwrapped hunting, fishing and warlike apparatus; the third gave the white man pens and paper, the engines of the mind—the means of mutual, mental improvement, the social link of humanity, the foundation of the white man's superiority.

MANY FACTS IN SMALL COMPASS.—The number of languages spoken is 2,064. The number of men is equal to the number of women. The average of human life is about thirty-three years. One quarter die before the age of seven. To every one thousand persons not more than one reaches the age of one hundred years, and not more than one in five hundred reaches the age of eighty. There are on earth 1,000,000,000 inhabitants. Of these, about 33,333,333 die every year, 91,824 every day, 7,789 every hour, and 60 every minute. The losses are counterbalanced by a still larger number of births. The married are longer lived than the single. Tall men live longer than short ones. Women have more chances of life previous to the age of fifty years, and fewer after, than men. The number of marriages is in the proportion of seventy to one hundred. Marriages are more frequent after the equinoxes—that is, during the months of June and December. Those born in spring are more robust than others. Births and deaths are more frequent by night than by day.

THE BANK OF ENGLAND.—The Bank of England was born in just such troublesome times as those upon which we have fallen. It is the child of the English Revolution in 1688. Wm. Patterson, a shrewd Scotchman, of whom his friends said he had been a missionary, and his enemies that he had been a buccaneer, proposed the formation of a joint stock company, whose object should be to loan its funds to the government. Parliament, accordingly chartered the company, in 1691, under the style of the "Governor and the Company of the Bank of England," limiting its capital stock to $6,000,000 (we reduce the pounds to dollars), all of which it might loan to the government at 8 per cent. annual interest, and receive also from the government $20,000 a year for expenses of management. The books were opened, and, to the surprise of everybody, all the stock was immediately subscribed for. The Bank of England commenced operations by investing its whole capital in government debts; in other words, it loaned $6,000,000 to the nation at 8 per cent., and was to receive $20,000 per year besides.

☞In the good old days of slow coaches and slower mails, when Northern New York was about as far out of the world as some of our northwestern territories now are, there was gathered around the post-office one night, in a small town, quite a crowd, to hear the news brought by the stage, just in. "What's the news?" asked an old fellow, who was not as worldly-wise as he might have been—"what's the news?" "Martin Van Buren has been appointed Minister to Great Britain," said a friend at his elbow. "Minister to Great Britain! The idea of *his* being appointed Minister to Great Britain! Why, he can't preach no more than I can!"

☞The guilty man is doomed to carry and lodge his fiercest accuser in his own bosom.

Palmer Journal.

SATURDAY, MARCH 18, 1865.

THE LATEST WAR NEWS!

The anxiety about Gen. Sherman, who had disappeared on an advance into North Caroline, is relieved by couriers, who have brought news of his progress up to the 8th inst. He had then reached Laurel Hill, N. C., 35 miles southwest of Fayetteville. The place is less than 100 miles from Columbia, which he left on the 20th ult. The roads were, undoubtedly, bad, making his progress slow. He had met with no opposition. Still later dispatches state that he had reached Fayetteville, and opened communication with Gen. Schofield, who had advanced from Newbern upon Kinston. Gen. Bragg attacked Schofield on the 8th inst., and drove him back; but, on the 10th, a renewal of the attack met with a sharp repulse, compelling the rebel general to cross the Neuse River, having suffered severe loss. In the first day's fight the 27th Mass. regiment was captured.

Sherman and Schofield will, undoubtedly, push on to Goldsborough or Raleigh. Johnston, who, according to rebel accounts, was to defeat Sherman, has been left in the rear, as he expected Sherman to move upon Charlotte.—The union of Bragg's and Johnston's forces is now prevented, and Sherman will move on unobstructed.

There is news of Sherman's occupation of Goldsborough, where he defeated a portion of Bragg's army. Kinston was surrendered to Gen. Schofield on Sunday.

The rebels report a victory by Wade Hampton over Kilpatrick, with some important captures, which they say was accomplished with small loss to themselves, although they mention one colonel killed, and one brigadier general, two colonels, and two majors wounded.

We have official dispatches from Sheridan, dated from Columbia, Va., on Friday of last week. He had captured Charlotteville and pushed onward to Columbia, on the James River, which is 50 miles from Richmond, and effected a general destruction of the canal and railroads in that quarter, meeting, thus far, with no opposition. Railroad communication between Charlotteville and Lynchburg is destroyed for nearly the whole distance, and the important canal between Richmond and Lynchburg is also destroyed for many miles. Commodure Hollins, of the rebel navy, was shot near Gordonsville, while attempting to escape from our advance in that direction.—Sheridan has created a lively panic at Richmond. It is not known where Sheridan now is, but it is thought that he will form a junction with Grant.

On Monday last, thirteen transports, with troops from Fortress Monroe, accompanied by two gunboats, proceeded to Fredericksburg, where the expedition captured 95 tuns of tobacco and 400 prisoners. A schooner laden with whiskey and salt was also taken.

A guerilla party, led by a nephew of ex-Gov. Letcher, of Va., was attacked and dispersed, with a loss of ten killed, on the Upper Potomac, a week ago last Thursday evening, by a detachment of Union cavalry.

A fight occurred at Fort Pickering, near Memphis, on Tuesday of last week, between the 3d United States colored artillery and a white regiment, resulting in the death of several negroes and one white soldier. The disagreement was about rations.

Fifteen guerillas, headed by Col. Thompson, recently made a dash into the town of Hammondsville, Hart county, Ky., robbing its citizens and stores with impunity. The citizens captured two of them, Lewis Porter and the notorious Ben. Cofer. They were turned over to the United States authorities.

On the 25th ult., Co. B. of the 6th North Carolina Confederate cavalry came into our lines at Newbern in a body, numbering over 60 men. They were heartily welcomed, and stated that, if assured of a similar reception, the entire army would desert *en masse*.

GEN. BUTLER SUSTAINED.—The rebel Gen. Whiting, just before his death, wrote to Gen. Butler a statement of the number of troops in Fort Fisher at the time of the first attack, of the Confederate force in supporting distance, and of Bragg's troops in Wilmington, and describes minutely the ineffectiveness of Porter's fire on the fort—so ineffective that the cannoniers were not driven from their guns—and made a case generally that overwhelmingly justified Gen. Butler's withdrawal from the attack on Fort Fisher. Whiting said, among other things, that it was a matter of reproach against Bragg, in his army and at Richmond, that Butler's small force was not captured bodily. This puts a good look on Butler's side of the story.

OVERSTRAINED SANCTITY.—The Christian Era of last week contained an article upon the impiety of the inauguration ball at Washington, stating that it occurred on Saturday evening, and continued into the hours of the Sabbath, desecrating the Lord's day and furnishing an example of profanity highly disreputable to the nation. The Era, no doubt, believes all it says, but it so happens that the inauguration ball did not take place till Monday evening, and, of course, did not extend into the Sabbath. The President held a levee on Saturday evening, after his inauguration; but his visitors departed and the White House was closed at 11 o'clock at night. So there was nothing very sacreligious about the inaugural festivities, after all, excepting the Era's mistake.

STOPPING THE DRAFT.—The draft has been suspended in New York, it having bren shown that the daily enlistments for the State would, in a short time, fill the quota. If the war department will go back to a system of enlistments, soldiers enough can be obtained without a draft.

GOOD.—Vice President Johnson has signed the temperance pledge. He ought to have done so before the 4th of March; but better late than never.

GOLD at New York went down to 165¾ on Thursday evening. There is a general decline in prices, and a panic is predicted. Already a number of failures have taken place.

Rights of The Freedmen.

Errors in government are easily detected; but the course of action necessary to effect a remedy is a question of far greater difficulty, and tasks alike a nation's wisdom and patriotism. But when the fundamental principles are faulty; when justice and benevolence stand as chained captives before the law; then, additional safeguards ought to be provided. Tolerated wrongs are not willingly surrendered, and those who lead in the attack are sure to be rewarded with the hatred of the corrupt and bigoted; and of this Senator Sumner has received his full share. His public life has been, to a great extent, devoted in favor of the colored race in this country, against the demand for increased guarantees in favor of the institution of slavery; and when the failure of the nation to accede to such demands has involved the nation in war, and, in order to vindicate the nation's authority, blows have been struck at the institution, and millions of slaves are being set free by the majestic march of our armies through the Southern States, it becomes a serious question how the freed men are to be treated, and what rights they are to enjoy under the State governments reorganized under the changes produced by the war. Are they to be invested with political rights, and ought the general government to pursue a policy favoring such rights? It is a fact too apparent to be denied that, unless the Government does act in the matter, they will be deprived of the right to participate or have a voice in the government under which they will have to live.

At the present stage of the rebellion, there can be no doubt, if the government is invested with any authority over the institution, it extends to the situation of bondmen after being freed, and it ought to take notice of their situation; and, true to the instincts of his nature and the practice of his whole life, Mr. Sumner has demanded that it shall; and, to that end, he was instrumental in defeating a bill recognizing the civil government in Louisiana. The conditions of voting is plainly among the powers reserved to the States, and Congress can only interfere when a State applies for recognition. That chance unimproved, the opportunity is gone; but, if the President can fix, by proclamation, the abolition of slavery as a condition, surely Congress can require that the political rights of those liberated shall be recognized; and, if Mr. Sumner believed that it would be for the good of the State, it is a sufficient justification. It is not to be denied that the right of suffrage is not a popular idea, but can it justly be avoided? It is a question that will not admit of a compromise. They must be admitted or rejected, and to reject them is nothing less than giving sanction to nearly all claimed in the Dred Scott decision. It gives sanctiun to the idea that they are an inferior race and are incapable of participating in the rights of government; and wherein is their situation improved? If Congress admits a State that denies the right of a majority of its inhabitants to be represented at the ballot box, how long before that State will deny them the right of education or to hold and convey property? Mr. Sumner vindicated the principles of true republican government, and in so doing made use of no other than established rules; yet he is denounced as a filibuster, and his success is announced with a wail of despair. "The filibusters have triumphed in the United States Senate." An English nobleman once applied to an artist to paint him a picture representing the passage of the Israelites through the Red Sea; which he executed by representing the Egyptian shore, barren and desolate, and the sea, painted a brick-red color. When presented to the nobleman, he manifested much surprise, inquiring, "Where are the Israelites?" He was answered, "They have all gone through." "But where is Pharaoh's host?" "At the bottom of the sea."—If the right that Mr. Sumner claims is not secured, a truthful picture of this rebellion will represent the rebels as having made the triumphal passage, and the negroes at the bottom of the sea.

SHOCKING FRATRICIDE.—In Detroit, on Tuesday last, a boy fourteen years old, named Samuel Kingston, was shot and instantly killed by his brother, Geo. Kingston, aged about seventeen. It seems that the two boys had been playing together in the back yard, when a quarrel ending in blows arose between them, and the younger brother ran into the back kitchen and told his brother he must let him alone. The other drew a pistol from his pocket, placed it against the head of his brother, a little above the left ear, and fired, killing him instantly.

A LAST CALL.—President Lincoln has issued a last call to deserters from the army and navy, offering them pardon if they return to duty within sixty days after the 11th of March. According to the report of the Secretary of War, there is a large army of deserters scattered through the country. They will do well to return to Abrsham's bosom at once.

THAT'S HIM.—Isaac J. Taylor is the Pittsfield officer who has been doing naughty things while absent from his wife, taking to his bed and board a frail sister of Pittsfield. The two have been living at Indianapolis, Ind., where he has been quartermaster. His wife has obtained a divorce.

REBEL GENERAL DEAD.—The rebel General Whiting who was captured at Fort Fisher died at New York a few days ago. He was wounded in that engagement. He was a Northern man but a Southern wife led him into secession.

SUIT FOR DAMAGES.—Henry Hubbard of Pittsfield, who was buried under the ruins of a building which fell of its own accord March 4th, 1863, is trying to recover $10,000 damages of the owner of the building, in a suit at Lenox.

ALL O. K.—Last year the cities of Troy, Utica, Rochester, Oswego, and Lockport, elected opposition mayors; now, they are all right. All of them but Lockport gave majorities for McClellan and Seymour last fall.

REBEL CHEER.—The rebel soldiers have lately been regaled with whisky, and on these occasions their cheering can be distinctly heard within our lines.

A VARIETY OF THINGS.

ACCORDING to their own showing the rebels require four things to enable them to continue the war—time, men, material, and money—in all of which they are wofully short. Grant and Sherman will not give them time to organize their slaves, and the embargo upon blockade running has cut them short of war material. Governor Brown of Georgia says a dark night is upon the Confederacy. When the day dawns it will be upon a subdued and emancipated South.

—Corruption is low as well as high in Washington. O'Leary, doorkeeper at the White House, has been dismissed because he took bribes to bring about interviews between the president and persons who had business with that functionary. His "fees" were small, so there was no such thing as saving him.

—Brigham Young wants to get into the Union, or rather the territory of Utah into it. He has been in the union business himself for many years, till his wives and children exceed in number those of any of the ancient patriarchs.

—This week the Palmer Journal enters upon its sixteenth volume.

—Parson Brownlow says that should he be elected Governor of Tennessee, his paper would still be published by him. He would have an organ of his own, and one that he could depend upon to play his favorite airs.

—The rebel army at Richmond is being fed by subscription. The Richmond Whig says circulars have been sent to magistrates and others to urge the people to contribute provisions for the suffering soldiers.

—Green's fate is supposed to depend upon the action of the legislature on the question of abolishing capital punishment. Should the gallows be put down, it would be argued that it ought not to be set up for the hanging of any one now under sentence of death.

—In less than two months almost a thousand pieces of cannon have been taken from the rebels. Evidently the confederacy is going to pieces. "Save the pieces!" is a vain cry at the South.

—Vesuvius is "erupting." What a sensation it would make if that old ashes-blower were to bury up a few towns in the time of Napoleon III, as he did in the days of Titus, the Well-Beloved. An Englishman recently lost his life by dodging one of the falling stones. He fell down a precipice.

—Hon. John P. Hale is confirmed minister to Madrid.

—Dr. Newton is performing wonders at Chicago in the way of healing the sick simply by touching the patients. He is the man who held forth in Springfield some time ago.

—Ohio's black laws are finally disposed of, even the remnants of them being swept into that musthole which is called the past.

—An old sugar maker informs the Maine Farmer that he always shovels away the snow from the trees before he taps them. He says that it makes a very great difference in the flow of sap.

A FOP.

"Nature made every fop to plague his brother,
Just as one beauty mortifies another."

—The returned union prisoners at Annapolis are being mustered for pay and furloughs for thirty days, by officers sent there especially for the purpose.

—They consider our silver coin "a nuisance" in Canada. We have most successfully abated the nuisance here.

—Gen. McClellan is at Rome, rather an out-of-the-way place for him, as it was the city of triumphs.

—A bull-dog killed an infant child at Portsmouth, N. H., a few days ago.

—A lady at the opera at New York, a few nights ago, wore a $40,000 bouquet of diamonds on her head. Shoddy or petroleum?

—The recent revocation of the order compelling the use of passports between the United States and Canada caused general rejoicing along the border.

—A movement among the 150,000 Germans in New York is on foot to promote observance of the Sabbath.

—The News and Transcript, whose office was lately burned at North Adams, will not be resumed until times are better for country newspapers.

—The Richmond Examiner consoles itself with the idea that "the Yankees are now raising the last army that they can, and we have but to dispose of the force in front of us, and our perils are over."

—Mr. Davis is said to favor the abandonment of Richmond, and Gen. Lee to oppose it; and Mr. Benjamin sides with Mr. Davis.

—Admiral Dahlgren in capturing Georgetown, S. C., got possession of the richest rice-growing section of the country.

—Within the last month nineteen hundred rebel prisoners have taken the oath of allegiance at the provost-marshal's office in Washington, and been sent North.

—Negroes have begun to testify in the courts of what were once slaveholding States. The country is ruined.

—Eggs have fallen very low, but without breaking, though many speculators were broken by the fall.

—The new state constitution of Tennessee has been adopted by an overwhelming vote.

—The Richmond Examiner says an ordinary breakfast in that city costs fifty dollars.

—The telegraph line will be working in a few weeks between San Francisco and British Columbia.

—It is stated that the Virginia Valley, up to the very fortifications of Washington, is alive with guerillas.

—A man in New London is building a church at his own expense.

A HOUSEFUL OF SICK UNION SOLDIERS BURNED ALIVE.—A Tribune correspondent at Wilmington, N. C., is informed by the chaplain of a Connecticut regiment, and had the fact attested by an escaped prisoner, that a number of sick Union prisoners who were lying in a house, and unable to move with the retreating rebel army from Willmington, were burned to death in the house by the roadside. The house was set fire, probably with the intention of driving them out, but being unable to save themselves, they fell victims to the flames.—Their charred remains have been seen lying where they perished. Such hellish barbarity will not, we believe go unpunished by an avenging God.

NEW HAMPSHIRE ELECTION.—The State election for New Hampshire occurred on Tuesday. Smythe, the Union candidate for Governor was elected by about 7000 majority. The executive council and both branches of the legislature are republican. Three republican members of Congress are elected, a gain of one to the cause of freedom.

☞The National Intelligencer learns from the highest quarters that there never has been a time since the war began when there was less danger of foreign interference than there is now.

DRUNKEN SENATOR.—Senator Saulsbury of Delaware was so drunk in the Senate last Tuesday that permission to participate in the debate was refused him.

RUN OVER.—An Irishwoman was run over by the cars at Worcester, on the Norwich and Worcester Railroad, Tuesday evening last week, and killed.

PETROLEUM.—Twenty-six new petroleum companies were set in motion last week with 3,740,000 shares and an aggregate capital of $12,225,000.

A REVELATION.—A Cincinnati spiritualist has had a revelation that Mobile was to fall on the 4th inst., Sherman was to whip Joe Johnston last Thursday and Richmond is to be taken on the 2d of May next.

CENSUS OF NEW YORK.—It is believed that the census of New York, to be taken this year will show that its present population is over four millions. The drain of men for the war has been more than made up by emmigration.

PETTY ROBBERS.—Wm. H. Robinson of Brookfield and John A. Snow of Chicopee are under arrest to answer the charge of committing a series of robberies on the evening train from New York while the cars were temporarily detained at Springfield.

SHOCKING ACCIDENT.—A terrible accident occurred on the Opelousa (La.) Railroad on Friday last. A train having on board the 33d Illinois ran over a horse, which threw eleven cars from the track, instantly killing ten and severely wounding 39, several of whom will probably not recover.

ABOUT SO.—There is a growing conviction among the rank and file of the rebel army that they are now only fighting to secure safety for the leaders of the rebellion. "We can get a good place for ourselves, if the slaveholders would let us; but they make us fight for their sakes," are the words they use.

SCHEME OF A MURDERER.—George Victor Townley, who was convicted in England, a few months since, of the murder of Miss Godwin, a young lady to whom he was attached because she preferred another man to himself, committed suicide in the Pentonville prison on Sunday, the 12th ult.

U. S. SILVER COIN.—There is quite an excitement at Toronto, Canada, caused by controversies between business men who are willing to take American silver at par and those who demand a discount. The Board of Trade are among the latter, and recommend four per cent. as the proper rate.

A HIGH SEAT.—In the high steeple of St. Michael's at Charleston, may be seen the sanctum of the officer appointed to count the number and effect of the shells during the seige.—In case the tower itself was struck he had a rope ladder with which to make the dizzy descent.

GERMAN SPECULATION IN UNITED STATES BONDS.—The London Times says: Advices from Frankfort mention that the Bourse in that city has become the emporium for the business in American bonds, and that orders are pouring in from all parts, so that the dealings are almost every week on the increasing scale.

A GROWING CROP.—There were 9,819,939 pounds of maple sugar made in Vermont in 1860, an increase of 3,470,682 pounds over 1850. New York made nearly 4,000,000 pounds more than Vermont in 1850 but only 996,651 pounds more than Vermont in 1860. The sugar crop in Vermont last spring was 15,000,000 pounds worth $2 250,000.

REINFORCEMENTS FOR SHERMAN'S ARMY.—The New York World's correspondent at Port Royal, S. C., says every steamer which arrives there brings reinforcements for Sherman's army, which will be strengthened by thousands of troops when he makes known his positive location. They will be sent to Charleston, en route for his headquarters.

A SINGULAR STORY.—There is a strange story afloat in Montreal to the effect that a Commissioner on the part of the Washington Government has been in that city for weeks negotiating with the leaders of the Annexation party, and obtaining information as to the feeling of the people on the subject of a union of Canada to the United States.

AN OLD FELLOW!—They have "scared up" a man in Wisconsin who is 130 years old.—His name 's Crele, and the figures appear to be correct. He was born in the year 1735, when King George II. had been only eight years King of Great Britain. Quite a veteran and entitled to be on intimate terms with the Everlasting Jew, as the Germans term our old friend the Wandering Jew.

DECLINE OF NASSAU, N. P.—A righteous judgement has at last fallen upon that grand rendezvous of blockade runners, the port of Nassau, by the capture of Wilmington and Charleston. A depression of trade commenced to settle down upon this pest-hole of the Bahamas. There are now in the harbor upwards of thirty-five blockade runners lying idle.—Their average cost was £40,000, or over $400,000 each in greenbacks, representing a useless capital of over $15,000,000.

"UNITE OR WE PERISH."—The Richmond Sentinel, makes an appeal to the military and civic authorities for unity of sentiment and action, declaring that discordance now will be death to the confederacy. We quote:

"*We must be united or we must fall.* We can take our choice but no more. We must act heartily and cordially together, or we shall together perish by our own distractions. Providence will not suspend in our favor that universal law in accordance with which folly brings its own punishment." Well, it seems that notwithstanding this appeal, the people of rebeldom are not united and according to the Sentinel's prediction the confederacy must go under.

PALMER AND VICINITY.

BLUEBIRDS, robins, and spring weather have all come at once, and are welcome visitors.

REV. MR. BULLOCK will preach at the Baptist church to-morrow.

CAUCUS.—A citizens' caucus will be held at the town house this, Saturday, evening, to nominate town officers for the ensuing year.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY, which occurred yesterday, was celebrated with a Shamrock ball at Duckville, in the evening.

BONDVILLE.—J. P. Shaw has sold his store at Bondville to A. R. Murdock, jr., and Austin Gould.

LATE rains have pretty much settled the roads in this vicinity. The snow has departed, with the exception of small spots on the shady sides of walls and fences.

FARMERS' HELP.—Help for farmers is plentier in this vicinity than it was last year, but high wages are demanded, and good hands are pretty sure to command them.

QUARTERLY MEETING.—A quarterly meeting of all the inspectors of the several State almshouses and Rainsford Island Hospital, was held at the Monson State Almshouse on Tuesday.

ONE MORE.—One more death from the fatal disease visiting this place has occured since our last issue—a young child of Henry McMaster. This is the tenth fatal case. Only one new case is reported.

THE 7-30 LOAN.—Persons can invest in this popular U. S. loan by applying at this office. Bonds furnished in sums of $50, $100, $500, and $1000. These bonds are going off like hot cakes. Be quick, or you lose them.

THE Methodist parsonage at Four Corners was forcibly entered and taken possession of on Wednesday evening, by a goodly number of the friends of Rev. Chas. H. Hannaford, who made their pastor over $100 richer for their visit. A previous contribution increased the donation to $130.

TAXES.—The legislative committe on finance has reported the following State taxes to be levied this year: Palmer, $6627; Brimfield, $3572; Holland, $705; Monson, $6774; Wales, $1363; Wilbraham, $4606; Ludlow, $2444; Belchertown, $5922; Enfield, $3008; Greenwich, $1401; Ware, $6909.

TOWN MATTERS.—Our annual town meeting occurs next Monday, and the subject of town officers is already pretty earnestly discussed.—Two of the selectmen have, we understand, signified their intention to retire, while one will remain if the people are willing. The practice of retaining one of the outgoing board upon the new ticket is usually a good one; but there seems to be a disposition to make a clean sweep and put a set of fresh hands at the town business. It is freely talked, upon the street and at the corners, that the business of the town has, for several years, been managed with a looseness which, if continued, will bankrupt every tax payer, and that a radical change in officers and management is necessary in order to set things right. It should be remembered, however, that all the towns have been called upon for a lavish expenditure of money during the past four years, and that mountains of debt have risen suddenly to view. We do not doubt that our selectmen have labored honestly and earnestly for the welfare of the town, and we cannot say that they have not managed as well as a new board will. The lack of system, so much complained of, has been growing upon the town for years. Among the names mentioned for a new board of selectmen are Enos Calkins, Purlin Shearer, Geo. Moores, Samuel Haynes, Austin R. Smith—a good list, furnishing material for an excellent ticket. The board of assessors will be partially changed, and it will be necessary to elect two new members of the school committee. Mr. Dimock, town clerk, will, probably, retain his office, as there appears to be no desire for a change.

SOUTH WILBRAHAM.—The surveyors of a railroad route from Springfield to Stafford have been lionized at South Wilbraham, and the people of that mountain village expect business will take a fresh start in anticipation of a live railroad.—Rufus Weston, who has been teaching a union singing school through the winter, will close with a grand concert.—Little Johnnie Wall, who was seriously injured by having his arm caught in some machinery in the Scantic Mill, a furtnight ago, is rapidly recovering. His arm was taken off near the shoulder by Dr. Beck, of Springfield, assisted by Dr. Ballard, of South Wilbraham.

MR. EDITOR:—The exhibition at the close of the High School here, which came off in the Cong. church on Thursday and Friday evenings, last week, was a triumphant success. All the pupils performed their several parts to the entire satisfaction of all. Some here who have not the acquaintance of Mr. Warren, of the Boston Museum, thought he was present in the person of Mr. "Walsangham Potts."—Rev. Mr. Whitehill's parishioners made him a surprise visit on Tuesday evening, taking full and entire possession of his house. After having a good time generally, they left in his study photograph album bought by the children of his Sabbath school, while the fathers filled it with greenbacks to the amount of $76. The occasion was rendered *peculiarly* interesting by the presence of the clergyman of the other denomination, by invitation.—I understand the Baptist society here, by vote, terminate the labors of Rev. Mr. Morse with them in three months.—The contemplated railroad from Springfield to Stafford Spring is much talked of here, and, if talking will build the road, we shall succeed. Some have thought they heard the whistle, and are "looking for the engine" and harking to hear the "bell ring." "We shall see what we shall see." S. W.

INCOMES.—The following is a correct list of incomes of 1863, on which a special assessment was made October 1, 1864, in the towns of Ware, Enfield and Belchertown, viz: Geo. H. Gilbert, $81,325 00; Lewis N. Gilbert, $20,135.00; Chas. A. Stevens, $22,603.24; Orrin Sage, $6,620.00; S. J. Wetherell, $2,120.00; Wm. Hyde, $2,004.16; Otis Lane, $1,465.00; A. Sandford, $1,318.00; J. H. Storrs, $1,176.00; D. W. Miner, $1,000.00; J. R. Lawton, $920.00; E. C. Richardson, $750 00; Geo. T. Hill, $529.00; H. Ives, $489,75; S. H. Phelps, $450.10; C. Hitchcock, $450.00; A. E. P. Perkins, $408.00; J. Hartwell, $355.00; Geo. Robinson, $350,00; J. D. Hamilton, $300.00; J. H. Sawyer, $300.00; W. C. Sheldon, $230.00; D. B. Billings, $222,25; H. Chilson, $180.00; Geo. Gould, $110.30; S. E. Sprague, $100.00; S. Morse, $25.00, of Ware.—J. B. Woods, $12,391.60; estate of Leonard Woods, $10,740.00; D. B. Gillett, $7000.00; E. Smith, $6,275.13; R. D. Woods, $4,109.00; S. B. Collins, $3,344.00; D. Smith, $3,142.00; H. M. Smith, $950.37; C. Shearer, $8.43.44; J. Warren, $600.00; B. Ward, $200.00; E. P. Smith, $178.25; Ezra Carey, $155,47; Edwin Carey, $139,25; C; F. Woods, $50,00; A. Moody, $30.00, Enfield.—F. M. Bardwell, $1,129.00; W. J. Holland, $1,008.38, M. M. Pulver, $774.88; A. M. Scott, $336.32; R. Davis, $163.00; J. B. Hamblin, $116.52; C. Bridgman, 120.00; A. E. Dorman, $100.00; H. B. Blake, $95.00, of Belchertown.

TOWN ELECTIONS.—*Wales*—Clerk and treasurer, G. S. Rogers; selectmen and overseers of the poor, J. M. Lyon, I. C. Burley, and F. C. Smith; assessors, Wm. Oreutt, S. B. Perry, C. L. Stebbins; school committee, for 3 years, I. C. Burley, one year, to fill vacancy, Wm. I. Ricketts; constable and collectur, E. D. Shaw.

Ludlow—Clerk and treasurer, Geo. E. Root; selectmen and overseers of the poor, F. F. McLean, Henry Charles, J. S. Eaton; assessors, E. C. Eaton, H. S. Jones, Jerry Dutton; school committee, C. N. Buel; constable and collector, Benjamin F. Burr.

Warren—Town clerk and treasurer, Samuel M. Blair; selectmen, Wm. A. Patrick, Simon H. Sibley, Wm. D. Ramsdell; assessors, Chas. Bliss, S. B. Richardson, Royal E. Blair; overseers of poor, Wm. Lincoln, A. A. Burbank; school committee, D. Warren Shepard; constables, Wm. Combs, Royal E. Blair.

Monson—Moderator, Albert Norcross; clerk, Elmer B. Miles; treasurer, Wm. N. Flynt; selectmen, Daniel G. Potter, Dwight King, J. B. Foster; assessors, Joshua Tracy, James M. A. Squier, Andrew A. Warriner; school committee, John P. Cady; constables, E. P. Newton, Turtius Hyde; fence viewers, Daniel Foskit, Calvin S. Pease, Lee Blanchard; field drivers, Lyman Dorman, James Dorman, Wm. Carroll.

THE SPRINGFIELD BRIDGE.—The bill which the legislative committee had reported, making the bridge across the Connecticut river at Springfield free, was rejected in a thin Senate on Wednesday, 10 voting for it to 15 against it. A reconsideration was moved, and it may fare better next time. Senator Alexander, who is a stockholder in the bridge has labored assiduously against the bill, but did not vote when the question was taken. Should the bill pass of which there is not much hope, a question arises, which will be equally as interesting, whether the whole country or the towns to be directly benefitted, should pay for it.—Westfield already wants to back out, and why should the towns east of Springfield pay for a thing that will not benefit them in the least?

PANIC AMONG THE SLAVES.—Quite a panic prevails among the negroes in North Carolina since the announcement that they are to be conscripted to fight in the rebel army. The rebels are now gathering them up for this purpose. A strong combination exists among the conservative slaveholders to resist this measure, some of whom are arming their slaves in order that they may be able to defy the rebel authorities, and thus retain their servants, who exhibit a readines to fight for their masters and their homes, rather than to fight for the rebel confederacy.

A MARRYING MAN.—A clergyman near Lowell on the 1st day of December in a certain year, attended the funeral of a married lady; on the 4th day of the next July he married the bereaved husband to a second wife, who suddenly died in about two weeks, and he conducted the funeral services, on the 22d or 23d of July, and on the 3d day of the following December he married the man to his third wife. Thus in the space of one year and four days the man had three wives, buried two of them, and had two weddings.

COOL AND AIRY.—A sporting man in Troy N. Y., has laid a wager of $100 that he will walk, one day this week, through the principal streets of that city, at noonday, clad only in a suit made of newspapers—wearing no other garment. He is said to be now engaged in praying for milder weather, fur fear that he may freeze in the attempt.

HOW THE FRENCH FEEL.—Official papers laid before the French Chambers state that France maintains neautrality in the American quarrel; and they complain that our government does not respond satisfactorily to demands made upon it in behalf of French subjects who have been damaged by American operations.

WORTHILY BESTOWED.—On Friday evening, last, at Readville, a telescopic rifle manufactured by N. & G. Whitmore, of Mansfield, was presented to Brig.-Gen. Richard A. Pierce, the gift of some of his military friends. The rifle is an elegant piece of workmanship, costing $250.

SUICIDE OF A BOY.—A lad about twelve years old, who had been put out to service near Bordentown, N. J., where his parents reside, committed suicide by hanging himself one day last week, because he was refused permission to go home and see his mother.

☞By the new enrolment law no man, except an alien, can enlist and be credited on any quota except that of the sub-district where he resides.

FAST DAY in Massachusetts, April 13th.

OUR DUTY.—We deem it our duty to keep constantly before our readers that most valuable of all medicines known as Coe's Cough Balsam. It has stood the tests of time and experiment, and all who have used it speak in the most praiseworthy terms of its medicinal value. It is the real duty of every parent to keep a constant supply of it in the house, ready for immediate use. Not only is it a most splendid remedy for coughs, sudden colds, influenza, croup and all throat complaints, but it is the consumptive's great relief.—When they are so far gone that no medicine will ever cure them, Coe's Cough Balsam will be found an invaluable friend to allay the coughing help the expectoration and ease the sufferer.—Why will ye that are suffering from coughs, cold croup, sore throat, hoarseness—and that are liable to pulmonary attacks, not take our advice, and provide yourself with a supply of Coe's Cough Balsam—the best and cheapest Cough Balsam in the world? It costs but forty cents and can be found upon the counters of druggists.

THE SIFTING TIME.—The Philadelphia Press says, in reference to the oil fever:—"We are now in the sifting time. In a hundred days we shall, probably, see one-half of the petroleum companies disappear. Probably it will be a smash, and somebody get hurt."

WHISKERS!—Those wishing a fine set of whiskers, a nice moustache, or a beautiful head of glossy hair, will please read the card of THOS. F. CHAPMAN in another part of this paper.

MR. EDITOR—Dear Sir:—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send, by return mail to all who wish it, (free) a recipe, with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm that will effectually remove, in ten days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth, and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads and Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than thirty days.

All applications answered by return mail without charge. Respectfully yours,

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
m4 3m 831 Broadway, New York.

A Card to Invalids.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and visious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate. I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *Free of Charge.*

Address JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D., Bible House, New York City.

Whiskers! Whiskers!

Do you want Whiskers or Mustaches? Our Grecian Compound will force them to grow on the smoothest face or chin, or hair on bald heads, in six weeks. Price, $1. Sent by mail anywhere, closely sealed, on receipt of price. Address

1sd24 WARNER & Co., Brooklyn, New York.

Lyon's Periodical Drops!

The Great Female Remedy for Irregularities.

These drops are a scientifically compounded fluid preparation, and better than any Pills, Powder, or Nostrums. Being liquid, their action is direct and positive, rendering them a reliable, speedy and certain specific for the cure of all obstructions and suppressions of nature. Their popularity is indicated b the fact that over 100,000 bottles are annually sold and consumed by the ladies of the United States, every one of whome speaks in the strongest terms of praise of their great merits. They are rapidly taking the place of every other Female Remedy, and are considered by all who know aught of them, as the surest, safest, and most infallible preparation in the world, for the cure of all female complaints, the removal of all obstructions of nature and the promotion of health, regularity and strength. Explicit directions stating when they may be used, and explaining when and why they should not, nor could not be used without producing effects contrary to nature's chosen laws, will be found, carefully folded around each bottle, with the written signature of JOHN L LYON, without which none are genuine.

Prepared by Dr. JOHN L. LYON, 195 Chapel Street, New Haven, Conn., who can be consulted either personally, or by mail, (enclosing stamp,) concerning all private diseases and female weaknesses.

Sold by Druggists everywhere.

C. G. CLARK & CO.,
Gen'l Agents for U. S. and Canadas.

REEVES' ORIGINAL
REEVES' GENUINE
REEVES' RELIABLE

AMBROSIA,

FOR THE GROWTH, BEAUTY, AND PRESERVATION OF THE HAIR.

One of the Many Testimonials.

NEW YORK, September, 1862.

I have many evidences to prove that Reeves' Ambrosia is all it is represented to be. I will state a few factss—could relate many more, give the names, residences, etc.

About two years ago I purchased some of Reeves' Ambrosia for my customers. Many, perhaps, bo't it with but little faith in its excellence. But seeiug the same ones return time and time again for "another bottle," led me to inquire as to the result of their experience. I was assured by all of benefits obtained beyond expectation. Hair falling out was prevented, that turning gray was arrested, the thin and slowly growing hair was made to grow thick and rapid; in fact and were pleased and highly elated. An instance showing the remarkable effects of its use for one year, came to my knowledge as follows: A lady, (one of my customers) who informed me that this preparation had caused her hair to grow, proved the truth of her assertion by removing her bonnet and letting down her beautiful hair. Measuring its length, it showed a growth of 3 feet and 9 inches since using Reeves' Ambrosia. I hear many speak in its praise, and can confidently recommend it from my own experience.

Miss S. MOODY. 319 Grand Street.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30, 1862.

Proprietor of Reeves' Ambrosia—Dear Sir:—Noticing upon one of your circulars a statement from Miss S. Moody, and believing that the person referred to is none other than myself, I desire to fully corrobrate her statement as I did on one occasion, while in her store, discussing the merits of your Ambrosia, remove my bonnet to show a proof of the excellence of your preparation. I would at any time give you a certificate in detail. Shall recommend it all I can, believing it to be infallible. Yours, gratefully,

Mrs. JOS. T. LOVELL.

REEVES' AMBROSIA is for sale by all Druggists, and at 62 Fulton Street, N. Y.

☞ Price, 75 Cents per Bottle. d106m.

For sale in Palmer by WOOD & ALLEN, General Agents for Mass.

B Strength to the Weak! Youth to the Aged!

BIOKRENE, or Life Rejuvenator.

This preparation is unequalled as a Rejuvenator, and Restorer of wasted or inert functions.

The aged should be certain to make the Biokrene a household god, inasmuch as it will render them youthful in feeling and in strength, and enable them to live over again the days of their pristine joy. It not only exhilerates but strengthens, and is really an invaluable blessing, especially to those who have been reduced to a condition of servility, self abuse, misfortune, or ordinary sickness. No matter what the cause of the impotency of any human organ, this superb preparation will remove the effect at once and forever.

BIOKRENE cures Impotency, General Debility, Nervous Incapacity, Dyspepsia, Depression, Loss of Appetite, Low Spirits, Weakness of the Organs of Generation, Imbecility, Mental Indolence, Emaciation, Ennui, It has a most Delightful. Desirable, and Novel Effect upon the Nervous System; and all who are in any way prostrated by nervous disabilities are earnestly advised to seek a cure in this most excelleut and unequalled preparation.

Persons who by imprudence have lost their NATURAL VIGOR will find a speedy and permanent cure in the

BIOKRENE.

The Feeble, the Languid, the Despairing, the Old should give this valuable discovery a trial; it will be found totally different from all other articles for the same purposes.

TO FEMALES.—This preparation is invaluable in nervous weaknesses of all kinds, as it will restore the wasted strength with wonderful permanence.

It is also a grand tonic, and will give relief in Dyspepsia with the first dose. A brief persistence in its use will renovate the stomach to a degree of perfect health, and banish Dyspepsia forever

One Dollar per Bottle, or six Bottles for $5. Sold by Druggists generally.

Sent by express anywhere, by addressing

HUTCHINGS & HILLYER, Proprietors,
81 Cedar Street, New York.

Sold in Palmer by Wood & Allen; in Ware by Daniel Holden, and in Stafford Springs by H. T. Small & Co.

Aug. 13, 1864. sn **B**

Dr. S. O. Richardson's

BLOOD-ROOT ELIXIR

Is an effectual cure for

COSTIVENESS,

and the best remedy ever prepared for DISEASES OF THE LIVER, and all IMPURITIES OF THE BLOOD.

Sold by all druggists, and at the Doctor's office, 51 Hanover street, Boston. o296m*

Information Free! To Nervous Sufferers!

A Gentleman cured of Nervous Debility, Incompetency, Premature Decay, and Youthful Error, actuated by a desire to benefit others, will be happy to furnish to all who need it, (free of charge) the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy used in his case. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's bad experience, and possess a sure and valuable remedy, can do so by addressing him at once at his place of business. The Recipe, and full information—of vital importance—will be cheerfully sent by return mail.

JOHN B. OGDEN, 60 Nassau st., New York.

P. S.—Nervous sufferers of both sexes will find this information invaluable. d24 3m

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IF YOU WANT TO KNOW

A little of everything relating to the human system, male and female; the causes and treatment of diseases; the marriage customs of the world; how to marry well, and a thousand things never published before, read the revised and enlarged edition of "MEDICAL COMMON SENSE," a curious book for curious people, and a good book for every one. 400 pages, 100 illustrations. Price, $1 50. Content tables sent free to any address. Books may be had at the bookstores, or will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of the price. Address

E. B. FOOTE, M. D.,
ja28 6m 1130 Broadway, New York.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a Sure Cure For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address. REV. EDWARD A. WILSON.

3m. Williamsburgh, Kings County, New York.

OLD EYES MADE NEW.

A Pamphlet directing how to speedily restore sight and give up spectacles, without the aid of doctor or medicine. Sent by mail, free, on receipt of 10 cents. Address E. B. FOOTE, M. D.,

6mja28. 1130 Broadway, New York.

TO THE NERVOUS, DEBILITATED AND DESPONDENT OF BOTH SEXES.

A great sufferer having been restored to health in a few days, after many years of misery, is willing to assist his suffering fellow creatures by sending (free), on the receipt of a postpaid addressed envelope, a copy of the *formula* of cure employed. Direct to JOHN M. DAGNALL,

my19 Box 183 Post Office, Brooklyn, N. Y.

BORN.

In West Springfield, 21, a son (Walter Foster) to EDWARD M. SIBLEY of Warren.

In Springfield, 11th, a daughter (Marian Vincent) to H. A. ELLIS of Warren.

MARRIED.

In Stafford, 13th, by Rev. W. H. Dean, HENRY E. WEST and ANNA A. WILLIAMS.

In Blanford, 14th, JAMES RICHARDS of Wilbraham and ELIZABETH HERRICK.

DIED.

In Palmer, 16th, HARRIET, 39, wife of Cheney Allen.

In Ludlow, 13th, HENRY GRAVES, 71.

At the Soldiers' Rest, Springfield, 7th, GEORGE F. OLDS, 20, of company E, 61st Mass. regiment, son of Seth B. Olds of Three Rivers.

In Belchertown, 10th, ANNA J., 76, widow of the late Henry Stebbins.

In Monson, 21, LOIS, 83, widow of Charles Carpenter; 13th, Dea. ABSALOM SHAW, 71.

In Monson, 15th, TIMOTHY PACKARD, 83.

In Ware, 8th, Mrs. RUBY O. SPEAR, 48; same day, GEORGE DWIGHT, 16 weeks, son of Dwight J. Simonds; 13th, MARY MORSE, 4, only daughter of Mrs. S. F. Clark.

In Tolland, Ct, 11th, RUTH GREEN, 73.

In Palmer, 10th, HENRY CLARK, 3 years, 5 months; son of Henry McMaster.

In Thorndike, 8th, ANNIE BELL, 4 years, 9 months, daughter of Marshall L. Hitchcock.

HOTEL FOR SALE.

THE property known as the Fiskdale Hotel, in Sturbridge, is offered for sale. The hotel is built of stone, and there is a barn and two sheds in good repair connected with the premises. Also, two acres of good land, covered with fruit trees. Apply to O. Parker on the premises, or to the subscriber in Palmer. Terms will be made easy.

Palmer, Mar. 18, 1865.—3w J. A. SQUIER.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

HEAD-QUARTERS, BOSTON, March 10, 1865.

GENERAL ORDER, No. 5.

I. The War Department has called for one Regiment of Infantry for one year's service, and for thirty Companies of Infantry to recruit our old regiments.

II. Colonel Ansel D. Wass, formerly of the 19th and late of the 60th Regiment, has been commissioned Colonel, and Lieutenant-Colonel I. Harris Hooper, late of the 15th Regiment, Lieutenant-Colonel of the new regiment, which has been designated the 62d Regiment of Massachusetts Volunteers.

III. The thirty unattached Companies will be assigned to Special Orders to commands in the field for which they are raised. It is desired to appeal to the enthusiasm and *esprit du corps* of veteran soldiers, to the feelings of neighborhood and local attachment, and to every noble sentiment by which the soldiers of Massachusetts have been inspired in the past, and which have helped to gild their record of glory.

IV. Enlistments can be made in these companies for one, two, or three years. Recruits will receive the bounties now fixed by law, namely:—for one year's men, one hundred dollars in hand, or twenty dollars a month; two years' men, two hundred dollars in hand, or fifty dollars in hand and twenty dollars a month; three year's men, three hundred and twenty-five dollars in hand, or fifty dollars in hand and twenty dollars a month

V. These bounties are in addition to the United States bounties; also in addition to the State aid which is allowed to families of all enlisted men credited to Massachusetts' quota; also in addition to the local bounties paid by cities and towns.

VI. The 62 Regiment and the new companies will rendezvous at Camp Meiggs, Readville. Recruits will be mustered in by the several District Provost-Marshals, and be forwarded by them to camp.

VII. Officers and soldiers who have been in service and honorably discharged, competent to receive commands, and desiring to return to the service of their country, will receive cordial welcome at these headquarters, and their applications to aid in forming organizations and receive commissions will have full preference.

VIII. These new organizations afford opportunities to our patriotic young men to enter the service in companies with their friends and acquaintances. They will know who are to be their companions in arms before they leave the Commonwealth,—with whom in after years they can rehearse to each other the noble part they took in the great campaign which ended the Rebellion, conquered peace, and restored liberty and union to the nation and the people.

IX. The Governor earnestly invites the heartiest co-operation in this effort to reinforce our brothers in the field by the presence of 4,000 recruits of Massachusetts men. The final struggle is at hand. The work is nearly done. By the fidelity and zeal of the people it will be soon and surely done. The indifference or selfishness of to-day will be paid for by the shame and regret of a life-time. The devoted soldier, who comes now to the task with the heart of a patriot and the energy of a man, will find his reward in the untold satisfaction of a glorious future, and the gratitude of posterity forever.

By order of His Excellency JOHN A. ANDREW, Governor and Commander-in-Chief.

m18 WM. SCHOULER, Adjutant-General.

FOR SALE.

TWENTY-FIVE ACRES OF LAND,

SITUATED in the village of Three Rivers, Palmer, 2½ miles from Palmer Depot. Said land is well divided, and adapted to mowing, pasturing, and cultivation, with barn and a small house. Also, 50,000 feet 1¼ inch

Yellow Pine and White Pine Boards.

For particulars inquire of m182w*

Palmer, March 13, 1865. GEORGE BROWN.

SPLENDID FARM
At Palmer Depot,
AT AUCTION!

Will be sold on the premises, on TUESDAY, March, 28th, at 2 o'clock P. M., the farm, with buildings thereon, popularly known as the

Homestead of the late Dea. Eliphalet Tenney,

about one-half mile from Palmer Depot, on the main road to Brimfield and Monson. The place contains about 54 acres of soule of the

BEST FARM LAND IN PALMER,

suitably divided into tillage, pasture, wood, and mow land, cuts large crops of the best English hay all by machine, is well watered, a good wood-lot, an orchard of grafted fruit, together with a good substantial, pleasant and well arranged house, with nearly new barns and sheds, 40x50, with cellar under the whole, all well located.

The property, from its location and other advantages, is probably one of the most desirable for sale in this vicinity. Terms made known at sale.

Also a small lot of Lumber, Tables, and various articles of Furniture, &c. SUSAN TENNEY.

THEO. D. BEACH; Auct'r, 209 Main St., Springfield.

Palmer, March 18, 1865. 2w.

CLOTHING

Marked Down! Down!

NOW IS YOUR TIME TO BUY.

CALL ON THE

NEW YORK

CLOTHING

COMPANY,

138 MAIN ST., SPRINGFIELD,

(Corner of Vernon Street)

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,

HATS AND CAPS,

From one of

THE LARGEST WHOLESALE ESTABLISHMENTS

in the City of New York,

ANY ONE WISHING

A Good Substantial Article

FOR A

LITTLE MONEY,

WOULD DO WELL TO

EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

ALL GOODS SOLD BY US ARE.

WARRANTED

TO BE AS REPRESENTED.

We will allow the privilege of exchanging (within three days), any garment sold at retail, which upon examination at home does not meet the entire approval of the purchaser, either in material, style, or fit; or, if that is not sufficiently liberal,

WE WILL REFUND THE MONEY.

Our terms of sale are strictly for cash, and

WE GUARANTEE

A BETTER ARTICLE

OF CLOTHING FOR THE PRICE

than can be obtained elsewhere. Call and satisfy yourselves, at

138 MAIN ST.,

nearly opposite Baptist Church,

SPRINGFIELD.....MASS.

n21tf

The Most Popular Book of Pianoforte Instruction is

RICHARDSON'S NEW METHOD,

Having a Regular Sale of 25,000 Copies a Year.

It is superior in excellence to all other "Methods," and

THE BOOK THAT EVERY PUPIL NEEDS

for the acquirement of a thorough knowledge of Pianoforte playing. It is adapted to ALL GRADES OF TUITION, from the Rudimental Studies of the youngest to the Studies and exercises of Advanced Pupils. Two editions are published, one adopting American the other Foreign Fingering. When the work is ordered, if no preference is designated, the edition with American Fingering will be sent.

Be sure that in ordering it you are particular in specifying the "New Method." Price $3.75. Mailed post-paid to any address. Sold by all Music Dealers. OLIVER DITSON & CO.,

Publishers, 277 Washington Street, Boston.

REMOVED!

THE BOOT AND SHOE STORE

—OF—

L. DIMOCK,

Is removed to the center store in

Palmer House Block, Sign of the Boot,

Where I intend to keep constantly on hand

A FULL ASSORTMENT

Of BOOTS AND SHOES, of every description, which I will sell at the

LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES.

Also, **Boots Made to Order, and Repairing** done in the best manner and most reasonable terms.

While grateful for your patronage in the past, I am determined to merit it in the future.

Don't mistake the place—Centre Store, Palmer House Block: Sign of the Boot.

Palmer, March 4, 1865. LYMAN DIMOCK

IF YOU WANT
A GOOD ARTICLE
—OF—

READY-MADE CLOTHING

For a Little Money,

Call at D. MULVIHILL'S,

Palmer, March 4, 1865. Nassowanne Block.

CHARLESTON EVACUATED!

GOLD HAS FALLEN!

And so have many kinds of Goods, and

MY PRICES

ARE MARKED TO CORRESPOND.

Good Prints,	25 cts.
All others,	33
Best DeLaines,	42
7-8 Brown Cottons,	30
Nice yard wide, do.	37½
Best 9-8 do., do.,	42
Larg't size best qual. Ladies' Nubias,	1 25
Heavy Long Shawls, largest size,	7 00
Best quality do.,	11 00
More Ladies' Rubber Boots,	2 50
More Ladies' Rubber Sandals,	1 00
Colored Cambrics (slightly soiled),	17
A lot of shop worn shoes,	75
Good Bleached Cottons,	25, 33, @50
Good Cot. and Wool Flannels,	40@60
Heavy Cotton Goods, for suits,	80
Good Balmoral Skirts,	$3@$4.50
Nice Alpaccas,	50@75
Best All Wool Delaines,	75
Heavy yard wide Cottons,	40
Heaviest Cottons made,	50

A lot of Ladies' Cambric Collars, half price.

All-widths OIL CLOTHS, Palm Leaf MATTRASSES, HOOP SKIRTS, every size from 6 to 40 springs.

A variety of SUGARS; several kinds of MOLASSES and SYRUPS; TEAS and COFFEES.

☞ Remember the French Breakfast and Dinner Coffee.

VARIOUS GRADES OF FLOUR,

From the cheapest to the best made. BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, RYE FLOUR, GRAHAM FLOUR, CORN AND RYE MEAL, always on hand.

Just Received, a lot of *SMITH'S PARAFFINE*, for Boots, Harnesses, or any Leather work. The *only sure Water Proof Leather Preserver* known, and will be furnished by the dozeu or gross, at New York prices.

Always on hand an assortment of

Clocks, Trunks, Toys and Fancy Goods,

Cooking Extracts and Perfumeries,

All the popular *PATENT MEDICINES*,

In STONE and WOODEN WARE, the usual variety.

Crockery and Glass Ware, enough of it.

HATS AND CAPS,

a good stock at all times. Also,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

for Men and Boys, and as good a variety of Ladies', Misses', and Childrens', Shoes, in Leather and Serge Work, as can be found, in stores out of the cities.

I shall soon receive all the most popular

FERTILIZERS,

to which the attention of Farmers is invited.

Recollect, I always have

A LARGE STOCK OF GOODS,

At *PRICES TO SUIT THE PEOPLE* and the times, all marked in plain figures, and

ONE PRICE ONLY.

☞ Every one who owes me is requested to make immediate payment, as a change in business is contemplated.

E. E. TOWNE.

Monson, Feb. 25, 1865.

J. H. STORRS

Invites the special attention of all buyers o

DRY GOODS

to his LARGE and VARIED ASSORTMENT

—OF—

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

—AT—

Marked Down Prices!

Having bought very largely at the late

PANIC PRICES,

we are now prepared to meet the views of buyers, to

CORRESPOND WITH THE PRICE OF GOLD.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS,

—AND—

FEATHERS,

—AT—

REDUCED PRICES.

CHOICE AND VARIED ASSORTMENT

—OF—

DRESS FABRICS,

Embracing ALL NEW AND DESIRABLE STYLES of both

European and American Manufacture,

which he will sell

AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

French Merinos,
French Ottoman Cloths,
German Repps,
6-4 Mohair Plaids,
Clan Tartan Plaids,
All Wool Plaids,
Rich Plaid Poplins,
Roman Plaids,
Plaid Poil de Chevres,
Colored Alapcas,
Colored Lyonese Cloths,
8-4 Crown Alpaccas,
Mourning Dress Goods,
All-Wool Delaines,
Black Silks,
Cross Grain Silks,
Colored Poult de Soies,
&c., &c., &c.

Respectfully,

J. H. STORRS.

Ware, Oct. 1, 1864.

New Styles of

PAPER HANGINGS & BORDERS,

CURTAINS, of various kinds, CURTAIN FIXTURES, Cord and Tassels, a great variety.

Also, a good assortment of

Books, Stationery, Music, Periodicals,

And NEWSPAPERS for sale.

Ware, March 4—3m. G. K. CUTLER.

DODGE & HASTINGS,

PAY the HIGHEST MARKET PRICE for GOOD VEAL CALVES.

Palmer, Feb. 25, 1865.

FISH, OF ALL KINDS,

FOR SALE

AT PARKS' STORE.

Palmer House Block.

WANTED—PRIME MINK SKINS.

H. T. SMALL & CO.

Dec. 10. Stafford Springs, Ct.

SMITH & CONVERSE,

Successors to M. W. FRENCH & BRO.,

Have on Hand a Choice Lot of

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES,

Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes,

&c., &c., &c.

YARD WIDE COTTONS,

VERY CHEAP.

New Spring Style DeLaines, Very Handsome.

Also, a large assortment of

SPRING SKIRTS,

All Styles and Prices.

GIVE US A CALL.

GEO. L. SMITH. JOHN S. CONVERSE.

Palmer, Mass., 1865.

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, the undersigned has assumed the General subscription Agency for the sale of United States Treasury Notes, bearing seven and three-tenths per cent. interest, per annum, known as the

SEVEN-THIRTY LOAN.

These Notes are issued under date of August 15th, 1864, and are payable three years from that time, in currency, or are convertible at the option of the holder into

U. S. 5-20 Six per cent. Gold Bearing Bonds.

These bonds are now worth a premium of nine per cent. including gold interest from Nov., which makes the actual profit on the 7-30 loan, at current rates, including interest, about ten per cent., per annum, besides its exemption from *State and Municipal Taxation*, which adds from one to three per cent. more, according to the rate levied on other property. The interest is payable semi-annually, by coupons attached to each note, which may be cut off and sold to any bank or banker.

The interest amounts to

One Cent per Day on a $50 Note.			
Two	"	"	$100 "
Ten	"	"	$500 "
Twenty	"	"	$1000 "
$1	"	"	$5000 "

Notes of all the denominations named will be promptly furnished upon receipt of subscriptions. This is

THE ONLY LOAN IN MARKET,

now offered by the Government, and it is confidently expected that its superior advantages will make it

The Great Popular Loan of the People.

Less than $200,000,000 remain unsold, which will probably be disposed of within the next 60 or 90 days, when the notes will undoubtedly command a premium, as has uniformly been the case on closing the subscriptions to other Loans.

In order that citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loan, the National Banks, State Banks, and Private Bankers throughout the country have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will select their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent,

PHILADELPHIA.

Subscriptions will be received by the

First National Bank of Springfield.
Second National Bank of Springfield.
Third National Bank of Springfield.
Ware National Bank of Ware.
Monson National Bank of Monson.
f25 Stafford National Bank of Stafford. 3m

THE NINTH NATIONAL BANK

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

CAPITAL, $1,000,000---PAID IN,

Fiscal Agent of the United States,

And Special Agent for Jay Cooke, Subscription Agent.

Will Deliver 7-30 Notes, Free of Charge,

by express, in all parts of the country, and receive in payment Checks on New York, Philadelphia, and Boston, current bills, and all five per cent. interest notes, with interest to date of subscription. Orders sent by mail will be promptly filled.

This Bank receives the accounts of Banks and Bankers on favorable terms; also of individuals keeping New York accounts.

J. T. HILL Cashier. J. U. ORVIS, Pres't.

FISK & HATCH,

BANKERS,

And Dealers in Government Securities,

38 Wall Street, New York,

—ARE—

U. S. GOVERNMENT AGENTS,

FOR THE SALE OF THE

POPULAR 7-30 LOAN,

Under the recent arrangement of the Treasury Department with Mr. JAY COOKE, General Subscription Agent.

Checks and Drafts on New York, Legal Tender Notes, and National Bank Notes may be remitted in payment. We also receive all Legal Tender *Five per cent.* Notes, and allow the *accrued interest to date of subscription.*

The 7-30 Notes will be forwarded by express, free of charge, to all points reached by the express companies.

Orders may be forwarded to us direct, or through your nearest bank or banker.

Persons visiting the city will find a full assortment of the notes on hand at our office for immediate delivery.

Orders by mail should be accompanied with the address in full to which the notes are to be forwarded.

We also keep on hand, and buy and sell at market rates, all kinds of

United States Securities.

Accounts of Banks, Bankers, and individuals received on favorable terms.

FISK & HATCH, BANKERS,

f18 38 Wall Street, New York. 3m.

GREAT SALE

—OF—

DRY GOODS!

W. W. CROSS,

STRONG BLOCK....PALMER.

The subscriber begs leave to offer to the citizens of Palmer and vicinity his entire STOCK of DRY GOODS, at a GREAT REDUCTION from previous rates. GREAT BARGAINS will be given in the various departments.

DRESS GOODS!

THIBETS, SHADES OF

Green. Tan, Black, Purple.
Garnet. Georgean Pigeon. Blue. Scarlet.

PLAIDS.

Scotch. Herbecians. Cotton & Wool. Persian.
Crossovers. All Wool. Checks. Valencias.

PLAIN GOODS.

All Wool Reps. All Wool DeLaines. Coburgs.
Alpaccas. Lyonese Cloths. Ottomans.
Amures. Alpines.

FIGURED GOODS.

Alpaccas. Cotton & Wool DeLaines. Parametias.
Amures. All Wool do. Ottomans.
Repps. Taffetas.

PRINTS.

A BIG Assortment. Good Prints, 25 cents.
Best do. 28 to 33½c

SILKS! SILKS!

Plain Black Silks, and Fancy Silks, at less than the present cost of Importation.

CLOAKS AND SHAWLS!

Black Beaver Cloaks. All Wool Cloaks.

A big line of Square and Double Shawls, bought at low figures, and to be sold at ruinous prices.

Black and White Square Shawls, from $4.50 to $6.00.

SKIRTS AND CORSETS!

BALMORAL SKIRTS.

All Wool Colors, from $3.50 to $4.50 each, to close the lot.

HOOP SKIRTS.

Ladies' White Skirts, for $0.80, 1.00, 1.25, 1.50.
" Colored " same prices.
Misses White and Colored do., all sizes.

Mrs. Nathan's Celebrated Corsets.

White Corsets, $1.75. Colored do., $1.50 @ 1.75.

FURS! FURS!

A large line of Ladies' Muffs, which we shall sell at $4.50 each, to close out the lot.

Also, SETTS, at Prices that cannot be beat.

FANCY GOODS!

Ladies' White and Col'd Hose. Braids,
Misses do. do. Gimpures.
Lot of Ladies' Ribbed Hose, at Bugle Trimmings.
at 37½c ₱ pair, worth 62½. Bindings.
Ladies' Gloves, all styles. Perfumeries.
Black Kids, Fancy Kids, Back Combs.
White Kids, Cashmere Gloves. Side Combs.
Embroideries. Round Combs.
Wrought Collars, Linen do. Jet Pins.
Linen Cuffs. Soaps de Toilet.
Dress Buttons, all newest styles. &c. &c.

WORSTED GOODS!

A BIG LINE.

Hoods. Sontags. Breakfast Capes. Undersleeves.
Nubias. Mittens. Leggins. &c. &c.

which must be sold, as we will not keep them over.

MILLINERY! MILLINERY!

THE BEST ASSORTMENT

Of Millinery Goods to be found

IN HAMPDEN COUNTY.

All the NEWEST STYLES and LATEST NOVELTIES.

BOOTS AND SHOES!

500 pairs Ladies' Cloth Gaiters, some of them a little out of style, which we shall sell from $1 to $1.50 per pair.

200 pairs Ladies' Thick Boots, at $1 per pair.

Ladies' Ruhbers, $1.25 per pair.

Ladies' and Misses' Kid and Cloth Balmorals.

Men's Rubber Boots. Men's Arctic Gaiters.
Men's Calf Boots. Men's Thick Boots.

Boys' Boots. Children's Boots and Shoes.

A good assortment of all kinds, and at prices which will render

COMPETITION USELESS.

READY-MADE CLOTHING!

MARKED DOWN!

Frock Undercoats. Pants and Vests to match.
Sack do. Suits to match.
English Sacks. Men's Pants, new and pretty patterns.
Boys' Sacks.
Beaver Overcoats. Undershirts and Drawers, white and colored, for $2.00 each, to close a large lot.
Boys' Overcoats.
Boys' Jackets.
Boys' Suits.

HATS AND CAPS!

For Men and Boys, all the latest and most desirable styles.

DOMESTICS!

Stripes, Ticking, Checks, Denims, Cotton Flannels, Sheetings.

Bleached and Brown Shirtings, all widths.

Flannels—White, blue, gray, red, yellow; figured flannels, in all colors for shirtings.

Woolen Cloths—a good assortment, suitable for men and boys' wear.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS!

CROCKERY, of all kinds.

CARPETINGS, purchased before the rise, and which will be sold at low figures.

PAPER HANGINGS, all styles and prices.

OIL CARPETINGS, all widths.

OIL RUGS, all sizes.

TRUNKS, CARPET BAGS, FEATHERS, &c., &c., &c.

We shall offer our merchandise at unprecedented low rates for the times, for sixty days, in order to reduce our stock before invoicing; and customers will do well to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere, as we shall make it a point to live up to our advertised rates, however low.

☞ GOODS CHEERFULLY SHOWN.

W. W. CROSS.

Palmer, Jan. 7, 1865.

STAMP CONNECTED WITH SETTLEMENTS OF ESTATES.—By the decision of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, the presentation of a will for probate, application for the appointment of administrators and guardians, do not require stamps. The probate of wills, letters of administration, and bonds of execution, administrators, guardians and trustees are subject to stamp duty as is also the appraisal of value. But all other proceedings, such as petitions, orders, notices, certificates and affidavits used in the settlement of the estate are exempt.

INTERNAL REVENUE DECISION.—STAMP ON SURETY OF LEASE.—If surety to a lease is under seal, it is subject to stamp duty as a bond not otherwise charged in the schedule, and requires a five cent stamp. If it is not under seal, it is subject to stamp as an agreement requiring a five cent stamp.

ENGLISH CONVICTS.—Eight Enligsh convicts reached New York in the ship Plymouth Rock on Monday morning, having been released before the expiration of their terms of imprisonment. They appear to have been sent over by the English Prison Aid Society, which paid their passage.

☞If a man will be a loafer, he had probably better do it in a coffee house than in a church.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

PROBATE COURT. HAMPDEN, ss.

To all parties interested in any of the Real Estate of David Shaw, late of Palmer, in said Cuuuty, deceased, testate: Greeting:

WHEREAS, Persis Hardin, David H. Maynard, and Julia A. Maynard, of Clinton, in the County of Worcester, have presented to said Court a petition, representing that they are interested in the real estate of said deceased, lying in this State, and praying that partitiun thereof may be made among the heirs according to law—

Yuu are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Springfield, in said county of Hampden, on the first Tuesday of April next, at nine o'clock in the furenoon, to show cause, if any you have, against the same. And said petitioners are ordered to serve this citation by delivering a copy thereof to each person interested who can be found within the State, fourteen days at least before said court, and if any one cannot be so found, by also publishing the same in the Palmer Journal, a newspaper printed at Palmer, ouce in each week for three weeks at least before said Court.

Witness, WILLIAM S. SHURTLEFF, Esquire Judge of said Court, this, seventh day of March, in the year one thousand, eight hundred and sixty-five. SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

Copy—attest SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of Chlue Laub, late of Palmer, in the couuty of Hampden, deceased; and has taken upon himself that trust, by giving bonds as the law directs. And all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate are called upon to make payment to A. R. MURDOCK Administrator.

Palmer, March 7, 1865. uI1

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed executrix of the estate of Reuben Nichols, late of Briuufield, in the county of Hampden, deceased; and has taken upon herself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are re ire tu exhibit the saiue, and all persons indebted to said estate are called upun to make payment to

SARAH H. NICHOLS, Executrix.

Dec. 6, 1864*

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Just received and for sale by

D. MULVIHILL,

Nassowanno Block, Palmer, Mass.

March 4, 1865.

FARM FOR SALE.

SITUATED in Palmer Center, known as the Frink Tavern Stand. The undersigned, laboring under many infirmities, wishes to draw his laborious business tu a close, aud will give a man a bargain that wishes to invest in real estate.

Give me a call, and I will show the premises.

ELIAS TURNER.

Palmer, March 6, 1865. mI1 3w

TO LET.

THE ROOMS IN STRONG BLOCK heretofore used as a Tin-shop. Enquire of

Palmer, March 4, 1865. JAS. G. ALLEN.

TOBACCO.

FINE CUT, CHEWING, and SMOKING, o the best quality. Also, the best

Plug Tobacco, Navy Cavendish, &c.,

For sale AT PARK'S STORE, Palmer.

F L O U R

Of all grades, FOR SALE LOW for cash,

AT A. H. PARKS' STORE,

West end of Palmer House Block, Palmer, Mass.

PETROLEUM STOCKS

Are now attracting much attention, as

They Pay Larger Dividends

than any other stocks in the market, ranging from

One to Five per Cent. per Month.

Parties wishing to subscribe for stock in the "Great Basin" the "Massachusetts & Oil Creek," the "New England," "Fuller Farm," or other first-class oil companies, or in the

Montezuma Gold Mining Company,

the ore of which assays at over $8,000 per eord, can do so at the office of

Palmer, Jan. 21, 1865. JAS. G. ALLEN.

ANY BOOK WANTED!

CAN be obtained at short notice by leaving orders at our store. A select assortment of STANDARD WORKS ou hand, together with TOY BOOKS and BOOKS FOR YOUTH.

Have just received Hall's Aretic Researches, Abbott's Empire of Austria, The Nurse and Spy, Taylor's John Godfrey's Fortune, The Schonberry Cotta Family, Enoch Arden, by Tennyson, Dora Darling, Abbott's Histories, &c., &c.

Give us a Call.

WOOD & ALLEN,

Palmer, Feb. 11, 1865. tf

CHEAP PASSAGE

—TO AND FROM—

GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND.

TAPSCOTT BROTHERS & CO'S

Emigration & Foreign Exchange Office,

86 SOUTH ST., NEW YORK.

Drafts on England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales.

Tapscott's Favorite Line of **Liverpool Packets** sails every Three Days.

X Line of **London Packets,** sails every Ten Days.

Parties wishing to send for their friends, or remit money to the Old Country can do so at the lowest rates by applying to

3mj21 **CHAS. E. STEVENS, Ware.**

WOODS' Celebrated Dry Hop Yeast, for sale at PARKS' STORE, Palmer

ENVELOPES, embellished with Busines Cards, furnished at this office.

HEALTH

HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT
BUCHU.

For Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine, Inflammation ur Ulceratiun of the Bladder or Kidneys, Diseases uf the Prustrate Gland, Gravel, Brick Dust Deposits, Dropsical Swellings, Organic Weakness, Debility, Feiuale Couplaints, &c.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu and

IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Will radically exterminate from the system Diseases arising from habits of Dissipation, at little expense, little or no change of diet, no inconvenience or exposure, completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copabia and Mercury, in curing these diseases.

USE HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

In all Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in MALE OR FEMALE, *from whatever cause originating*, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in its taste and odor, IMMEDIATE in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Irun.

Those suffering from Broken Down or Delicate Constitutions, *procure the Remedy at once.*

The reader must be aware that however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect his *Bodily Health, Mental Powers and Happiness.* If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue.

All the above diseases require the aid of a diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

IS THE GREAT DIURETIC.

HELMBOLD'S

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED COMPOUND

FLUID

EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,

For purifying the bloud, removing all diseases arising from excess ane imprudence in life, chronic constitutional diseases arising frum an impure state of the blood, and the only reliable and effectual know remedy for the cure of Scrofula, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Pains and Swellings of the Bones, Ulcerations of the Throat and Legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Tetter, Erpsipelas, and all scaly eruptions of the skin, aud beautifyiug the complexion.

AND

HAPPINESS

NOT A FEW

Of the worst disorders that afflict mankind arise from the corruption that accumulates in the Blood. Of all the discoveries that have been made to purge it out, none can equal in effect Helmbold's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla. It cleanses and renovates the Blood, instills the vigor of health into the system and purges out the humors which make disease. It stimulates the healthy functions of the body, and expels the disorders that grow and rankle in the blood. Such a remedy, that could be relied on, has long been sought for, and now, for the first time, the public have one on which they can depeud. Our space here does not admit of certificates to show its effects, but the trial of a single bottle will show to the sick that it has virtues surpassing anything they have ever taken.

Two tablespoonsful of the Extract of Sarsaparilla, added to a pint of water, is equal to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is equal to a galion of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla, or the decoction as usually made.

The above Extracts are prepared on purely scientific principles—in Vacuo—and embody the full strength of the ingredients entering into their composition. A ready and conclusive test will be a comparison of their properties with those set forth in the U. S. Dispensatory.

HOW TO USE THE REMEDIES.

In diseases of the Blood, Humors on the Face, or any and every part of the body, use Extract Sarsaparilla, applying to Pimples and all external Humors or Eruptions the Improved Rose Wash.

Use the Extract Buchu for all diseases requiring the aid of a Diuretic, except those uf the Urinary Organs, such as Gonorrhœa and Gleet; in these use the Extrac Buchu and inject with the Improved Rose Wash.

☞THESE EXTRACTS HAVE BEEN ADMITTED TO USE IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY, and also are in very general use in all the STATE HOSPITALS and Public Institutions throughout the laud, as well as in private practice, and are considered as invaluable remedies.

Medicine delivered to Any Address.

Direct letters to—

HELMBOLD'S DRUG & CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,

594 Broadway, New York,

Next Metropolitan Hotel, or to

HELMBOLD'S MEDICAL DEPOT,

104 South Tenth St., Philadelphia,

Assembly Buildings.

Describe Symptoms in all Commuication.

☞Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

☞Beware of Counterfeits.

☞Ask for Helmbold's. Take no Other.

Feb. 25. 1y.

SECURED.

Palmer Steam Mill!

THE subscribers, having leased the Steam Mill formerly occupied by Hall & Trumble, offer for sale

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

FLOUR, GRAIN, MEAL,

FEED, SALT, LIME,

COAL, WOOD, &c,

AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

CASH PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.

Palmer, Mass., Dec. 20, 1862.

NEW GROCERY STORE!

The undersigned, having purchased the stock of

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS

lately owned by J. P. SHAW, and removed them to their Flour and Grain Store, and having made large additions thereto, are prepared to furnish

FAMILY GROCERIES as CHEAP as at any other establishment in the county.

As we deal largely in

FLOUR AND GRAIN,

we are enabled to make purchases at

LOW FIGURES,

aud sell in the same manner.

All kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods.

☞Remember the place—

At the Palmer Steam Mill.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.

Palmer, Aug. 29, 1863.

GOLD PENS

FOR THE MILLION!

Pens to Suit the Hand, and Prices to Suit the Pocket!

The Best Gold Pens in the World!

On receipt of the following sums we will send, by mail or as directed, a Guld Pen or Pens, selecting the same according to the description, namely:

Gold Pens in Silver Plated Extension Cases, with Pencils.

For $1 a No. 2 pen — For $2 a No. 5 pen
For 1 25 a No. 3 pen — For 2 25 a No. 6 pen
For 1 50 a No. 4 pen

These pens are stamped THE IMPERIAL PEN, and are well finished and fine writing Gold Pens, with goud Ardium points, although they are unwarranted and cannot be exchanged.

WARRANTED GOLD PENS.

Our name (American Guld Pen Co., N. Y.) is stamped on all our 1st quality pens, and the points are warranted for six months, except against accident. Our SECOND quality pens are stamped THE NATIONAL PEN, with the initials of uur firm, (A. G. P. Co.) and are carefully made, having the same points as our 1st quality pens, the only great difference being in the quality of the Gold

Gold Pens, 1st and 2d Quality, in Solid Silver Extension Cases, with Pencils.

For $2 00 a No. 1 pen, 1st quality, or No. 2 pen 2d quat.
For 2 25 a No. 2 pen 1st quality, or No. 3 pen 2d qual.
For 2 25 a No. 3 pen 1st quality, or No. 4 pen 2d qual.
For 3 50 a No. 4 pen 1st quality, or No. 5 pen 2d qual.
For 4 50 a No. 5 pen 1st quality, or No. 6 pen 2d qual.
For 5 50 a No 6 pen 1st quality.

The same Gold Pens in Solid Silver or Gold Plated Ebony Desk Holders and Morocco Cases.

For $2 25 a No. 3 pen 1st quality, or No. 4 pen 2d qual.
For 2 50 a No. 4 pen 1st quality, or No. 5 pen 2d qual.
For 3 50 a No 5 pen 1st quality, or No 6 pen 3d qual.
For 4 00 a No. 6 pen 1st quality. For $5 50 a No 7 pen.
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New London, Jan. 2, 1865.

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The Palmer Journal.

VOLUME XVI. PALMER, MASS., SATURDAY, MARCH 25, 1865. NUMBER 2.

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—BY—
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S. B. WITHERELL, Dealer in Furnaces and Stoves, and Tin, Iron and Copper Work.

WM. MCKINSTREY, Merchant Tailor and Manufacturer of Custom Clothing, opposite the Bank.

WM. O. GOULD, Dealer in Millinery of all kinds, Demond's Block, Main street, up stairs.

One Year Ago.

One year ago!
How swift has sped the time,
And yet how slow—
How long and sad the silence, that has been
Unbroken by that voice I yearn to hear again.

One year ago!
My heart was full of tears.
I crushed their flow;
Then kissed the fair, sweet lips, that bade me kiss—
Those lips that spoke of love and tenderness.

One year ago!
How hard to drink the cup
So full of woe—
To feel the last embrace, the last "Good bye,"
And see the light fade out the loving eye!

One year ago!
E'en at this very hour,
He ceased to know
The untold grief, the bitter tears we shed,
For him, our only boy—our early dead.

One year ago!
Now, basking in the light
Of Heaven's glow,
Folded within the Saviour's sheltering arms,
Our darling's safe from earth's bewildering charms.

E.

MONSON, March 2d, 1865.

THE PHANTOM SKATER.

John Phillips was, and is, one of the most accomplished skaters I ever saw, and the most untiring and devoted cultivator of that graceful art anybody ever saw. Morning, noon, and night, through the skating season, found Jack skimming over the surface of the river that ran by the foot of his garden, or whirling, in wondrous curves and gyrations manifold, within a circle of a few feet in diameter, whose periphery was closed by a tripple line of admiring spectators. He seemed to live on the ice. People who wanted to be witty insinuated that ice was his meat and drink, and that he had been seen making a hearty lunch off a good sized block of ice, washed down by a draught of the clear, cold water of which it was composed. I have too often lunched with Jack off cold chicken and ale, however, in the noontide interval of skating, not to know that this was pure invention.

There were a number of cottages along the river side, and a number of pleasant people lived in them—amiable "old folks," clever lads, and pretty lasses—all of whom, save the elders, whose skating days had gone by, were more or less familiar with Jack's favorite accomplishment, and many merry skating frolics were held thereon.

Perhaps the most graceful and accomplished *artiste*, after Jack, was a charming young damsel of some seventeen summers (and winters, for every season must and will count in the race of life), by name Fanny Leyton, who lived in the cottage lowest down the river, nearly half a mile below Phillips' house. Fanny and Jack often ran races, and it was a doubtful matter which was the swifter of the two on a straight ahead match, though Jack far surpassed her in the arabesque, if I may so call them, evolutions and figures of the art. My readers will not be surprised to learn that Jack Phillips was desperately smitten with Miss Fanny; but it will give pain, I fear, to know that she looked coldly (even in summer) upon his passion. What the reason was, I never knew, nor did he, I believe. At all events it was a fact and to Jack a melancholy one; though he bore up manfully under it, and, believing that faint heart never won fair lady, kept hoping, persevering in his suit with praiseworthy ardor.

Fanny didn't dislike Jack, mind you; on the contrary, she seemed fond of his society, for he was a genial fellow and a thorough gentleman; but whenever he attempted to pass beyond the limits of simple friendship and to speak of his love, she turned the subject aside with a laugh, saying she didn't intend to allow any thought of love to trouble her till she was five-and-twenty at least, and that Jack was too agreeable as a friend and companion to think of changing him in that character. Upon which Jack would look mopish for a moment, then brighten up again and join in the laugh, and the conversation would continue in the hantering tone Miss Fanny had just adopted.

This was the state of affairs between them when the events I am about to relate suddenly and essentially modified them.

Jack had been kept in town all day, very much to his disgust, by some busiuess it was impossible to delay or neglect. The ice was in splendid condition, and Phillips had been picturing to himself the gay scene it doubtless presented the while he was tied down to his desk in a musty law office. And, as if to vex him the more, there was a large space of dirty frozen water in the court on which his windows looked, and every time he glanced up from his papers he beheld some five or six boys, most of them with a single skate, scudding up and down this oasis with shouts of laughter, and many a tumble on the opaque surface of the frozen puddle, which only made them the merrier.

"Confound the brats!" said Jack, savagely. "How the deuce can a man think with such an infernal row in his ears! I've a great mind to go out and drive them off." However, as Jack was a most amiable fellow at bottom, he didn't execute his threat, but contented himself with semi-occasional anathemas on the urchins in the intervals of his labor.

When he finally stopped to light his gas, they were gone, and a couple of hours' perfect silence enabled Jack to finish his task and prepare to go home. "Let me see," said he to himself as he went along. "Yes, it will be moonlight by about ten o'clock to-night, and I'll have a glorious skating frolic all to myself, and there won't be any one out, it's so abominably cold." Jack was quite consoled with this idea; and, by the time he had had his supper, lit his cigar, and sat down in front of a cheerful fire, beside his widowed mother and his only sister Kate, he was in capital humor.

"Kate, how I wish your foot was well!" said he, "so that you might go with me on the river to-night. There won't be a soul out, and we would have it all to ourselves." Kate had violently sprained her ancle a few days before, in skating.

"Why, John!" exclaimed Mrs. Phillips, "you surely don't think of going skating such a bitter night as this! You'll freeze to death, my boy."

"Not a bit of it, mother," said Jack, cheerily. "I am used to it, you know, and haven't I that splendid worsted jacket you knit for me?—I'd defy Lapland in that jacket."

"They've been cutting up the river to-day, Jack," said Kate. "Look out for the air-holes."

"Pooh! as if I didn't know all about it," said Jack, chucking his sister playfully under the chin. "I'll jump 'em, my dear, if I don't see 'em in time to go round."

Being aware, from experience, that remonstrance would be useless, neither Mrs. Phillips or Kate voluntered any further remarks of that nature; and at ten o'clock Jack bade them good night, and appareling himself in skating gear, went merrily forth to his solitary ice frolic.

There was, fortunately, no wind. A still, biting cold made everything crisp and brittle. The turf crackled under foot, and, though it was many inches thick, the ice ever and anon gave a sharp snap as the weight of Jack Phillips pressed for an instant upon it, here and there in his erratic course over its moonlit surface.

After loitering, as it were, on the ice back in front of his own grounds for awhile, an idea struck Jack that it would be a pleasant thing to skate down the river as far as Fanny Leyton's domicile, and have a peep at the windows thereof, especially a certain two that gave air and light to that young lady's chamber. Jack immediately acted upon this idea, and, in a few minutes brought himself gradually to a stand in front of the Leyton villa. His hope, however, if such he had, of seeing a light glancing from the casements, or from any special casement, of that mansion, proved fallacious. The house was entirely dark within, and the moon, which was but lately risen, shed a pale, cold glitter on the grey stone walls, blackened fantastically here and there by the shadows of the old trees which stood around them.

Jack heaved an involuntary sigh, and, after remaining a few moments longer, in a sort of reverie, by the river bank, struck out toward its center, with a view of returning homeward. Gazing mechanically down the stream as he shot out from the shore, his gaze was suddenly arrested by the apparition of a form which seemed to be skating in a circle near the further shore, about a couple of hundred yards lower down. He fancied for a moment that it was an optical illusion, as the distance and the uncertain light thrown by the moon through the belt of trees that lined the river side, made the figure somewhat shadowy and indistinct. He rubbed his eyes, skated further out into the line of vision, and looked again. No! there it was, an actual form, curving and swaying in the fantastic evolutions of an accomplished skater, in the same spot where he had beheld it an instant before.

"Who can that be?" muttered Jack. "Some one from town, I reckon. At all events, I'll run down and have a nearer look at him."—And, suiting the action to the word, he started leisurely down the river.

A few yards below the point at which the form seen by Jack was gliding about, the river took a bend, and narrowed suddenly, running, for more than three miles, between lofty, overhanging banks, from which the trees, chiefly hemlock and pine, projected towards each other from either shore, throwing the stream into deep shadow, with here and there a band of light, where a few trees had been cut down or fallen away from the bank with the gradual wash of the soil from their gnarled roots.

To Jack's astonishment, no sooner was he under way for the mysterious skater, than the latter, apparently seeing him and divining his intention, suddenly ceased his gyrations, and, after an instant's pause, shot swiftly down the river, keeping close in shore, and evidently with the design of evading Jack's pursuit.

"Ho, ho!" said Jack to himself, "that's your game, is it? Very well! Here goes for a race, my fine fellow!"

And, putting forth an additional amount of strength, he increased his speed so far and quickly as to gain a hundred yards in a moment upon the flying phantom. But the other, apparently perceiving this game, immediately increased his own pace, and, without materially widening the distance between them, sped onward with a rapidity which defied Jack's utmost efforts to surpass. In a moment the form had entered the deep shadows beyond the bend, and Jack lost sight of it.—In another, he again beheld it flitting across a space of moonlight, still the same distance ahead, to become again lost almost instantly in the next line of darkness. In this manner, through gloom and through glitter, the chase continued with wonderful swiftness for nearly two miles, neither pursuer or pursued gaining upon each other.

What the emotions of the phantom were (for Jack had begun, involuntarily, to call it thus himself), of course, I cannot pretend to say; but Phillips' mind was roused up to a pitch of excitement that sent the blood coursing hotly through his veins, and caused a profuse perspiration to start forth upon his bosom and brow, in spite of the bitter cold. He was, however, unconscious of this, and felt neither cold, heat, nor fatigue. His whole soul was possessed with the one fixed resolve to overtake the phantom. He never saw or heard anything else but the fleeing form and the echoes that rolled along the ice from the skate strokes; nor did he relax his speed for an instant, whether in shade or in moonshine, or give other heed to his course than to make it as straight and as swift as that of an arrow launched by a stout archer from an ash-en bow.

The chase had now entered on its third mile, and here the river became tortuous and irregular, a sharp curve spreading out into a broad, bay-like expanse, and suddenly closing up again into a deep, dark gorge, only to curve out its banks again a few yards further on, into a brief space of clear moonlight and calm water.

When these open spaces occurred, the phantom hugged the shore, which was always in partial shadow; but Jack held straight across the open space, hoping thereby to gain upon the fugitive, by substituting the straight line for the curve. The advantage, however, had been but slight and transient so far; and the race bade fair to carry them both to the sea, which was but twenty miles further down, when, as Phillips entered the third of the openings above described, he beheld (for his eye was ever steadily fixed in quest of the phantom); with a grim delight, the form scarce two-thirds of the distance around its margin, and evidently gliding with diminished speed. The pace had, at last, begun to tell upon it.

Jack's heart bounded fiercely, for he was possessed with a sort of rage against this weird skater, who had thus far foiled his powers of speed and endurance, and with a desperate effort, he shot, with the speed of light, straight out across the moonlit space, feeling confident that he would head the phantom off in the mouth of the opposite gore. His eyes were still fixed on the dark form seen indistinctly skimming along under the shadow of the further bank. He was more than half way across the opening, and nearly abreast of the figure, when there was a crash; he felt the ice give way beneath him, and, in an instant, he was plunged into the deadly cold water, with a shock that caused him to utter a wild, sharp shriek of mingled terror and pain ere his head sunk beneath the bubbling surface.

Fortunately, the river was not very deep at this point, nor was the current at all rapid; and, in another moment, Jack was struggling manfully among the broken ice to reach the firm edge of the air-hole. But, encumbered as he was by his skates and heavy clothing, and nearly paralyzed by the intense cold of the water, it is more than doubtful if he would have succeeded in rescuing himself from a horrible death. Help, however, was at hand. The phantom had heard the shriek and seen Jack disappear, and, quick as the swallow's flight, it sped to the rescue. On the very edge of the air-hole it halted, and rapidly tearing off a long cashmere scarf with which its throat and shoulders were protected, planted its skates firmly athwart-wise on the ice, and flung the end of the scarf, with skilful aim, right into Jack's face, crying, at the same time, in a clear, sweet voice:—"Hold hard, Jack, and never fear. Nuw for it."

The voice gave Jack new life. A sudden glow seemed to gather around his heart, and to start the warm blood afresh through all his stiffening limbs. He caught the scarf in his teeth; then, grasping it with his left hand, was enabled, without great strain upon the rescuer's strength, to climb upon the solid ice, hoarsely ejaculating, "God bless you, Fanny!" and instantly lost consciousness.

There was not a moment to lose. Assistance must be had at once, or Jack had only been rescued from one death to succumb to another almost as speedy. There stood a small cottage on the nearer shore of the stream, inhabited by a ferryman, who carried freight and passengers over the river; for the nearest bridge was opposite the city, three miles and more above, and there was none below for more than ten. To this cottage Fanny Leyton, brave and devoted girl, and no longer provoking phantom, flew rather than skated. A few heavy blows with a large stone soon awoke the inmates; ten hurried words told the tale; and, in twenty minutes, Jack Phillips, stripped and wrapped in blankets, was laid on a mattress before the fire, while Enoch, the ferryman, concocted a powerful hot toddy, his panacea against all fleshly ills, for his slowly reviving guest.

Fanny Leyton, having sent Enoch by land to her own house with news of the affair, heroically re-buckled on her skates, and started, as swiftly as ever, up the river, to bear the tidings to Mrs. Phillips and Kate. In an hour Jack was as well as ever apparently, and less than two hours later, Mrs. Phillips' carriage, with Kate and all sorts of remedies and clothing within, drove up to the ferryman's door and carried Jack home.

The next morning, however, Jack was not so well. He had high fever, and every limb seemed to burn and throb, as if with acute rheumatism. But about nine o'clock came Fanny, with anxious inquiries about his state, and before she left Kate, with whom she was in close confab for an hour, she wrote a few lines with a pencil, which she desired might be given to Jack as soon as she was gone.

As my friend would never show me the note or communicate its contents, I am unable to give them to the reader. But they were eminently agreeable, I feel confident; for, as soon as Jack recovered, which was in a very few days, he called at the Leyton mansion, and continued to repeat his visits daily for a month; at the end of which time he announced to me "and the rest of mankind" who cared to know it, that he was engaged to Miss Fanny Leyton.

They have been married now more than a year, and a happier couple I never desire to see. They still go skating now and then, both by day and by night, but are not betrayed into danger by the fantastic chase of a PHANTOM SKATER.

THE INWARD REWARD OF VIRTUE.—A character of a highly virtuous and lofty stamp is degraded rather than exalted by an attempt to reward virtue with temporal prosperity.—Such is not the recompense which Providence has deemed worthy of suffering merit, and it is a dangerous and fatal doctrine to teach young persons, that rectitude of conduct and of principle, is either naturally allied with, or adequately rewarded by, the gratification of our passions or the attainment of our wishes. In a word, if a virtuous and self-denying character in a romance is dismissed with temporal wealth, greatness, rank, or the indulgence of a rashly formed or ill-assorted passion, it is natural to say, verily, virtue has its reward. But a glance on the great picture of life will show that the duties of self-denial, of the sacrifice of passion to principle, are seldom thus remunerated; and that the internal consciousness of the high-minded discharge of duty produces, on their own reflections, a more adequate recompense, in the form of that peace "which the world can neither give nor take away."—*Walter Scott.*

GOOD ADVICE.—A plain old clergyman was once applied to by a young man, for advice on a very important matter. He asked which of two sisters he had best pay his addresses to. One was very lovely in her disposition but not a professor of religion. The other was a professing Christian, but was very ill-tempered.

"Marry the good-tempered one, by all means," said the old gentleman. "The Spirit of God can live where you can't."

☞ What is the difference between a bantam cock and a dirty housemaid? The one is a domestic fowl, and the other a foul domestic.

The Great Liar.

Old Stiggins was a noted scamp—
He'd lie the handle off a lamp,
And silly mischief brew;
He never had but *two* black eyes,
He'd beat a druggist vending *leys*,
And a ship a *lying-to*.

He moulded lies with cunning pate,
He knew that man could castigate,
As his scars did truly show;
The cause no mortal should forget—
His pearly teeth were a false set,
And his voice a *falset-to*.

One day a drover did espy
Old Stiggins, whom he thought would buy
A mare trained to the course.
In vain persuasions—force was tried—
"It's not a mare!" the old rogue cried,
Till his lying made him *hoarse*.

"Look, what a tail!" the drover cried;
"'Twould please a ruler's kingly pride
When courtly fancies fail."
"What! that a tail?" the rogue replies;
"Don't think to blind these precious eyes,
For I *can tell a tale*."

The drover pounced upon him quick,
And beat him with a stout old stick,
Until his arms did tire;
Old Stiggins writhed and yelled in fear—
The notes did charm the truthful ear,
When the drover touched the *liar*.

At last old Stiggins lost his breath—
'Twas stolen by the hand of Death,
But much against his will;
And as his friends did take their leave,
Sad feelings did each bosom heave,
When they found him *lying still*.

THE GENII OF THE MINES.

We often wonder if the author of the Arabian Nights ever wandered through a land so prolific of strange events and wierdly wild scenery as this our new State. What food for thought, what material for the writer of legends, is here furnished. What was the wealth of Aladdin's or Cassim Baba's caves to the treasures which lie buried in every hill that stands sentinel upon our city? and what the sudden transition from poverty to riches enjoyed by the poor wood-cutter of Bagdad to that experienced by some of our miners in a single day? These stories of Eastern romance, with all their improbabilities, are rendered commonplace when contrasted with events of everyday life in this strange land.—Sometimes, while looking down into the yawning shafts, where the swarthy miner delves by the light of his flickering lamp, we have recalled the marvellous stories that charmed our childhood, and could almost imagine that we inhabited the land of ghouls and affrites; and when the earth trembled above the mighty blast, as though some angry spirit were confined within its bosom, we have almost expected to see a colossal figure emerging from the smoke and flame, to bear us off to one of those enchanted palaces or fairy islands, where less favored mortals are never allowed to enter. But the mighty genii of our mines have more profitable work on hand than kidnapping knights of the quill. They dig far into the bosom of the earth; they wield the pick and the drill; they ignite the mine, and they bare to the light of day huge masses of dark ore. They build the mighty engines, where the red eyes of furnaces are never closed. They hurl the ponderous stamps which crush the rock, and they transmute the dark pulp into shining gold and silver, which flows forth to enrich and gladden the heart of mankind. Their labors are unceasing, and the blessings they confer are manifold. The genii of our mines are Enterprise and Industry.—*Reese River Reveille.*

MYSTERIES OF CITY LIFE.—How true it is that "one half the world knows not how the other half lives." Not long since one of our police noticed some loose straw about the steps of a large warehouse in Devonshire street, and apprehending danger from the fire made a close examination. He found a considerable quantity of straw under the steps together with bottles and fragments of food, which led him to suspect that the place had been occupied. The premises were watched, and it was discovered that the place was inhabited by four boys who ate, drank, smoked and slept there, and as one of them said, had a "jolly time." They were friendless, and get their living during the day by peddling and in other ways, and made this their domicile at night. Of course, they were ejected from their habitation without the formality of a writ, and the premises were closed up.—*Journal.*

LIFE A DREAM.—Such is life; to-day on the stage of action, to-morrow vanished like a dream, like a tale that is told; while another comes forward to take the place that is left vacant in the great drama of life, in which we have allotted our part. "One generation passeth away and another cometh." As it was in the early ages of the world, so it now is, and it will ever be. "Man fleeth like a shadow and is not." Like tender grass he withereth; like the spring-buds he blossoms but to decay; like the snow-flake, he melts away in tears, he goes to his long home, and "the places that now know him will know him no more forever."

A SON IN EACH ARMY.—A correspondent, on his way to Wilmington, writes: "An incident illustrating the peculiarity of our struggle, occurred on our march yesterday. Passing a house by the roadside, a corporal in one of our regiments asked permission to enter it, alleging, as the reason of his request, that it was the residence of his parents and the home of his youth. His request was granted. He entered the house, and was soon clasped in the arms of his overjoyed mother. 'John,' said she, 'your brother was here yesterday; he stopped as the Confederates marched through here.' That mother has a son in each army."

☞ The mother of a little fellow who was about to take a ride in the Hartford horse-cars, asked him as he scrambled in, "Why, aren't you going to kiss your mother before you go?" The little rogue who was in such a hurry that he couldn't stop, and hastily called out, "Conductor, won't you kiss mother for me?"

☞ A young fellow once offered to kiss a Quakeress. "Friend," said she, "thee must not do it." "Oh, by Jove! but I must," said the youth. "Well, friend, as thee hast sworn thee may do it; but thee must not make a practice of it."

ANECDOTE OF ARCHBISHOP WHATELY.

Whately's charities were unbounded. He gave away during the famine year, not less than £8000; and his outlay on acts of benevolence in the course of thirty-two years of his encumbency did not fall short of £50,000 He was quite as much hand-and-glove, likewise, quite as familiar and amusing, with the peasantry who worked for him, or with whom he came in contact, as with their betters.—Soon after his first arrival to his country house of Still-Organ, the bay was ripe, and a number of men were called in to mow and make. They were resting a moment to refresh themselves on the food which the Archbishop had supplied, when Whately found them. "Are you good runners?" he said.—"Yes your honor," replied several, "we ran agin' the east wind yesterday and bate it." "Well, now, I'll give this half-crown to the man that first touches that tree." The tree grew at the other end of the field, and the field was a wide one. Up sprang all the mowers, and the archbishop standing behind gave the word. "Once, twice, thrice, and away!" Away they went, and when the foremost were nearing the tree rapid steps were heard behind them and a pair of long legs swept by them all. It was the Archbishop himself who, touching the tree, turned round and laughed immoderately, an excercise in which, after a moment given to blank astonishment the whole field joined; and be put the half-crown back into his own pocket.—*Blackwoods Magazine.*

OUR WASTEFUL HABITS.

Foreigners are astonished at our habits of waste. We waste enough in this country of food and clothing, in one year to sustain the population of five. The times are hard; the currency is deranged. We know not what lies in the future. The whole country should begin to learn habits of economy. And it is virtue which, if it is ever to become national, should at once begin to be practiced by individuals. The English do not waste half as much as we do; the French not a quarter; and the Germans while in Germany, do not waste at all. Hundreds of the leading hotels here and throughout the country, prepare daily from twenty to fifty dishes for dinner, and out of these from a half to two-thirds are regularly wasted. Thus not only food is wasted, but also labor at the same time. In ordinary families unwholsome meals of half a dozen dishes are gotten up, where a plain meal would at once be more economical and wholesome. We gorge ourselves with a great number of articles which are neither nutritious nor delicious, but simply costly. Men buy four bats a year, where one ought to last them four years; they throw away coats and pants when they are but little the worse for wear; and instead of having their shirts mended, and stockings darned, they purchase new ones, and fling away the old. Women wear very expensive articles of dress without wearing them out.

A PLEA FOR GARRETS.

A window high up in a building and commanding a fine prospect is a sort of looking-out of the air, and gives a sense of power, and of superiority to earth. The higher also you go the, healthier. We speak of such windows as Milton fancied, when he wished that his lamp should be seen at midnight in some high, lonely tower;" a pasage justly admired for the good nature as well as loftiness of the wish; thus desiring that wayfarers should he the better for his studies, and enjoy the evidence of their fellow-creatures' vigils. But elevations of this kind are not readily to be had. As to health we believe that a very little lift above the ground floor and so on as you ascend, grows healthier in proportion. Malaria, where a plague of that kind is prevalent, is understood to be confined to a certain distance from the earth; and we really believe that even in the healthiest quarters, where no positive harm is done by nearness to it, the air is better as the houses ascend, and a seat in a window becomes valuable in proportion. By-and-by, perhaps studies and other favorite sitting rooms will be built accordingly, and more retrospective reverence be shown to the "garrets" that used to be so famous in the annals of authorship. The poor poet in Pope, who lay

"High in Drury lane
Lulled by soft zephyrs through the broken pane;"

was better off here than if he had occupied the ground floor.—*Leigh Hunt.*

CONSCIENCE.

"A little boy in petticoats in my fourth year, my father sent me from the field, home. A spotted tortoise, in shallow water, at the foot of the rodora, caught my attention, and I lifted my stick to strike it, when a voice within said 'It is wrong.' I stood with uplifted stick, in wonder at the new emotion, till rodora and the tortoise vanished from my sight.

"I hastened home and asked my mother what it was that told me it was wrong.

"Wiping a tear from her eye, and taking me in her arms, she said, 'Some men call it conscience, but I prefer to call it the voice of God in the Soul of man. If you listen to it, and obey it, then it will speak clearer and always guide you right. But if you turn a deaf ear or disobey, then it will fade out little by little, and leave you in the dark without a guide.'"—*T. Parker.*

THE WINTER ABROAD.—The winter in Europe appears to have been more severe than in this country. In Scotland the snows have been almost unprecedented. Deer and all kinds of game were starved out. Great numbers of sheep perished, and even houses were so covered up with snow that the neighbors had to assist in digging out the inhabitants. The English poor have been great sufferers, during the winter, from the cold and want of employment, especially among the cotton spinners.

A DAMAGING OFFER.—The London Times notes that the rebels, in their late attempts to get peace, offered to attack Canada and Mexico, which they did, though indirectly. The offer was a most imprudent one, and will probably do the rebels damage in Europe.

☞ Elihu Burritt has come forward as the the defender of crinoline, on the score of the increase of figures—not of ladies but the figures of manufactures.

Palmer Journal.

SATURDAY, MARCH 25, 1865.

GOLD went down to 150 at New York on Thursday, and closed at 150⅛. Stocks and all kinds of produce have fallen rapidly. Several produce dealers have failed, and a great many have got seriously bitten. Butter, lard, pork and flour have declined in price daily. Pork, which went up to $44 per barrel a month ago, is now down to $22. Things look shaky in financial circles, and everybody is expecting something of a crash.

THE LATEST WAR NEWS!

Gen. Sherman has reached Goldsboro, N. C., where he was reinforced by Gen. Schofield, and the two armies are reported as advancing upon the Weldon Railroad towards Richmond. Sherman has found no obstruction to his march except bad roads. The rebels keep just in front of him, but out of harm's way.

Several later reports from Sherman render it doubtful as to his movements. One statement is to the effect that he had moved against Raleigh and had fought a battle with Johnston, defeating him. The rebels, however, claim that Johnston had defeated Sherman in a skirmish. Sherman has been largely reinforced, and, if joined by Schofield's and Gen. Terry's forces, there can be little doubt that he is competent for the task he has undertaken.

It is diffieult to learn whether General Lee is making preparations to resist Sherman. His forces seem to be greatly demoralized, and Lee is reported to have told Davis that, unless he is furnished more men, he shall be unable to hold Richmond. It is thought that Richmond will be evacuated within a few days. Some of the machinery of manufactories has already been removed, and deserters are of one mind that the city will soon be given up. A great panic exists among the people, and those who can are leaving.

The raid of Gen. Sheridan was one of the most damaging the rebels have ever experienced. His destruction of railroads, the canal, together with manufactories, produced great alarm at Richmond. He came in safely at White House, and is now reported off on another raid.

Our fleet is hammering at the defences of Mobile, with a prospect that the city will soon surrender.

A heavy explosion took place on Thursday, last week, which shook the boats in the James River. It appeared to be in the direction of Petersburg, and it was reported at City Point that it was occasioned by an attempt of the rebels to blow up Fort Hell, which had been previously evacuated by our troops, knowing that the rebels had undermined it.

On Thursday, last week, a storm of wind and snow prevailed at the front, and tents were blown away and trees uprooted. A number of men of the 37th Wisconsin were killed by the falling trees.

Rumors continue to prevail in camp that the rebels contemplate the evacuation of Petersburg.

Refugees arriving at Newhern report that General R. E. Lee is in command in North Carolina, with headquarters at Raleigh, having sent Johnston and Beauregard to defend Richmond. They also report that negro troops now man the defences of the rebel capital, replacing the troops Lee has taken with him to oppose Sherman.

Three deserters were executed in General Grant's army on Saturday.

It was stated in debate in the North Carolina Legislature, a few weeks since, that the entire effective force of the Confederacy comprised only 121,000 men.

Thirteen of Gen. Sheridan's men, with 17 rebel flags, appeared at the War Department on Tuesday, and were welcomed and thanked in the name of the President and people of the United States. The flags were captured during Sheridan's late raid.

Admiral Lee informs the Navy Department that, taking advantage of the recent rise in the Tennessee, he ascended the river to Musele Shoals, breaking up the rebel Gen. Rhoddy's camp, capturing some horses and seven bales of cotton, destroying the rebel communications and a large number of flats, pontoons, scows, and canoes, at Lamb's Ferry, and penetrating Elk River, where he found a rich and populous country, with considerable Union sentiment.

SPRINGFIELD.—An association has been formed at Springfield for providing a home for friendless women. A double house, costing $4500, has been purchased for the use of the association and liberal contributions have been made for the support of the same. Mrs. Harrington, wife of the Chaplain of the jail, is selected as matron.——Chas. A. Beach, son of E. D. Beach, has been admitted to practice at the Hampden bar.——Taxes in Springfield this year will be 2 per cent., or more.——Edward Kaisley, a German, was run over and killed, Monday evening while lying on the track at the south end of the city.

WHY NOT?—Why does not Government tax real estate? By taxing manufactures the New England states have all the burden of the country's debt to bear, while the farmers of the great West, who are coining money from their bounteous crops, are exempt from U. S. taxation except on incomes. Is it right that one section of the country should bear all the burden?

☞The President has issued a proclamation ordering that whereas hostile Indians, within the limits of the United States, have been furnished with arms and munitions of war by persons dwelling in foreign territory, all such shall be arrested and tried by court-martial at the nearest military post.

A ROW ON ELECTION DAY.—On election day in New Hampshire, the town meeting in Greenland was broken up in a row and the vote of the town lost. As a consequence, Greenland will be unrepresented in the next Legislature.

BRUTAL MURDER.—A brutal murder occurred in Philadelphia on Saturday evening, a marine detective officer named Brown having been shot thrice by a drunken soldier. The murderer had not, at last accounts, been arrested.

☞The Army of the Potomac is being rapidly cleared of everything that is not fighting material.

Mr. Bull on His War Taps.

John Bull, or what is all the same, the popular mouth-piece of Mr. Bull—the London Times—begins to talk warlike. It begins to realize that the United States Government has claims upon England for damage to its commerce by rebel pirates fitted out in her ports. The Times says that signs of Confederate exhaustion have brought us to that turning point which places us within sight of the final scene and the part we shall have to play in it, as the Federal Government maintains a quarrel with England in the shape of claims, which she does not acknowledge. The question we have to address ourselves to is, whether they can go to war with us with a fair prospect of success? If they can they certainly will.

The Times argues that the Washington Government will show its wisdom by not attacking immediately on the conclusion of peace, but it will be for English Statesmen, at the proper time, to see that a quarrel is not allowed to hang over till it suits American convenience and opportunity. The Times is far-seeing, and its advice will be heeded, no doubt, by the English Government. The guilt which has troubled the English Government for some time begins to find voice, and it will seek to avoid punishment if possible. England, however, will not go to war with the United States, but will rather pay for the damage she has inflicted; and if she will do this there is no reason why our Government should seek hostilities. We ought to be satisfied with crushing the rebellion and attending to the payment of our debt. However, if Mr. Bull should try to evade making such remuneration as may be thought just and equitable, then let him take the consequences. According to the report of his own great warriors, English ports would be incapable of resisting our iron fleets for a few hours. At the close of our intestine war, we shall be in a condition to resist the combined nations of the world, and England knows it. It is this that it fears; it is this which gives it trouble. But Mr. Bull should keep calm, and the Thunderer should not expose his feelings to the world.

The Spring Flood.

The heavy rain and warm weather of last week dissolved the large quantity of snow at the West and north of us, creating a destructive flood in the valleys, the like of which has not been experienced for many years. The damage by this freshet at the West is immense. Bridges, barns, storehouses, and, in some instances, dwelling houses, were swept away, involving the loss of many lives. On all of the western rivers the rise of water was rapid, overflowing the lower portion of many cities and villages, completely drowning out the inhabitants. The Connecticut River rose to within a few inches of its highest water mark, but did little damage. In Pennsylvania and western New York, the flood was almost unparalleled, and the damage to property is estimated at millions of dollars. The city of Rochester suffered severely. Some of the streets were six feet under water, and many warehouses were undermined. All the bottom lands above Oil City, Pa., were submerged, and the McClintock and Oil City bridge over Oil Creek, and the Franklin bridge over French Creek were carried away. Derricks, and tanks containing large quantities of oil, came down, and the river was black with floating barrels, most of them filled with oil. Many Pittsburg firms suffer heavily. Along the banks are sad evidences of wreck—houses gone, and families camping out in the open air. All the towns along the Alleghany River were inundated.—The total loss is immense. It is moderately estimated at over $2,000,000. Oil City was completely flooded, and many business offices were carried away by the water, which rose with unprecedented rapidity.

Going Down Hill.

Things work badly for Mr. Davis and his friends, the latter deserting him in his hour of peril, when he most needs their aid. He endeavored to hold the rebel congress together for a few days by a special message, telling the members that he must have more money, more men, and a more rigid conscription, in order to avert the threatning danger from Federal armies.—But his Congress took little heed to his appeal. The members partook of the panic in Richmond while Sheridan was raiding in that vicinity and hastily closed their labors, leaving the city and Mr. Davis to whatever might overtake them. They did pass a bill for the impressment of slaves and reducing the number of exempts; but Gen. Lee says it is now too late to organize the slaves into an effective force for immediate use. Davis' proposition for a suspension of the writ of habeas corpus was rejected by a heavy vote. We get all kinds of stories from Richmond. One is to effect that Davis has abdicated in favor of Lee and another that Lee has notified Davis that he is unable to make head against the armies that are closing around Richmond. In this turmoil of events that are occuring at the rebel capital, a general caving in of the rebellion may happen at any moment. In that case the leaders will flee the country and leave the people to their fate—a cruel and hard one, since they have been stripped of almost everything they possessed in the world by the rebel Government. It is a pity that the villains who have caused all the bloodshed and sufferings of the rebellion cannot be caught and hung as a slight punishment for the crimes they have committed.

A GOOD ILLUSTRATION.—Some one has got out a picture of the rebels driving their slaves into battle against the Union troops. The slaves are all marching with the butt of their guns aimed at our soldiers, and the muzzles at their masters.

THE LEGISLATURE.—A bill has passed the Mass. Legislature, 136 to 47, authorizing cities and towns to reimburse individuals who paid money for recruiting purposes. It has yet to pass the Senate.

WELL DONE.—Ex-Gov. Aiken of South Carolina, one of the wealthiest and few loyal men of the State, has recently presented each of his 750 slaves with their freedom and a farm.

SAD.—Four hundred families have been rendered homeless by the freshets in Pennsylvania.

Holding on to High Prices.

Notwithstanding the rapid decline in gold there is an unwise tenacity among merchants to hold on to prices which were inflated under the influence of the precious metal when at two hundred and seventy or eighty. They have kept up the prices wonderfully, while gold has been declining; and they still flatter themselves that gold will go up again to two hundred. The argument is, that unless it does there will be a crash in commercial circles that will astonish the country. This is not a very good reason why gold should not go still lower, and will not change the natural laws of our monetary system. In proportion as we crush the rebellion and fund our floating currency in government bonds, the price of gold will decline, however much we may desire to keep it up. Those who hold on for high prices are growing worse off day by day, and must eventually sacrifice more heavily than if they sell now. It will come hard upon small traders who have always bought at high rates, and have lost the advantage of large houses, which had heavy stocks on hand when goods went up.

Everybody has prophesied and expected that there would be a tumble sometime; and now, every one wants to put off that event till he is on safe ground. The tide of finance, however, waits no man's convenience, and he who is wise will prepare for the worst. The speculators will suffer the most, and there will be little sympathy for them. They have held high carnival for the past four years, ruling the markets with a merciless hand. By their fall the people will lose nothing, and the sooner prices come to a natural level the better it will be for the country.

THE BURNING OF COLUMBIA.—The burning of this southern city was by accident, or the carelessness of the rebels themselves. It was one of the finest cities in the south, where resided many wealthy and aristocratic families.

When the advance of our army entered Columbia they found that Hampton had piled up immense quantities of cotton in the main street. The bales were ripped open and the cotton scattered all over the street by a high wind. The roofs of the houses were covered, and where the windows were open the rooms also. Wheeler's men were the last of the rebels who left the city, and before going, in addition to plundering the citizens, they set fire to the cotton. The fire soon spread to the buildings, and although our soldiers struggled desperately with the flames in their efforts to subdue them, not less than three thousand houses were destroyed. The citizens did not raise a hand to assist in the humane work. A number of our released prisoners, who had been befriended by some of the citizens, did not forget their kindness, but rushed at once to their houses, and with the assistance of others saved their property.

THE LOYAL FEELING IN CHARLESTON.—A Charleston letter says the people of that city really evince a loyal feeling. If one was astonished to witness the cordial reception given to the Union troops on their entrance into the place, he would most assuredly clap his hands with delight to perceive how unanimous is the public expression in favor of re-establishing and maintaining the laws and orders of the United States Government. This change of sentiment has not been brought about by pretentious threats. The people have been informed, through the orders issued at the military headquarters, that, if they studied their own interests, they would not hesitate to take the oath of allegiance to the United States, and settle down into quiet and peaceable citizens. The suggestion was all that was required to produce the result. One may walk the streets of Charleston to-day and be unable to find a single man who is willing to throw his influence on the side of the rebellion.

DESERTERS.—It is believed, and very reasonably, we think, that the number of deserters who come over to our armies does not half represent the rebel losses through desertion; as many discontented and discouraged men go to their homes directly, or fly to the mountains or into forests. The Southern country is very favorable for desertion, and many rebel soldiers embrace the opportunities which it affords for getting away from their standards, and remaining away.

GOLD FOR PAPER.—The Bank of Virginia is "redeeming" its circulation, by buying it up at the rate of one dollar in gold for six of paper. This is repudiation, but the bank is forced to its adoption, as it is supposed that the rebel authorities mean to seize all the gold they can get hold of, to be expended in the purchase of supplies.

A SICK MAN.—John Bell is very sick, and very poor, and is not expected to live long.—Mrs. Bell has much to answer for, she having "coerced" her husband into rebelling, when his sentiments would have led him to remain loyal. He has lost both health and property, and must soon lose life also.

LET HIM FIGHT.—President Lincoln said in a recent speech that if the negro wanted to fight for making himself a slave he should be in favor of keeping him in slavery; and that if he could cast a vote in the rebel congress it would be in favor of putting the slaves into the rebel army.

A GOOD ILLUSTRATION.—Some one has got out a picture of the rebels driving their slaves into battle against the union troops. The negroes are all marching with the butts of their guns aimed at our soldiers, and the muzzles at their masters.

A TUMBLE.—A Lewiston man, while endeavoring to pull the carcass of a defunct cow from the railroad track, had the misfortune to have the tail come out, which he was tugging at, and he rolled heels over head down a thirty foot embankment.

THE OLD FLAG.—The president has ordered that on the 13th of April, the fourth anniversary of the fall of Sumter, Maj.-Gen. Anderson shall raise the national emblem on that fortification.

☞The State authorities of North Carolina are reported as having repeatedly remonstrated with the Richmond Government on its inhuman treatment of prisoners of war.

☞During the freshet in northern New York a large woolen factory, valued with all its contents at over $100,000, floated down the Mohawk river.

☞No more passes are issued to civillians to visit the Army of the Potomac, but surgeons and hospital stores are being forwarded in abundance.

A VARIETY OF THINGS.

MARCH, changing, fickle, and often frowning, has lent us a few summer-like days the present week. Monday and Tuesday were bright as new gold guineas in the days when gold was seen by common people, and the birds came from their winter homes in troops to sing a welcome to the new-born Spring. As the warm sun looked down on tree and field the sleeping buds started up to greet him, and the grass in many spots put on a shade of green. But these happy demonstrations were chilled on Wednesday and Thursday by a cold leaden sky, with snow squalls and unpropitious winds.

"As yet the trembling year is unconfirmed,
And Winter oft at eve resumes the breeze,
Chills the pale morn, and bids his driving sleets
Deform the day delightless."

—Flour at Richmond costs $700 per barrel, and corn $60 per bushel, while our government buys flour for $11 per barrel. Slight difference, that.

—Greeley predicts a great yield of fruit in the state of New York this year. We have not got so far as a prediction yet in this quarter.

—Discoveries of petroleum are reported from almost every part of the country. America is "very like a whale," being full of oil.

—Persia and Turkey continue to wrangle, and the prospect of a fight between them is of quite a cheerful and encouraging character.

—Twenty-six Union families of Corpus Christi, Texas, and vicinity, have been banished to Mexico by the rebel authorities.

—Probably, the reason why so little was written in the dark ages was that people couldn't see to write.

—Eleven Indian Chiefs, of the Winnebago and Omaha tribes, were in Washington this week.

—Exchange is against us in one sense. Those rebels whom we send to the South go into the Southern armies, while the men we receive in return, most of them, go into hospitals.

—Somebody has given a dinner to the rebel Maffit, at the Havana. There are many rebels who would be glad to have somebody give them a dinner.

—Pirates, professing to be in the rebel service, are hanging about Panama, and have recently attempted to construct torpedoes for the purpose of blowing up the United States vessel, St. Mary's.

—It is stated that gold will soon be shipped from England to America, which would be a change. It is certain that the article is no longer shipped from America to England.

—Richmond banks are removing their gold, from the fear that the rebel government means to remove it for them.

—Letters from the army of the Potomac represent the roads as at last in good condition, and that the army is ready for any movement.

—The recent fall in cotton goods is said to have brought the manufacturers to a stand-still.

—A prize of $500 to the champion drummer of the Army of the Potomac has been awarded to Thomas J. Long, a Portland boy.

—The rebels held their latest Fast Day on the 10th inst. Their fastest day was that on which they seceded from the Union.

—A new series of Seven-Thirties is to be issued as soon as the present are absorbed. They will be, in all essential respects, the same as the first.

—Vermont rams sell in Australia for almost $400 in specie. Rebel rams bring higher prices—in blood.

—The land force directed against Mobile is stated to be 50,000 strong, and the naval force is of corresponding strength. Uncle Sam makes big war, and no mistake.

—Gen. Hooker will soon be sent into the field. He is at present in New York.

—The Richmond Enquirer says, "Slavery is dead in Virginia." Killed in, and by, the secession war, it might have added.

—Petroleum is now used, instead of fish oil, by the tanners of Germany.

—Robert C. Kennedy, the hotel burner and spy, has been sentened to be hung to-day.

—The average loss of horses, in the Federal service, is 500 a day.

—Cotton is lower in England because of our military successes.

—Tim Heenan, brother of the "Benecia Boy," died in Chicago on Saturday last, of typhoid fever.

—Coal is very scarce, the leading Pennsylvania companies holding back their supplies for high prices. It is cheaper to buy wood now.

—A gentleman in Charleston, S. C., who has $10,000 in rebel currency, would like to dispose of the lot for $500 in greenbacks.

—Butter is selling at 25 cents per pound in Montpelier, Vt.

ONLY THREE LEFT.—Two of the five revolutionary pensioners who had their pensions increased by the last congress have since died—James Barnham of Missouri, and Alexander Milliner of Adam's Basin, near Rochester, N. Y. The latter was 105 years old. Only three of the old worthies are now left and they will not long remain below.

NO MORE DRAFTING.—There will probably be no more calls for men to finish the rebellion and no more drafting. Volunteering still continues, and the armies of the Union will be kept full in this way. The President will avoid another call if possible.

DEATH OF PRISONERS.—Upwards of 1200 Union prisoners died in the rebel pens at Salisbury during the months of December, January, and February. The rebels say that 65,000 Union prisoners have died in their prisons.

RECRUITING.—The New York Express learns from the Provost Marshall General's office that about 90,000 men have been mustered in under the last call. Recruiting is now tolerably brisk all over the country.

NOT BELLIGERENTS.—It is said that England has decided to acknowledge no longer, the rebels as belligerents. This pleasing intelligence was sent through our lines by General Grant.

SHEEP FOR BRAZIL.—Prof. Agassiz will take out with him a small flock of the finest American Spanish merino sheep, sent by Dr. George B. Loring, President of the Massachusettts Agricultural society, to the Emperor of Brazil.

MARKING DOWN PRICES.—The leading dry goods retail houses in the city of New York are marking down their prices to correspond with the reduced price of gold.

☞Rebel refugees are arriving in Philadelphia so rapidly at present that a public meeting has been called to provide for them.

☞St. Patrick's day was celebrated with great spirit by the Irish regiments in the Army of the Potomac.

PALMER AND VICINITY.

U. S. 7-30 BONDS furnished at this office.

S. G. NEWTON has bought the hotel farm in Palmer Center of E. Turner for $3,500.

FROGS made their spring debut on Monday evening. The big croakers haven't been heard yet.

BOUGHT OUT.—John M. Converse has bought out S. G. Newton in the ownership of the Major Morgan farm.

WILBRAHAM.—Eli M. Smith of Collins Depot, has been reappointed a Justice of the Peace.

THE "Montague" is the name of a new engine just put on the New London Northern Railroad.

CHEAPER.—Hay has declined $10 per ton in this vicinity within a few days. The feed in some of our pastures is better now than it was last September.

THE Tenney farm, one-half mile east of this village, is advertised to be sold at auction next Tuesday. It is considered a good investment for any one in search of a farm.

DUSTY.—We have had several dusty days in our streets this week. Think of that, ye who live where mud and slop are in the order of your daily going.

SO. WILBRAHAM.—Rev. John Capen, of the Methodist church at South Wilbraham, was presented with $112 by his friends, who made him an unexpected call on Wednesday evening.

CHARACTERISTIC.—Silas C. Herring, of Brimfield, the "safe man," had a truck in the procession at New York lately, over which was the motto, "Our country's safe." The procession was extensively used for advertising.

NEW BARN.—Dr. Brewster has broken ground for a new barn which he is to build this spring on the State Almshouse farm, a few rods south of the present barn, on higher and dryer ground. The barn will be 80 by 42 feet, and a model of convenience and style.

BAD SPECULATION.—Some enterprising individuals in this vicinity went into butter speculation early last winter and now find themselves with large stocks on hand and prices several degrees below what they paid for the article. It won't butter their bread very much in a financial sense.

JARRED A LITTLE.—Houses were shaken very sensibly through this town about half past eight o'clock last Monday morning, by the explosion of a charging mill at Hazardville. Some people thought it was an earthquake; others saw the smoke, and knew it was a powder mill.

WILBRAHAM.—H. S. Perkins, teacher of vocal and instrumental music, of Springfield, has a class at North Wilbraham, and will give a concert at Fisk Hall, on Monday evening, April 3d. He will be assisted by Prof. W. O. Perkins, of Boston, Miss Jennie M. Keyes, of Boston, and Miss Mary M. Ferguson, of Ogdensburg, N. Y.

DECIDED.—The case of the Western Railroad against Wm. R. Parks, of this village was decided by a verdict for defendant in the Superior Court at Springfield this week. Parks was formerly freight clerk, and there was an alleged deficiency in his receipts to the amount of $100, for which the corporation sued him. The case had been previously tried, but the jury could not agree.

A HOAX.—The story published in the Springfield papers, that a powder wagon blew up in Wilbraham on Monday, killing one man and four horses, is all a hoax. A powder team went through Wilbraham on Monday, and some inventive genius in this town, on hearing the report of the powder mill at Hazardville, in the morning, started a story that the team had blown up. The story reached Springfield and got into print, but the powder wagon went on its way to Hartford.

BELCHERTOWN.—Dr. George F. Thompson, of Belchertown, formerly of the 38th regiment, has accepted a surgeon's commission in a New York cavalry regiment, raised for a year's service on the Canadian frontier.—The freshet last week carried away the dam of Mala Cowles' pond.—A great deal of lumbering has been done in Belchertown of late. An immense number of logs, as well as an unusual amount of wood, has been cut. One man has cut and drawn 6000 logs to one mill, which saws 100 per day.—S. W. Longley will offer his entire stock of goods at public auction, the sale to commence on Wednesday afternoon, March 29th, at 2 o'clock, and continue afternoon and evening through the week.—The Farmers' and Mechanics' Club, at a meeting held on the evening of the 14th, elected the following officers for 1865: President, A. R. Owen; secretary, N. H. Towne; vice presidents, Leonard Barrett and Dr. Bassett; treasurer, S. D. Cowles. The club voted to enlarge their library.

TOWN MEETING.—Our annual town meeting, last Monday, was thinly attended; but the noise and confusion which reigned at times was equal to that caused by a large multitude. The officers elected were as follows:

Moderator—R. E. Knowlton.
Town Clerk and Treasurer—Lyman Dimock.
Selectmen and Overseers of the Poor—Enos Calkins, E. B. Gates, George Moores.
Assessors—John Clough, Austin R. Smith, Jas. Gamwell.
School Committee—Wm. Holbrook, 3 years; Wm. K. Vaill, 2 years.
Constables—Marshal Fox, J. E. Crane, Lyman Nelson, S. M. Redding, Wm. Fuller, H. K. Packard, R. S. Hastings, Asa M. Morse.
Fence Viewers—Elias Turner, J. M. Buffington, David Knox.
Field Drivers—Samuel Atwood, Chas. H. Brakenridge, Timothy F. Stever, Geo. F. Orcutt, C. D. Lewis, James Burlingame. L. V. Kent, Chas. Smith.
Highway Surveyors—Elias Paul, J. E. Crane, Timothy F. Stever, Purlin Shearer, Hiram Converse, Jonas Blodgett, George Fleming, Chas. R. Shaw, Austin R. Smith, Asa M. Morse, Jason Palmer, E. B. Gates.
Surveyors of Lumber—Merrick Whiting, John A. Mills, Geo. W. Randall, Geo. Bosworth, C. D. Lewis, Nathan Howard.
Surveyors of Wood and Bark—H. K. Packard, M. B. S. Towne, Nathan Howard, Alfred Newton, Geo. F. Orcutt, Elias Turner, John E. Mills, Asa Shumway.
Sealer of Weights and Measures—R. E. Knowlton.
Sealers of Leather—Wm. Merriam, Henry K. Packard.
Tax Collector—R. S. Hastings.
Pound Keeper—Harding Hunt.

It was voted that school districts be authorized to choose prudential committees; also, that the treasurer be authorized to borrow $3000 to pay State aid to families. The collection of taxes was bid off by R. S. Hastings for $99. A discount of 6 per cent. was voted on all taxes paid before the 1st of August.—It was voted to impose a fine of $2 on every offence for pasturing animals in the highway.—The meeting adjourned to the first Monday in April.

KILLED BY A SLAB.—John H. Marsh, employed in the saw mill of Thomas Clark in Spencer was killed on the 2d inst., by a loose slab from a log being flung against him by the saw while in operation, striking him with such force as to cause his instant death.

BILLIARD MATCH CLOSED.—The great billiard tournament for the championship of Massachusetts, which has been proceeding at Boston for the past week, was decided on Saturday by the success of Wm. A Tobin.

BRITISH MINISTER TO MEXICO.—Sir Peter Campbell Scarlett has arrived in Mexico, with a diplomatic letter from Queen Victoria to Emperor Maximillian. Scarlett may possibly look *blue* before his mission is ended.

THE SLAVE BLOCK.—The slave auction block at Charleston has been taken to Boston, and Garrison has made a speech while standing on it. Better make kindling wood of it.

HUNG.—"Sue Munday," the noted guerrilla was hung, at Louisville last week Friday. He plead in protest his rights as a confederate soldier.

THREE CENT COIN.—A three cent copper coin has been ordered, and is to be legal tender up to sixty cents. The three cent postal currency is to be withdrawn.

STILL AHEAD.—The Federal authorities are now about twenty thousand ahead of the rebels in the exchange of prisoners.

Information Free! To Nervous Sufferers!

A Gentleman cured of Nervous Debility, Incompetency, Premature Decay, and Youthful Error, actuated by a desire to benefit others, will be happy to furnish to all who need it, (free of charge) the receipe and directions for making the simple remedy used in his case. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's bad experience, and possess a sure and valuable remedy, can do so by addressing him at once at his place of business. The Recipe, and full information—of vital importance—will be cheerfully sent by return mail.

JOHN B. OGDEN, 69 Nassau st., New York.

P. S.—Nervous sufferers of both sexes will find this information invaluable. d24 3m

IF YOU WANT TO KNOW

A little of everything relating to the human system, male and female; the causes and treatment of diseases; the marriage customs of the world; how to marry well, and a thousand things never published before, read the revised and enlarged edition of "MEDICAL COMMON SENSE," a curious book for curious people, and a good book for every one. 400 pages, 100 illustrations. Price, $1 50. Content tables sent free to any address. Books may be had at the bookstores, or will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of the price. Address

E. B. FOOTE, M. D.,
ja28 6m 1130 Broadway, New York.

OUR DUTY.—We deem it our duty to keep constantly before our readers that most valuable of all medicines known as Coe's Cough Balsam. It has stood the tests of time and experiment, and all who have used it speak in the most praiseworthy terms of its medicinal value. It is the real duty of every parent to keep a constant supply of it in the house, ready for immediate use. Not only is it a most splendid remedy for coughs, sudden colds, influenza, croup and all throat complaints, but it is the consumptive's great relief.—When they are so far gone that no medicine will ever cure them, Coe's Cough Balsam will be found an invaluable friend to allay the coughing help the expectoration and ease the sufferer.—Why will ye that are suffering from coughs, cold croup, sore throat, hoarseness—and that are liable to pulmonary attacks, not take our advice, and provide yourself with a supply of Coe's Cough Balsam—the best and cheapest Cough Balsam in the world? It costs but forty cents and can be found upon the counters of druggists.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a Sure Cure For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address. REV. EDWARD A. WILSON.
3m. Williamsburgh, Kings County, New York.

TO THE NERVOUS, DEBILITATED AND DESPONDENT OF BOTH SEXES.

A great sufferer having been restored to health in a few days, after many years of misery, is willing to assist his suffering fellow creatures by sending (free), on the receipt of a postpaid addressed envelope, a copy of the *formula* of cure employed. Direct to JOHN M. DAGNALL,
my19 Box 183 Post Office, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Dr. S. O. Richardson's
BLOOD-ROOT ELIXIR
Is an effectual cure for
COSTIVENESS,
and the best remedy ever prepared for
DISEASES OF THE LIVER, and all IMPURITIES OF THE BLOOD.
Sold by all druggists, and at the Doctor's office, 51 Hanover street, Boston. o296m*

OLD EYES MADE NEW.

A Pamphlet directing how to speedily restore sight and give up spectacles, without the aid of doctor or medicine. Sent by mail, free, on receipt of 10 cents. Address E. B. FOOTE, M. D.,
6mja28. 1130 Broadway, New York.

Whiskers! Whiskers!

Do you want Whiskers or Mustaches? Our Grecian Compound will force them to grow on the smoothest face or chin, or hair on bald heads, in six weeks. Price, $1. Sent by mail anywhere, closely sealed, on receipt of price. Address
1sd24 WARNER & Co., Brooklyn, New York.

Palmer Market.

Flour	$10 a 13.50	Lard	25 a 27
Rye per bush	1.75	Cheese	25
Corn "	1.75	Pork by hog	18
Oats "	1.10	Pork " lb	25
Meal per hund	3.30 a 3.50	Beef wholesale	12 a 16
Feed " "	3.25 a 3.50	Beef retail	25 a 30
Salt per bush	1.25	Salt beef	14 a 16
Salt c. fine, sack	4.00a 5.00	Salt pork	22
" " "	5.00 a 6.00	Hams	25 a 30
Potatoes per bush	75 a 80	Tripe	14
Apples per bu	2.00	Turkeys & chickens	25
Beans per bush	3.00 a 3.25	Wood per cord	7.00 a 8.00
Eggs per doz	25	Coal per ton	15 00
Butter per lb	35 a 40	Hay "	25.00 a 30.00

WHISKERS!—Those wishing a fine set of whiskers, a nice moustache, or a beautiful head of glossy hair, will please read the card of THOS. F. CHAPMAN in another part of this paper.

MR. EDITOR—Dear Sir:—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send, by return mail to all who wish it, (free) a recipe, with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm that will effectually remove, in ten days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth, and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads and Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than thirty days.

All applications answered by return mail without charge. Respectfully yours,

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
m4 3m 831 Broadway, New York.

A Card to Invalids.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *Free of Charge*.

Address JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D., Bible House, New York City.

A CARD.—MR. EDITOR:—In reply to many letters and inquiries from people in this section of the country, the undersigned take great pleasure in saying through the columns of your paper, that our renowned preparation known as COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE, is a certain cure for Dyspepsia, in its worst stages. Many cures of long standing, within our own acquaintance, have been completely, and we believe permanently cured. It will stop distress after eating almost instantaneously, and enables the dyspeptic who has lived for years upon Graham bread and the plainest diet, to eat as heartily as he pleases, and anything he chooses, without danger of distress, or souring, or rising on the stomach. It is an infallible corrector of indigestion and constipation, creates a healthy appetite, stops sick-headache, heart-burn, sickness at the stomach, pains, cramps, or colic in either stomach or bowels, and sweetens offensive breath, as soon as you take it, and by enabling the patient to take plenty of hearty food, "which is the parent of health," produces vigor, strength and energy. In every trial we have known it has speedily eradicated Dyspepsia with all its attendant sufferings, weaknesses, debility, and loss of power, giving instead, a proper activity and tone to the stomach and organs of digestion, and as we confidently believe, and as the published certificates in our circulars, almanacs, and in many of the leading Journals, from convalescent patients will *confirm*, completely, permanently, and almost miraculously "cure the worst case of Dyspepsia in existence." We warrant it in every instance. It can be obtained at all the Drug Stores in the United States and Canadas, at $1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. C. G. CLARK & CO.,
1y14. Proprietors, New Haven, Ct.

REEVES' ORIGINAL
REEVES' GENUINE
REEVES' RELIABLE
AMBROSIA.
FOR THE GROWTH, BEAUTY, AND PRESERVATION OF THE HAIR.

One of the Many Testimonials.

NEW YORK, September, 1862.

I have many evidences to prove that Reeves' Ambrosia is all it is represented to be. I will state a few facts—could relate many more, give the names, residences, etc.

About two years ago I purchased some of Reeves' Ambrosia for my customers. Many, perhaps, ho't it with but little faith in its excellence. But seeing the same ones return time and time again for "another bottle," led me to inquire as to the result of their experience. I was assured by all of benefits obtained beyond expectation. Hair falling out was prevented, that turning gray was arrested, the thin and slowly growing hair was made to grow thick and rapid; in fact and were pleased and highly elated. An instance showing the remarkable effects of its use for one year, came to my knowledge as follows: A lady, (one of my customers) who informed me that this preparation had caused her hair to grow, proved the truth of her assertion by removing her bonnet and letting down her beautiful hair. Measuring its length, it showed a growth of 3 feet and 9 inches since using Reeves' Ambrosia. I hear many speak in its praise, and can confidently recommend it from my own experience.

MISS S. MOODY, 319 Grand Street.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30, 1862.

Proprietor of Reeves' Ambrosia—Dear Sir:—Noticing upon one of your circulars a statement from Miss S. Moody, and believing that the person referred to is none other than myself, I desire to fully corrobrate her statement as I did on one occasion, while in her store, dispensing the merits of your Ambrosia, remove my bonnet to show a proof of the excellence of your preparation. I would at any time give you a certificate in detail. Shall recommend it all I can, believing it to be infallible. Yours, gratefully,

Mrs. JOS. T. LOVELL.

REEVES' AMBROSIA is for sale by all Druggists, and at 62 Fulton Street, N. Y.

☞Price, 75 Cents per Bottle. d106m.

For sale in Palmer by WOOD & ALLEN, General Agents for Mass.

B Strength to the Weak! Youth to the Aged!

BIOKRENE, or Life Rejuvenator.

This preparation is unequalled as a Rejuvenator, and Restorer of wasted or inert functions.

The aged should be certain to make the Biokrene a household god, inasmuch as it will render them youthful in feeling and in strength, and enable them to live over again the days of their pristine joy. It not only exhilarates but strengthens, and is really an invaluable blessing, especially to those who have been reduced to a condition of servility, self-abuse, misfortune, or ordinary sickness. No matter what the cause of the impotency of any human organ, this superb preparation will remove the effect at once and forever.

BIOKRENE cures Impotency, General Debility, Nervous Inexpacity, Dyspepsia, Depression, Loss of Appetite, Low Spirits, Weakness of the Organs of Generation, Imbecility, Mental Indolence, Emaciation, Ennui, It has a most Delightful. Desirable, and Novel Effect upon the Nervous system; and all who are in any way prostrated by nervous disabilities are earnestly advised to seek a cure in this most excellent and unequalled preparation.

Persons who by imprudence have lost their NATURAL VIGOR will find a speedy and permanent cure in the

BIOKRENE.

The Feeble, the Languid, the Despairing, the Old should give this valuable discovery a trial; it will be found totally different from all other articles for the same purposes.

TO FEMALES.—This preparation is invaluable in nervous weaknesses of all kinds, as it will restore the wasted strength with wonderful permanence.

It is also a grand tonic, and will give relief in Dyspepsia with the first dose. A brief persistence in its use will renovate the stomach to a degree of perfect health, and banish Dyspepsia forever.

One Dollar per Bottle, or six Bottles for $5. Sold by Druggists generally.

Sent by express anywhere, by addressing
HUTCHINGS & HILLYER, Proprietors,
81 Cedar Street, New York.

Sold in Palmer by Wood & Allen; in Ware by Daniel Holden, and in Stafford Springs by H. T. Small & Co.
aug. 13, 1864. an **B**

FISH, OF ALL KINDS,
FOR SALE
AT PARKS' STORE.
Palmer House Block.

DODGE & HASTINGS,
PAY the HIGHEST MARKET PRICE for GOOD VEAL CALVES.
Palmer, Feb. 25, 1865.

ANY BOOK WANTED!

CAN be obtained at short notice by leaving orders at our store. A select assortment of STANDARD WORKS on hand, together with TOY BOOKS and BOOKS FOR YOUTH.

Also, different styles of
Pocket Bibles and Testaments,
PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, &C.
Give us a Call.

WOOD & ALLEN,
Palmer, Feb. 11, 1865. tf

BORN.

In Ware, 16th, a son and daughter (twins) to WILLIAM A. ROOT.

In Brimfield, 21st, a son to GEOREE W. UPHAM.

In West Stafford, 19th, a son to HENRY WHITON.

MARRIED.

In Wales, 19th, GEORGE HOLDSWORTH and EMMA PIPER, both of Wales.

DIED.

In Palmer, 17th, CHARLES, 1 year, 7 months, son of Newell Taylor.

In Stafford Springs, 22d, Mrs. DOLLY TYLER, 66.

In West Stafford, 16th, Dea. J. W. EATON, 73.

In Wales, 11th, the wife of LeRoy Squier, 17.

In Palmer, 7th, LUTENCIA BROWN, 49.

FOR SALE.
40 EWE SHEEP, with Lamb.
JAMES SNOW.
Palmer, March 25, 1865—3w*

LOST.

A LADY'S GAUNTLET FUR GLOVE somewhere between Monson and Thorndike, on Wednesday evening. The finder will confer a favor by leaving it at this office.

Palmer, March 25, 1865.

AUCTION SALE
—OF—
DRY GOODS,
CARPETINGS,
&c. &c.
AT THE STORE OF
J. H. STORRS,
WARE VILLAGE,
COMMENCING
TUESDAY, M'CH 28th,

also, WEDNESDAY, March 29th, both days at 2 P. M., and from 7 to 9 o'clock each evening.

The Design is to sell
Any Goods which may be called for
TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER.

☞Goods will be sold at
AUCTION PRICES
at Private Sale during the day.

Very respectfully,
J. H. STORRS.
Ware, March 25, 1865.

LOOK AT PRICES!
With Gold at $1.50,

Porto Rico Sugar,	5½ lb for $1.00
White New Orleans do.,	5½ " " 1.00
Granulated, Pulv., & Crushed do.,	4 " " 1.00
Porto Rico Molasses,	$1.15 per gallon
Museovado do.,	1.00 " "
Black Teas, best quality,	1.33 " pound
Good Black Teas,	.75 " "

CALL AND SEE THESE GOODS
—AT—
NEWTON & CO'S,
m25 Nassowanno Block, Palmer.

TOBACCO OF ALL KINDS,
Cavendish, Navy, Fine Cut Chewing, Killekinie Smoking.

We would call particular attention to our Navy Tobacco, that we are selling at 75 cents ℔ lb.

NEWTON & CO.,
Nassowanno Block . . . . Palmer, Mass.

SOAPS, SOAPS!
BURWELLS, Babbitt's, Castile and Common, at NEWTON & CO'S, Palmer.

MEAL.
BOLTED MEAL, FLOUR, RYE MEAL, CORN, GRASS SEEDS, RYE,
Will be found
At NEWTON & Co's, Palmer,
At the Lowest Figures.

ANOTHER LOT Fresh Ground of KENT'S East India and OLMITZ'
COFFEES,
The best out. At NEWTON & CO'S, Nassowanno Block, Palmer.

WANTED!
BUTTER, EGGS, and all kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE at NEWTON & Co's.
Palmer, 1865.

HAMS! DRIED BEEF!
HAMS! DRIED APPLES!
ALL KINDS OF FISH!
At NEWTON & Co's . . . Palmer, Mass.

SPICES, of all varieties, Raisins, Citron, Extracts, Bluing, Pepper Sauce, Tomato Ketchup, At NEWTON & Co's, Palmer.

AT NEWTON & CO'S
WILL be found those choice Milk Crackers. Also Boston and Springfield Crackers.

POTASH, at NEWTON & CO'S, Palmer. Of the best quality

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

HEAD-QUARTERS, BOSTON, March 10, 1865.

GENERAL ORDER, No. 5.

I. The War Department has called for one Regiment of Infantry for one year's service, and for thirty Companies of Infantry to recruit our old regiments.

II. Colonel Ansel D. Wass, formerly of the 19th and late of the 60th Regiment, has been commissioned Colonel, and Lieutenant-Colonel I. Harris Hooper, late of the 15th Regiment, Lieutenant-Colonel of the new regiment, which has been designated the 62d Regiment of Massachusetts Volunteers.

III. The thirty unattached Companies will be assigned in Special Orders to commands in the field for which they are raised. It is desired to appeal to the enthusiasm and *esprit du corps* of veteran soldiers, to the feelings of neighborhood and local attachment, and to every noble sentiment by which the soldiers of Massachusetts have been inspired in the past, and which have helped to gild their record of glory.

IV. Enlistments can be made in these companies for one, two, or three years. Recruits will receive the bounties now fixed by law, namely:—for one year's men, one hundred dollars in hand, or twenty dollars a month; two years' men, two hundred dollars in hand, or fifty dollars in hand and twenty dollars a month; three year's men, three hundred and twenty-five dollars in hand, or fifty dollars in hand and twenty dollars a month.

V. These bounties are in addition to the United States bounties; also in addition to the State aid which is allowed to families of all enlisted men credited to Massachusetts' quota; also in additiou to the local bounties paid by cities and towns.

VI. The 62 Regiment and the new companies will rendezvous at Camp Meiggs, Readville. Recruits will be mustered in by the several District Provost-Marshals, and be forwarded by them to camp.

VII. Officers and soldiers who have been in service and honorably discharged, competent to receive commands, and desiring to return to the service of their country, will receive cordial welcome at these headquarters, and their applications to aid in forming organizations and receive commissions will have full preference.

VIII. These new organizations afford opportunities to our patriotic young men to enter the service in companies with their friends and acquaintances. They will know who are to be their companions in arms before they leave the Commonwealth,—with whom in after years they can rehearse to each other the noble part they took in the great campaign which ended the Rebellion, conquered peace, and restored liberty and union to the nation and the people.

IX. The Governor earnestly invites the heartiest co-operation in this effort to reinforce our brothers in the field by the presence of 4,000 recruits of Massachusetts men. The final struggle is at hand. The work is nearly done. By the fidelity and zeal of the people it will be soon and surely done. The indifference or selfishness of to-day will be paid for by the shame and regret of a life-time. The devoted soldier, who comes now to the task with the heart of a patriot and the energy of a man, will find his reward in the untold satisfaction of a glorious future, and the gratitude of posterity forever.

By order of His Excellency JOHN A. ANDREW, Governor and Commander-in-Chief.

m18 WM. SCHOULER, Adjutant-General.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

PROBATE COURT. HAMPDEN, ss.

To all parties interested in any of the Real Estate of David Shearer, late of Palmer, in said County, deceased, testate: Greeting:

WHEREAS, Persis J. Carter, David H. Maynard, and Julia A. Maynard, of Clinton, in the County of Worcester, have presented to said Court a petition, representing that they are interested in the real estate of said deceased, lying in this State, and praying that partition thereof may be made among the heirs according to law—

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Springfield, in said County of Hampden, on the first Tuesday of April next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, against the same. And said petitioners are ordered to serve this citation by delivering a copy thereof to each person interested who can be found within the State, fourteen days at least before said court, and if any one cannot be so found, by also publishing the same in the Palmer Journal, a newspaper printed at Palmer, once in each week for three weeks at least before said Court.

Witness, WILLIAM S. SHURTLEFF, Esquire Judge of said Court, this, seventh day of March, in the year one thousand, eight hundred and sixty-five. SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

Copy—attest SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

The Most Popular Book of Pianoforte Instruction is
RICHARDSON'S NEW METHOD,
Having a Regular Sale of 25,000 Copies a Year.

It is superior in excellence to all other "Methods," and

THE BOOK THAT EVERY PUPIL NEEDS for the acquirement of a thorough knowledge of Pianoforte playing. It is adapted to ALL GRADES OF TUITION, from the Rudimental Studies of the youngest to the Studies and exercises of Advanced Pupils. Two editions are published, one adopting American the other Foreign Fingering. When the work is ordered, if no preference is designated, the edition with American Fingering will be sent.

Be sure that in ordering it you are particular in specifying the "New Method." Price $3.75. Mailed post-paid to any address. Sold by all Music Dealers. OLIVER DITSON & CO.,
Publishers, 277 Washington Street, Boston.

REMOVED!
THE BOOT AND SHOE STORE
—OF—
L. DIMOCK,
Is removed to the center store in
Palmer House Block, Sign of the Boot,
Where I intend to keep constantly on hand
A FULL ASSORTMENT
Of BOOTS AND SHOES, of every description, which I will sell at the
LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES.
Also, **Boots Made to Order,** and **Repairing** done in the best manner and most reasonable terms.

While grateful for your patronage in the past, I am determined to merit it in the future.

Don't mistake the place—Centre Store, Palmer House Block: Sign of the Boot.

Palmer, March 4, 1865. LYMAN DIMOCK

SPLENDID FARM
At Palmer Depot,
AT AUCTION!

Will be sold on the premises, on TUESDAY, March, 28th, at 2 o'clock P. M., the farm, with buildings thereon, popularly known as the *Homestead of the late Dea. Eliphalet Tenney,* about one-half mile from Palmer Depot, on the main road to Brimfield and Monson. The place contains about 54 acres of some of the

BEST FARM LAND IN PALMER,

suitably divided into tillage, pasture, wood, and mow land, cuts large crops of the best English hay all by machine, is well watered, a good wood-lot, an orchard of grafted fruit, together with a good substantial, pleasant and well arranged house, with nearly new barns and sheds, 40x50, with cellar under the whole, all well located.

The property, from its location and other advantages, is probably one of the most desirable for sale in this vicinity. Terms made known at sale.

Also a small lot of Lumber, Tables, and various articles of Furniture, &c. SUSAN TENNEY.

THEO. D. BEACH, Auct'r, 209 Main St., Springfield.
Palmer, March 18, 1865. 2w.

IF YOU WANT
A GOOD ARTICLE
—OF—
READY-MADE CLOTHING
For a Little Money,
Call at D. MULVIHILL'S,
Palmer, March 4, 1865. Nassowanno Block.

CHARLESTON EVACUATED!
GOLD HAS FALLEN!
And so have many kinds of Goods, and
MY PRICES
ARE MARKED TO CORRESPOND.

Good Prints,	25 cts.
All others,	33
Best DeLaines,	42
7-8 Brown Cottons,	30
Nice yard wide, do.	37½
Best 9-8 do., do.,	42
Larg't size best qual. Ladies' Nubias,	1 25
Heavy Long Shawls, largest size,	7 00
Best quality do.,	11 00
More Ladies' Rubber Boots,	2 50
More Ladies' Rubber Sandals,	1 00
Colored Cambrics (slightly soiled),	17
A lot of shop worn Shoes,	75
Good Bleached Cottons,	25, 32, @50
Good Cot. and Wool Flannels,	40@60
Heavy Cotton Goods, for suits,	80
Good Balmoral Skirts,	$3@$4.50
Nice Alpaccas,	50@75
Best All Wool Delaines,	75
Heavy yard wide Cottons,	40
Heaviest Cottons made,	50
A lot of Ladies' Cambric Collars, half price.	

All-widths OIL CLOTHS, Palm Leaf MATTRASSES, HOOP SKIRTS, every size from 6 to 40 springs.

A variety of SUGARS; several kinds of MOLASSES and SYRUPS; TEAS and COFFEES.

☞Remember the French Breakfast and Dinner Coffee.

VARIOUS GRADES OF FLOUR,

From the cheapest to the best made. BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, RYE FLOUR, GRAHAM FLOUR, CORN AND RYE MEAL, always on hand.

Just Received, a lot of *SMITH'S PARAFFINE,* for Boots, Harnesses, or any Leather work. The *only sure Water Proof Leather Preserver* known, and will be furnished by the dozen or gross, at New York prices.

Always on hand an assortment of
Clocks, Trunks, Toys and Fancy Goods,
Cooking Extracts and Perfumeries,
All the popular *PATENT MEDICINES,*
In STONE and WOODEN WARE, the usual variety.

Crockery and Glass Ware, enough of it.

HATS AND CAPS,
a good stock at all times. Also,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
for Men and Boys, and as good a variety of Ladies', Misses', and Childrens', Shoes, in Leather and Serge Work, as can be found, in stores out of the cities.

I shall soon receive all the most popular
FERTILIZERS,
to which the attention of Farmers is invited.

Recollect, I always have
A LARGE STOCK OF GOODS,
At *PRICES TO SUIT THE PEOPLE* and the times, all marked in plain figures, and
ONE PRICE ONLY.

☞Every one who owes me is requested to make immediate payment, as a change in business is contemplated.

E. E. TOWNE.

Monson, Feb. 25, 1865.

CLOTHING
Marked Down! Down!
NOW IS YOUR TIME TO BUY.
CALL ON THE
NEW YORK
CLOTHING
COMPANY,
138 MAIN ST., SPRINGFIELD,
(Corner of Vernon Street)

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,
HATS AND CAPS,
From one of
THE LARGEST WHOLESALE ESTABLISHMENTS
in the City of New York,

ANY ONE WISHING
A Good Substantial Article
FOR A
LITTLE MONEY,
WOULD DO WELL TO
EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

ALL GOODS SOLD BY US ARE
WARRANTED
TO BE AS REPRESENTED.

We will allow the privilege of exchanging (within three days), any garment sold at retail, which upon examination at home does not meet the entire approval of the purchaser, either in material, style, or fit; or, if that is not sufficiently liberal,
WE WILL REFUND THE MONEY.

Our term. of sale are strictly for cash, and
WE GUARANTEE
A BETTER ARTICLE
OF CLOTHING FOR THE PRICE
than can be obtained elsewhere. Call and satisfy yourselves, at
138 MAIN ST.,
nearly opposite Baptist Church,
SPRINGFIELD..... MASS.
n21tf

FOR SALE.
TWENTY-FIVE ACRES OF LAND,

SITUATED in the village of Three Rivers, Palmer, 2½ miles from Palmer Depot. Said land is well divided, and adapted to mowing, pasturing, and cultivation, with barn and a small house. Also, 50,000 feet 1¼ inch

Yellow Pine and White Pine Boards.

For particulars inquire of m182w*
Palmer, March 13, 1865. GEORGE BROWN.

HOTEL FOR SALE.

THE property known as the Fiskdale Hotel, in Sturbridge, is offered for sale. The hotel is built of stone, and there is a barn and two sheds in good repair connected with the premises. Also, two acres of good land, covered with fruit trees. Apply to O. Parker on the premises, or to the subscriber in Palmer. Terms will be made easy.

Palmer, Mar. 18, 1865.—3w J. A. SQUIER.

SMITH & CONVERSE,
Successors to M. W. FRENCH & BRO.,
Have on Hand a Choice Lot of
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes,
&c., &c., &c.

YARD WIDE COTTONS,
VERY CHEAP.

New Spring Style DeLaines, Very Handsome.

Also, a large assortment of
SPRING SKIRTS,
All Styles and Prices.

GIVE US A CALL.
GEO. F. SMITH. JOHN S. CONVERSE.
Palmer, Mass., 1865.

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, the undersigned has assumed the General subscription Agency for the sale of United States Treasury Notes, bearing seven and three-tenths per cent. interest, per annum, known as the

SEVEN-THIRTY LOAN.

These Notes are issued under date of August 15th, 1864, and are payable three years from that time, in currency, or are convertible at the option of the holder into

U. S. 5-20 Six per cent. Gold Bearing Bonds.

These bonds are now worth a premium of nine per cent. including gold interest from Nov., which makes the actual profit on the 7 30 loan, at current rates, including interest, about ten per cent., per annum, besides its exemption from *State and Municipal Taxation,* which adds from one to three per cent. more, according to the rate levied on other property. The interest is payable semi-annually, by coupons attached to each note, which may be cut off and sold to any bank or banker.

The interest amounts to

One Cent per Day on a $50 Note.			
Two	"	" $100	"
Ten	"	" $500	"
Twenty	"	" $1000	"
$1	"	" $5000	"

Notes of all the denominations named will be promptly furnished upon receipt of subscriptions. This is

THE ONLY LOAN IN MARKET,

now offered by the Government, and it is confidently expected that its superior advantages will make it

The Great Popular Loan of the People.

Less than $200,000,000 remain unsold, which will probably be disposed of within the next 60 or 90 days, when the notes will undoubtedly command a premium, as has uniformly been the case on closing the subscriptions to other Loans.

In order that citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loan, the National Banks, State Banks, and Private Bankers throughout the country have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will select their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent,
PHILADELPHIA.

Subscriptions will be received by the
First National Bank of Springfield.
Second National Bank of Springfield.
Third National Bank of Springfield.
Ware National Bank of Ware.
Monson National Bank of Monson.
f25 Stafford National Bank of Stafford. 3m

THE NINTH NATIONAL BANK
OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
CAPITAL, $1,000,000---PAID IN,
Fiscal Agent of the United States,
And Special Agent for Jay Cooke, Subscription Agent.

Will Deliver 7-30 Notes, Free of Charge,

by express, in all parts of the country, and receive in payment Checks on New York, Philadelphia, and Boston, current bills, and all five per cent. interest notes, with interest to date of subscription. Orders sent by mail will be promptly filled.

This Bank receives the accounts of Banks and Bankers on favorable terms; also of individuals keeping New York accounts.

J. T. HILL Cashier. J. U. ORVIS, Pres't.

FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS,
And Dealers in Government Securities,
38 Wall Street, New York,
—ARE—
U. S. GOVERNMENT AGENTS,
FOR THE SALE OF THE
POPULAR 7-30 LOAN,

Under the recent arrangement of the Treasury Department with Mr. JAY COOKE, General Subscription Agent.

Checks and Drafts on New York. Legal Tender Notes, and National Bank Notes may be remitted in payment. We also receive all Legal Tender *Five pet cent.* Notes, and allow the *accrued interest to date of subscription.*

The 7-30 Notes will be forwarded by express, free of charge, to all points reached by the express companies.

Orders may be forwarded to us direct, or through your nearest bank or banker.

Persons visiting the city will find a full assortment of the notes on hand at our office for immediate delivery.

Orders by mail should be accompanied with the address in full to which the notes are to be forwarded.

We also keep on hand, and buy and sell at market rates, all kinds of

United States Securities.

Accounts of Banks, Bankers, and individuals received on favorable terms.

FISK & HATCH, BANKERS,
f18 38 Wall Street, New York. 3m.

GREAT SALE
—OF—
DRY GOODS!
W. W. CROSS,
STRONG BLOCK.....PALMER.

The subscriber begs leave to offer to the citizens of Palmer and vicinity his entire STOCK of DRY GOODS, at a GREAT REDUCTION from previous rates. GREAT BARGAINS will be given in the various departments.

DRESS GOODS!

THIBETS, SHADES OF
Green. Tan, Black, Purple.
Garnet. Georgean Pigeon. Blue. Scarlet.

PLAIDS.
Scotch. Herbecians. Cotton & Wool. Persian.
Crossovers. All Wool. Checks. Valencias.

PLAIN GOODS.
All Wool Reps. All Wool DeLaines. Coburgs.
Alpaccas. Lyonese Cloths. Ottomans.
Amures. Alpines.

FIGURED GOODS.
Alpaccas. Cotton & Wool DeLaines. Parametta.
Amures. All Wool do. Ottomans.
Repps. Taffetas.

PRINTS.
A BIG Assortment. Good Prints, 25 cents. Best do. 28 to 33½c

SILKS! SILKS!
Plain Black Silks, and Fancy Silks, at less than the present cost of Importation.

CLOAKS AND SHAWLS!
Black Beaver Cloaks. All Wool Cloaks.
A big line of Square and Double Shawls, bought at low figures, and to be sold at ruinous prices.
Black and White Square Shawls, from $4.50 to $6.00.

SKIRTS AND CORSETS!
BALMORAL SKIRTS.
All Wool Colors, from $3.50 to $4.50 each, to close the lot.
HOOP SKIRTS.
Ladies' White Skirts, for $0.80. 1.00, 1.25, 1.50.
" Colored " same prices.
Misses White and Colored do., all sizes.
Mrs. Nathan's Celebrated Corsets.
White Corsets, $1.75. Colored do., $1.50 @ 1.75.

FURS! FURS!
A large line of Ladies' Muffs, which we shall sell at $4.50 each, to close out the lot.
Also, SETTS, at Prices that cannot be beat.

FANCY GOODS!

Ladies' White and Col'd Hosc.	Braids,
Misses do. do.	Gimpures.
Lot of Ladies' Ribbed Hose, at	Bugle Trimmings.
at 37½c ℔ pair, worth 62½.	Bindings.
Ladies' Gloves, all styles.	Perfumeries.
Black Kids, Fancy Kids,	Back Combs.
White Kids, Cashmere Gloves.	Side Combs.
Embroideries.	Round Combs.
Wrought Collars, Linen do.	Jet Pins.
Linen Cuffs.	Soaps de Toilet.
Dress Buttons, all newest styles.	&c. &c.

WORSTED GOODS!
A BIG LINE.
Hoods. Sontags. Breakfast Capes. Undersleeves.
Nubias. Mitteus. Leggins. &c. &c.
which must be sold, as we will not keep them over.

MILLINERY! MILLINERY!
THE BEST ASSORTMENT
Of Millinery Goods to be found
IN HAMPDEN COUNTY.
All the NEWEST STYLES and LATEST NOVELTIES.

BOOTS AND SHOES!
500 pairs Ladies' Cloth Gaiters, some of them a little out of style, which we shall sell from $1 to $1.50 per pair.
200 pairs Ladies' Thick Boots, at $1 per pair.
Ladies' Rubbers, $1.25 ber pair.
Ladies' and Misses' Kid and Cloth Balmorals.
Men's Rubber Boots. Men's Arctic Gaiters.
Men's Calf Boots. Men's Thick Boots.
Boys' Boots. Children's Boots and Shoes.
A good assortment of all kinds, and at prices which will render
COMPETITION USELESS.

READY-MADE CLOTHING!
MARKED DOWN!

Frock Undercoats.	Pants and Vests to match.
Sack do.	Suits to match.
English Sacks.	Men's Pants, new and
Boys' Sacks.	pretty patterns.
Beaver Overcoats.	Undershirts and Drawers,
Boys' Overcoats.	white and colored, for
Boys' Jackets.	$2.00 each, to close a
Boys' Suits.	large lot.

HATS AND CAPS!
For Men and Boys, all the latest and most desirable styles.

DOMESTICS!
Stripes, Ticking, Checks, Denims, Cotton Flannels, Sheetings.
Bleached and Brown Shirtings, all widths.
Flannels—White, blue, gray, red, yellow; figured flannels, in all colors for shirtings.
Woolen Cloths—a good assortment, suitable for men and boys' wear.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS!
CROCKERY, of all kinds.
CARPETINGS, purchased before the rise, and which will be sold at low figures.
PAPER HANGINGS, all styles and prices.
OIL CARPETINGS, all widths.
OIL RUGS, all sizes.
TRUNKS, CARPET BAGS, FEATHERS, &c., &c., &c.

We shall offer our merchandise at unprecedented low rates for the times, for sixty days, in order to reduce our stock before invoicing; and customers will do well to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere, as we shall make it a point to live up to our advertised rates, however low.

☞GOODS CHEERFULLY SHOWN.

W. W. CROSS.
Palmer, Jan. 7, 1865.

Two Stanzas By a Bachelor.

When lovely women veils her bosom
With moslin fashionably thin,
What man with eyes could e'er refuse 'em
From casually peeping in?

And when his ardent gaze returning,
The dry goods heave to deep-drawn sighs,
Would not his fingers' ends be burning
To press—his hat down o'er his eyes?

CONCERNING EDITORS.—At a late printers' convention the editorial vocation was thus done brown: "The man that is expected to know everything, tell all that he knows, and guess at the rest; to make known his character, establish the reputation of his neighbors and elect all candidates for office; to blow everybody and reform the world; to live for the benefit of others, and the epitaph on his tombstone: 'Here he lies at last.' In short he is a locomotive running on the track of public notoriety; his lever is his pen; his boiler is filled with ink; his tender his scissors; his driving wheels, public oppinion; whenever he explodes, it is caused by nonpayment of subscriptions.

MODEST.—In a letter to a friend, Gen. Sherman says:—"Judging from the press the world magnifies my deeds above their true value, and I fear the future may not realize the judgement. But, whatever fate may befall me, I know that you will be a generous and charitable critic, and will encourage one who only hopes in this struggle to do a man's share."

☞ The following is one verse of a rejected poem sent to a Down East editor. He thinks it unrivaled, considering its brevity, for the number of subjects of which it treats:—

"Turpentine comes out of pine,
And pitch comes out of knots;
Mosquitoes breed in stagnant pools,
While horses die of bots."

THE REBEL NEGRO MINISTREL BUSINESS.—The following advertisement from "Budd & Mc'Dowell's Opera House," appears in the Richmond Despatch of the 25th ult:—

Wanted, a lady who understands dancing and is willing to make herself useful in burlesques and Ethiopean pieces. Also old cork. The highest price for any kind of old stoppers and cork at the ball.

☞ A man's wife often gives him all the moral strength he has. She is at once his rib and his backbone.

☞ When is an eminent American tragedian like a sable bird of the crow species?—When he's a ravin'.

☞ Death comes to the good man to relieve him. It comes to a bad man to relieve society.

☞ How can you convert a man into malt liquor? By employing him as porter.

☞ The smaller the calibre of the mind, the greater the bore of a perpetually open mouth.

☞ Hypocrites wear long faces, just as if they thought that God were an undertaker.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

PROBATE COURT. HAMPDEN, ss.

To all parties interested in any of the Real Estate of David Shaw, late of Palmer, in said County, deceased, testate: Greeting:

WHEREAS, Persis Hardin, David H. Maynard, and Julia A. Maynard, of Clinton, in the County of Worcester, have presented to said Court a petition, representing that they are interested in the real estate of said deceased, lying in this State, and praying that partition thereof may be made among the heirs according to law—

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Springfield, in said county of Hampden, on the first Tuesday of April next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, against the same. And said petitioners are ordered to serve this citation by delivering a copy thereof to each person interested who can be found within the State, fourteen days at least before said court, and if any one cannot be so found, by also publishing the same in the Palmer Journal, a newspaper printed at Palmer, once in each week for three weeks at least before said Court.

Witness, WILLIAM S. SHURTLEFF, Esquire Judge of said Court, this, seventh day of March, in the year one thousand, eight hundred and sixty-five. SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

Copy—attest SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of Chloe Lamb, late of Palmer, in the county of Hampden, deceased; and has taken upon himself that trust, by giving bonds as the law directs. And all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate are called upon to make payment to A. R. MURDOCK Admioistrator.

Palmer, March 7, 1865. m11

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed executrix of the estate of Reuben Nichols, late of Brimfield, in the county of Hampden, deceased; and has taken upon herself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to

SARAH H. NICHOLS, Exeeutrix.

Dec. 6, 1864*

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Just received and for sale by

D. MULVIHILL,

Nassowanno Block, Palmer, Mass.

March 4, 1865.

FARM FOR SALE.

SITUATED in Palmer Center, known as the Frink Tavern Stand. The undersigned, laboring under many infirmities, wishes to draw his laborious business to a close, and will give a man a bargain that wishes to invest in real estate.

Give me a eall, and I will show the premises.

ELIAS TURNER.

Palmer, March 6, 1865. m11 3w

TO LET.

THE ROOMS IN STRONG BLOCK heretofore used as a Tin-shop. Enquire of Palmer, March 4, 1855. JAS. G. ALLEN.

FLOUR

Of all grades, FOR SALE LOW for eash,

AT A. H. PARKS' STORE,

West end of Palmer House Block, Palmer, Mass.

PETROLEUM STOCKS

Are now attracting much attention, as

They Pay Larger Dividends

than any other stocks in the market, ranging from

One to Five per Cent. per Month.

Parties wishing to subscribe for stock in the "Great Basin" the "Massachusetts & Oil Creek," the "New England," "Fuller Farm," or other first-class oil companies, or in the

Montezuma Gold Mining Company,

the ore of which assays at over $8,000 per cord, can do so at the office of

Palmer, Jan. 21, 1865. JAS. G. ALLEN.

WOODS' Celebrated Dry Hop Yeast, for sale at PARKS' STORE, Palmer

ENVELOPES, embellished with Busines Cards, furnished at this office.

HEALTH

HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT

BUCHU.

For Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Bladder or Kidneys, Diseases of the Prostrate Gland, Gravel, Brick Dust Deposits, Dropsical Swellings, Organic Weakness, Debility, Female Complaints, &c.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu and

IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Will radically exterminate from the system Diseases arising from habits of Dissipation, at little expense, little or no change of diet, no inconvenience or exposure, completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copabia and Mercury, in curing these diseases.

USE HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

In all Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in MALE OR FEMALE, *from whatever cause originating*, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in its taste and odor, IMMEDIATE in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from Broken Down or Delicate Constitutions, *procure the Remedy at once.*

The reader must be aware that however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect his *Bodily Health, Mental Powers and Happiness.* If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue.

All the above diseases require the aid of a diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

IS THE GREAT DIURETIC.

HELMBOLD'S

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED COMPOUND

FLUID

EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,

For purifying the blood, removing all diseases arising from excess and imprudence in life, chronic constitutional diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, and the only reliable and effectual know remedy for the cure of Scrofola, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Pains and Swellings of the Bones, Ulcerations of the Throat and Legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Tetter, Erpsipelas, and all scaly eruptions of the skin, and beautifying the complexion.

AND HAPPINESS

NOT A FEW

Of the worst disorders that afflict mankind arise from the corruption that accumulates in the Blood. Of all the discoveries that have been made to purge it out, none can equal in effect Helmbold's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla. It cleanses and renovates the Blood, instills the vigor of health into the system and purges out the humors which make disease. It stimulates the healthy functions of the body, and expels the disorders that grow and rankle in the blood. Such a remedy, that could be relied on, has long been sought for, and now, for the first time, the public have one on which they can depend. Our space here does not admit of certificates to show its effects, but the trial of a single bottle will show to the sick that it has virtues surpassing anything they have ever taken.

Two tablespoonsful of the Extract of Sarsaparilla, added to a pint of water, is equal to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is equal to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla, or the decoction as usually made.

The above Extracts are prepared on purely scientific principles—in Vacuo—and embody the full strength of the ingredients entering into their composition. A ready and conclusive test will be a comparison of their properties with those set forth in the U. S. Dispensatory.

HOW TO USE THE REMEDIES.

In diseases of the Blood, Humors on the Face, or any and every part of the body, use Extract Sarsaparilla, applying to Pimples and all external Humors or Eruptions the Improved Rose Wash.

Use the Extract Buchu for all diseases requiring the aid of a Diuretic, except those of the Urinary Organs, such as Gonorrhœa and Gleet; in these use the Extrac Buchu and inject with the Improved Rose Wash.

☞ THESE EXTRACTS HAVE BEEN ADMITTED TO USE IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY, and also are in very general use in all the STATE HOSPITALS and Public Institutions throughout the land, as well as well as in private practice, and are considered as invaluable remedies.

Medicine delivered to Any Address.

Direct letters to—

HELMBOLD'S DRUG & CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,

594 Broadway, New York,

Next Metropolitan Hotel, or to

HELMBOLD'S MEDICAL DEPOT,

104 South Tenth St., Philadelphia,

Assembly Buildings.

Describe Symptoms in all Communication.

☞ Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

☞ Beware of Counterfeits.

☞ Ask for Helmbold's. Take no Other.

Feb. 25. 1y.

SECURED.

Palmer Steam Mill!

THE subscribers, having leased the Steam Mill formerly occupied by Hall & Trumble, offer for sale

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

FLOUR, GRAIN, MEAL,

FEED, SALT, LIME,

COAL, WOOD, &c,

AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

CASH PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.

Palmer, Mass., Dec. 20, 1862.

NEW GROCERY STORE!

The undersigned, having purchased the stock of

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS

lately owned by J. P. SHAW, and removed them to their Flour and Grain Store, and having made large additions thereto, are prepared to furnish FAMILY GROCERIES as CHEAP as at any other establishment in the county.

As we deal largely in

FLOUR AND GRAIN,

we are enabled to make purchases at

LOW FIGURES,

and sell in the same manner.

All kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods.

☞ Remember the place—

At the Palmer Steam Mill.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.

Palmer, Aug. 29, 1863.

GOLD PENS

FOR THE MILLION!

Pens to Suit the Hand, and Prices to Suit the Pocket!

The Best Gold Pens in the World!

On receipt of the following sums we will send, by mail or as directed, a Gold Pen or Pens, selecting the same according to the description, namely:

Gold Pens in Silver Plated Extension Cases, with Pencils.

For $1 a No. 2 pen — For $2 a No. 5 pen
For 1 25 a No. 3 pen — For 2 25 a No. 6 pen
For 1 50 a No. 4 pen

These pens are stamped THE IMPERIAL PEN, and are well finished and fine writing Gold Pens, with good Ardiun points, although they are unwarranted and cannot be exchanged.

WARRANTED GOLD PENS.

Our name (American Gold Pen Co., N. Y.) is stamped on all our 1st quality pens, and the points are warranted for six months, except against accident. Our SECOND quality pens are stamped THE NATIONAL PEN, with the initials of our firm, (A. G. P. Co.) and are carefully made, having the same points as our 1st quality pens, the only great differeuce being in the quality of the Gold

Gold Pens, 1st and 2d Quality, in Solid Silver Extension Cases, with Pencils.

For $2 00 a No. 1 pen, 1st quality, or No. 2 pen 2d qual.
For 2 25 a No. 2 pen 1st quality, or No. 3 pen 2d qual.
For 2 25 a No. 3 pen 1st quality, or No. 4 pen 2d qual.
For 3 50 a No. 4 pen 1st quality, or No. 5 pen 2d qual.
For 4 50 a No. 5 pen 1st quality, or No. 6 pen 2d qual.
For 5 50 a No. 6 pen 1st quality.

The same Gold Pens in Solid Silver or Gold Plated Ebony Desk Holders and Morocco Cases.

For $2 25 a No. 3 pen 1st quality, or No. 4 pen 2d qual.
For 2 50 a No. 4 pen 1st quality, or No. 5 pen 2d qual.
For 3 50 a No 5 pen 1st quality, or No 6 pen 3d qual.
For 4 00 a No. 6 pen 1st quality. For $5 50 a No. 7 pen.
For 6 75 a No. 8 pen. For $12 a No. 12 pen; all 1st qual.

Our pens rank throughout the country as equal if not superior to any gold pens manufactored. Not only for their writing qualities durability and elegant finish. The greatest care is used in their manufacture, and none are sold with the slightest imperfection which skill can detect.

Parties in ordering must specify the name, number and quality in all instances, and whether stiff or limber, coarse or fine.

TO CLUBS.

A discount of 12 per cent. will be allowed on sums of $15, if sent to one address, at one time; 15 per cent. on $25; 20 per cent. on $40.

All remittances by mail, *registered*, are at our risk. To all who enclose 20 cents extra for registering, we guarantee the safe delivery of the goods.

Circulars of all our new styles, with Engravings of exact sizes and prices, sent upon receipt of stamp, if desired. Pens repointed for 50 cents by mail.

Stationers and Jewellers are requested to correspond with us, as we can offer them GREAT INDUCEMENTS. Address

AMERICAN GOLD PEN CO.,

j28 3m. No. 200 Broadway, New York

M. P. KNOWLTON,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

Post Office Building, south side of Court Square,

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

Soldiers' Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, &c., procured promptly and at reasonable rates.

Immense Success—Third Edition.

"HOW 'TIS DONE," or "The Secret Out," "Gambling Exposed," "Marked Cards," and all other tricks explained, "Fortone Telling," "The Book of Wonders," "Hunting and Fishing Secrets," the Original great Secret of a "Moustach and Whiskers in 42 Days," "How to make Gold, Silver, and Diamonds," and 180 other new discoveries, never before published. A New Book, handsomely printed, and bound; price only 25 cts; 6 for $1; circulars for stamp. Satisfaction guaranteed. Agents Wanted. Address

HUNTER & Co. Publishers,

f4 3m* Hinsdale, N. H

TAPIOCA, FARINA, SAGO, CORN STARCH, CHOCOLATE, COCOA &c., &c., for sale at

A. H. PARKS' Cash Store . . . PALMER, MASS.

A Lot of First-Rate

BUTTER,

FOR SALE in any quantity, from one to 100 pounds, at

A. H. PARKS' STORE, Palmer, Mass.

GEO. S. BOSWORTH,

CARPENTER AND JOINER,

AND DEALER IN

Doors, Sash, Blinds, Framing Timber. &c., &c.

Doors, Sash, and Blinds constantly on hand. All kinds of johbing done to order. Palmer, Jan. 30

A Superior Article of Pure Ground JAVA COFFEE,

For sale at A. H. PARKS' Store,

Palmer House Block

The New 7 3-10 Treasury Notes

ARE on hand and for sale at the MONSON NATIONAL BANK, in denominations of $50, $100, $500, and $1000.

Monson, Dec. 17. E. F. MORRIS, Cashier.

HALL'S VEGETABLE

SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER,

THE best preparation for the Hair. It will immediately free the head from all dandruff, restore the hair to its natural color, and produce a new growth where it has fallen off. It will stop the falling out of the hair in a few days, if faithfully applied, and it will turn gray hair to its original color. Price, one dollar. A large lot just received, and for sale by the bottle or dozen.

WOOD & ALLEN,

Palmer, Mass., Feb. 11, 1865. 1y

REVENUE STAMPS.

ALL DENOMINATIONS of U. S. Revenue Stamps for sale at the Journal Office.

Palmer, Aug. 20, 1864

DENTISTRY.

DR. J. B. GOULD,

Surgical and Mechanical Dentist,

Palmer, Mass.

respectfully informs the Citizens of Palmer and vicinity that he has located himself in this place as a permanent Dentist, and hopes by strict attention to business to win the patronage of the public.

The Most Difficult Operations in Dentistry Performed with Care.

One of the most important and often neglected duties of the age is the preservation of the Natural Teeth, and to this end none should neglect having them frequently examined by a Dentist, that decay and other imperfections may be seasonably remedied. Children's teeth should receive frequent and careful attention, to prevent irregularities or decay.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH

inserted on the improved principle of atmospheric pressure. Teeth, from one to an entire set, inserted on Gold, Silver, or Rubber.

A SUPERIOR ARTICLE of DENTRIFICE and TOOTH BRUSHES constantly on hand.

☞ Examinations and advice gratis.

☞ All operations warranted.

TERMS REASONABLE.

TESTIMONIALS:

The undersigned, citizens of Monson, have employed Mr. J. B. Gould, in his regular practice as Dentist, with satisfaction, and would cheerfully recommend him to the citizens of this and adjoining towns, as skillful in all branches of this business. They are happy also to commend him as a man of good principles and high moral character.

Rev. T. G. Colton. Marcus Keep.
" F. Woods. S. Darling.
N. F. Rogers. Dr. J. M. Towne.
E. B. Miles. " Smith.
Dr. J. McKinstrey.

n19

Important to All Invalids!

IRON IN THE BLOOD!

IT is well known to the medical profession that IRON is the Vital Principle or Life Element of the blood. This is derived chiefly from the food we eat; but if the food is not properly digested, or if from any cause whatever, the necessary quantity of iron is not taken into the circulation, or becomes reduced, the whole system suffers. The bad blood will irritate the heart, will clog up the lungs, will stopefy the braid, will obstruct the liver, and will send its disease producing elements to all parts of the system, and every one will suffer in whatever organ may be predisposed to disease.

The great value of

IRON AS A MEDICINE

is well known and acknowledged by all medical men. The difficulty has been to obtain such a preparation of it as will enter the circulation and assimilate at once with the blood. This point, says Dr. Hayes, Massachusetts State Chemist, has been attained in the Peruvian Syrup, by combination in a way before unknown.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP

OR PROTECTED solution of the PROTOXIDE OF IRON. A NEW Discovery in Medicine that strikes at the Root of Disease by supplying the Blood with its Vital Principle or Life Element—blood.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP

Cures Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Fever and Ague, Loss of Energy, Low Spirits.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP

infuses strength, vigor, and new life into the system, and builds up an "Iron Constitution."

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP

cures Nervous Affections, Female Complaints, and all Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP

is a SPECIFIC for all diseases originating in a BAD STATE OF THE BLOOD, or accompanied by Debility or a Low State of the System.

Pamphlets containing certificates of cures, and recommendations from some of the most eminent Pyhsicians, Clergymen, and others, will be sent FREE to any address.

We select a few of the names to show the character of the testimonials.

Rev. John Pierpont.	Lewis Johnson, M. D.
Rev. Warren Burton.	Roswell Kinney, M. D.
Rev. Arthur B. Fuller.	S. H. Kendall, M. D.
Rev. Aug. R. Pope.	W. R. Chisholm, M. D.
Rev. Gurdon Robbins.	Francis Dana, M. D.
Rev. Sylvanus Cobb.	Jeremiah Stone, M. D.
Rev. T. Starr King.	Jose Anto. Sanchez M.D.
Rev. Osborn Myrick.	Mareclino Aranda, M. D.
Rev. Ephraim Nute, Jr.	Abraham Wendell, M.D.
Rev. Thomas H. Pons.	A. A. Hayes, M. D.
Rev. Richard Metcalf.	J. R. Chilton, M. D.
Rev. M. P. Webster.	H. E. Kinney, M. D.
Rev. Jos. H. Clinch.	Jose d'Espinar, M. D.
Rev. Ab'm Jackson.	Thomas A. Dexter, Esq.
Rev. J. Pearson, Jr.	Thomas C. Armory, Esq.
Rev. A. R. R. Crawley.	Hon. Peter Harvey.
Rev. Henry Upham.	James C. Dunn, Esq.
Rev. H. S. Riddel.	Samuel May, Esq.
Rev. P. C. Headley.	Prof. E. Vitalis Scherb,
Rev. John W. Olmstead.	Ferdinand Andrews, Esq.

—FOR SALE BY—

SETH W. FOWLE & Co., 18 Tremont st., Boston.
J. P. DINSMORE, 491 Broadway, New York.
And by all Druggists.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE!

FORTY YEAR'S EXPERIENCE

Has fully established the superiority of Redding's Russia Salve over all other healing preparations.

It cures all kinds of

Sores, Cuts, Scalds, Burns, Boils, Ulcers, Salt Rheum. Erysipelas, Sties, Piles. Corns, Sore Lips, Sore Eyes, &c., &c., Removing the Pain at once, and Reducing the most Angry Looking Swellings and Inflammation as if by Magic.

Only 25 Cents a Box.

For sale by SETH W. FOWLE & Co. 18 Tremont st., Boston, and by all Druggists and Grocers, and at all country stores.

GOVERNMENT

PENSION AGENCY!

GOVERNMENT BOUNTY OF $100

Collected for soldiers who have been discharged from service by reason of wounds or disability, without regard to length of time. Invalid soldiers discharged from service, and the widows and orphans of soldiers who died in the U. States service, or of wounds or disease contracted in line of duty, are entitled to pensions. All pension claims against the government, and claims for arrears of pay and bounty, will be promptly attended to and collected at the lowest rates. No charge made to the soldier unless the claim is successful.

This Agency is duly licensed, and the undersigned does his business direct with the authorities at Washington, and not through third parties.

JAS. G. ALLEN, Counsellor & Attorney.

Palmer, March 21, 1863.

New London Northern Railroad.

On and after MONDAY, JANUARY 2, 1865,

Trains Leave Palmer as follows:

7.50 A. M., and 2.15 P. M., for New London and Way Stations.

2.15 P. M., and 6.00 P. M, for Belchertown and Amherst.

Trains for New London connect at Willimantic with trains for Hartford.

Trains for Amherst connect with trains from New London, and Western Railroad trains.

R. N. DOWD, Supt.

New London, Jan. 2, 1865.

WANTED!

All Kinds of Farmer's Produce in Exchange for Goods, at

A. H. PARKS' Store . . . . . Palmer, Mass.

Western Reserve Ohio Cheese.

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY,

For sale at A. H. PARKS' Cash Store, Palmer.

THE best Young Hyson, Black, and Japanese TEAS,

For sale at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer.

DR. VELPAU'S FRENCH PILLS.

LADIES, TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

THE REAL VELPAU FEMALE PILL.

[Warranted French.]

These Pills, so celebrated many years ago in Paris, for the relief of female irregularities, and afterward so notorious for their criminal employment in the practice of abortion, are now offered for sale for the first time in America. They have been kept in comparative security from the fact that the originator, Dr. Velpau, is a physician in Paris, of great wealth and strictly conscientious principles, and has withheld them from general use lest they should be employed for unlawful purposes. In overcoming Female Obstructions, Falling of the Womb, Whites, Green Sickness, Suppression, Retention, or Immoderate flow of the monthly discharges, they seem to be truly omnipotent, bursting open the flood gates from whatever cause may have stopped them; but they are offered to the public only for legitimate uses and all agents are forbidden to sell them when it is understood that the object is unlawful. Married ladies should never take them when there is any reason to believe themselves pregnant, for they will be sure to produce a miscarriage.

These Pills are entirely safe under all circumstances, being composed entirely of substances from the vegetable kingdom.

Each box has the coat of arms for the city of Paris stamped on the box, with the words "Trade Mark" in French, to counterfeit which is a misdemeanor, and all persons will be dealt with according to law.

☞ Full directions accompany every box.

Ladies can obtain a box sealed from the eyes of the curious, by enclosing one dollar and six post-office stamps to any respectable druggists, or to O. C. STAPLES, General Agent for the United States, Watertown, N. Y.

For sale in Palmer by Wood & Allen, and Dr. Wm. Holbrook. n51y.

FIRE AND LIFE

INSURANCE AGENCY.

Etna Insurance Company,
HARTFORD, CT.
Capital.....$1,500,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Company,
HARTFORD, CT.
Capital.....$1,000,000

Phœnix Insurance Company,
HARTFORD, CT.
Capital.....$400,000

Springfield Fire & Marine Ins. Co.,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.
Capital and Surplus.....$567,863 17

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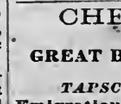

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VOLUME XVI. PALMER, MASS., SATURDAY, APRIL 1, 1865. NUMBER 3.

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Going Nowhere.

"Where are you going, my fair one?"
"Nowhere," she softly replied.
"May I go with you?" he asked her—
A look, and he walked by her side.

I saw them go off together—
In the darkness disappear.
"They are going straight to their ruin!"
Was whispered close to my ear.

Oh, parents with sons and daughters,
Be sure they have somewhere to go;
From their homes teach them never to wander
Through the the mazes of Vanity's show.

Beware, lest in going nowhere,
They come to a live of shame;
It lies in your fireside teachings,
And with you rests all the blame.

STORY OF A GIRL'S LIFE.

Some time ago I was going home one night just as the shadows were closing round. It commenced to rain, and I saw, walking before me, a beautifully dressed woman, unsheltered. I went up to her and said, "Madame, will you have part of my umbrella? will you walk with me up the street?" She, looking at me and shaking her head slowly, said, "I don't think you know what you are saying." "Oh! yes," I responded, "I say will you walk up the street with me under my umbrella?" She said again, "I don't think you know what you are saying. You don't know who I am." Still I said, "That makes no difference; I don't know whether you know me or not.—Shall we go up the street together?"

"No," said she; "I don't think you would care to have any one who knows you meet you walking up the street with such a woman as me." Turning and looking into her face, as the gas light struck across it, I saw there the traces of a life which always leaves its traces, showing that the young and beautiful woman standing beside me was one upon whom society had branded "outcast" and "abandoned," and I said, "No matter; we will go on together." As we walked, I said to her, "What could have brought you to such a life? You are young; you are very pretty; you look well; what could have brought you to such a life?"

She told me there her story; and I, questioning her thereafter, found that the story was strictly true.

She was the daughter of a clergyman in West Pennsylvania, who had died, leaving his widow and herself penniless and unprovided for. The girl tried to find something to do. It was the common story repeated.—She tried to stand behind the counter, but they preferred young men. She tried to keep school, but there was only one in the village, and that had its teacher. She tried to sew, but could not find the work there to support herself and mother by it. So they found their way to the great, busy, bustling city, in pursuit of work. She tried to teach school there, but could not get an appointment. She tried to get into a store, but was told that she must first serve six months as an apprentice, without pay. She was not so completely learned in her accomplishments as to teach them. She was driven to the slop shop, making her pitiable mite by sewing.

On Saturday, she took her work to her employer, and asked for her pay. He looked at it, and, tearing it apart and flinging it back to her, told her to do it over again. She carried it back, and the next week, bringing it home, received no pay, but was told to carry it back again; and so, for five weeks, she received no money. She had sold or pawned everything she had for bread, that she might live and have a little fire, beside which she could work; and she stood before her employer with clasped hands and tears trickling over her face, begging for the money she had rightfully earned, and it was still withheld from her, and then this man said to her, "You are beautiful and young; you need not labor for such a price as this; you might get plenty of money if you would."

She did, mother, what your daughter would have done. She left the store, indignant and outraged; and she wandered up and down that city, hour after hour, and went up one street and down another, into store after store, pleading for work; and some kind hearted people said to her, "We would give you work if we could, but we have five hundred applications every day"; or, perchance, they would ask from her a certificate from her last employer, and she had none to show.—Some turned away carelessly, and others insulted and outraged her as her old employer had done; and so, she said, at ten o'clock that Saturday night, she found herself standing, without work, without money, in front of her old store.

There she stood, in the night and the storm and the cold; there she stood, the gloom gathering about her, the wind driving the rain in gusts into her face and through her torn garments. "Oh!" she said, "do not think but I hesitated then." She looked up this long street, dark with the night and tempest, up narrow alleys and passage ways, up winding flights of stairs, into a little garret room, all poor and empty, into the fire-place—no fire there—not a stick of wood, not a cent to buy any with; into the little corner cupboard, all bare and empty—not a cent to buy anything with. "Ah!" she said, "don't think but that I hesitated even then! Don't think so meanly of me as that! But, looking into this little room—poor, starved, wretched, miserable; looking round into one corner, there I saw my poor, poor mother, dying of hunger and cold." Oh! what marvel, what marvel that she fell! And so she had gone on lower and lower, step by step.

I said, "You must stop this life; you must go with me—maybe I can find you something to do—nay, I *will* find you something to do. You shall stand an honored and respectable woman once more."

"No, no," she said, "don't try it; you need not talk to me so. I have tried it again and again, and I am always discovered and driven back. You need not try to help me. There is no hope, there is no help, for such a woman as I"; and then, turning and looking at me—oh, men! oh, women! careless and indifferent, oh! that you could have seen the girl's face, and could have heard her say:

"You are young; you are handsomely dressed; maybe you have wealth; maybe you have position; maybe influence—oh! I beg you, I pray you, use them all to save other young girls. They are coming into this life, living it as I live it, suffering it as I suffer it, dying in it as I shall some day die."

And so I promised her; and, to keep that promise, I come and put the matter before you to-night. The speaker said: That girl's story had an ending. One Christmas eve, not long ago, in one of the elegant streets, in front of a beautiful dwelling, blazing with light from garret to basement, stood the girl

"With amazement,
Houseless by night."

And the officer who testified afterward said that, looking in at those beautiful windows into this rare and elegant room, there stood the young man who had been her employer, with a young girl resting her hand in his, promising to love and honor him for life; and it is said that up and down, up and down, in the night and cold, wandered this poor waif, this miserable outcast, still; and when the Christmas morning sun rose and streamed up the street, there she rested, dead and at peace. And the day thereafter, this girl, daughter of a clergyman, gently and tenderly reared with a mother who had loved her—this poor girl was carried out and buried in the potter's field, four miserable abandoned women following her as her only mourners.

Oh! poor, tired, wronged, outraged soul, must thou not have found the justice of God infinitely more tender than the mercies of men! And so I ask you, father and mother, with daughters at home; I ask you, young man with generous heart, loving a sister; I ask you, young girl, remembering the thousands of other young girls, whose innocence and purity and womanhood are as dear to them as yours to you; I ask you all, simply and only, to carry a lesson home with you to-night and think of it as it deserves. Not carelessly or indifferently, but with the weight of these lost souls pressing upon me, I make this last plea, I put this last query, I offer this last prayer in their behalf, putting it to you, and I ask you to decide as it should be decided for them, for yourselves, for the world, with the dear Lord looking down and waiting for what answer you will give for those, His poor lost ones.

HOW A SPY WAS CAUGHT.

In the year 1776, when Governor Clinton resided in Albany, there came a stranger to his house one cold wintry morning, soon after the family had breakfasted. He was welcomed by the household, and hospitably entertained. A breakfast was ordered, and the governor, with his wife and daughter employed in knitting, was sitting before the fire, and entered into conversation with him about the affairs of the country, which naturally led to the inquiry as to what was his occupation.

The care and hesitancy with which the stranger spoke aroused the keen-sighted Clinton. He communicated his suspicions to his wife and daughter, who closely watched his every word and action. Unconscious of this, but finding he had fallen among enemies, the stranger was observed to take something from his pocket and swallow it. Shortly after, Madame Clinton, with the speedy tact of women in those troublesome times, went quietly to the kitchen and ordered hot coffee to be made, and added to it a strong dose of tartar-emetic.

The stranger, delighted with the smoking beverage, partook freely of it, and Mrs. Clinton soon had the satisfaction of seeing it produce the desired result. True to Scripture, he was out of his own mouth condemned. A silver bullet appeared, which, upon examination, was unscrewed, and was found to contain an important dispatch to Burgoyne. He was tried, condemned, and executed, and the bullet is still preserved in the family.

A SINGULAR LAWSUIT.—In the superior Court, sitting at Lawrence last week, the case of Ann Robbins vs. Joseph Potter presented some interesting features. It appeared that the plaintiff, a married woman living in England, eloped with defendant and came to this country, where the parties lived together as man and wife. The plaintiff claimed that, upon the request of the defendant, for some four years she had kept house for the defendant, and from her earnings paid for the groceries and provisions furnished during that time; It being understood that in consideration therefor the defendant's earnings should be appropriated entire to the purchase of a homestead in which the plaintiff should have an equal interest. The defendant finally bought the homestead and took a deed in his own name, cast off the plaintiff, and refused her any compensation for her labor and expenditures. Thereupon, this action was brought to recover for the services rendered and the moneys paid for the defendant's benefit. The court ruled that, upon this showing, the action was not tenable, the contract being illegal because entered upon in the prosecution of an illicit enterprise, namely, the adulterous co-habitation of the parties. Verdict, pro forma for the defendant, and the case goes to the Supreme Court.

APPLAUSE THAT PAID.—A Nevada paper describes a curious scene in a theatre in Virginia City, in February, where the performances of two actresses were so well liked that the audience rattled down upon the stage a shower of gold and silver pieces. The actresses picked up one hundred and forty-seven dollars from the boards. Even the male performers were not slighted; they picked up halves and quarters to the amount of from three to five dollars each, to say nothing of jack-knives, pocket combs, and tooth picks. The young ladies were so often compelled to return to gather up the silver showers that they appeared several times on the point of giving it up. One of them, having finished gathering a bountiful harvest of halves, was making a hasty retreat from the stage, when there suddenly fell about her such a glittering and overwhelming shower of silver that, in despair, she sat down and covered her face with her hands. The pockets of another gave out, and a torrent of silver rolled about the floor in every direction. All this was, of course, fun for the audience, though the young ladies found it quite as profitable as funny.

☞ "Never be critical upon the ladies," was the maxim of an old Irish peer, remarkable for his homage to the sex. "The only way in the world that a true gentleman will attempt to look at the faults of a pretty woman is to shut his eyes."

BLOOMERS.—About forty females in the town of Essex have adopted the bloomer costume.

THE SOLDIER'S JANE JERUSHA.

A soldier of the 249th Mass. regiment has sent us the following piece of poetry which we reduced to blank verse as more appropriate to both style and subject:

It is many years since I fell in love with Jane Jerusha Skreggs, the handsomest country gal, by far, that ever went on legs. By meadow, creek, and wood and dell, so often we did walk, and the moonlight smiled on her meeting lips, and night winds learned our talk. Jane Jerusha was all to me, for my heart was young and true, and loved with a double-and-twisted love and a love that was honest, too. I roamed all over the neighbor's farm, and I robbed the widowed bowers, and tore my trousers and scratched my hands in search of the choicest flowers. In my boyish love I brought all this to my Jerusha Jane; but I'd not be so foolish now, if I were a boy again. A city chap then came along, all dressed up in store clothes, with a shiny hat, a shiny vest, and a moustache under his nose. He talked to her of singing schools (for her father owned a farm,) and she left me the country love, and took the new chap's arm. And all that night I never slept, nor could I eat next day, for I loved that girl with a love that naught could drive away. I strove to win her back, but it was all in vain—the city chap with hairy lip, married Jerusha Jane. And my poor heart was sick and sore, until the thought struck me, that just as good fish remained as ever was caught in the sea. So I went to the Methodist church one night, and saw a dark brown curl, peeping from under a gipsy hat, and I married that very girl. And many years have passed and gone and I think my loss my gain; and I often bless that fancy chap that stole my Jerusha Jane.

FANCY DREAMS.—Some young ladies regard marriage as a fairy land, where violets and roses perpetually blossom, where the cedar tree and cinnamon tree ever flourish—where the waters of tranquility and sweetness uninterruptedly flow. Tell them there are thistles and briars in their stead; though they do not contradict, yet they do not credit you, for they believe that their love, their devotion for each other, will exempt them from the cares, the vicissitudes, the anxieties which generally pertain to humanity. All lovers, before marriage, conceive that their destiny will be an exception to the general rule. The future with them will be *tanjours coleur de rose*. Could you give them a sketch in the pages of their future history, they would not believe a word; they would set you down as a misanthrope, a painter of gloomy and unnatural scenes, an inimical repressor of the hopes and aspirations of youth. The dark spots which the telescope of your experience might discover, they would regard but as mole-hills in the moon. If they would but reflect a little, how much misery they would avoid.

MARRIAGE EXTRAORDINARY.—A Kentucky paper says that Coulter, the noted guerrilla, who was killed two weeks ago, some time since entered the village of Hawesville and compelled the Clerk of the County Court to give him a license to unite him in marriage to the young wife of a Union soldier at the time at Louisville. Having obtained the license by force of arms, Coulter next sought a clergyman, whom, with the threats of death he compelled to go with him to the house and perform the ceremony. Having lived with the double married woman three or four days, the desperado gave her five hundred dollars in gold and set off again in search of adventures. Whether the lady was constrained by force, by old, or by romantic affection to submit to the marriage is not known, but as soon as the new husband departed she set off to Louisville to join the old one.

HORRIBLE EVENT.—One of the most horrible events of modern times has lately occurred at Japan, illustrating the depraved, and barbarous sentiments yet prevalent in that country. The Japanese mode of punishing the violaters of law involves the wholesale destruction of the property of the criminal, his entire household of servants and goods. Recently the Prince of Negoto signed a promise, under a treaty, to pay a stipulated sum of money, which he refused to discharge at the designated time, and in consequence one of the Japanese courts have subjected him to the punishment of having his two palaces utterly destroyed, and four hundred and thirty-five servants belonging to him consigned to a cruel death.

JOSH ON AUTOGRAPHS.—Josh Billings expresses our views on the subject of autographs precisely. He thus replies to an anxious correspondent who asked for his autograph:

"We never furnish ortografs in less quantities than bi the packing. It is biziness that grate men have got into, but it don't strike us az being profitable nor amusing.—We furnished a near and dear friend our ortograff a few years ago, for 90 days and it got into the hands of one of the banks, and it cost us $275 tew get it back. We went out of biziness then, and have not hankered for it since."

FASHION.—What is fashion?—dinner at midnight and headaches in the morning.—What is wit?—That peculiar kind of talk which leads to pulling noses and broken heads. What is joy?—To count your money and find it a hundred pounds more than you expected. What is knowledge?—To be away from home when people come to borrow books and umbrellas. What is contentment?—To sit in the house and see others stuck in the mud.

☞ A cat caught a sparrow and was about to devour it, but the sparrow said:

"No gentleman eats till he washes his face."

The cat struck at this remark, set the sparrow down, and began to wash his face with his paw, but the sparrow flew away. This vexed puss extremely, and he said:

"As long as I live I will eat first and wash my face afterwards," which all cats do, even to this day.

GROWING WISER.—Mr. Vallandigham says that under no circumstances will he be a candidate for the office of Governor of Ohio.—Under no circumstances will he be chosen Governor of Ohio.

Farewell and Welcome.

Go, Winter, go!
Thy frozen locks and tresses white,
And looks that kindle not delight,
And breaths that chill the young hearts' glow,
And frowns that make the tear drop start,
No bliss, no pleasure can impart;
Go, Winter, go!

Come, Summer, come!
With genial skies and budding flowers,
And balmy gales and fragrant showers,
And smiles that clothe the earth in flowers;
Come, with thy bright and fairy band,
And scatter gladness o'er the land!
Come, Summer, come!

A CURIOUS OLD MISER.

A miser with a mania for old books, who lived in a filthy den in New York, shutting himself out of all communication with his connection, who are said to be rich and respectable, was found dead a few days since.

This den, as it may very appropriately be called, was about ten feet wide and fourteen feet long, with low walls and such huge piles of rubbish that a man could not stand upon them without bending to avoid the wall.—There was no window, and the darkness and dustiness was so dense that the lantern of the policeman accompanying us could hardly illuminate the place. The sight was of such squalor and death and wretchedness as is seldom looked upon.

About two yards from the door the deceased lay completely naked, upon a pile of old junk of all descriptions. There was no bed in the room, nor any furniture of any description, except a small stove in the corner of the room, with its pipe passing through the ceiling, and a snuffy tallow dip that the miser had used to illuminate his voluntary misery. There was perhaps, nearly a ton of rubbish of almost every description—old papers, pamphlets, and books, broken pieces of old iron, battered hats, scraps of tin, rusty stovepipe, old tomes with heavy leather and wooden covers, and others without binding, all covered with dust and dirt, spiders, roaches, and miscellaneous vermin, while rats were scampering to and fro, or boldly approaching near to the visitors, as if conscious of encroachment upon their own domain, and squealing loudly in every direction: The appearance of the body was somewhat peculiar. There was no evidence of death by starvation. The body had an ashen color, and laying on the pile of junk, the head was some eight inches lower than the feet.

This was said to be the same position in which he was found. Among the books was one containing an old Trojan poem, another a poem on Hector and Priam, and a curious old volume illustrating literary taste in the Elizahethian era from 1575 to 1803. Near him was the burnt-out stump of a candle, and a copy of the Gentleman's Magazine of 1745 which, evidently, was the last he perused, a part of a page having been somewhat burned. This burning must have taken place before his death, and he must have extinguished the flame, as otherwise the whole place would have been fired like so much tinder. It was said that, doubtless the miser had secreted gold somewhere about his apartment, and he was suspected to have plenty of it.

The deceased was a noted connoisseur in old and rare books, and would spend much time in the various old bookstores, looking over and sometimes buying the oldest he could find. He never seemed so happy as when he found some ancient tome dating back for hundreds of years, and could take it to his solitary room and peruse it by the tallow dip. The booksellers who knew him generally regarded him as a monomaniac on the subject of old books.

NOT VERY ENCOURAGING.—It is stated that in the last interview Jeff Davis had with Joe Johnston, on the eve of his departure for South Carolina, the rebel President said to him: "General I regret I have no army to give you; I hope, however, that the people of South Carolina, by whom you are now called will furnish you one larger, if not better than the one you had before."

A NEGRO ADMIRAL.—The Levant Herald announces that Pir Mehemet Pasha, the only negro admiral in the Turkish service, died a few days ago at Eyoub, at the advanced age of 92. The sable veteran was the father of Mehemet Pasha, commander of the troops comprising the garrison of Pera.

GOING TO MEXICO.—The Washington correspondent of the New York Tribune states that one of the most celebrated of the fighting regiments of New York, with every officer from its Colonel down, have taken a vow to serve the popular cause in Mexico, as soon as they are out of our war with the rebels.

SOLD AT AUCTION.—A letter from Texas says the 2000 negroes captured at Berwick Bay were mostly taken to Houston, and sold at auction by Colonel Sydcrer, he knowing they had been emancipated by the United States, and only liable to be treated as prisoners of war.

STILL DESIRES INTERVENTION.—The Richmond Dispatch still desires foreign intervention, It says: "England's only salvation is in the independence of the South, and yet she stubbornly holds aloof from a contest which may involve her own existence.

WANT ARMS.—Deputations from Walker's River have arrived at Fort Churchill, Nevada, asking for arms and ammunition that the settlers may protect themselves against the Indians who were disposed to trouble them.

THE SAME OLD STORY.—The statement is reiterated that if Lee is obliged to leave Richmond the city will be burned and blown up. Not a stone will be left, if Lee can prevent it, to mark the spot where the rebel capital now stands.

DAMAGES FOR SEDUCTION.—In the Superior Court for Bristol County, John E. May sued Nathan S. Davis for damages to the amount of $1000 for the seduction of his (May's) wife and the jury gave him $25.

WHY WE SHAKE HANDS AND KISS.

The learned Dr. Humphrey has given us the solution of this frequently conjectured problem. He says: "It is a very old fashioned way of indicating friendship. Jehu said to Jehonadab: 'Is thine heart right, as my heart is with thine heart? if it be give me thine hand." It is not merely an old fashioned custom; it is a strictly natural one, and as usual in such cases, we may find a physiological reason, if we only take the pains to search for it. The animals cultivate friendship by the sense of touch, as well as by the sense of smell, hearing, and sight; and for this purpose they employ the most sensitive parts of their bodies. They rub their noses together or lick one another with their tongues. Now the hand is a part of the human body, in which the sense of touch is highly developed; and after the manner of animals, we not only like to see and hear our friend (we do not usually smell him, though Isaac, when his eyes were dim resorted to this sense as a means of recognition) we also touch him and promote the kindly feelings by the contact and reciprocal pressure of the sensitive hands. Observe, too, how this principal is illustrated by another of our modes of greeting. When we wish to determine whether a substance be perfectly smooth, and are not perfectly satisfied with the information by the fingers, we apply it to the lips and rub it gently on them. We do so because we know, by experience, that the sense of touch is more actively developed in the lips than in the hands. Accordingly, when we wish to reciprocate the warmer feelings, we are not content with the contact of the hands, and we bring the lips into service. A shake of the hands suffices for friendship in undemonstrated English, at last; but a kiss is a token of more tender affection."

A FEW TRUTHS IN A REBEL SOLDIER'S LETTER.—We copy from a soldier's letter a few short and pungent truths uttered by a greyback:

"There is a great deal said about peace, and I think we will have it soon, for I think the old banner will be flying over the land of the free. A man told me, the day before I got to the 27th regiment, that two companies had left for better quarters, and they are going like hell beating tann bark. I can't find a secessionist in this army without he has got on stars or stripes, and damn few of them; and I hope the seed will soon be lost. I don't see what I shall do for rope to hang them with, for I can't get any in the Confederacy. The army are very much demoralized, and the most of them say they will lay down their arms this spring, and I think so too; for if they do not lay them down they will be knocked down."

ORIGIN OF "MATRIMONIAL" JEALOUSY.—Adam used to go up to heaven in the evening to pray. One time Satan made a friendly call at Adam's residence, and Eve, not knowing where her husband had gone, was a little petulant and lonesome. Satan told her that Adam had gone to Heaven to call on another woman—he supposed it was all right, he was averse to making mischief in families, but really the conduct of her husband was remarkable, in leaving so beautiful a woman alone. He then took Eve to a fountain and showed her the picture of the woman her husband was in the habit of visiting. Adam came came home, and got a regular blowing up, and they made so much noise about it that both were unceremoniously kicked out of Paradise.

HINT TO PHOTOGRAPHERS.—The wife of a photographer, in preparing some sensitized albumen paper for printing photographs, placed her hand to her forehead in a fit of abstraction, causing her face to be marked with the silver solution. A short time after she gave birth to a child, which possesses the same mark upon its forehead. This stain, however, is visible, it is stated, only by daylight. It is a somewhat improbable story, but if true, a new era in art is opened to the public, who will be able to procure children illustrated in any desired way—either fancy plaid pattern, with scenery rural or grand, still life, game, or with portraits of eminent persons.

GREATNESS.—There is a greatness before which every other shrinks into nothing; one which, when seen in its true dignity, produces a most thrilling emotion of the heart. It is moral greatness—that undeviating rectitude of action, which leads man to seek the best interests of others, that integrity of soul which hinds men under every circumstance to truth and duty, and rears for him a monument encircled by the eternal radiance which issues from the throne of God.

AT WORK AGAIN.—Guerillas are active again on the banks of the Mississippi, firing into steamboats, &c. We must look to see such things for some years. It will be long before the Southwest will be restored to even that partially civilized state which it knew before the breaking out of the civil war.

ARMY SUPPLIES.—Over forty vessels are now loading at New York with army supplies of every description. At the same time other vessels are employed in carrying troops to various points where they can co-operate with our armies.

MORMONS IN ILLINOIS.—An Illinois paper says that young Joe Smith is gathering a Mormon settlement at Nauvoo, the place in Illinois from which the sect was expelled with violence and blood-shed before they located themselves in Utah.

BEN BUTLER.—Gen. Butler, it is intimated, will soon be quietly mustered out of the federal service. Will he remain quiet, having so much to tell as he has, and so capable of doing so much as he is?

☞ When a gloom falls upon us, it may be we have entered into the cloud that will give its gentle showers to refresh us.

☞ The latest style af wedding notices have this attached: "No cards, no cake, no ceremony, no nothing."

☞ The marriage of a flaxen-haired girl to a silver haired man, only shows that silver can buy flax.

Palmer Journal.

SATURDAY, APRIL 1, 1865.

GOLD lingers in the vicinity of 150. It has not been below that point this week.

PEACE rumors are still prevalent. The prolonged visit of the President at Gen. Grant's headquarters has been construed to mean that a conference has taken place between Gen. Lee and other leaders of the Confederacy, who, it is said, have asked for such a conference. We have little faith in these stories.

THE LATEST WAR NEWS!

All was not quiet with the army of the Potomac or James last Saturday. Early that morning the rebels made a sudden assault upon our lines, gaining the rear of Fort Steadman, and capturing its garrison, consisting of Gen. McLaughlin and about 1600 men.—The garrison repulsed the rebels several times but were finally overpowered. Our forces then rallied and became the attacking party, recapturing the fort with about 1800 prisoners.—The fight was also carried into the enemy's advanced lines, gaining possession of their rifle pits at the front. Another fight took place at Hatcher's Run adding four hundred more to our list of prisoners, swelling the total to about 2,875 including nearly 100 commissioned officers of various grades from colonel down. A later account claims that the rebels lost about 6000 men in the fight on Saturday.

Gen. Sherman visited Grant at City Point, on Monday and had an interview with him and President Lincoln. Gen. Sherman returned immediately to Newbern. This interview indicates that Sherman's army is resting in North Carolina, and also that some important plan is on foot. There is no longer any doubt that Gens. Schofield and Terry have united with Sherman; and we may expect to find the united armies moving forward immediately. Sherman has lost 2500 since leaving Savannah, but has captured 2000 prisoners aside from the rebel killed and wounded.

The Western papers bring us news of the starting of a great cavalry expedition under Gen. J. H. Wilson for the destruction of the remaining railways in Alabama and Mississippi. Fifteen thousand cavalry and mounted infantry were concentrated at Eastport, Miss., a fortnight since, and, after some delay from rains, 10,000 of them were off on a gigantic raid, with Mobile as their ultimate objective point. They will meet little or nothing to oppose their march, and will probably find Mobile in the possession of Gen. Canby.

The fourth army corps, under Gen. D. S. Stanley, is reported on its way to Knoxville to join in the Western Virgina campaign, and its strength is estimated at from 15,000 to 18,000 men. A cavalry force stated at 6,000, has left Knoxville, under Gen. Stoneman, and is moving also toward West Virginia. It is evident Gen. Grant does not propose that the rebels shall find a very quiet retreat among the mountain ranges west of Lynchburg, should that be Gen. Lee's plan.

From the southwest we have intelligence that the expedition against Mobile commenced the 17th.

It has been estimated that Mosby has now six hundred men under his command, divided into two gangs of three hundred in Loudon County and the same number in Prince William.

A fight between 20 Union soldiers and 50 guerillas occurred at Paducah, Ky., on Wednesday night last. Twenty guerillas were killed, including Maj. McDougal.

Sheridan is said not to have started on another raid but to be slowly making his way to the James River.

NO WAR WITH ENGLAND.—The English Parliament, on the 13th of March, had a discussion on the defences of Canada and the prospect of a war with the United States. The English Government, though willing to contribute something toward the defence of the Canadian frontier, expects the burden to be chiefly borne by the colony itself. The House was, however, assured by the Ministers that the relations between England and the United States were altogether amicable.

ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND MORE.—General Grant wants 100,000 more men to finish the war. This want will influence the President to put the draft through where the quotas are not full. As the time of a large share of the army expires next August, their places must be filled if the war continues. It is hoped, however, that the rebellion will be used up before that time.

WE take pleasure in calling the attention of our readers to the advertisement of D. H. Brigham & Co., clothiers, of Springfield. It being one of the oldest and largest establishments in New England, the house is well known through this community, and the change they now propose to make offers superior inducements.

ALL-FOOLS' DAY.—To day is all-fools' day, according to an old custom of making fools of everybody on the first of April. The biggest fools this day are Jeff Davis and his confederates, who are sticking to rebellion, notwithstanding they are whipped, beaten, and thoroughly used up. They are not only April fools, but fools the year round.

BUTTER.—The St. Johnsbury Caledonian says that it is reported that a Boston merchant formerly from that county, had 10,000 pounds of butter on hand when it suddenly dropped some 30 cents. A good many farmers are in a similar fix on a smaller scale. The best time to sell produce, or anything else is when one is offered a fair price for it.

VETO BY GOV. ANDREW.—The legislature having passed an act prohibiting liquor sellers from serving upon jurys, the Governor has vetoed it, giving his reasons in a lengthy message. He thinks the bill is too ambiguous, and covers too broad ground.

WITNESSED THE FIGHT.—Mrs. Lincoln, Mrs. Grant, and other ladies, together with the President, witnessed part of the fight in front of Richmond on Saturday. They were in Fort Wadsworth.

HEAVY LOSS.—Twenty-five million dollars worth of property is the estimated loss by the recent flood in the Pennsylvania oil regions.

Let Us Down Easy.

The speculators, gold gamblers, and stock jobbers, in their agony over the fall in prices, are crying out to be let down easy, or they shall go to smash. Their request may be a reasonable one, but there is no human power which can aid them. If prices could decline gradually, no doubt everybody who has stock or goods to sell would feel safer and better.—In coming down from a mountain, it is better to reach the foot by a circuitous descent than to plunge down an abrupt precipice; but the mountain of high prices which our financiers and merchants have ascended has no devious path by which they may reach the level ground. If a hundred or a thousand merchants have large stocks on hand, and prices, in the natural course of events, begin to decline, every man of that hundred or thousand wants to sell and save himself from loss. This very want precipitates the decline in prices, as those who contemplate purchasing are holding on till things touch bottom. In the general scramble to sell, the strong force the weak over the precipice, and there is a terrible crash.

It will be a marvel if we get out of and over the present war without a reaction to our unexampled prosperity. During the war of 1812 the country was prosperous, but there came a reaction at its close which ruined thousands. We cannot predict how it will be at the close of the present war, but, from the experience of the past, there is reason to fear that we shall not emerge from the maze of difficulties which surround us without getting our garments torn by the brambles which lie in our way. Happy is he who has all along prepared himself for coming events.

Plans of Peace.

Among the numerous plans of peace advanced by the rebels, and northern friends of secessionists, none appears more plausible than one proposed by Mr. Stevens, Vice President of the confederacy. After the late meeting of rebel commissioners with President Lincoln at Fortress Monroe, it is said Mr. Stevens proposed to his friends the following:—

1. Let President Lincoln issue an address to the army and people of the south, embodying in that address what has been before said about peace, and also what passed at the interview with the commissioners.

2. Agree to appoint commissioners on the part of the United States to meet State commissioners on the part of such States as desire to meet at Nashville, Louisville, or Cincinnati, in April or May, to consult as to a peace, on the basis of such States returning to the Union upon the sole condition of obedience to the Constitution and laws of the Republic.

3. An election by such States as shall send commissioners to that convention, of Senators, and Representatives to the Congress of the United States, to enter such Congress upon equal terms with other members of it, and such States to have equality on the floor of Congress with other States.

Mr. Stevens believed this plan would secure the approbation of North Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, and perhaps of South Carolina and Virginia. He was quite sure it would command the assent of at least six states. In present circumstances he might reasonably hope that it would be still more generally adopted.

A Profane Felon.

Robert Cobb Kennedy, one of the rebels detected in the attempt to burn New York City, was executed last Saturday, and a more hardened wretch never stood upon a scaffold. It is said that he was drunk when led out to execution. As he stood beneath the gallows he displayed the most reckless disregard of life that could be imagined. He denied the minister of God, scoffed and swore in his presence, craved for liquor to increase his wildness, and with his almost dying breath sang one verse of an Irish drinking song—

> 'Trust to luck, trust to luck,
> Stare Fate in the face;
> For your heart will be aisy
> If it's in the right place."

The last word had barely fallen from his lips when the signal was given, the drop fell, and the soul of the deist was launched into eternity.

Kennedy was a native of Louisiana, and at the time of his death was about 29 years of age, of spare build, light complexion, with brown eyes, hair, moustache, and whiskers.—But for the wicked gleam of his eyes, and his low, overhanging forehead, he would have been called good looking. His parents are people of wealth, and gave him, with his brothers and sisters, a liberal education, which, in the case of Robert, was finished by a two years' course at West Point. He left the Academy in 1856, and from that time till the breaking out of the rebellion led the life of a planter. He eagerly entered into the vortex of secession, and, with his brothers, joined the army of the South, at that time commanded by Gen. Albert Sidney Johnston. After serving in that army during a long and bloody campaign, in which two or three of his brothers, possibly all, were killed, and after several captures and releases, was retaken and sent as prisoner of war to Johnson's Island, whence he made his escape and fled to Canada. There he met his Confederate agents, and was supported by their means.

A NOVEL BET AND HARD FOR THE LADY.—The following caps the climax of bets: A young lady in East Vincent, Pa, had an offer of marriage from a young gentleman, as follows: "That if General McClellan was elected he would marry her, to which she acceded and if he was not elected, she was to remain single four years longer. Four years is a long period in the life of a marriageable young lady.

THE COMING CROPS.—A gentleman who travels with his eyes open has just returned from Indiana and Northern Illinois. He reports wheat as coming out of the winter looking finely, while an unusual breadth has been sown, particularly in Indiana. The fruit buds are unusually sound.

PAPER HANGINGS!—The largest and best assortment of paper hangings in Western Massachusetts may be found at Bridgman & Whitney's, in Springfield. As this is the season for repapering rooms, those seeking new styles and cheap prices will find it for their interest to call on them. See their advertisement.

PENSIONERS.—Up to January 1st, the number of names placed on the pension list since the war began was 66,390, and the annual payments of pensions amounts to $8,000,000.

A BAD SPECULATION.—The merchants of Nassau are selling army blankets for eight dollars a bale, or about sixty cents a pair. The blockade business has gone to the dogs.

A VARIETY OF THINGS.

GREELEY wants the President to issue a new peace proclamation to the rebels. He thinks that, if we send such a document across the lines, the belligerents will come in and hasten to join the Union. Well, that may be so, but hasn't the President tried the proclamation business about long enough? and yet the rebels dont pay heed to them. Send bullets and shells into their camps, which has a better effect; and we hope Grant, Sherman, Sheridan, and all our commanding officers, will keep sending them till the disheartened secesh will cry, "Hold! enough!" If Greeley fancies that paper bullets are going to knock the Confederacy to pieces, he is mistaken. Nothing short of iron and leaden proclamations can do it.

—The anxious question asked many years ago, "Is there no balm in Gilead?" finds a parallel in the recent profound inquiry, "Is there oil in California?"

—There have been frequent reports that Jeff Davis has resigned his office. Were they true, it would show that he is resigned to his fate, which is a hard one, but well deserved.

—A disgusted showman at New Haven smashed his Japanese images the other day, because his exhibitions didn't pay. A good way to close up a performance.

—"A Runaway's Wife" petitions the Legislature of Ohio so to amend the bill punishing runaways from the draft that their wives can obtain a divorce on application.

—The leading merchants of Philadelphia are devising means for raising $200,000, which is deemed amply sufficient, if properly invested, to secure ample means for the support of the indigent merchants of that city.

—Of the seven or eight thousand persons drafted in New York last week, not more than 2500 have had notices served upon them. The places of alleged residences, indeed, can be found, but "men in hunts" are invisible.

—Some of our woolen manufacturers are very despondent over the dullness of the market, and think that ruin stares them in the face. They didn't think so a year ago, when they were doubling prices and filling their long purses. But people can never be satisfied.

—Sea island cotton to the amount of ten tons has been brought to New York from Long Island, one of the Bahamas. It is a fine article, and more of it would be acceptable.

SPRING.

"Spring, the year's youth, fair mother of new flowers,
New leaves, new loves, drawn by the winged Hours,
Thou art returned."

—Rebel slaveholders do not like parting with their "chattels" to the rebel armies. They have their choice between sending them to those armies or surrendering them to Federal armies.

—Gov. Brough states that 20,000 Ohioans ran away to escape the latest edition of the draft—Bad—but better than that they should have reserved their running powers until they had been placed in the army.

—Gen. Sheridan "brought up" at White House when closing his last grand raid. Gen. Sherman will bring up at *the* White House a few years hence.

—The Atlantic and Great Western Railroad Company recently paid $20,000 for the passage of a bill through the Pennsylvania Senate.

—A New Hampshire hunter lately caught 75 minks. The New Hampshire democracy lately caught "that same old 'coon."

—All our coins are to bear this inscription:—"In God we trust"—a sound sentiment; but isn't it a little out of place on the counters of Mammon?

—For being called "traitor," one Aikens, a New York lawyer, has received from W. H. Barr damages to the amount of $25.

—Counterfeit twenty dollar greenbacks have recently been circulated to a considerable extent.

—Collector Goodrich has been appointed and confirmed to a second term of office. This is a blow to those patriots who go for the rotation practice.

—In accordance with the acts of Congress, persons of color will be permitted to carry the mails, where they produce satisfactory evidence of their capacity and honesty.

—Half our blockading fleet is to be laid up.—This does not look like an intention to make war on England.

—It is said that Sherman has captured enough cotton, turpentine, pitch, and rosin, to pay the expenses of his campaign.

—The farmers in Berkshire county are busily engaged in making maple sugar.

—The rebel force at Richmond is 70,000 strong, including militia.

—May flowers are in bloom in the woods at Plymouth.

—Motto for oil operators—"All's well that ends well."

HUMAN FRAILTY.—The Springfield Union says:—

"A sad case of inconstancy of a soldier's wife has just come to light in this city. A poor, care-worn looking soldier, in tattered garments of army blue, arrived in this city a few nights since, and put up at one of our hotels. He had just left a filthy Southern prison, and came on, full of expectation, to meet the wife of his bosom; but judge of his surprise and grief on learning that she whom he had loved and cherished so fondly had proved false to him, and was living as the paramour of another man."

EXCHANGED PRISONERS.—An order has been issued declaring exchanged all officers and men, prisoners of war, not heretofore declared exchanged, who were delivered on parole at Savannah, Georgia, and Charleston, S. C., during the months of November and December, 1864; and all not heretofore declared exchanged, delivered on parole on James River, Virginia, from the 25th day of November, 1864, to the 25th day of March, 1865, both days inclusive; and all naval prisoners delivered at any points up to March 10th, 1865.

LAND SLIDE.—Quite an extensive land slide occurred on the night of the 16th inst., on the premises owned by Hon. J. S. Pettibone, in Manchester, Vt. About one acre of a hill moved from its place to the depth of from ten to twenty-five feet, and deposited itself on the slope and meadow below. About an acre of the meadow land is covered with five or six feet of earth. Projecting from this earth were counted some thirty trees, one of which was standing as erect as if transplanted by the hand of man.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—Another railroad butchery occurred on Thursday, last week, on the New York Central road, a few miles west of Utica, by which two persons were killed outright, four or five more received fatal injuries, and about forty others were more or less hurt. The train was thrown from the track, and five cars piled up in a heap in two or three feet of water.

THE 27TH PAROLED.—The Mass. 27th Reg., which was captured entire in a recent fight at Kinston, N. C., has been paroled, and it arrived at Annapolis on Monday.

DEFEATED.—The bill to establish a free bridge over the Connecticut, at Springfield, has been refused a third reading in the Senate.

THE THING REVERSED.—Instead of "pouring oil on the troubled waters," the recent great flood has, in the petroleum regions poured a great deal of troubled water on the oil.

A SERIOUS QUESTION FOR THE REBELS.—Can Gen. Lee afford to lose six thousand men of a morning, in order to feel the weak points in Grant's lines?

PRETTY HIGH PRICES.—A gentleman direct from Lynchburg, Va., reports that, at the time he left, flour was selling at $1100 per barrel, coffee $65 per pound, and other commodities at proportionate prices.

DOINGS OF A PIRATE.—The capture of eleven American vessels by the pirate Shenandoah is likely to increase the "pensnce" to which England will be subjected for its "aid and comfort" to the rebels.

THE MEXICAN CLERGY QUESTION.—Advices from Rome represent that the Pope has expressed himself to be powerless in the Mexican Church question, and that his representative there will be ordered to remain.

SHERMAN CONVERTING LEADING REBELS.—A gentleman direct from the rebel capital says that Sherman's advance into the heart of North Carolina without opposition has converted a good many leading rebels into outright submissionists.

WHERE WOMEN VOTE.—The London correspondent of the Commonwealth says that in the Australian colonies the system of permitting the women to vote in municipal elections has been adopted.

GIVES IN AT LAST.—"Druid," the notorious secesh correspondent of the N. Y. World says in his last letter:—"It is evident that any further prosecution of the war on the part of the South is hopeless."

A SAUCY PUGILIST.—Joe Coburn, the pugilistic champion of America, has been arrested in New York for throwing a mug of beer in the face of an editor of a sporting paper and threatening to "chaw his nose off."

KILLED.—Mr. Charles A. Burt, the well known brewer of Albany, was instantly killed at his brewery Tuesday evening last week, by the fall of a piece of coping from the top of the building which was undergoing repairs.

A FIGHTING CHAPLAIN.—During the battle in front of Kinston, N. C., the chaplain of a Wisconsin regiment helped along the cause by picking up a musket and shooting a rebel soldier.

WHAT REBEL DESERTERS BRING IN.—Rebel deserters are increasing in numbers, and bring with them their arms and horses, ever faster than before. General Grant, a few days ago made a requisition of $12,000, with which to pay deserters for their arms and equipments.

A GIRL DRUMMER.—The Platteville, Wis., Witness notes the return home of Miss Georgiana Peterman, who has been for two years a drummer in the 7th Wisconsin regiment. She lives in Ellenboro, is about twenty years old, wears soldier clothes, and is quiet and reserved.

SUDDEN DEATH.—Rev. Calvin Gardner, Universalist minister at Waterville, Me., while in a shop in that town Wednesday afternoon of last week, was siezed with indisposition, and after a few moments expired. It is supposed his death was caused from disease of the heart. His age was about 70 years.

THE DEAD AND THE LIVING BURIED TOGETHER.—As the body of General Chase, of Canton, Ct., was being buried last week, one side of the grave caved in, and three of the pall bearers together with the coffin, fell into it.—They were extricated with considerable difficulty.

SUSPENDED.—Wm. Loyd Garrison has suspended the publication of the "Liberator."—Having accomplished the great end for which he set out, namely, the abolition of slavery throughout the United States, Mr. Garrison may retire on his laurels and congratulate himself on his victory.

NARROW ESCAPE OF THE QUEEN.—Queen Victoria, a few days since, came very near being killed by the falling of a tree, in the Home Park at Windsor. A servant gave her warning of the fall, and she just managed to escape sudden death in a horrible form. Her death would have been a calamity to the whole world.

BELONGS TO THE BABY.—Not long since a married couple in Farmington, Van Buren county, Ia., early one morning found a cow and calf in their lot; the cow had a collar on with a note attached, saying that the cow should be taken care of till called for. Some nights afterward a basket was left at their door containing an infant about a week old, saying the baby was the owner of the cow.

A FOOLHARDY EXPERIMENT.—David Baldwin came to his death at Newark, N. J., on Thursday, in a very fool hardy attempt to stop a railroad train. He was on the track when the 5 o'clock train approached. Baldwin said to his father that he would make the train "break up," and despite his expostulations remained on the track. The train struck him hurling him some distance, fracturing his skull and producing instant death.

A LOVE TRAGEDY.—A young man named George Pritchard, who had served out his time in the army, has for some time past been paying marked attentions to a young widow in Washington. A few nights ago he visited her, and proposed. The lady rejected him, and Pritchard endeavored to persuade her to alter her decision, which she refused to do. Pritchard then put his hand into his pocket, and drawing forth a pistol remarked: "Then I will show you how a man can die for love," and deliberately putting the pistol to his left breast, fired.

PALMER AND VICINITY.

LUDLOW.—A Ludlow farmer has just purchased one hundred mink traps. He intends to make the fur fly in Ludlow.

U. S. ASSESSOR C. N. Emerson, of Pittsfield, met his deputies in this section at the Nassowanno House on Thursday.

THERE was no sale of the Tenney farm on Tuesday. One man bid it off for $4,200, but gave it up, and the sale was then postponed.

BOUGHT BACK.—S. G. Newton, who sold his livery stable to H. McMaster last fall, has bought it back again.

BRIMFIELD.—The spotted fever has appeared in Brimfield. A child of Mr. John Webber, 7 years of age, died in a few hours after being taken.

GOING AWAY.—Mr. Brooks, the small beer manufacturer, is going to remove his establishment from Palmer to Springfield.

WILBRAHAM.—Mr. H. S. Perkins' concert at Fisk Hall, Wilbraham, comes off next Monday evening. He has a good programme for the occasion.

THIS has been moving week, and an unusually large number of "movings" have taken place, judging from the loads of goods which pass in the street.

ENLARGING.—Dodge & Brother are enlarging their lamp-black works, having purchased a barn of J. S. Lonmis, which they will convert into a shop for manufacturing printing ink.

SCHOOL MEETING.—A school meeting for the choice of prudential committee, clerk, &c., for this village, will be held at the school house this evening.

GARDENING.—Some of our gardeners who have a hankering after early vegetables have been planting peas. There is a fair prospect that we shall have what is called an "early spring," which will be succeeded by early vegetables.

WOUNDED.—Geo. B. Wellman, of this town, son of Randolph Wellman, is reported as badly wounded in the leg and arm, at the battle of Fort Steadman, last Saturday. He was wounded last fall in the arm, and a brother at the same time lost an arm.

GOVERNMENT CONTRACT.—The Boston Duck Mill, at Duckville, is running on a contract for 200,000 yards of tent cloth for Uncle Sam.—The mill is running late every evening, in order to finish the contract. As it was taken at living rates when cotton was high, something handsome will be realized since the heavy decline of that article.

LIFE AND DEATH IN REBEL PRISONS.—Chas. H. Brakenridge, of this town, is agent for the sale of an interesting work bearing this title. Having canvassed the town, he has left copies for sale at the post office. The work is by Robert H. Kellogg, Sergeant Major of the 16th Conn. regiment, who was a prisoner at Andersonville.

MONSON.—Monson is a good place for schoolmasters and ministers. Those two renowned teachers, Rev. Messrs. Tufts and Hammond, received pleasant surprise visits from the citizens on the tenth anniversaries of their respective weddings, which occurred within the past week.—A surprise party likewise gathered at the parsonage, ten years having expired since the present pastor, Rev. T. G. Colton, was installed over the parish. The house was thronged with parishioners of all ages, whose generous gifts make the minister and his family forget the pressure of hard times and high taxes.

BAD FOR 'EM.—Pork and butter speculators in Ohio are said to be in a rather tight situation, arising from the decline in gold and the prices of merchandise in general. It is said that the local banks (both State and National) advanced so largely to dealers in hogs that they are unable to discount to their regular customers.

A PLACE FOR TAR AND TURPENTINE.—Fayetteville, which Sherman has occupied, is a great place for tar and turpentine, from whence it is easily shipped for exportation.—The present prices of these articles in Northern markets will be a temptation to ship them this way.

NATIONAL BANKS.—Twenty-two National Banks were organized last week, making the whole number now organized nine hundred and thirty-five with a capital of over $245,000,000. The first installment of one and two dollar national bank notes was issued from the Treasury on Saturday.

WARNING TO TIGHT LACERS.—Parisian society has been saddened by the death of a young lady of rank and fortune. On a post mortem examination it was found that her decease was owing to tight lacing. Her stays had forced three of her ribs into her liver!

☞ It is a note worthy fact that only four cities, containing a population of over ten thousand, now remain in the possession of the rebel Confederacy. These are Richmond, Petersburg, Augusta and Mobile.

COUNTERFEITS.—Counterfeit $50's on the Paucatuck Bank, of Conn., are in circulation. Also, counterfeit $500's on the Haverhill Bank of Mass. There are no genuine 500's on this bank in circulation, therefore refuse all.

TAKEN THE OATH.—John Overton, the Tennessee millionaire, who gave $5,000,000, to aid the rebellion, has deserted the cause, taken the oath, and is once more a peacable citizen of Nashville.

A "BEAUTIFUL SIGHT."—On Wednesday evening an omnibus in New Haven caught fire from a kerosene lamp, and was driven through the streets in a perfect blaze, looking beautiful. The fire was extinguished at the stable.

☞ The Savannah Republican says it requires a pretty long purse now-a-days to survive in that city, much less to live.

TERRIBLE CONDITION.—About nine thousand Union prisoners were recently exchanged at Wilmington by the rebel authorities. Of this number about six thousand were sent north, but the remaining three thousand could not be moved. They have been starved by the rebels till their bodies are reduced to skeletons, and their minds to idiocy. When brought into Union lines their persons were covered with filth and their systems filled with disease. Many of them were almost naked, and what remnants of clothing any of them had on was nothing but rags. In many the intellect was so far gone that they were unable to tell their own names.

☞ We learn from Havana that the rebel pirate Owl had arrived there from Nassau. She left again on the 21st of March, bound for Galveston. Half an hour before her the U. S. gunboat Cherokee had left, and half an hour later a Spanish steamer-of-war went out. It was reported that Maximilian intended to recognize the Southern Confederacy, and open to them the port of Tampico.

A TRAITOR CAGED.—Mr. J. J. Monahan, of Charleston, used to aid Union prisoners to escape, on receiving handsome bribes from Union people; and, after they had escaped, he would betray them to the rebels, to secure the reward offered for their arrest. This treacherous fellow has been arrested and sent to prison. He had grown very rich by his ill-gotten gains.

DESIRED TO SHOOT SOMETHING.—Franklin W. Holt, a Philadelphia soldier in the Veteran Reserve Corps at Trenton, shot dead a little boy in the street of that city. He said he desired to hit something, and fired his pistol in the direction of the boys.

NEARLY SOLD.—The first issue of the Seven-Thirties is nearly all subscribed for—$161,000,000 having been disposed of in 43 days. The sale of the second series will be commenced immediately.

CONVICTED.—Two persons have been convicted in Montreal of inducing soldiers to desert for service in the United States army. The frontier is closely watched to prevent recruiting from this source.

DULL BUSINESS.—The Haverhill Gazette says that the shoe business is comparatively at a stand-still. Manufacturers are discharging many of their men, and until there is some stability, not many goods will be manufactured.

NEW DISCOVERY.—The Portland Press says that a new discovery is about to be made in "electrical science," in that city, which will astonish the *savans* of this continent and Europe.

ONE OF ITS WANTS.—Springfield, having provided a place for friendless women, now wants a reform school for truant children. So says the Republican.

☞ The Richmond Examiner of the 21st publishes a black list of twenty-five rebel prisoners who have disgraced themselves by swallowing the Yankee oath of allegiance.

☞ Accounts from Matamoras are to the effect that Mr. Wood, the Consular Agent of United States, is courteously treated by the imperial authorities, but many of the inhabitants openly favor the rebels.

☞ A sheep belonging to Mr. Kittridge Friend of Carmel, Me, recently added six live lambs to the owner's flock at one time.

☞ The ladies of America, from their peculiar habits, are said to be the most unhealthy in the world, also to suffer most when about to become a mother. Dr. Velpau's Pills are a great blessing to all ladies, as they regulate and assist nature. Sold by all good druggists.

WHISKERS!—Those wishing a fine set of whiskers, a nice moustache, or a beautiful head of glossy hair, will please read the card of THOS. F. CHAPMAN in another part of this paper.

Whiskers! Whiskers!

Do you want Whiskers or Mustaches? Our Grecian Compound will force them to grow on the smoothest face or chin, or hair on bald heads, in six weeks. Price, $1. Sent by mail anywhere, closely sealed, on receipt of price. Address
1sd24 WARNER & Co., Brooklyn, New York.

☞ We call the attention of our readers to an advertisement of Arrandale & Co., European Jewellers, Agents, of New York. The British Whig, of Kingston, C. W, says of them, Nov. 24, 1864:

A short time since an advertisement of Arrandale & Co., 167 Broadway, New York, appeared in the columns of this paper, headed "Great Gift Distribution," by which the public were informed that a large quantity of gold and silver watches and ornaments were to be disposed of by lot—the total cost being only $1, and a prize in return valued from $3 to $50; also holding out great advantages to agents. A lady subscriber to the British Whig became an agent, and by request brought some twenty articles, sent as prizes for her agency, to this office for inspection, and without hesitation we can state that each and all of the articles were worth treble the amount of cost to the recipients, and some six times.

The New York Albion wrote as follows:

We have just inspected, at the office of Arrandale & Co's agency for European Manufacturing Jewellers, a large assortment of fashionable and valuable jewelry, consisting of gold and silver watches, chains, bracelets, ladies' sets, rings, &c., all of the new and most fashionable patterns.—We also notice a large quantity of silver plate, consisting of goblets and drinking cups, cruet stands, fruit baskets, spoons, forks, &c. We understand that the whole of these newly-imported articles are to be disposed of on a novel principles, giving great advantages to buyers, and affording extensive employment to agents. Our readers will find all particulars in our advertising columns; and we know the firm in question to be very respectable, and thoroughly worthy of public confidence.

OUR DUTY.—We deem it our duty to keep constantly before our readers that most valuable of all medicines known as Coe's Cough Balsam. It has stood the tests of time and experiment, and all who have used it speak in the most praiseworthy terms of its medicinal value. It is the real duty of every parent to keep a constant supply of it in the house, ready for immediate use. Not only is it a most splendid remedy for coughs, sudden colds, influenza, croup and all throat complaints, but it is the consumptive's great relief.—When they are so far gone that no medicine will ever cure them, Coe's Cough Balsam will be found an invaluable friend to allay the coughing help the expectoration and ease the sufferer.—Why will ye that are suffering from coughs, cold croup, sore throat, hoarseness—and that are liable to pulmonary attacks, not take our advice, and provide yourself with a supply of Coe's Cough Balsam—the best and cheapest Cough Balsam in the world? It costs but forty cents and can be found upon the counters of druggists.

A Card to Invalids.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and visious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *Free of Charge.*

Address JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D., Bible House, New York City.

Lyon's Periodical Drops!

The Great Female Remedy for Irregularities.

These drops are a scientifically compounded fluid preparation, and better than any Pills, Powder, or Nostrums. Being liquid, their action is direct and positive, rendering them a reliable, speedy and certain specific for the cure of all obstructions and suppressions of nature. Their popularity is indicated by the fact that over 100,000 bottles are annually sold and consumed by the ladies of the United States, every one of whome speaks in the strongest terms of praise of their great merits. They are rapidly taking the place of every other Female Remedy, and are considered by all who know aught of them, as the surest, safest, and most infallible preparation in the world, for the cure of all female complaints, the removal of all obstructions of nature and the promotion of health, regularity and strength. Explicit directions stating when they may be used, and explaining when and why they should not, nor could not be used without producing effects contrary to nature's chosen laws, will be found, carefully folded around each bottle, with the written signature of JOHN L LYON, without which none are genuine.

Prepared by Dr. JOHN L. LYON, 195 Chapel Street, New Haven, Conn., who can be consulted either personally, or by mail, (enclosing stamp,) concerning all private diseases and female weaknesses.

Sold by Druggists everywhere.

C. G. CLARK & CO.,
Gen'l Agents for U. S. and Canadas.

TO THE NERVOUS, DEBILITATED AND DESPONDENT OF BOTH SEXES.

A great sufferer having been restored to health in a few days, after many years of misery, is willing to assist his suffering fellow creatures by sending (free), on the receipt of a postpaid addressed envelope, a copy of the *formula* of cure employed. Direct to JOHN M. DAGNALL,
my19 Box 183 Post Office, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Dr. S. O. Richardson's

BLOOD-ROOT ELIXIR

Is an effectual cure for
COSTIVENESS,
and the best remedy ever prepared for
DISEASES OF THE LIVER, and all IMPURITIES OF THE BLOOD.

Sold by all druggists, and at the Doctor's office, 51 Hanover street, Boston. o296m*

BORN.

In Brimfield, March 9th, twin daughters to Dr. JOHN WITTER.

In Ware, March 27th, a daughter to HENRY IVES.

MARRIED.

In Thorndike, March 24th, by Rev. J. W. Tuck, PHILO LOXDARD of Ludlow and ELLEN COOLEY of Somers, Ct.

In Stafford Springs, March 29th, by Rev. A. W. Ide, Sergt. ALBERT D. WEST of Stafford, and JENNIE M. RICH of Rockville.

In Palmer, March 30th, by Rev. Dr. Vaill. HENRY F. MERRICK of Monson, and ABBY J. CHAFFEE of Wales.

DIED.

In Woodstock, Ct., March 16th, Capt. FRANKLIN WARNER, 69, formerly of Ware.

In Stafford Springs, March 23th, Mrs. BETSEY KNIGHT, 82.

In Ware, March 26th, CELIA FAY, 25.

In Three Rivers, March 29th, LUCY A., 19, daughter of Dr. Amasa Davis.

In Palmer, March 28th, MARGARET, 15 months, daughter of Michael Finnerty.

In Monson, March 27th, ENOCH C. HINES, 56; 28th, MARY LAHEE, 36.

TAKE NOTICE!

OPENED THIS DAY!

A NEW CASE OF GOODS, consisting of

COTTONS, PRINTS, & D'LAINES,

Bought and sold at

PANIC PRICES.

SMITH & CONVERSE.

Palmer, April, 1865.

D. H. BRIGHAM & CO.,

SPRINGFIELD ..... MASS.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Ready-Made Clothing,

HATS AND CAPS,

Have decided to open their ENTIRE ESTABLISHMENT to the RETAIL TRADE.

☞ Their stock was bought largely within the past two weeks at

PANIC PRICES,

Which enables them to own and sell their stocks

FROM 20 TO 40 PER CENT. LESS THAN MOST DEALERS.

A Special Reduction in Prices

☞ Will be made to persons coming ☜ a[illegible] from a distance. 3m

PAPER HANGINGS!

WE have the LARGEST AND BEST STOCK to be found anywhere in New England,
FROM THE
CHEAPEST STYLES
TO THE
ELEGANT GOLD AND PANEL PAPERS,
And furnish them
AT RETAIL OR WHOLESALE,
At Lowest Prices.

☞ We send samples by mail or express ☜ when it is not convenient for customers ☜ to call at our store.

BRIDGMAN & WHITNEY,

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.,
April 1, 1865.

NOTICE.

THE Selectmen of Ware will meet at their room on the first Monday of each month, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the transaction of business.

BARNABUS SNOW,
GEORGE RICH,
DAVID P. BILLINGS,
Ware, March 27, 1865. Selectmen of Ware.

PRICES

—ARE—

DOWN! DOWN! DOWN!

—FOR—

DRY GOODS.

J. H. STORRS,

Would inform all who have so liberally patronized him that he will now give a BENEFIT by selling goods at Wholesale Prices at Retail for a few days. We offer

Good Dark Prints for	17 cents.
Best New Styles do,	20
" " " M'DeLaines,	25
Heavy Cottons, yard wide,	25
Fine Bleached Cottons, yard wide,	25

NEW STYLES OF

DRESS GOODS,

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS,

FEATHERS,

ALL DOWN TO GOLD VALUE.

☞ We give notice to all we have bought largely at the late Low Prices,

WHICH ENABLES US TO SELL AT

VERY LOW PRICES.

We shall make

Special Inducements to those from a Distance,

Who buy in large quantities.

NEW GOODS WILL BE RECEIVED EVERY WEEK

During the Spring Trade.

A Word to the Wise is Sufficient.

Very respectfully,

J. H. STORRS.

Ware, March 25, 1865.

GOLD AT 150,

—AND—

MY PRICES

For all kinds of Goods

ARE MARKED TO CORRESPOND.

Good Prints, Fast Colors,	20 cts.
All others,	22@25
Best DeLaines,	30
7-8 Brown Cottons,	20
Nice yard wide, do.	20
Best 9-8 do., do.,	37½
Larg't size best qual. Ladies' Nubias,	1 25
Heavy Long Shawls, largest size,	7 00
Best quality do.,	11 00
More Ladies' Rubber Boots,	2 50
More Ladies' Rubber Sandals,	1 00
Colored Cambries (slightly soiled),	17
A lot of shop worn shoes,	75
Good Bleached Cottons,	20, 30,@40
Good Cot. and Wool Flannels,	40@60
Heavy Cotton Goods, for suits,	80
Good Balmoral Skirts,	$3@$4.50
Nice Alpaccas,	50@75
Best All Wool Delaines,	75
Heavy yard wide Cottons,	37½
Heaviest Cottons made,	45
A lot of Ladies' Cambric Collars, half price.	
Six pounds Good Brown Sugar for	$1.00
Five and 5½ pounds very choice do.,	1.00
4½ pounds Crushed & Granulated do.,	1.00
Good Molasses, for	.80@.90
Best Porto Rico in the world,	1.00

All-widths OIL CLOTHS, Palm Leaf MATTRASSES, HOOP SKIRTS, every size from 6 to 40 springs.

A variety of SUGARS; several kinds of MOLASSES and SYRUPS; TEAS and COFFEES.

☞ Remember the French Breakfast and Dinner Coffee.

VARIOUS GRADES OF FLOUR,

From the cheapest to the best made. BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, RYE FLOUR, GRAHAM FLOUR, CORN AND RYE MEAL, always on hand.

Just Received, a lot of *SMITH'S PARAFINE*, for Boots, Harnesses, or any Leather work. The *only sure Water Proof Leather Preserver* known, and will be furnished by the dozen or gross, at New York prices.

Always on hand an assortment of

Clocks, Trunks, Toys and Fancy Goods,

Cooking Extracts and Perfumeries,

All the popular *PATENT MEDICINES*,

In STONE and WOODEN WARE, the usual variety.

Crockery and Glass Ware, enough of it.

HATS AND CAPS,

a good stock at all times. Also,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

for Men and Boys, and as good a variety of Ladies', Misses', and Childrens', Shoes, in Leather and Serge Work, as can be found, in stores out of the cities.

I shall soon receive all the most popular

FERTILIZERS,

to which the attention of Farmers is invited.

Recollect, I always have

A LARGE STOCK OF GOODS,

At *PRICES TO SUIT THE PEOPLE* and the times, all marked in plain figures, and

ONE PRICE ONLY.

☞ Every one who owes me is requested to make immediate payment, as a change in business is contemplated.

E. E. TOWNE.

Monson, Feb. 25, 1865.

FARMERS, ATTENTION!

DO you want to raise LARGE CROPS this season? If so buy largely of

Bone Dust, Super Phosphate of Lime, Lodi Poudrette, and Fish Guano,

and your wants will be realized. For sale by

E. E. TOWNE, Monson.

APRIL 1, 1865.

FALL

—IN—

GOLD!

FALL

—IN—

Merchandize!

I HAVE THIS DAY

REDUCED THE PRICE

—OF—

MY STOCK OF GOODS

TO THEIR

GOLD VALUE,

COMPRISING ALL MY

DRESS GOODS,

DOMESTIC GOODS,

Gent's Furnishing Goods,

READY-MADE

CLOTHING,

BOOTS & SHOES,

CARPETINGS,

CROCKERY, GLASS WARE,

&c., &c., &c.

ANY PART OF MY STOCK

CAN BE BOUGHT AT

LOW FIGURES,

W. W. CROSS,

PALMER, 1865.

VOLNEY WINCHELL,

WILL BUY MAY, JULY, AND SEPTEMBER

COUPONS,

At a small Discount from Gold Prices.

GOLD, SILVER,

Coin Drafts, and all kinds of Government Securities bought and sold.

☞ Please cut this out and keep it for a memorandum.

VOLNEY WINCHELL.

192 Main Street. Springfield,
April 1, 1865.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT!

GREAT SALE OF

Watches, Chains, Diamond Rings, etc.

ONE MILLION DOLLARS WORTH! To be disposed of at ONE DOLLAR EACH! Without regard to Value! Not to be paid for until you know what you are to receive!!

Splendid List of Articles! All to be sold for One Dollar Each!

		Each	
250	Gents' Gold hunting case Watches,	$50 to	$150
250	Ladies' Gold and enamelled hunting case Watches,	35	70
500	Gents' hunting case Silver Watches,	35	70
200	Diamond Rings,	50	100
5000	Gold Vest and Neck Chains,	4	30
3000	Gold Oval Band Bracelets,	4	8
6000	Jet and Gold Bracelets,	6	10
2000	Chatelaine Chain, Guard Chains,	5	20
7000	Solitaire and Gold Brooches,	4	10
5000	Coral, Opal, and Emerald Brooches,	4	8
3000	Gold, Cameo, and Pearl Ear Drops,	4	8
5000	Mosaic, Jet, Lava, & Florentine do.,	4	8
7500	Coral, Opal, and Emerald do.,	4	6
4000	California Diamond Breast Pins,	2.50	10
3000	Gold Fob and Vest Watch Keys,	2.50	8
4000	Fob and Vest Ribbon Slides,	3	10
5000	sets Solitaire Sleeve-but'ns, Studs, &c,	3	9
3000	Gold Thimbles, Pencils, &c.,	4	6
10000	Miniature Lockets,	2.50	10
4000	Miniature Lockets, magic spring,	10	20
3000	Gold Toothpicks, Crosses, &c.,	2	8
5000	Plain Gold Rings,	4	10
5000	Ch sed Gold Rings,	4	11
10000	Stone Set and Signet Rings,	2.50	10
10500	California Diamond Rings,	2	10
7500	sets Ladies' Jewelry—Jet and Gold,	5	15
6000	sets Ladies' Jewelry—Cameo, Pearl, Opal, and other stones,	4	15
10000	Gold Pens, Silver extension holders, and Pencils,	4	10
10000	Gold Pens & gold-mounted holders,	6	10
5000	Gold Pens & gold extens'n holders,	15	25
6000	Ladies' Gilt and Jet Buckles,	5	20
5000	Ladies' Gilt & Jet Hair Bars & Balls,	5	10
5000	Silver Goblets and Drinking Cups,	5	60
3000	Silver Castors,	15	50
2000	Silver Fruit, Card, & Cake Baskets,	20	50
5000	dozen Silver Tea Spoons, per doz.,	10	20
10000	dozen Silver Table Spoons and Forks, per dozen,	20	40

ARRANDALE & CO., Manufacturers' Agents,

No. 167 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,

Announce that all of the above list of goods will be sold for One Dollar each.

In consequence of the great stagnation of trade in the manufacturing districts of England, through the war having cut off the supply of cotton, a large quantity of Valuable Jewelry, originally intended for the English market, has been sent off for sale in this country, AND MUST BE SOLD AT ANY SACRIFICE! Under these circumstances, ARRANDALE & Co., acting as agents for the principal European manufacturers, have resolved upon a GREAT GIFT DISTRIBUTION, subject to the following regulations:

Certificates of the various articles are first put into envelopes, sealed up and mixed; and when ordered, are taken out without regard to choice, and sent by mail, thus giving all a fair chance. On receipt of the certificate you will see what you are to have, and then it is at your option to send the dollar and take the article or not. Purchasers may thus obtain a Gold Watch, Diamond Ring, or any set of Jewelry on our list for One Dollar.

Send 25 Cents for Certificate.

In all transactions by mail, we shall charge for forwarding the Certificates, paying postage, and doing the business, 25 cents each, which must be enclosed when the Certificate is sent for. Five Certificates will be sent for $1, eleven for 2, thirty for $5, sixty-five for $10, and a hundred for $15.

AGENTS.—We want agents in every regiment, and in every town and county in the country, and those acting as such will be allowed 10 cents on every Certificate ordered by them, provided their remittance amounts to one dollar. Agents will collect 25 cents for every Certificate, and remit 15 cents to us, either in cash or postage stamps.

ARRANDALE & CO.,
March 25. 167 Broadway, New York.

Manhood: How Lost, How Restored.

JUST PUBLISHED, a new edition of DR. CULVERWELL'S CELEBRATED ESSAY on the Radical Cure (without medicine) of Spermatorrhœa, or seminal weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and physical Incapacity; Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

☞ Price, in a sealed envelope, only six cents.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine, or the application of the knife—pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.

☞ This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cents or two post stamps. Address the publishers,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, Post Office Box 4,586.

COMMONWEALTH of MASSACHUSETTS
Hampden, ss. Probate Court.

To all persons interested in the estate of Amasa Switzer, late of Monson, in said county, deceased, Greeting:

Whereas, Austin Fuller, administrator with the will annexed, of the estate of said deceased, has presented for allowance the final account of his administration upon the estate of said deceased:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Springfield, in said county, on the fourth Tuesday of April next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be allowed.

And said administrator is ordered to serve this Citation by publishing the same once a week, three weeks successively, in the Palmer Journal, a newspaper printed at Palmer, the first publication to be fourteen days at least before said Court, and by sending, or causing to be sent, a written or printed copy hereof, properly mailed, postage prepaid, to each of the heirs, devisees, or legatees of said deceased, or their legal representatives, known to said administrator, within two days of said first publication.

Witness, WILLIAM S. SHURTLEFF, Esquire Judge of said Court, this, seventh day of March, in the year one thousand, eight hundred and sixty-five. SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

Copy—attest SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

AT NEWTON & CO'S

WILL be found those choice Milk Crackers. Also Boston and Springfield Crackers.

POTASH, at NEWTON & CO'S, Palmer. Of the best quality

LOOK AT PRICES!

With Gold at $1.50.

Porto Rico Sugar,	5½ lb for $1.00
White New Orleans do.,	5½ " " 1.00
Granulated, Pulv., & Crushed do.,	4 " " 1.00
Porto Rico Molasses,	$1.15 per gallon
Muscovado do.,	1.00 " "
Black Teas, best quality,	1.33 " pound
Good Black Teas,	.75 " "

CALL AND SEE THESE GOODS

—AT—

NEWTON & CO'S,

m25 Nassowanno Block, Palmer.

TOWN REPORTS printed neatly, cheaply and expeditiously at this office.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

HEAD-QUARTERS, BOSTON, March 10, 1865.

GENERAL ORDER, No. 6.

I. The War Department has called for one Regiment of Infantry for one year's service, and for thirty Companies of Infantry to recruit our old regiments.

II. Colonel Ansel D. Wass, formerly of the 19th and late of the 60th Regiment, has been commissioned Colonel, and Lieutenant-Colonel I. Harris Hooper, late of the 15th Regiment, Lieutenant Colonel of the new regiment, which has been designated the 62d Regiment of Massachusetts Volunteers.

III. The thirty unattached Companies will be assigned in Special Orders to commands in the field for which they are raised. It is desired to appeal to the enthusiasm and *esprit du corps* of veteran soldiers, to the feelings of neighborhood and local attachment, and to every noble sentiment by which the soldiers of Massachusetts have been inspired in the past, and which have helped to gild their record of glory.

IV. Enlistments can be made in these companies for one, two, or three years. Recruits will receive the bounties now fixed by law, namely:—for one year's men, one hundred dollars in hand, or twenty dollars a month; two years' men, two hundred dollars in hand, or fifty dollars in hand and twenty dollars a month; three year's men, three hundred and twenty-five dollars in hand, or fifty dollars in hand and twenty dollars a month.

V. These bounties are in addition to the United States bounties; also in addition to the State aid which is allowed to families of all enlisted men credited to Massachusetts' quota; also in addition to the local bounties paid by cities and towns.

VI. The 62 Regiment and the new companies will rendezvous at Camp Meiggs, Readville. Recruits will be mustered in by the several District Provost-Marshals, and be forwarded by them to camp.

VII. Officers and soldiers who have been in service and honorably discharged, competent to receive commands, and desiring to return to the service of their country, will receive cordial welcome at these headquarters, and their applications to aid in forming organizations and receive commissions will have full preference.

VIII. These new organizations afford opportunities to our patriotic young men to enter the service in companies with their friends and acquaintances. They will know who are to be their companions in arms before they leave the Commonwealth,—with whom in after years they can rehearse to each other the noble part they took in the great campaign which ended the Rebellion, conquered peace, and restored liberty and union to the nation and the people.

IX. The Governor earnestly invites the heartiest co-operation in this effort to reinforce our brothers in the field by the presence of 4,000 recruits of Massachusetts men. The final struggle is at hand. The work is nearly done. By the fidelity and zeal of the people it will be soon and surely done. The indifference or selfishness of to-day will be paid for by the shame and regret of a life-time. The devoted soldier, who comes now to the task with the heart of a patriot and the energy of a man, will find his reward in the untold satisfaction of a glorious future, and the gratitude of posterity forever.

By order of His Excellency JOHN A. ANDREW, Governor and Commander-in-Chief.

m18 WM. SCHOULER, Adjutant-General.

The Most Popular Book of Pianoforte Instruction is

RICHARDSON'S NEW METHOD,

Having a Regular Sale of 25,000 Copies a Year.

It is superior in excellence to all other "Methods," and

THE BOOK THAT EVERY PUPIL NEEDS

for the acquirement of a thorough knowledge of Pianoforte playing. It is adapted to ALL GRADES OF TUITION, from the Rudimental Studies of the youngest to the Studies and exercises of Advanced Pupils. Two editions are published, one adopting American the other Foreign Fingering. When the work is ordered, if no preference is designated, the edition with American Fingering will be sent.

Be sure that in ordering it you are particular in specifying the "New Method." Price $3.75. Mailed post-paid to any address. Sold by all Music Dealers. OLIVER DITSON & CO.,
Publishers, 277 Washington Street, Boston.

FISH, OF ALL KINDS,

FOR SALE

AT PARKS' STORE.

Palmer House Block.

FOR SALE.

40 EWE SHEEP, with Lamb.

JAMES SNOW.

Palmer, March 25, 1865—3w*

LOST.

A LADY'S GAUNTLET FUR GLOVE somewhere between Monson and Thorndike, on Wednesday evening. The finder will confer a favor by leaving it at this office.

Palmer, March 25, 1865.

MEAL.

BOLTED MEAL, FLOUR.
RYE MEAL, CORN.
GRASS SEEDS, RYE,

Will be found

At NEWTON & Co's, Palmer,

At the Lowest Figures.

ANOTHER LOT Fresh Ground of KENT'S East India and OLMITZ

COFFEES,

The best out. At NEWTON & CO'S, Nassowanno Block, Palmer.

WANTED!

BUTTER, EGGS, and all kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE at NEWTON & Co's.

Palmer, 1865.

HAMS! DRIED BEEF!
HAMS! DRIED APPLES!
ALL KINDS OF FISH!
At NEWTON & Co's . . . Palmer, Mass.

SPICES, of all varieties, Raisins, Citron, Extracts, Bluing, Pepper Sauce, Tomato Ketchup, At NEWTON & Co's, Palmer.

TOBACCO OF ALL KINDS,

Cavendish, Navy, Fine Cut Chewing, Killekinie Smoking.

We would call particular attention to our Navy Tobacco, that we are selling at 75 cents ℔ lb.

NEWTON & CO.,
Nassowanno Block . . . . Palmer, Mass.

SOAPS, SOAPS!

BURWELLS, Babbitt's, Castile and Common, at NEWTON & CO'S, Palmer.

ANY BOOK WANTED!

CAN be obtained at short notice by leaving orders at our store. A select assortment of STANDARD WORKS on hand, together with TOY BOOKS and BOOKS FOR YOUTH.

Also, different styles of

Pocket Bibles and Testaments,

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, &C.

Give us a Call.

WOOD & ALLEN,

Palmer, Feb. 11, 1865. tf

IF YOU WANT

A GOOD ARTICLE

—OF—

READY-MADE CLOTHING

For a Little Money,

Call at **D. MULVIHILL'S,**

Palmer, March 4, 1865. Nassowanno Block.

HOTEL FOR SALE.

THE property known as the Fiskdale Hotel, in Sturbridge, is offered for sale. The hotel is built of stone, and there is a barn and two sheds in good repair connected with the premises. Also, two acres of good land, covered with fruit trees. Apply to O. Parker on the premises, or to the subscriber in Palmer. Terms will be made easy.

Palmer, Mar. 18, 1865.—3w J. A. SQUIER.

SMITH & CONVERSE,

Successors to M. W. FRENCH & BRO.

Have on Hand a Choice Lot of

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES,

Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes,

&c., &c., &c.

YARD WIDE COTTONS,

VERY CHEAP.

Now Spring Style DeLaines, Very Handsome.

Also, a large assortment of

SPRING SKIRTS,

All Styles and Prices.

GIVE US A CALL.

GEO. F. SMITH. JOHN S. CONVERSE.

Palmer, Mass., 1865.

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, the undersigned has assumed the General subscription Agency for the sale of United States Treasury Notes, bearing seven and three-tenths per cent. interest, per annum, known as the

SEVEN-THIRTY LOAN.

These Notes are issued under date of August 15th, 1864, and are payable three years from that time, in currency, or are convertible at the option of the holder into

U. S. 5-20 Six per cent. Gold Bearing Bonds.

These bonds are now worth a premium of nine per cent. including gold interest from Nov., which makes the actual profit on the 7 30 loan, at current rates, including interest, about ten per cent., per annum, besides its exemption from *State and Municipal Taxation*, which adds from one to three per cent. more, according to the rate levied on other property. The interest is payable semi-annually, by coupons attached to each note, which may be cut off and sold to any bank or banker.

The interest amounts to

One Cent per Day on a		$50	Note.
Two	"	$100	"
Ten	"	$500	"
Twenty	"	$1000	"
$1	"	$5000	"

Notes of all the denominations named will be promptly furnished upon receipt of subscriptions. This is

THE ONLY LOAN IN MARKET,

now offered by the Government, and it is confidently expected that its superior advantages will make it

The Great Popular Loan of the People.

Less than $200,000,000 remain unsold, which will probably be disposed of within the next 60 or 90 days, when the notes will undoubtedly command a premium, as has uniformly been the case on closing the subscriptions to other Loans.

In order that citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loan, the National Banks, State Banks, and Private Bankers throughout the country have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will select their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent,

PHILADELPHIA.

Subscriptions will be received by the
First National Bank of Springfield.
Second National Bank of Springfield.
Third National Bank of Springfield.
Ware National Bank of Ware.
Monson National Bank of Monson.
f25 Stafford National Bank of Stafford. 3m

FISK & HATCH,

BANKERS,

And Dealers in Government Securities,

38 Wall Street, New York,

—ARE—

U. S. GOVERNMENT AGENTS,

FOR THE SALE OF THE

POPULAR 7-30 LOAN,

Under the recent arrangement of the Treasury Department with Mr. JAY COOKE, General Subscription Agent.

Checks and Drafts on New York, Legal Tender Notes, and National Bank Notes may be remitted in payment. We also receive all Legal Tender *Five per cent.* Notes, and allow the *accrued interest to date of subscription.*

The 7-30 Notes will be forwarded by express, free of charge, to all points reached by the express companies.

Orders may be forwarded to us direct, or through your nearest bank or banker.

Persons visiting the city will find a full assortment of the notes on hand at our office for immediate delivery.

Orders by mail should be accompanied with the address in full to which the notes are to be forwarded.

We also keep on hand, and buy and sell at market rates, all kinds of

United States Securities.

Accounts of Banks, Bankers, and individuals received on favorable terms.

FISK & HATCH, BANKERS,

f18 38 Wall Street, New York. 3m.

THE NINTH NATIONAL BANK

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

CAPITAL, $1,000,000—PAID IN,

Fiscal Agent of the United States,

And Special Agent for Jay Cooke, Subscription Agent.

Will Deliver 7-30 Notes, Free of Charge,

by express, in all parts of the country, and receive in payment Checks on New York, Philadelphia, and Boston, current bills, and all five per cent. interest notes, with interest to date of subscription. Orders sent by mail will be promptly filled.

This Bank receives the accounts of Banks and Bankers on favorable terms; also of individuals keeping New York accounts.

J. T. HILL Cashier. J. U. ORVIS, Pres't.

DODGE & HASTINGS,

PAY the HIGHEST MARKET PRICE for GOOD VEAL CALVES.

Palmer, Feb. 25, 1865.

A NICE ARTICLE OF **SUGAR HOUSE SYRUP,**

For sale

Palmer, Dec. 8. AT PARKS' STORE.

OIL BUSINESS.—There is a slight lull in oil speculatious, and it is not as easy to sell stock in new companies as it was a few weeks ago. Millions of dollars have been subscribed in California companies, but a distinguished geologist gives it as his opinion that petroleum does not exist there.

RICH FIELDS.—Admiral Dahlgren has possession of the richest rice region in America, as a consequence of his victory at Georgetown. The slave population there is six times as numerous as the whites. The loss of those rice fields will help exhaust the rebels.

THE REASON.—One of the chief reasons assigned for not sending the Savannah cotton abroad for sale is, that it would be attached in the hands of the agents as the property of the foreigners who claimed it before it left Savannah.

ARREST UNDER THE NEW ENROLLMENT LAW.—A substitute broker in Portland has been arrested under article 17 of the new enrollment law, which provides that "no person shall be enlisted while intoxicated," or in any other fraudulent manner.

REMOVED!

THE BOOT AND SHOE STORE
OF

L. DIMOCK,

Is removed to the center store in

Palmer House Block, Sign of the Boot,

Where I intend to keep constantly on hand

A FULL ASSORTMENT

Of BOOTS AND SHOES, of every description, which I will sell at the

LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES.

Also, **Boots Made to Order,** and **Repairing** done in the best manner and most reasonable terms.

While grateful for your patronage in the past, I am determined to merit it in the future.

Don't mistake the place—Centre Store, Palmer House Block: Sign of the Boot.

Palmer, March 4, 1865. LYMAN DIMOCK

CLOTHING

Marked Down! Down!

NOW IS YOUR TIME TO BUY.

CALL ON THE

NEW YORK

CLOTHING

COMPANY,

138 MAIN ST., SPRINGFIELD,

(Corner of Vernon Street)

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,

HATS AND CAPS,

From one of

THE LARGEST WHOLESALE ESTABLISHMENTS

in the City of New York,

ANY ONE WISHING

A Good Substantial Article

FOR A

LITTLE MONEY,

WOULD DO WELL TO

EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

ALL GOODS SOLD BY US ARE

WARRANTED

TO BE AS REPRESENTED.

We will allow the privilege of exchanging (within three days), any garment sold at retail, which upon examination at home does not meet the entire approval of the purchaser, either in material, style, or fit; or, if that is not sufficiently liberal,

WE WILL REFUND THE MONEY.

Our term of sale are strictly for cash, and

WE GUARANTEE

A BETTER ARTICLE

OF CLOTHING FOR THE PRICE

than can be obtained elsewhere. Call and satisfy yourselves, at

138 MAIN ST.,

nearly opposite Baptist Church,

SPRINGFIELD.....MASS.

n21tf

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Just received and for sale by

D. MULVIHILL,

Nassowanno Block, Palmer, Mass.

March 4, 1865.

TO LET.

THE ROOMS IN STRONG BLOCK heretofore used as a Tin-shop. Enquire of Palmer, March 4, 1865. JAS. G. ALLEN.

FLOUR

Of all grades, FOR SALE LOW for cash,

AT A. H. PARKS' STORE,

West end of Palmer House Block, Palmer, Mass.

PETROLEUM STOCKS

Are now attracting much attention, as

They Pay Larger Dividends

than any other stocks in the market, ranging from

One to Five per Cent. per Month.

Parties wishing to subscribe for stock in the "Great Basin" the "Massachusetts & Oil Creek," the "New England," "Fuller Farm," or other first-class oil companies, or in the

Montezuma Gold Mining Company,

the ore of which assays at over $8,000 per cord, can do so at the office of

Palmer, Jan. 21, 1865. JAS. G. ALLEN.

WOODS' Celebrated Dry Hop Yeast, for sale at PARKS' STORE, Palmer

ENVELOPES, embellished with Business Cards, furnished at this office.

HEALTH

HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT
BUCHU.

For Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Bladder or Kidneys, Diseases of the Prostrate Gland, Gravel, Brick Dust Deposits, Dropsical Swellings, Organic Weakness, Debility, Female Complaints, &c.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu and

IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Will radically exterminate from the system Diseases arising from habits of Dissipation, at little expense, little or no change of diet, no inconvenience or exposure, completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copabia and Mercury, in curing these diseases.

USE HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

In all Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in MALE OR FEMALE, *from whatever cause originating*, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in its taste and odor, IMMEDIATE in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from Broken Down or Delicate Constitutions, *procure the Remedy at once.*

The reader must be aware that however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect his *Bodily Health, Mental Powers and Happiness.* If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue.

All the above diseases require the aid of a diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
IS THE GREAT DIURETIC.

HELMBOLD'S
HIGHLY CONCENTRATED COMPOUND
FLUID
EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,

For purifying the blood, removing all diseases arising from excess ane imprudence in life, chronic constitutional diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, and the only reliable and effectual know remedy for the cure of Scrofula, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Pains and Swellings of the Bones, Ulcerations of the Throat and Legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Tetter, Erpsipelas, and all scaly eruptions of the skin, and beautifying the complexion.

AND

HAPPINESS

NOT A FEW

Of the worst disorders that afflict mankind arise from the corruption that accumulates in the Blood. Of all the discoveries that have been made to purge it out, none can equal in effect Helmbold's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla. It cleanses and renovates the Blood, instills the vigor of health into the system and purges out the humors which make disease. It stimulates the healthy functions of the body, and expels the disorders that grow and rankle in the blood. Such a remedy, that could be relied on, has long been sought for, and now, for the first time, the public have one on which they can depend. Our space here does not admit of certificates to show its effects, but the trial of a single bottle will show to the sick that it has virtues surpassing anything they have ever taken.

Two tablespoonsful of the Extract of Sarsaparilla, added to a pint of water, is equal to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is equal to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla, or the decoction as usually made.

The above Extracts are prepared on purely scientific principles—in Vacuo—and embody the full strength of the ingredients entering into their composition. A ready and conclusive test will be a comparison of their properties with those set forth in the U. S. Dispensatory.

HOW TO USE THE REMEDIES.

In diseases of the Blood, Humors on the Face, or any and every part of the body, use Extract Sarsaparilla, applying to Pimples and all external Humors or Eruptions the Improved Rose Wash.

Use the Extract Buchu for all diseases requiring the aid of a Diuretic, except those of the Urinary Organs, such as Gonorrhœa and Gleet; in these use the Extract Buchu and inject with the Improved Rose Wash.

☞THESE EXTRACTS HAVE BEEN ADMITTED TO USE IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY, and also are in very general use in all the STATE HOSPITALS and Public Institutions throughout the land, as well as well as in private practice, and are considered as invaluable remedies.

Medicine delivered to Any Address.

Direct letters to—

HELMBOLD'S DRUG & CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,

594 Broadway, New York,

Next Metropolitan Hotel, or to

HELMBOLD'S MEDICAL DEPOT,

104 South Tenth St., Philadelphia,

Assembly Buildings.

Describe Symptoms in all Communication.

☞Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

☞Beware of Counterfeits.

☞Ask for Helmbold's. Take no Other.

Feb. 25. 1y.

SECURED.

Palmer Steam Mill!

THE subscribers, having leased the Steam Mill formerly occupied by Hall & Trumble, offer for sale

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

FLOUR, GRAIN, MEAL,
FEED, SALT, LIME,
COAL, WOOD, &c.

AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

CASH PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.

Palmer, Mass., Dec. 20, 1862.

NEW GROCERY STORE!

The undersigned, having purchased the stock of

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS

lately owned by J. P. SHAW, and removed them to their Flour and Grain Store, and having made large additions thereto, are prepared to furnish

FAMILY GROCERIES as CHEAP as at any other establishment in the county.

As we deal largely in

FLOUR AND GRAIN,

we are enabled to make purchases at

LOW FIGURES,

and sell in the same manner.

All kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods.

☞Remember the place—

At the Palmer Steam Mill.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.

Palmer, Aug. 29, 1863.

GOLD PENS

FOR THE MILLION!

Pens to Suit the Hand, and Prices to Suit the Pocket!

The Best Gold Pens in the World?

On receipt of the following sums we will send, by mail or as directed, a Gold Pen or Pens, selecting the same according to the description, namely:

Gold Pens in Silver Plated Extension Cases, with Pencils.

For $1 a No. 2 pen — For $2 a No. 5 pen
For 1 25 a No. 3 pen — For 2 25 a No. 6 pen
For 1 50 a No. 4 pen

These pens are stamped THE IMPERIAL PEN, and are well finished and fine writing Gold Pens, with good Ardium points, although they are unwarranted and cannot be exchanged.

WARRANTED GOLD PENS.

Our name (American Gold Pen Co., N. Y.) is stamped on all our 1st quality pens, and the points are warranted for six months, except against accident. Our SECOND quality pens are stamped THE NATIONAL PEN, with the initials of our firm, (A. G. P. Co.) and are carefully made, having the same points as our 1st quality pens, the only great difference being in the quality of the Gold

Gold Pens, 1st and 2d Quality, in Solid Silver Extension Cases, with Pencils.

For $2 00 a No. 1 pen, 1st quality, or No. 2 pen 2d qual.
For 2 25 a No. 2 pen 1st quality, or No. 3 pen 2d qual.
For 2 25 a No. 3 pen 1st quality, or No. 4 pen 2d qual.
For 3 50 a No. 4 pen 1st quality, or No. 5 pen 2d qual.
For 4 50 a No. 5 pen 1st quality, or No. 6 pen 2d qual.
For 5 50 a No 6 pen 1st quality.

The same Gold Pens in Solid Silver or Gold Plated Ebony Desk Holders and Morocco Cases.

For $2 25 a No. 3 pen 1st quality, or No. 4 pen 2d qual.
For 2 50 a No. 4 pen 1st quality, or No. 5 pen 2d qual.
For 3 50 a No 5 pen 1st quality, or No 6 pen 3d qual.
For 4 00 a No. 6 pen 1st quality. For $5 50 a No. 7 pen.
For 6 75 a No. 8 pen. For $12 a No. 12 pen; all 1st qual.

Our pens rank throughout the country as equal if not superior to any gold pens manufactured. Not only for their writing qualities durability and elegant finish. The greatest care is used in their manufacture, and none are sold with the slightest imperfection which skill can detect.

Parties in ordering must specify the name, number and quality in all instances, and whether stiff or limber, coarse or fine.

TO CLUBS.

A discount of 12 per cent. will be allowed on sums of $15, if sent to one address, at one time; 15 per cent. on $25; 20 per cent. on $40.

All remittances by mail, *registered*, are at our risk. To all who enclose 20 cents extra for registering, we guarantee the safe delivery of the goods.

Circulars of all our new styles, with Engravings of exact sizes and prices, sent upon receipt of stamp, if desired. Pens repointed for 50 cents by mail.

Stationers and Jewellers are requested to correspond with us, as we can offer them GREAT INDUCEMENTS. Address

AMERICAN GOLD PEN CO.,
j28 3m. No. 200 Broadway, New York

M. P. KNOWLTON,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

Post Office Building, south side of Court Square,

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

Soldiers' Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, &c., procured promptly and at reasonable rates.

Immense Success—Third Edition.

"HOW 'TIS DONE," or "The Secret Out," "Gambling Exposed," "Marked Cards," and all other tricks explained, "Fortune Telling," "The Book of Wonders," "Hunting and Fishing Secrets," the Original great Secret of a "Moustach and Whiskers in 42 Days," "How to make Gold, Silver, and Diamonds," and 180 other new discoveries, never before published. A New Book, handsomely printed, and bound; price only 25 cts; 6 for $1; circulars for stamp. Satisfaction guaranteed. Agents Wanted. Address

HUNTER & Co. Publishers,
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A. H. PARKS' Cash Store . . . PALMER, MASS.

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BUTTER,

FOR SALE in any quantity, from one to 100 pounds, at

A. H. PARKS' STORE, Palmer, Mass.

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CARPENTER AND JOINER,
—AND DEALER IN—
Doors, Sash, Blinds, Framing Timber, &c., &c.

Doors, Sash, and Blinds constantly on hand. All kinds of jobbing done to order. Palmer, Jan. 30

A Superior Article of Pure Ground JAVA COFFEE,

For sale at A. H. PARKS' Store,

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The New 7 3-10 Treasury Notes

ARE on hand and for sale at the MONSON NATIONAL BANK, in denominations of $50, $100, $500, and $1000.

Monson, Dec. 17. E. F. MORRIS, Cashier.

HALL'S VEGETABLE
SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER,

THE best preparation for the Hair. It will immediately free the head from all dandruff, restore the hair to its natural color, and produce a new growth where it has fallen off. It will stop the falling out of the hair in a few days, if faithfully applied, and it will turn gray hair to its original color. Price, one dollar. A large lot just received, and for sale by the bottle or dozen.

WOOD & ALLEN,

Palmer, Mass., Feb. 11, 1865. 1y

REVENUE STAMPS.

ALL DENOMINATIONS of U. S. Revenue Stamps for sale at the Journal Office.

Palmer, Aug. 20, 1864

DENTISTRY.

DR. J. B. GOULD,

Surgical and Mechanical Dentist,

Palmer, Mass.

respectfully informs the Citizens of Palmer and vicinity that he has located himself in this place as a permanent Dentist, and hopes by strict attention to business to win the patronage of the public.

The Most Difficult Operations in Dentistry Performed with Care.

One of the most important and often neglected duties of the age is the preservation of the Natural Teeth, and to this end none should neglect having them frequently examined by a Dentist, that decay and other imperfections may be seasonably remedied. Children's teeth should receive frequent and careful attention, to prevent irregularities or decay.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH

Inserted on the improved principle of atmospheric pressure. Teeth, from one to an entire set, inserted on Gold, Silver, or Rubber.

A SUPERIOR ARTICLE of DENTRIFICE and TOOTH BRUSHES constantly on hand.

☞Examinations and advice gratis.

☞All operations warranted.

TERMS REASONABLE.

TESTIMONIALS:

The undersigned, citizens of Monson, have employed Mr. J. B. Gould, in his regular practice as Dentist, with satisfaction, and would cheerfully recommend him to the citizens of this and adjoining towns; as skillful in all branches of this business. They are happy also to commend him as a man of good principles and high moral character.

Rev. T. G. Colton. Marcus Keep.
" F. Woods. S. Darling.
N. F. Rogers. Dr. J. M. Towne.
E. B. Miles. " Smith.
n19 Dr. J. McKinstrey.

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IT is well known to the medical profession that IRON is the Vital Principle or Life Element of the blood. This is derived chiefly from the food we eat; but if the food is not properly digested, or if from any cause whatever, the necessary quantity of iron is not taken into the circulation, or becomes reduced, the whole system suffers. The bad blood will irritate the heart, will clog up the lungs, will stupefy the brain, will obstruct the liver, and will send its disease producing elements to all parts of the system, and every one will suffer in whatever organ may be predisposed to disease.

The great value of

IRON AS A MEDICINE

is well known and acknowledged by all medical men. The difficulty has been to obtain such a preparation of it as will enter the circulation and assimilate at once with the blood. This point, says Dr. Hayes, Massachusetts State Chemist, has been attained in the Peruvian Syrup, by combination in a way before unknown.

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OR PROTECTED solution of the PROTOXIDE OF IRON. A NEW Discovery in Medicine that strikes at the Root of Disease by supplying the Blood with its Vital Principle or Life Element—blood.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP

Cures Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Fever and Ague, Loss of Energy, Low Spirits.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP

infuses strength, vigor, and new life into the system, and builds up an "Iron Constitution."

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cures Nervous Affections, Female Complaints, and all Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP

is a SPECIFIC for all diseases originating in a BAD STATE OF THE BLOOD, or accompanied by Debility or a Low State of the System.

Pamphlets containing certificates of cures, and recommendations from some of the most eminent Physicians, Clergymen, and others, will be sent FREE to any address.

We select a few of the names to show the character of the testimonials.

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Has fully established the superiority of Redding's Russia Salve over all other healing preparations.

It cures all kinds of

Sores, Cuts, Scalds, Burns, Boils, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Sties, Piles, Corns, Sore Lips, Sore Eyes, &c., &c., Removing the Pain at once, and Reducing the most Angry Looking Swellings and Inflammation as if by Magic.

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JAS. G. ALLEN, Counsellor & Attorney.

Palmer, March 21, 1863.

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On and after MONDAY, JANUARY 2, 1865,

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7.50 A. M., and 2.15 P. M., for New London and Way Stations.

2.15 P. M., and 6.00 P. M, for Belchertown and Amherst.

Trains for New London connect at Willimantic with trains for Hartford.

Trains for Amherst connect with trains from New London, and Western Railroad trains.

R. N. DOWD, Supt.

New London, Jan. 2, 1865.

WANTED!

All Kinds of Farmer's Produce in Exchange for Goods, at

A. H. PARKS' Store . . . . . Palmer, Mass.

Western Reserve Ohio Cheese.

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY,

For sale at A. H. PARKS' Cash Store, Palmer.

THE best Young Hyson, Black, and Japanese TEAS,

For sale at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer.

DR. VELPAU'S FRENCH PILLS.

LADIES, TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

THE REAL VELPAU FEMALE PILL.

[Warranted French.]

These Pills, so celebrated many years ago in Paris, for the relief of female irregularities, and afterward so notorious for their criminal employment in the practice of abortion, are now offered for sale for the first time in America. They have been kept in comparative security from the fact that the originator, Dr. Velpau, is a physician in Paris, of great wealth and strictly conscientious principles, and has withheld them from general use lest they should be employed for unlawful purposes. In overcoming Female Obstructions, Falling of the Womb, Whites, Green Sickness, Suppression, Retention, or Immoderate flow of the monthly discharges, they seem to be truly omnipotent, bursting open the flood gates from whatever cause may have stopped them; but they are offered to the public only for legitimate uses and all agents are forbidden to sell them when it is understood that the object is unlawful. Married ladies should never take them when there is any reason to believe themselves pregnant, for they will be sure to produce a miscarriage.

These Pills are entirely safe under all circumstances, being compased entirely of substances from the vegetable kingdom.

Each box has the coat of arms for the city of Paris stamped on the box, with the words "Trade Mark" in French, to counterfeit which is a misdemeanor, and all persons will be dealt with according to law.

☞Full directions accompany every box.

Ladies can obtain a box sealed from the eyes of the curious, by enclosing one dollar and six post-office stamps to any respectable druggists, or to O. C. STAPLES, General Agent for the United States, Watertown, N. Y.

For sale in Palmer by Wood & Allen, and Dr. Wm. Holbrook. n51y.

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HARTFORD, CT.
Capital.....$1,500,000

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Effected on MOST REASONABLE TERMS, in the Best Companies.

Also, Life Insurance

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Pure and Four Years Old, of Choice Port Grape,

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THE Great remedy for kidney affections, rheumatism, & all chronic compl'nts.

Excellen Wines for Females.

Every Family at this season should use the

SAMBUCI WINE,

celebrated in Europe for its medicinal and beneficial qualities as a gentle Stimulant, Tonic, Diuretic, and Sudorific, highly esteemed by eminent physicians, used in European and American Hospitals, and by some of the first families in Europe and America.

As a Tonic it has no equal, causing an appetite, and building up the system, being entirely a pure wine of a most valuable grape.

As a Diuretic, it imparts a healthy action to the Glands and Kidneys, and Urinary Organs, very beneficial in Dropsy, Gout and Rheumatic Affections.

Speer's Wine is not a mixture or manufactured article, but is pure from the juice of the Port Grape, cultivated in New Jersey, recommended by Chemists and Physicians as possessing medical properties superior to any other Wines in use, and an excellent article for all weak and debilitated persons, and the aged and infirm, improving the appetite and benefiting ladies and children.

A Ladies' Wine, because it will not intoxicate as other wines, as it contains no mixture of spirits or other liquors, and is admired for rich, peculiar flavor, and nutritive properties, imparting a healthy tone to the digestive organs, and a blooming, soft, and healthy skin and complexion.

☞None genuine unless the signature of "Alfred Speer, Passaic, N. J." is over the cork of each bottle.

Make one Trial of this Wine.

For sale in Palmer by Wood & Allen, and by druggists generally. Trade supplied in Boston by G. C Goodwin, and all wholesale druggists in Boston and New York.

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The Ageucy is not only the largest in New England, but through it inventors have advantages for securing Patents, of ascertaining the patenability of inventions, unsurpassed by, if not immeasurably superior to any which can be offered them elsewhere. The Testimonials below given prove that none is MORE SUCCESSFUL AT THE PATENT OFFICE than the subscriber, and as SUCCESS IS THE BEST PROOF OF ADVANTAGES AND ABILITY, he would add that he has abundant reason to believe, and can prove, that at no other office of the kind are the charges for professional services so moderate. The immense practice of the subscriber during the twelve years past has enabled him to accumulate a vast collection of specifications and official decisions relative to patents.

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All necessity of a journey to Washington to procure a Patent, and the usual great delay there, are here saved inventors.

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January 1, 1865. 1y

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Dr. Dow has no doubt had greater experience in the cure of diseases of women than any other physician in Boston.

Boarding accommodations for patients who may wish to stay in Boston a few days under his treatment.

Dr. Dow, since 1845, having confined his whole attention to an office practice for the cure of Private Diseases and Female Complaints, acknowledges no superior in the United States.

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Boston, July 30, 1864. 1y.

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FRESH FISH, OYSTERS,

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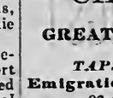
Nassowanno Block.....Palmer, Mass.

M. FOX. Feb. 20, 1864. C. HOLBROOK.



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The Palmer Journal.

VOLUME XVI. PALMER, MASS., SATURDAY, APRIL 8, 1865. NUMBER 4.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

—BY—

GORDON M. FISK & Co.

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Changes.

Just for a little time I left
The play-ground by the spring;
Nor dreamed I in my childish heart
What changes years would bring—
That I should seek my playmates there
And find a broken ring.

I was not long away, I know;
For I am still a child,
With heart almost as young as then,
And quite as free and wild—
Still cherishing my childish joys,
And by their worth beguiled.

I came again; old scenes brought back
My childhood in its glee.
And with a bounding step I sought
The group that played with me.
They were not by the crystal spring,
Nor 'neath our favorite tree.

I sought them in the school-room where
We conned our tasks of yore.
A pleasant hum, like busy bees,
Came through the open door;
But, ah! that row of faces there
I ne'er had seen before.

I sought again the play-ground's shade,
And called their names aloud.
The hollow echoes answered me,
They're gone, that joyous crowd—
Some with their bridal garments on,
Some in a snow-white shroud.

Alone! A pang went through my heart,
It had not known till now,
As I stood saying to myself,
"They're gone; where guest thou?"
And Duty said, "If thou wilt learn,
I'll show thee *where* and *how*."

S. F. P.

LEICESTER, MASS., Mar. 22, 1865.

A STRANGE TALE.

A LEAF FROM THE LIFE OF A BUSINESS MAN.

There now resides in the city of Chicago a gentleman well known in the circles of business, and whose paper is good on chance for a very respectable sum, whose lot it was, in the early portion of his career, to reside in the city of New Orleans. This was many years ago, away back in the half decade from 1830 to 1835. He had gone thither from the North, penniless, to earn a livelihood for himself and in pursuit of that fortune which all young men hope to reach, but which few ever obtain. Shortly after his arrival in the Crescent City he fortunately succeeded in securing a position in an old and well-established mercantile house, where, by his industry and uniformly trustworthy conduct, he secured the confidence of his employers and rapid promotion up through the several departments of the house to the counting room.

For the purposes of this narrative we are called upon to select a cognomen for the gentleman before proceeding further. And, since this sketch is published without consultation with him, we feel obliged to give him a name other than that by which he is known in the commercial walks of life, and with the title of Mr. S—— our readers must be satisfied.

Mr. S—— had been scarcely two years engaged in discharging the duties of his position in New Orleans when he became enamored of a daughter of one of the members of the firm. Deeply engrossed as he was in the affairs of every-day business life, the thread of all-absorbing trade failed to crush out the gentler sentiments of his heart, and the jingle of the dollars could not drown the sweet music of interchanging vows of constancy and of the plighted faith. His affections were reciprocated; but, though 'Barkis was willin'," the parents were not. With all the pride of aristocracy and contempt of honest labor which formerly did, and still does, characterize the wealthy of the South, they sneered at the loves of the young couple, interposed objections, and forbade intercourse between them.

As a natural consequence, clandestine meetings were held and an elopement projected and consummated. The parties returned to New Orleans one day, man and wife, but to receive no blessing or forgiveness from the parents of the lady. Mr. S—— was dismissed from the service of the firm, and, for more than a month, struggled hard to maintain himself and wife, now dependent upon his exertions. His efforts were not crowned by the most perfect success, and his life was a continual struggle for existence, poor and cheerless at that. One son was the result of the marriage, and with his wife and child, Mr. S. struggled on, met on almost every hand by the persecutions of the father. Unable longer to reconcile himself to such a life, a separation was mutually agreed upon; the lady returned with her child to her father's roof, and Mr. S—— returned to his home in the Eastern States.

Six months after his arrival in the North, Mr. S —— received a New Orleans paper announcing the death of his wife and child.—Attached to them as he was, though compelled by adverse circumstances to leave them, he believed them dead and mourned for them sincerely. A few years afterwards he met with a lady whose good qualities of mind attracted him, and whom he subsequently married, and whom he lived with happily for many years, raising a family of sons, two of whom are to-day residents of the city of Chicago.

In the natural course of events, Mr. S—— removed to the West many years ago, and became one of the seekers after fortune upon what was then considered almost the frontier. Chicago was then but a small and comparatively unknown town, though the tide of emigration was beginning to set rapidly in that direction. He was shrewd and speculative, and his former experience had rendered him well qualified to turn to advantage such opportunities for the aggrandizement of whatever he possessed as came in his way. He prospered in business, and year after year accumulated additions to the gains of the year previous. Chicago and the great Northwest sprang from an insignificant village and a sparsely settled country to a great city and prosperous commonwealth. His own pecuniary advancement was no less rapid, and from that time until the present his life was marked by no more important era than is the common history of business men in this community and might be written of hundreds of others. Some years ago his second wife died, esteemed by her friends and wept and loved by those to whom she was nearest and dearest.

We will not say that, during all this lapse of years, the mind of Mr. S—— did not frequently revert to the scenes of his earlier days, and to the strange vicissitudes through which he had passed. It would have been wonderful, indeed, if he had not pondered upon them, or often thought of the joys and sorrows attendant upon his residence in New Orleans. He held no correspondence, however, with any one resident there, and accepted for truth the newspaper announcement of the death of his former wife and child. By it his entire life had been changed and turned from its original channel, he himself seeking new associations, new scenes, and different avenues of trade.

After the capture of New Orleans by the Union forces under Gen. Butler and the opening of the Mississippi by the surrender of Vicksburg, a desire seized Mr. S. to re-visit his old home, and look once more upon New Orleans. Thirty years had elapsed since his residence there and the occasion of his second visit. On the second day after his arrival, he discovered, among the ladies at the St. Charles Hotel, one whom he recognized as his former wife. He immediately sought an interview with her, but was refused, she returning the application by the no means consoling information that she had no interest in common with him, and no desire to look upon or speak with him. The next day, she had left the hotel, and he lost all trace of her. Mr. S. was, shortly after, taken severely ill, and, having occasion to call a physician, judge of his surprise to learn, from the conversation which passed between them, that the grey haired medical attendant had been the adviser of the family of his former wife, and from him learned the residence of the lady. Prompted by feelings of curiosity, even if the old love had wholly died out in his heart, he again sought an interview, and was at last successful.

The story of the lady was a strange one.—After the departure of Mr. S. for the North, she returned to her father's house and to the circles in society which she had formerly frequented. Her father had purposely inserted in the paper the announcement of the death of herself and child, and forwarded it to Mr. S., that he might believe them forever lost to him. She passively waited the lapse of time until a divorce was procured on the ground of abandonment, and a few years after entered upon her second marriage, in obedience to the wishes of her parents. The son of Mr. S. and herself was then a colonel in the rebel army. She had no desire to renew intercourse with him, and closed the interview as soon as possible.

Mr. S. determined, if he could not have his wife, at least to have his son. By patient labor, his discharge was procured from the service of Jefferson Davis, and he returned to the North with his newly found father. A codicil was soon appended to the will of Mr. S., by which the son receives an equal share in that gentleman's property in the event of his death. Mr. S., is again in the city of Chicago, and again fills his accustomed place in business circles. Yet few would suspect that in the life of this man, familiar to hundreds, novel events had mingled and circumstances transpired, the like whereof we seldom find save in the pages of fiction or of romance.

LADIES' FASHIONS.—The fashions for ladies' bonnets, this spring, are monstrously absurd even for that most capricious of all articles of feminine apparel. Heretofore the thing has retreated from the forehead, with a high and rather capacious front piece. This has been the repository of flowers and all sorts of things, vegetable and floral, but all this is about to disappear. The new spring bonnet abandons all attempt at rising above the head of the fair wearer. It clings close to the cranium, and is little else than a delicate bit of gauze or similar material wrapped over the top of the head and united in a huge bow under the chin. If flowers are used, they adorn the exterior, not the inside of the bonnet, for that is incapable of embracing anything except the beautiful adornment which nature gives us a covering to the head. By the way, do you see how suddenly curls have dropped down upon the shoulders of the sex, and what splendid tresses now adorn people formerly almost destitute of hair? Alas! that art should abuse nature, and the hair of dead women should grace the heads of living beauty. Such is the demand for artificial curls that even the animal kingdom is brought in to supply this fashionable female necessity. —*N. Y. Letter.*

PATIENCE OF GOD.—How wonderful it is! Think what He hears and sees; and yet, though immaculately holy, so that sin is infinitely abhorrent to his nature, and infinitely powerful, so that he can punish it, how he spares! Take the oaths that are uttered. He hears them all, and they roar up in one horrid chorus to the skies. Take the cries which wrong and outrage extorts from the widows, orphans, and oppressed. He hears them all; and how, as Abel's slaughtered corpse called from the ground, must they pierce his ear and demand vengeance! The blood which is unjustly shed, drawn from the veins of innocence, he sees it all, and it is sufficient to make rivers. What a foul stench reeks up from the corrupt city dwellings and hearts of depraved humanity! And it all mounts to him; and yet how he spares—keeps back the struggling thunders! How amazing his patience! He is God and not man, and therefore his compassion fails not.—*Rev. J. Brace.*

THE SILVER APOSTLES.—Napoleon, having entered one of the cities of Italy, the church wardens recommended to him the relics of the church.

"Sire, will you deign to take our apostles under your protection?"

"Your apostles! Are they of wood?"

"No, sir."

"Of what are they, then?"

"Of silver, sire."

"Of silver?"

"Of solid silver."

"Solid silver!" exclaimed Napoleon, quickly. "Yes, I shall help them fulfil their mission; it is ordained that they should go throughout the world, and they shall."

Having said so, the emperor sent the twelve apostles to the mint in Paris.

☞Break a woman's heart, and she will smile and forgive you. Break a joke upon her face and she declares war—war to the scissors.

☞Never parade your good luck, nor had before men; the first sight will make them think less of you, and the second will make them think more of themselves.

AN INDIAN LOVE STORY.

In Gen. Scott's recently published autobiography, among his experiences in the Black Hawk war, occurs the following romantic episode.

The summons for the conference was now given to all the tribes and obeyed, and the grand councils of war for the settlement of the treaties commenced. While these were pending, a demand came up from a judge of Illinois, sixty miles below, for an Indian murderer, his name unknown, but who had been distinctly traced to the camp of the great body of Sacs and Foxes, whom the chief had contrived to hold in neutrality during the recent hostilities—influenced mainly by Keokuk—not an hereditary chief and only a principal brave or warrior, the sense-bearer, orator, and treasurer of the confederacy. The demand was communicated to this remarkable man. After a little musing, the painful truth of the story seemed to flash upon him.—With candor he stated the ground of his fears. A young brave of some twenty-five years of age, the son of a distinguished chief had long sought to marry a handsome young squaw, the daughter of another famous chief, but the maiden repulsed the lover, applying to him the most opprobrious epithet—squaw—he never having taken a scalp, killed a grizzly bear, nor, by surprise, robbed an enemy of his arms, horse, or wife. Hence, she said her lover was not a brave but a woman. Her sympathies were moreover, with Black Hawk—her only brother having run off with that reckless chief.

All these particulars were not yet known to the wise treasurer; for he was only surprised at the change of conduct in the belle savage who had so suddenly married her lover. Keokuk, in good faith said he would inquire, for his great care had been to save his people from destructive war and entire spoliation with which Black Hawk's conduct had caused them to be threatened.

The next day he called at headquarters and whispered that his fears proved prophetic; that the happy bridegroom had, for the good of the confederacy, confessed himself to be the guilty party, and was at hand; but he begged the general to repeat in full council, the demand, etc., This was accordingly done, and as soon as Scott's peroration—"I demand the murderer"—was interpreted, the young Apollo stood up and said: "I am the man!" With a violent stamp and voice Scott called out—"the guard!" A sergeant with a dozen, grenadiers, rushed in, seized the offender and carried him off.

When the blacksmith began to place and rivet irons upon him he struggled furiously. It took several of the guard to hold him down. He said he did not come forward to be ironed; he said he did not wish to be tried, that he preferred being shot down at once. He was sent to the Illinois court then in session, put on his trial, and notwithstanding the strong circumstantial evidence and that it was proved that he had acknowledged the killing in a hand-to-hand fight, a tricky lawyer, well provided with the means of bribery, no doubt by the chiefs of the confederacy, obtained from the jury a verdict of not guilty.

The acquitted client had yet to pass another ordeal—one of fire and water. A swift horse half-way between the court and the Mississippi (a few hundred yards off,) was provided for the occasion; but frontier men always have rifles in hand and their horses ready. The lawyer hastened his client out of court and gained for him a good start.—"Fly young man, or your dear-bought Helen will soon be a widow!"

In a minute, followed by some whizzing shots he was in the saddle. In another, "horse and rider were plunged into "the great father of waters," swimming side by side. Now came up furiously a dozen mounted riflemen who threw away their lead at the too distant game.

The last news of the romantic Sac represented him as the happy father of a thriving family of "young barbarians," by more than a "Dacian mother"—all far beyond the Mississippi.

IMPERIAL VISIT TO THE UNITED STATES.—The London correspondent of the New York Herald states that, within a couple of years, the Prince Imperial of France is to make a royal visit to the United States and take a tour in the country. He is to be attended by a splendid fleet and two or three Ministers of State, and move about with a brilliancy which will completely, it is said, eclipse the late tour of the Prince of Wales.

COMET IN THE SOUTHERN HEMISPHERE.—A very brilliant comet was observed in the southwest, from on board the ship White Swallow of Boston, (when probably off Cape of Good Hope), from January 20th to February 5th.—As the comet must then have had a northen declination, it was, of course, invisible to us.

PAID FOR WAITING.—It is stated that within a short time the treasurer of a large manufacturing corporation made an offer for a lot of cotton, which was refused. Last week he purchased the same cotton, and the difference between what he once offered and what he paid was $90,000.

REDUCED TO TWO.—The hotels of Richmond, from six to seven in number, are now reduced to two—the Spottswood and American. The scantiness of markets and the high prices of provisions have necessitated the closing of all the hotels save the two named.

☞The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia Ledger says that if Lee meditates an escape from Virginia through the valley of the Tennessee he will find a large and well-appointed army to dispute his passage.

☞A tourist who has been visiting Venice returns with a more lively recollection of the dollars gone than of the gondolas.

Some persons are not suspected of being rogues because they are known to be. They are not above suspicion but below it.

☞Some women cry and rattle. It is hard to say which is the most leaky, their eyes or their lips.

Rural Felicity.

The following is a pretty peep at a country cottage, the praiseworthy certainty of the last line, making a homely yet not an in-apt termination:

The stream ripples bright by my cottage
The sunshine is bright on the stream,
And the wee pebbly stones, in the sunshine,
Like diamonds sparkle and gleam.
There are hazel-trees kissing the water,
And plumes of the fair meadow sweet;
And down by the hazel sits Jennie,
And dabbles her little white feet.

The robin peeps in at my doorway;
The linnet looks down from the tree;
And here, pillowed up in his cradle,
Wee Sandy sits smiling at me.
My milk-pail stands bright in the corner,
My tins are all bright on the shelf;
And the white supper-cloth on my table
Is clean, *for I washed it myself.*

Sunshine in Church.

Into the tall church windows
The western sun shone red,
And like the smile of God it lay,
On many a bended head.

Light of the year's last Sabbath!
Athwart the solemn shade,
With tender, mild pathetic gleam
That farewell splendor played.

O, church above the Heavens!
Where our beloved throng,
Soul after soul in saintly white,
To join the angelic song:—

Through thine illustrious arches,
Thy shining courts of bliss,
The smile of God doth shed a light
Transcending even this.

HOME COURTESIES.—In the family, the law of pleasing ought to extend from the highest to the lowest. You are bound to please each other; and you are bound to please your servants if you expect them to please you. Some men are pleasant in the household and nowhere else. I have known such men. They are good fathers and kind husbands. If you could have seen them in their own homes, you would have thought that they were angels almost; but, if you had seen them in the street, or in the store, or anywhere else outside the house, you would have thought them almost demoniac. But the opposite is apt to be the case. When we are among our neighbors, or among strangers, we hold ourselves with self-respect and endeavor to act with propriety; but when we get home we say to ourselves, "I have played a part long enough, and am now going to be natural." So we sit down, and are ugly, and snappish, and blunt, and disagreeable. We lay aside those little courtesies which make the roughest floor smooth, the hardest thing like velvet, and which make life pleasant. We expend all our politeness in places where it will be profitable—where it will bring silver or gold.

A WORD TO YOUNG MEN.—Wishing and sighing, imagining and dreaming of greatness, said William Wirt, will not make you great. But cannot a young man command his energies? Read Foster on decision of character. That book will tell you what is in your power to accomplish. You must gird up your loins and go to work with all the indomitable energy of Napoleon scaling the Alps. It is your *duty* to make the most of time, talents, and opportunities. Alfred, King of England, though he performed more duties than any of his subjects, always found time to study. Franklin, in the midst of his labor, found time to dive into the depths of philosophy, and explore an untrodden path of science. Frederick the Great, with an empire at his discretion, in the midst of war, on the eve of battle, found time to revel in the charms of philosophy, and feast on the luxuries of science. Napoleon, with Europe at his disposal, with kings at his ante-chamber, and at the head of thousands of men, whose destinies were suspended on his arbitrary pleasure, found time to converse with books. And young men who are confined to labor or business even twelve hours a day, may take an hour and a half of what is left for study, which will amount to two months in the course of a year.

THE RIGHT WAY.—It is a sore trial when a daughter shall marry against her father's approbation. A little hard-heartedness and aversion to a reconcilement is almost pardonable. After all, Will Dockwray's way is, perhaps, the wisest. His best-loved daughter made a most imprudent match; in fact, eloped with the last man in the world whom her father would have wished her to marry. All the world said that he would never speak to her again. For months she dared not write to him, much less come near him. But, in a casual re-encounter, he met her in the streets of Ware—Ware, which will long remember the mild virtues of William Dockwray, Esq. What said the parent to his disobedient child, whose knees faltered under her at sight of him? "Ha, Sukey! is it you?" with that benevolent aspect with which he paced the streets of Ware, venerated as an angel; "come and dine with us on Sunday." Then, turning away and again turning back as if he had forgotten something, he added, "And, Sukey, do you hear?—bring your husband with you." This was all the reproof she ever heard from him.—*Chas. Lamb.*

THE TRUE GENTLEMAN.—The gentleman, in offering his respect to others, offer an equal or rather the same, respect to himself; and his courtesies may flow without stint or jealous reckoning, because they feed their source, being not an expenditure but a circulation. Submitting to the inward law of honor and the free sense of what befits a man, to a law perpetually made and spontaneously executed in his own bosom, the instant flowering of his own soul—he commands his own obedience and he obeys his own commanding.—Though throned above all nations, a king of kings, yet the humble vassal of his own heart; though he serve, yet regal, doing imperial service; he escapes outward constraint by inward anticipation; and all that could be rightly named as his duty to others, he has ere demand, already discovered and engaged in, as part of his duty to himself.—*Rev. D. A. Wasson.*

☞A spendthrift said, "Five years ago I was not worth a farthing in the world; now see where I am through my own exertions." "Well, where are you?" inquired a neighbor. "Why, I now *owe more* than a thousand pounds!"

A SWEET PHILOSOPHY.

The teacher, Rabbi Meir, sat during the whole of one Sabbath day in the public school, instructing the people. During his absence from the house, his two sons died, both of them of uncommon beauty, and enlightened in the law. His wife bore them to her bed chamber, laid them upon the marriage bed and spread a white covering over their bodies. In the evening the Rabbi came home. She reached him a goblet. He praised the Lord at going out of the Sabbath, drank and asked:

"Where are my two sons, that I may give them my blessing? I repeatedly looked around the school and did not see them there. Where are my sons that they may drink of the cup of blessing?"

"They may not be far off," she said, and placed food before him that he might eat.

He was in a gladsome and genial mood, and when he had said grace after the meal she thus addressed him—

"Rabbi, with thy permission I would fain propose to thee one question."

"Ask it, then, my love," said he.

"A few days ago a person entrusted to my custody some jewels; now he demands them again. Should I give them up?

"This is a question," said Rabbi, "which my wife should not have thought it necessary to ask. What? wouldst thou hesitate, or be reluctant to restore to every one his own?"

"No," she replied "but I thought best not to restore them without aequainting you therewith."

She then led him to the chamber, and stepping to the bed, took the white covering off the dead bodies.

"Ah, my sons, my sons!" loudly lamented the father. "My sons, the light of my eyes and the light of my understanding! I was your father but you were my teachers in law."

The mother turned away and wept bitterly. At length she took her husband by the hand and said:

"Rabbi, didst thou not teach me that we must not be reluctant to restore that which was intrusted to our keeping? See, the Lord gave and the Lord taketh away, and blessed be the name of the Lord."

"Blessed be the name of the Lord!" echoed Rabbi Meir, "and blessed be his name for thy sake too, for well it is written, 'Whoso hath found a virtuous wife hath a greater treasure than costly pearls. She opened her mouth with wisdom, and her tongue is the law of kindness.'"

THE TOWER OF BABEL.

A writer in a recent isssue of Blackwood's Magazine thus describes the Tower of Babel as it appears to travellers at the present day: "After a ride of nine miles we were at the foot of the Bier-Nimrod. Our horse's feet were trampling upon the remains of bricks which showed here and there through the dust and rubbish of ages. Before our eyes uprose a great mound of earth, barren and bare. This was Bier-Nimrod, the ruins of the Tower of Babel, by which the first builders of the earth had hoped to scale high heaven. Here, also, it was that Nebuchadnezzar built, for bricks bearing his name have been found in the ruins. At the top of the mound a great mass of brick-work pierces the accumulated soil. With your finger you touch the very bricks; large, square shaped and massive, that were 'thoroughly, burned;' the very mortar—the 'slime,' now hard as granite—handled more than four thousand years ago by earth's impious people. From the summit of the mound, far away over the plain we could see glistening, brilliant as a star, the gilded dome of a mosque, that caught and reflected the bright rays of the morning sun. This glittering speck was the tomb of the holy Ali. To pray before this at some period of his life, to kiss the sacred dust around there, at some time or other, to bend his body and count his beads—is the daily desire of every devout Mahomedan.

HASTY MARRIAGE.—There is no city, there is scarcely a township, which does not number among its inhabitants women who have married on short acquaintance, only to be abused, deserted, and left a life-long sorrow in the families in which they were reared, and which they imprudently and improperly deserted to share the fortunes of a comparative stranger. If young ladies would only realize how grossly indelicate, as well as culpably reckless, such marriages appear to the eyes of the observing, they would surely forbear. A year's thorough acquaintance, with the most circumstantial accounts from disinterested and reliable witnesses, of his antecedents from childhood, are the very least guarantees which any woman who realizes what marriage is will require of a stranger. Even then, if her parents are not fully satisfied, as well as herself, she should still hesitate. Marriage is an undertaking in which no delay can be so hazardous as undue precipitation.

CURIOUS FACT IN PHYSIOLOGY.—It is a remarkable fact that persons losing themselves in a snow-storm, manifest invariably a tendency to turn round gradually to the left, to the extent of eventually moving in a circle.—The explanation of this is found probably in the fact that the limbs and muscles of the right side are more developed than those on the left side are. Shoemakers say, that as a general thing, the right foot is somewhat larger than the left, and that the right boot wears out first. Under the excitement felt when one is lost, and the absence of any guiding line, the superior energy of the right limbs throw the pedestrian around on the left. It may also be remarked that in the ancient religious ceremonies of every country circular or choric dances were a prevalent custom.

THE GRAVE OF OSCEOLA.—The famous Chief Osceola was buried in Fort Moultrie, Charleston harbor. A press correspondent, who recently visited the place, writes: "Inside of Fort Moultrie is Osceola's grave, a plain slab of marble with an iron rail fence. Every thing around it had been knocked to pieces by our shells, but not one had touched it or even clipped the flowers around his grave. The inscription on it was this: 'To the memory of Osceola, Indian Chieftain, died in Fort Moultrie, 1838.'"

☞A New Orleans paper says, "A true Union woman is like the sugar we sometimes get—a combination of sweetness and grit."

Palmer Journal.

SATURDAY, APRIL 8, 1865.

Glory of the Hour!

Richmond, the heart and core of the rebel Confederacy, has fallen, and the rebel Government has no home or habitation. In this fall, the loyal North sees the end of the Rebellion. The head and heart are dead, and if, like a venomous serpent, its tail writhes and lives a few days or months longer, it will not offer any formidable opposition to the triumphal march of our armies. If Gen. Lee could not hold Richmond, with its 500 cannon and cordon of defences, can he expect to hold any other places which are not environed by forts and batteries? The enemy of Lee is so closely following upon his track that he can find no time to reorganize his army or prepare fortifications for defence. He must soon seek his own safety, and allow his soldiers to take care of themselves as best they may.

So long as Richmond held out, so long the rebellion lasted. Lee's army was about all there was to it. That is used up, and the rebels have nothing left.

For nearly four years Richmond has withstood the shock of numerous armies. It was hoped by the rebels that they should hold it now; and on it they staked everything, and lost. They must give up the contest now, or submit to annihilation, which they are not willing to do. The struggle has been a terrible one for them, and the end is humiliating in the extreme. The boasted power and pride of the South are humbled in the dust, and can never rise again.

Let us rejoice and give thanks for this glorious victory!

Our Wounded Braves.

In the enthusiasm which prevails in all loyal hearts over the glorious victory of the army of the James and the fall of Richmond, the thousands of wounded and dead whose blood has purchased the glorious prize should not be forgotten. We can only mourn for the dead, and weave their names and patriotism into the history of the country; but we can do more for the wounded and suffering. The Sanitary and Christian Commissions are earnestly at work to alleviate their distress and minister to their wants. They need assistance in the way of luxuries which abound in every New England home; and they want money, too. Boxes of articles, which our women know so well how to provide, are much needed, and contributions sent along will reach the hospitals of our wounded boys in twenty-four hours. Such tokens of care will not only alleviate their sufferings, but inspire them with hope, and make them feel that there is sympathy and love for them yet remaining in their Northern homes. While we shout tidings of joy and sing peans of praise over their victories, let us remember their pains and sorrow, and do all that is possible for their relief.

NEXT Friday, the 14th of April, and the 4th anniversary of the capture of Fort Sumter, a celebration will take place at Charleston, on which occasion Gen. Anderson will raise the old flag of the fort above its walls, and Henry Ward Beecher will deliver an address. The port will be open for the occasion, and large numbers of visitors will go to Charleston from New York and other Northern cities. The price of passage by steamer is $100 for the trip.

PRESIDENT Lincoln's peace mission to Gen. Grant's headquarters this time proved to be an effectual one. He is safely ensconced in Jeff Davis' house, and Mrs. Lincoln has gone there also; but Jeff. instead of entertaining and welcoming them in a manner becoming a Southern gentleman, has fled, leaving his presidential mansion to the rail splitter and Illinois baboon, as the Confederates call him. He will, probably, never return.

UNEXPECTEDLY, gold does not decline with the fall of Richmond, but goes the other way. The reason is found in the fact that, in anticipation of the fall of the rebel capital, gold went down below a point where it could stay. We are not surprised that it should go above 150, and there is little cause for complaint if it goes no higher.

REVOLUTIONS are the order of the day, and one broke out in New Granada, South America, on the 9th of March, which was entirely successful. The President, at Panama, vacated his post, and took refuge at the American consulate, while the revolutionary President stepped in and took his place, and all things move on smoothly again.

THERE is little sympathy now with treason by the copperheads of the North; or, at least, they do not talk treason as much as they did. They see that the Confederacy has gone under, and they will assume to be good Union men in the future, and, no doubt, feel ashamed that they ever sympathized with treason.

MOBILE will soon follow Richmond, if it has not already done so. On the 31st ult., Gen. Canby's forces were within five miles of the city and could throw shell into the suburbs. An attack upon Fort Bradley had commenced.

THE steamer Harriet Deford of Baltimore, was captured by a party of rebels at Fairhaven Patuxent river, on Tuesday afternoon. She immediately started down the Chesapeake, and it it is feared, will destroy many vessels.

WANT TO COME BACK.—The New Orleans True Delta of the 18th ult. states that refugees from Texas have information from home making it almost certain that the Confederate officials there are preparing to secede from the Richmond government and return to the Union. The orders of Jeff Davis have been, for some time, disregarded and treated with contempt, and now that the rebellion is manifestly a failure, the Texans want to escape the final crash.

WHERE ARE THE CENTS?—At the mint in Philadelphia, during the past month, $24,200 worth of two cent pieces and $40,300 of one cent pieces were coined. Who's got them?

GLORIOUS VICTORY!

The Waterloo Battle of the Confederacy!

RICHMOND CAPTURED!

FLIGHT OF JEFF DAVIS AND LEE'S ARMY!

The Confederacy Used Up!

The doom of the slaveholders' confederacy is sealed, and the last great battle for the restoration of the Union has probably been fought. Henceforth the struggle which the rebels will make will be feeble and fruitless.

At 8 o'clock Monday morning, Richmond, the rebel capital, fell into our hands. For three days a battle had been going on between the armies of Grant and Lee, during which time the fighting had been desperate and the slaughter terrible on both sides. The rebels blew up their rams and forts on the James River Sunday evening and evacuated Richmond the same night. Gen. Weitzel with 20,000 colored soldiers marched into the city the next morning.

Our captures were 20,000 prisoners, 500 cannon and other war materials. The rebels destroyed immense quantities of ammunition, and the line of their retreat was marked with all kinds of abandoned camp property. Stragglers were scattered all through the country and it was difficult to provide for them as they were picked up.

President Lincoln has been with Grant for the past ten days, and on Tuesday had taken up his quarters at the vacated house of one Jefferson Davis at Richmond.

The brunt of the late battles has been borne by Gen Sheridan. He set out last week Wednesday for Dinwiddie Court-House—a point far enough south and west to insure him liberty to manœuver. Through this place passes the Boydtown Plank-road. Beyond it is the White Oak road, and on the Boydtown road just north of Gravelly Run are the famous Five Forks, hereafter memorable as the scene of one of the most decisive battles of the Rebellion. At this point the rebels had constructed an elaborate series of works extending three miles, and commanding by the different roads there centering the approaches from the south-west to the Southside road.—The position was the key to Petersburg and so of Richmond.

From the Dinwiddie Court-House, Sheridan made several ineffectual attempts to move up the Boydtown road and to reach the White Oak road, in other words to get in the rear of Lee and roll him up. He tried it a little on Thursday with no success. He tried it again Friday, with Warren's corps to help, and fared no better than before. In fact the result of Friday's battle was a serious check, and the fifth corps under Warren's handling suffered itself to be driven from all the ground it ever had gained, and its three divisions were successively thrust back toward Dinwiddie.—Sheriden liked it so ill that he relieved Warren from command and arranged for another effort on Saturday with all the cavalry and the whole fifth corps under his personal command. Griffin succeeded Warren in charge of the fifth.

The action of Saturday was the real battle of Five Forks and was the turning point of the campaign. Sheridan's plan is described as masterly, and its execution is no less so.—The enemy, deluded into the belief that they had to do with the cavalry only, held their ground and their intrenchments till the fifth had time to envelope them by a flanking movement. It was not till the trap was sprung that the rebels found there *was* a trap, and then they found about six thousand of their best soldiers shut up in it. The Five Forks were carried, the White Oak and Boydtown Roads were both gained, a large body of rebel infantry was cut off from Lee's main army, and at night Sheridan was able to telegraph to Grant that he was in the rear of the rebel lines and earthworks which protected the Southside road.

Immediately came the general assault along our whole Petersburg line, and everywhere with the same success. The battle of Sunday gave us Petersburg and Richmond both, and sent Lee's army hurrying toward Burkesville.—Whatever munitions and stores Lee had previously got away from his capital might have been safely sent on the railroad, but whatever had not gone on Saturday was captured. And it is still uncertain whether Lee left Richmond soon enough to make good his retreat even to Burkesville.

The rebels set fire to Richmond and Petersburg but the flames were extinguished by our soldiers.

Later intelligence makes it certain that Sheridan has flanked Lee and turned him from the Danville Railroad towards Lynchburg. This will leave him without hope of joining Johnston, and render his escape almost hopeless.—Lee is said to have been among the last to leave Richmond, and Davis left as late as Sunday evening. He took with him $300,000 in specie, and left by the Danville road.

Our captures were heavy, embracing 500 pieces of cannon, 5000 muskets in a single lot, 30 locomotives, and 300 cars. The rebel loss, in killed, wounded, and prisoners, does not fall short of 25,000, including Gen. A. P. Hill, reported killed. The federal loss is estimated at 7000 killed, wounded, and prisoners.

Nearly one half of Richmond was burned before the fire could be subdued.

A RAILROAD CONDUCTOR HORSEWHIPPED.—A lady (?) who fancied herself insulted, a day or two ago, by a conductor on the DeKalb Avenue Railroad, at Brooklyn, N. Y., waylaid him on the return trip, and, having gained the platform, began a vigorous chastisement. She was going to "give him a lesson which would teach him better than to hand a lady out of the ear in an improper manner!" No bones were broken, and no blood drawn, but there was quite an excitement for a time.

ANOTHER PIRATE OUT OF THE WAY.—A Paris letter states that the pirate steamer Rappahannock is at last going to be sold by the Confederates, and Commodore Barton and his staff, who have been directing for two years the Confederate navy abroad, are going to sail for the Confederacy next week.

Appalling Disaster at Sea!

FIVE HUNDRED LIVES LOST!

Another of those fearful calamities which occassionally occur at sea, took place off Cape Hatteras on Friday morning last week. The steamer Gen. Lyon, from Wilmington for Fortress Monroe, with 500 persons on board, consisting of the 56th Ill. regiment, whose term had expired, a number of sick and paroled prisoners, refugees from the South, and about 50 women and children, was destroyed by fire and all on board perished with the exception of twenty-nine persons—twenty soldiers and nine of the crew. A gale was blowing at the time the fire broke out, and the flames spread with frightful rapidity. The pumps were set to work but all efforts to stop the flames were unavailing.

The hatches had been closed in consequence of the decks being so constantly under water, but those below, alarmed by the smoke which was spreading through the cabins, rushed on deck only to be driven back by the flames.—The frightful shrieks of the women and children, and their piteous supplications for help, were drowned by the roaring of the storm. Several of the paroled soldiers were sick and confined to their berths. Some of them managed to crawl on deck, and clung there until washed overboard by the waves. In about half an hour after the fire broke out the engines partially stopped, and the vessel swung round with her broadside to the wind, the flames then spreading across the deck.

The captain became alarmed and jumped into the first life boat that was launched, but this drifted under the stern of the steamer and was struck by the screw and he was immediately killed.

Women ran screaming on the decks searching for their children or friends, while men were quite as appalled or frantic, and in the language of the survivors, it seemed as if every one had been suddenly bereft of their senses, and the place was a very pandemonium.—Soldiers who had been with Sherman through all his hard-fought battles, and had never been known to falter in the thickest of battle became as helpless as the children. Nearly all the paroled and escaped prisoners were sick below deck, and were probably burned to death. The shrieks and moans of the dying came up to those on deck, but they could do nothing to help them. Just at this time a steamer, which proved to be the U. S. transport Gen. Sedgewick, Capt. Starkey, and a small schooner, hove in sight. But neither of them could render any assistance, owing to the violence of the storm, and the fact that the burning steamer had drifted in toward the breakers. In the meantime a number of the men had thrown themselves overboard trusting to a spar for support. One man of the Fifth Ohio cavalry, Isaac C. Colby, after working at the fire pumps until he was exhausted, siezed one of the doors of the galley and sprung overboard. He was in the water three hours before he was picked up. Others were also in the water several hours, and many doubtless sank before assistance could be rendered. It is supposed that the schooner did not succeed in rescuing any of them. When the General Sedgewick left, being unable to render further assistance, the ill-fated steamer was drifting in toward the frightful breakers. She was then burned to the water's edge, and every soul on board had doubtless perished.

Of the 56th Ill. regiment, numbering 204, only four were saved. Several boats were launched, but they were capsized and their passengers drowned. One of the rescued soldiers describes the scene on board the burning vessel as one of the most terrible and impressive sights he ever witnessed—children begging their mothers to save them, while the mothers were rendered frantic with their appeals, soldiers suffering the most horrid agony and shrieking, groaning and crying were the awful sights displayed.

In regard to the origin of the fire, it was stated by the First Mate, while on board the General Sedgewick, that there were several barrels of kerosene oil in the engine room, and these being shaken down by the rolling of the vessel fell on the boiler, and of course quickly ignited. A barrel of oil was also kept in the same room and this served to feed the flames.

ROMANCE WITH A SAD ENDING.—The Woonsocket Patriot tells of an acquaintance commencing by correspondence between Miss Sarah J. Clark, of South Franklin, Mass., and a soldier in the rebel army, which in a year or two culminated in an engagement of marriage. A short time ago, the soldier returned from the wars, sought the lady of his dreams and tender missives, was acceptable and accepted, and a speedy wedding day was fixed, with the happy concurrence of all concerned. On Wednesday of last week the lovers attended a fair at Franklin. The next day Miss Clark was taken ill, and on Sunday she was dead. The funeral was solemnized just six days after the time fixed for the wedding.

DARING ROBBERS.—Some burglars entered the house of Charles Gilbert, at East Avon, N. J., and after robbing Mrs. Gilbert and her two daughters of their valuables, they made up a rousing fire and roasted Mr. Gilbert until to save himself from death, he told them where his money was. They got about $149 in gold and about $1000 in greenbacks, the proceeds of a recent legacy from England. Mrs. Gilbert was so frightened that she lost her reason and probably will never recover it. One of the miserable scamps has been arrested and indentified.

A SPLENDID GIFT.—A gentleman, whose name and residence are not mentioned, has given the sum of $100,000 to constitute a fund for the support of a School of Industrial Science in the city of Worcester, on condition that the citizens furnish the means for purchasing a lot of ground and erecting suitable buildings thereon.

DESTROY THE EGGS.—The present is the time to divest fruit and shade trees of the mass of catterpillar eggs which encircle the limbs, and which will certainly prove a scourge unless they are removed before the approaching summer.

SUSPICIOUS.—A marketman recently undertook to sell poultry at a reasonable price in New Haven. The police thought he must have stolen his chickens, and had him arrested. He was discharged, however, on an examination.

PATENT EXPIRES.—The Goodyear rubber patent extension, notwithstanding the vast sum spent in lobbying, failed to pass the last Congress, and as the patent expires in June, its fate may be regarded as sealed.

A VARIETY OF THINGS.

THE spring is early, so to speak, for we are apt to call a season early when it shows signs of rapid development. The grass is now greening the rising hills, and sloping vallies, while here and there spring flowers are beginning to bloom. Soon the cattle will be grazing upon a thousand hills, and butter will be twenty-five cents a pound.

—Fast-day for Massachusetts comes next Thursday. Under present circumstances people feel more like a Thanksgiving.

—Confederate bonds and confederate money are now worth about twenty-five cents a bushel, for paper manufacturers can afford about that price for making them into wrapping paper. How rich John Bull must feel with his pockets lined with confederate bonds.

—It is proposed that all the members of the Sixth Regiment, who "passed through Baltimore" on the 19th of April, 1861, assemble and join in the consecration of the martyrs' monument at Lowell, on the anniversary, April 19.

—The governor of Pennsylvania has issued a proclamation calling on the people of that state to observe Sunday next as a day of special thanksgiving for our victories.

—During the month of March 2860 deserters from Lee's army were received in Washington, to all of whom the oath of allegiance was administered.

—Dr. Wm. J. Walker, formerly of Boston, was found dead in his bed at Newport, R. I., on Sunday afternoon, supposed of disease of the heart.

—An agricultural paper says that some men in Michigan are oiling and lampblacking common sheep, and selling them to the Ohio farmers for big prices as the real Vermont Spanish merino.

—The managers of the New York inebriate asylum have concluded, after trial, that they cannot cure a drunkard in less than a year.

—The first failure of a national bank is reported. It was the First National Bank of Utica, N. Y., and outside speculation swamped it.

WELCOME.

"Cool the balmy air is blowing.
Greenly shoots the winter grain;
Trees are budding, flowers blooming—
Welcome to the Spring again."

—It is said by refugee Georgians that Vice-President Stephens, left for his home immediately on his return from the peace conference, and will have nothing more to do with the confederacy.

—Rebel drafts had been dishonored in Liverpool, "for want of advices," it is said. For want of funds, would be nearer the truth.

—Two cows belonging to Dennis Hunt of Little Compton, R. I., gave birth to twins on successive days last week.

—A young lawyer at Derby, Ct., was recently cowhided for courting a young lady with dishonorable intentions.

—General Sherman wants to encounter Lee's entire force. He is satisfied his boys can lick the whole confederacy.

—A woman named Whittier stole a horse, harness and sleigh in Bangor recently, and taking a deserter with her, rode to Calais, where she was arrested for the theft. The deserter gave himself up to the military authorities.

—John McDaniel, editor and proprietor of the Richmond Examiner, died in that city on the 30th ult., of consumption. He was formerly U. S. minister to Sardinia.

—Some splendid ocean steamers are fitting out for the southern trade, and in confident anticipation of a speedy close of the rebellion.

—The first tar manufactured in Maine was sold at auction in Portland, Saturday. It brought from $5.75 to $7 per barrel.

—March went out like a lion this year, as he did last year—that is, stormily—and a very wet lion too.

—Jefferson D. has gone to the D—— Danville.

CONFERENCE APPOINTMENTS.—The New England Annual Conference has made the following appointments:

Springfield District—Ralph W. Allen, presiding elder (post office, Wilbraham). Springfield, Union street, William R. Clark; Asbury Chapel, Pliny Wood; East Longmeadow, William Rice; South Wilbraham, James S. Thomas; Wilbraham, Edward Cooke; Ludlow, William J. Pomfret; Jenksville, supplied by Samuel A. Cushing; Chicopee, Jeremiah L. Hanaford; Chicopee Falls, supplied by Joseph H. Mansfield; Holyoke and South Hadley Falls, John Peterson; Feeding Hills and Agawam, supplied by S. O. Brown and G. D. Brown; Southwick, Randall Mitchell; Westfield, Daniel Richards, west parish supplied by Jared Brackett; Pelham, John Cadwell; Enfield, Daniel K. Bannister; South Amherst and North Amherst, John Jones; Palmer, C. H. Hanaford; Belchertown, William Gordon; South Belchertown, Andrew Baylies. Gilbert R. Bent, agent of United States Christian Commission, member of Enfield quarterly conference. Edward Cooke, principal, Lorenzo White and Thomas B. Wood, teachers in Wilbraham Academy, members of Wilbraham quarterly conference.

Worcester District—Daniel Dorchester presiding elder. West Brookfield, William M. Hubbard; North Brookfield, Edwin S. Snow; Warren, Frederick T. George; Monson, Hiram P. Satchwell, Wales, John Noon; Ware, Wm. Merrill; Hardwick, Jonathan L. Esty. Rodney Gage, chaplain in the army, member of North Prescott quarterly conference; Ezra D. Winslow, chaplain in the navy, member of Ware quarterly conference.

A NAUGHTY MAN.—A Hartford soldier, who used to quarrel with his wife before he went to war, and who, during his three years' absence, never sent her a cent, was dreadfully outraged when he got home and found her living with another man, and, with a comrade, fell upon her new partner last Saturday night, and nearly made an end of him.

DANGEROUS SHOT.—A substitute, who attempted to escape from the guard while passing through the streets of New York, a day or two since, was shot at, the ball hitting him in the wrist, and then passing into the office of a coal dealer, where it broke a chair, flattened a shovel, and tore a dress coat.

A LOVE DOSE.—A man named Humphrey, who lives in Farmington, Me., swallowed Spanish flies enough to kill ten men, but is still likely to live. Humphrey is troubled with "the heart disease," which shows that a man in love can stand ten times as much as a man who isn't.

THE ST. ALBANS RAIDERS.—The rebel raiders were discharged from custody at Montreal on Wednesday morning; but they were immediately re-arrested and sent to Upper Canada. A strong force of cavalry and artillery guarded them to the train.

ACCIDENT TO SEC. SEWARD.—Secretary Seward was thrown from his carriage, at Washington, on Wednesday evening, having one arm broken above the elbow, and his face and shoulder badly bruised.

PALMER AND VICINITY.

REV A. D. BULLOCK will preach at the Baptist church to-morrow.

OPEN.—Mr. Merriam has opened the Palmer House, and is ready to entertain the public.

PAINTING.—Graves & Clark have opened a paint shop in Squier's building, Furnace street.

PLASTER.—Hovey & Sutcliffe have started their plaster mill, and will soon be ready to supply the farmers in this vicinity with any quantity of the article.

THE joy over the fall of Richmond in this town was manifested by a display of flags and general congratulations. In the evening guns were fired at the State almshouse.

SCHOOL MEETING.—A school meeting, held in this village, Saturday evening, elected John D. Blanchard prudential committee, and M. W. French, clerk.

COPARTNERSHIP.—P. P. Kellogg has taken into partnership C. M. Tinkham, for several years his clerk and once before his partner, and the new firm show their hand this week in an advertisement.

ENFIELD.—Rufus D. Woods of Enfield, sails for Europe in the steamer Asia from Boston, April 12th, with his wife and child. They go directly to Persia at first, to visit his sister and her husband, Mr. and Mrs. Larrabee, missionaries there, and will return home late in the fall.

HOLLAND.—Town officers for 1865—clerk, F. E. Kinney; selectmen, Wm. A. Webber, C. B. Drake, J. A. Webber; assessors, G. L. Webber, W. S. Wallis, E. Moore; school committee, H. A. McFarlane, three years, F. B. Blodgett, one year; treasurer, Francis Wight; constable and collector, Charles Roper.

DRAMATIC EXHIBITION.—The old Dramatic Club, of Thorndike, will give one of their unique and entertaining exhibitions in the vestry of the Cong. church at that place on Thursday evening next. Their programme promises many good things, which will certainly come to pass.

THORNDIKE.—Rev. Mr. Tuck, for several years pastor of the church at Thorndike, is going away, and offers his residence there for sale. He is, at present, supplying the pulpit at Indian Orchard.—The church and society at Thorndike have engaged Rev. Wm. H. Bond, of Springfield, to minister to them.

PERSONAL.—E. L. Davis, of this town, commandant's clerk on board the gunboat Miami, lying in the Appomattox River, is at home on a brief respite. He was within sound of the late battles before Richmond.—Ensign S. F. Graves, also of this town, is on board the Alabama, at City Point, on the James.

BELCHERTOWN.—Rev. H. B. Blake has asked for a dismission from the pastorate of the Congregational church in Belchertown, his dismission to take effect in June.—The Methodists, who have a church in the south part of Belchertown, have moved to the center, and are to have a minister appointed by the conference which has just completed its session at Cambridgeport, and preaching for the present in the town house.

CONCERT.—The Palmer Quartette Club, under the direction of Dr. J. B. Gould, of this village, will give a vocal and instrumental concert at the Cong. church in this place next Thursday evening. The Club will be assisted by Misses Olivia Glazier of Boston and Marion M. Stebbins of Springfield. The Club has been in course of training for some time, and will, undoubtedly, give an entertainment of rare excellence.

LUDLOW.—The dwelling house of Leonard Miller, at "Miller Corner," Ludlow, was destroyed by fire on Sunday last. Nearly all the furniture was destroyed with the building, and the barn was with difficulty saved. The family was absent at church, with the exception of two small children, who could do little towards extinguishing the flames. The fire took in the ceiling around the chimney. Loss about $1000; insured for $400.

ADJOURNED TOWN MEETING.—An adjourned town meeting was held on Monday, at which the following officers were chosen: Charles Keith, sealer of weights and measures, in place of R. E. Knowlton, excused; J. S. Loomis, highway surveyor, in place of Purlin Shearer, excused; Keyes Foster, highway surveyor, in place of A. R. Smith, excused; E. Turner, pound keeper, in place of Harden Hunt, excused.

Appropriations—for schools, $2,700, to be divided as follows: On the scholar, $2,000; for small districts, $300; for graded school, $400. Highways and bridges, $2,000; support of poor, $1,000; interest on town debt, $1,800; discount on taxes, $1,200; new roads, $1,000; expense of Calkins family, $1,000; contingent expenses, $1,500; for repairs to cemetery fences and the purchase of land, $1,500; to apply on town debt, $5,000.

On the recommendation of a committee previously appointed, the town voted to repair the fences of the cemeteries at Palmer Center and Three Rivers, and to purchase more land for the enlargement of the cemetery in the Depot village.

SOUTH WILBRAHAM.—The Ravine Mill was discovered to be on fire Saturday evening, the 25th ult., between 9 and 10 o'clock. All the means our village affords for extinguishing fires were at hand, and succeeded in so doing before much damage had been done, not, however, until quite a number of holes were cut through the roof of the building. Mr. Cady, the watchman, discovered the fire, and gave immediate alarm.——Mr. Weston's concert at the Methodist church a few evenings since, was attended by a tolerably good house. Had there been a "few more of the same kind" and filled the house, the receipts would have been more satisfactory.——The select school has commenced, A. B. Newell, principal. The number of pupils at its opening promises him a full school this term.——Railroad matters still run high. Quite a number of sites are fixed upon for a depot.——I understand Mr. Chaffee is again to open his house for a hotel. S. W.

THE public debt March 31st, amounted to $2,366,955,077. Since last July it has increased about $2,134,156 per day. That is spending money with a prodigal hand.

SINGULAR RECOVERY OF MONEY.—Some nine years ago, Mrs. Henry Spencer, of Bethlem, Conn., lost her pocket-book, containing between six and seven hundred dollars in notes and bills, while shopping in Waterbury, and nothing was ever heard from it until a few days ago, when she received a letter from a Catholic priest in Oil City, Pa., requesting her to describe the lost property, which she did.—She was soon after rejoiced to have the same returned, just as it was lost except that a portion of the bills had been changed to greenbacks, of which she did not complain.

LONG WALK FOR A BOY.—On Monday last a boy presented himself at the counter of Jay Cooke & Co., in Philadelphia, who had traveled all the way from the western part of Indiana to invest ten thousand dollars in the Government loan; and thinking, in the simplicity of his heart, that it would be safer to get his bonds from Jay Cooke's own hands, he acted on this conviction.

CONNECTICUT ELECTION.—The State and Congressional election of Connecticut took place on Monday. Gov. Buckingham was reeleected by at least 10,000 majority. Four republican members of Congress were elected and both branches of the legislature are largely Republican. The democracy of Connecticut have gone to the shades.

DISTANCES.—Ralcigh is the capital of North Carolina. The distance from Charlotte to Raleigh by the North Carolina Railway is 175 miles, from Raleigh by Railroad to Weldon 97 miles, from Weldon by Railroad to Petersburg 93 miles, from Petersburg to Richmond 22 miles.

REBEL PRISONERS.—There are now about eight thousand rebel prisoners at Point Lookout. There have been no deliveries for exchange for the past ten days. All the prisoners captured in the late engagements before Petersburg were sent to Point Lookout.

MEDICAL COLLEGES FOR WOMEN.—There are now four medical colleges for women in operation, having been opened in Boston in 1848, in Philadelphia in 1850, in New York, in 1863, and in London in 1864.

WHISKERS!—Those wishing a fine set of whiskers, a nice moustache, or a beautiful head of glossy hair, will please read the card of THOS. F. CHAPMAN in another part of this paper.

Whiskers! Whiskers!

Do you want Whiskers or Mustaches? Our Grecian Compound will force them to grow on the smoothest face or chin, or hair on bald heads, in six weeks. Price, $1. Sent by mail anywhere, closely sealed, on receipt of price. Address

1sd24 WARNER & Co., Brooklyn, New York.

MR. EDITOR—Dear Sir:—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send, by return mail to all who wish it, (free) a recipe with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm that will effectually remove, in ten days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smouth, and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads and Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than thirty days.

All applications answered by return mail without charge. Respectfully yours,

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
m4 3m 831 Broadway, New York.

REEVES' ORIGINAL
REEVES' GENUINE
REEVES' RELIABLE

AMBROSIA,

FOR THE GROWTH, BEAUTY, AND PRESERVATION OF THE HAIR.

One of the Many Testimonials.

NEW YORK, September, 1862.

I have many evidences to prove that Reeves' Ambrosia is all it is represented to be. I will state a few facts—could relate many more, give the names, residences, etc.

About two years ago I purchased some of Reeves' Ambrosia for my customers. Many, perhaps, bought it with but little faith in its excellence. But seeing the same ones return time and time again for "another bottle," led me to inquire as to the result of their experience. I was assured by all of benefits obtained beyond expectation. Hair falling out was prevented, that turning gray was arrested, the thin and slowly growing hair was made to grow thick and rapid; in fact and were pleased and highly elated. An instance showing the remarkable effects of its use for one year, came to my knowledge as follows: A lady, (one of my customers) who informed me that this preparation had caused her hair to grow, proved the truth of her assertion by removing her bonnet and letting down her beautiful hair. Measuring its length, it showed a growth of 3 feet and 9 inches since using Reeves' Ambrosia. I hear many speak in its praise, and can confidently recommend it from my own experience.

Miss S. MOODY, 319 Grand Street.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30, 1862.

Proprietor of Reeves' Ambrosia—Dear Sir:—Noticing upon one of your circulars a statement from Miss S. Moody, and believing that the person referred to is none other than myself, I desire to fully corrobrate her statement as I did on one occasion, while in her store, discussing the merits of your Ambrosia, remove my bonnet to show a proof of the excellence of your preparation. I would at any time give you a certificate in detail. Shall recommend it all I can, believing it to be infallible. Yours, gratefully,

Mrs. JOS. T. LOVELL.

REEVES' AMBROSIA is for sale by all Druggists, and at 62 Fulton Street, N. Y.

☞ Price, 75 Cents per Bottle. d106m.

For sale in Palmer by WOOD & ALLEN, General Agents for Mass.

IF YOU WANT TO KNOW

A little of everything relating to the human system, male and female; the causes and treatment of diseases; the marriage customs of the world; how to marry well, and a thousand things never published before, read the revised and enlarged edition of "MEDICAL COMMON SENSE," a curious book for curious people, and a good book for every one. 400 pages, 100 illustrations. Price, $1 50. Content tables sent free to any address. Books may be had at the bookstores, or will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of the price. Address

E. B. FOOTE, M. D.,
ja28 6m 1130 Broadway, New York.

OLD EYES MADE NEW.

A Pamphlet directing how to speedily restore sight and give up spectacles, without the aid of doctor or medicine. Sent by mail, free, on receipt of 10 cents. Address E. B. FOOTE, M. D.,
6mja28. 1130 Broadway, New York.

TO THE NERVOUS, DEBILITATED AND DESPONDENT OF BOTH SEXES.

A great sufferer having been restored to health in a few days, after many years of misery, is willing to assist his suffering fellow creatures by sending (free), on the receipt of a postpaid addressed envelope, a copy of the *formula* of cure employed. Direct to JOHN M. DAGNALL,
my19 Box 183 Post Office, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Dr. S. O. Richardson's

BLOOD-ROOT ELIXIR

Is an effectual cure for

COSTIVENESS,

and the best remedy ever prepared for DISEASES OF THE LIVER, and all IMPURITIES OF THE BLOOD.

Sold by all druggists, and at the Doctor's office, 51 Hanover street, Boston. o296m*

OUR DUTY.—We deem it our duty to keep constantly before our readers that most valuable of all medicines known as Coe's Cough Balsam. It has stood the tests of time and experiment, and all who have used it speak in the most praiseworthy terms of its medicinal value. It is the real duty of every parent to keep a constant supply of it in the house, ready for immediate use. Not only is it a most splendid remedy for coughs, sudden colds, influenza, croup and all throat complaints, but it is the consumptive's great relief.—When they are so far gone that no medicine will ever cure them, Coe's Cough Balsam will be found an invaluable friend to allay the coughing help the expectoration and ease the sufferer.—Why will ye that are suffering from coughs, cold croup, sore throat, hoarseness—and that are liable to pulmonary attacks, not take our advice, and provide yourself with a supply of Coe's Cough Balsam—the best and cheapest Cough Balsam in the world? It costs but forty cents and can be found upon the counters of druggists.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a Sure Cure For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address. REV. EDWARD A. WILSON.
3m. Williamsburgh, Kings County, New York.

A Card to Invalids.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *Free of Charge.*

Address JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D., Bible House, New York City.

A CARD.—MR. EDITOR:—In reply to many letters and inquiries from people in this section of the country, the undersigned take great pleasure in saying through the columns of your paper, that our renowned preparation known as COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE, is a certain cure for Dyspepsia, in its worst stages. Many cures of long standing, within our own acquaintance, have been completely and we believe permanently cured. It will stop distress after eating almost instantaneously, and enables the dyspeptic who has lived for years upon Graham bread and the plainest diet, to eat as heartily as he pleases, and anything he chooses, without danger of distress, or souring, or rising on the stomach. It is an infallible corrector of indigestion and constipation, creates a healthy appetite, stops sick-headache, heart-burn, sickness at the stomach, pains, cramps, or colic in either stomach or bowels, and sweetens offensive breath, as soon as you take it, and by enabling the patient to take plenty of hearty food, "which is the parent of health," produces vigor, strength and energy. In every trial we have known it has speedily eradicated Dyspepsia with all its attendant sufferings, weaknesses, debility, and loss of power, giving instead, a proper activity and tone to the stomach and organs of digestion, and as we confidently believe, and as the published certificates in our circulars, almanacs, and in many of the leading Journals, from convalescent patients will *confirm*, completly, permanently, and almost miraculously "cure the worst case of Dyspepsia in existence." We warrant it in every instance. It can be obtained at all the Drug Stores in the United States and Canadas, at $1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. C. G. CLARK & CO.,
1y4. Proprietors, New Haven, Ct.

BORN.

In Stafford, (Glenville) 2d, a daughter to LEICESTER BLIRK.

In Stafford, 1st, a daughter to EVERETT I. FISK.

In Ware, March 26th, a daughter to M. L. BARNES.

MARRIED.

In New York, 6th, JOHN S. KOSTER of Bondville, and MARY L. KINZEY of New York.

DIED.

In Somers, Conn., March 10th, ANDREW A. DWIGHT, 43.

In Wisconsin, March 21st, MARY, 54, wife of Darius Olds, formerly of Palmer.

April 3d, JEREMIAH U. BROWN, 42, member of the Conn. 14th regiment, and formerly of Palmer.

In Thomaston, Ct., March 20th, SYLVIA, 74, widow of the late Capt. Geo. Gilbert of Belchertown.

In Marion, N. Y., March 18th, Dea. PHILANDER WINSLOW, formerly of Enfield.

In Worcester, March 31st, SAMUEL BANISTER, 60, landlord of the Exchange Hotel.

In Ludlow, March 31st, EMMA L., 7, daughter of Carlos Lombard.

In Monson, 4th, HANNAH GOUGH, 28.

In Wales, 2d, AZUBAH EATON, 87.

PAINTING.

THE subscribers have taken the shop lately occupied by A. M. Titus, and will attend to all orders for

Painting, Graining, Paper Hanging, &c.,

at short notice. Special attention given to

SIGN PAINTING.

GRAVES & CLARK.
Palmer, April 8, 1865.

NOTICE!

P. P. KELLOGG and C. M. TINKHAM have formed a copartnership under the name of Kellogg & Tinkham, and will do business at the old stand of P. P. Kellogg.
Palmer, April 1, 1865. a83w.

REMOVED.

I HAVE removed my shop from Commercial Block to the new building adjoining the Journal Office, where I am prepared to make

BOOTS AND SHOES.

and do REPAIRING at short notice.

CALVIN HITCHCOCK.
Palmer, April 8, 1865.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

PROBATE COURT. HAMPDEN, ss.

To all persons interested in the Estate of Ezra Perry, jr., late of Brimfield, in said County, deceased, Greeting:

Whereas, A. W. Porter, Executor of the will of said deceased, has presented for allowance the first and final account of his administration upon the estate of said deceased:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Springfield, in said county of Hampden, on the fourth Tuesday of April current, at nine o'clock before noon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be allowed. And said A. W. Porter is ordered to serve this Citation by publishing or causing to be published the same once a week, in the Palmer Journal, a newspaper printed at Palmer, three weeks successively, the first publication to be fourteen days, at least before said Court, and by sending, or causing to be sent, a written or printed copy hereof, properly mailed, postage prepaid to each of the heirs, devisees, or legatees of said deceased, or their legal representatives, known to the petitioner, within two days of the date of said first publication.

Witness, WILLIAM S. SHURTLEFF, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this sixth day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five. SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.
Copy—attest, SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

WE ARE NOW RECEIVING A NEW LINE OF

Dry Goods and Groceries,

Bought since the Fall of Richmond,

which we will sell

At the Lowest Cash Prices.

We have a Large Stock of Men's and Boys'

CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, &C.,

which we are determined to sell.

Please call before purchasing elsewhere.

KELLOGG & TINKHAM.
Palmer, April 8, 1865. tf.

LOOK AT PRICES!

With Gold at $1.50.

Porto Rico Sugar,	5½ lb for $1.00
White New Orleans do.,	5¼ " " 1.00
Granulated, Pulv., & Crushed do.,	4 " " 1.00
Porto Rico Molasses,	$1.15 per gallon
Muscovado do.,	1.00 " "
Black Teas, best quality,	1.33 " pound
Good Black Teas,	.75 " "

CALL AND SEE THESE GOODS

—AT—

NEWTON & CO'S,

m25 Nassowanno Block, Palmer.

VOLNEY WINCHELL,

WILL BUY MAY, JULY, AND SEPTEMBER COUPONS,

At a small Discount from Gold Prices.

GOLD, SILVER,

Coin Drafts, and all kinds of Government Securities bought and sold.

☞Please cut this out and keep it for a memorandum.

VOLNEY WINCHELL.
192 Main Street Springfield, }
April 1, 1865. }

HAMS! DRIED BEEF!
HAMS! DRIED APPLES!
ALL KINDS OF FISH!
At NEWTON & Co's . . . Palmer, Mass.

SPICES, of all varieties, Raisins, Citron, Extracts, Bluing, Pepper Sauce, Tomato Ketchup, At NEWTON & Co's, Pamler.

AT NEWTON & CO'S

WILL be found those choice Milk Crackers. Also Boston and Springfield Crackers.

GOLD AT 150,

—AND—

MY PRICES

For all kinds of Goods

ARE MARKED TO CORRESPOND.

Good Prints, Fast Colors,	20 cts.
All others,	22@25
Best DeLaines,	30
7-8 Brown Cottons,	20
Nice yard wide, do.	20
Best 9-8 do., do.,	37½
Larg't size best qual. Ladies' Nubias,	1 25
Heavy Long Shawls, largest size,	7 00
Best quality do.,	11 00
More Ladies' Rubber Boots,	2 50
More Ladies' Rubber Sandals,	1 00
Colored Cambrics (slightly soiled),	17
A lot of shop worn shoes,	75
Good Bleached Cottons,	20, 30, @40
Good Cot. and Wool Flannels,	40@60
Heavy Cotton Goods, for suits,	80
Good Balmoral Skirts,	$3@$4.50
Nice Alpaccas,	50@75
Best All Wool Delaines,	75
Heavy yard wide Cottons,	37½
Heaviest Cottons made,	45

A lot of Ladies' Cambric Collars, half price.

Six pounds Good Brown Sugar for	$1.00
Five and 5½ pounds very choice do.,	1.00
4½ pounds Crushed & Granulated do.,	1.00
Good Molasses, for	.80@.90
Best Porto Rico in the world,	1.00

All-widths OIL CLOTHS, Palm Leaf MATTRASSES, HOOP SKIRTS, every size from 6 to 40 springs.

A variety of SUGARS; several kinds of MOLASSES and SYRUPS; TEAS and COFFEES.

☞Remember the French Breakfast and Dinner Coffee.

VARIOUS GRADES OF FLOUR,

From the cheapest to the best made. BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, RYE FLOUR, GRAHAM FLOUR, CORN AND RYE MEAL, always on hand.

Just Received, a lot of *SMITH'S PARAFINE*, for Boots, Harnesses, or any Leather work. The *only sure Water Proof Leather Preserver* known, and will be furnished by the dozen or gross, at New York prices.

Always on hand an assortment of

Clocks, Trunks, Toys and Fancy Goods,

Cooking Extracts and Perfumeries,

All the popular *PATENT MEDICINES*,

In STONE and WOODEN WARE, the usual variety.

Crockery and Glass Ware, enough of it.

HATS AND CAPS,

a good stock at all times. Also,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

for Men and Boys, and as good a variety of Ladies', Misses', and Childrens', Shoes, in Leather and Serge Work, as can be found, in stores out of the cities.

I shall soon receive all the most popular

FERTILIZERS,

to which the attention of Farmers is invited.

Recollect, I always have

A LARGE STOCK OF GOODS,

At *PRICES TO SUIT THE PEOPLE* and the times, all marked in plain figures, and

ONE PRICE ONLY.

☞Every one who owes me is requested to make immediate payment, as a change in business is contemplated.

E. E. TOWNE.
Monson, Feb. 25, 1865.

FARMERS, ATTENTION!

DO you want to raise LARGE CROPS this season? If so buy largely of

Bone Dust, Super Phosphate of Lime, Lodi Poudrette, and Fish Guano,

and your wants will be realized. For sale by

E. E. TOWNE, Monson.

Manhood: How Lost, How Restored.

JUST PUBLISHED, a new edition of DR. CULVERWELL'S CELEBRATED ESSAY on the Radical Cure (without medicine) of Spermatorrhœa, or seminal weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and physical Incapacity; Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

☞Price, in a sealed envelope, only six cents.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine, or the application of the knife—pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.

☞This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cents or two post stamps. Address the publishers,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, Post Office Box 4,586.

APRIL 1, 1865.

FALL

—IN—

GOLD!

FALL

—IN—

Merchandize!

I HAVE THIS DAY

REDUCED THE PRICE

—OF—

MY STOCK OF GOODS

TO THEIR

GOLD VALUE,

COMPRISING ALL MY

DRESS GOODS,

DOMESTIC GOODS,

Gent's Furnishing Goods,

READY-MADE

CLOTHING,

Boots & Shoes,

CARPETINGS,

CROCKERY, GLASS WARE,

&c., &c., &c.

ANY PART OF MY STOCK

CAN BE BOUGHT AT

LOW FIGURES,

W. W. CROSS,

PALMER, 1865.

PRICES

—ARE—

DOWN! DOWN! DOWN!

—FOR—

DRY GOODS.

J. H. STORRS,

Would inform all who have so liberally patronized him that he will now give a BENEFIT by selling goods at Wholesale Prices at Retail for a few days. We offer

Good Dark Prints for	17 cents.
Best New Styles do.,	20
" " " M'DeLaines,	25
Heavy Cottons, yard wide,	25
Fine Bleached Cottons, yard wide,	25

NEW STYLES OF

DRESS GOODS,

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS,

FEATHERS,

ALL DOWN TO GOLD VALUE.

☞We give notice to all we have bought largely at the late Low Prices,

WHICH ENABLES US TO SELL AT

VERY LOW PRICES.

We shall make

Special Inducements to those from a Distance,

Who buy in large quantities.

NEW GOODS WILL BE RECEIVED EVERY WEEK

During the Spring Trade.

A Word to the Wise is Sufficient.

Very respectfully,

J. H. STORRS.

Ware, March 25, 1865.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT!

GREAT SALE OF

Watches, Chains, Diamond Rings, etc.

ONE MILLION DOLLARS WORTH! To be disposed of at ONE DOLLAR EACH! Without regard to Value! Not to be paid for until you know what you are to receive!!

Splendid List of Articles! All to be sold for One Dollar Each!

		Each
250	Gents' Gold hunting case Watches,	$50 to $150
250	Ladies' Gold and enamelled hunting case Watches,	35 70
500	Gents' hunting case Silver Watches,	35 70
200	Diamond Rings,	50 100
5000	Gold Vest and Neck Chains,	4 30
3000	Gold Oval Band Bracelets,	4 8
5000	Jet and Gold Bracelets,	6 10
2000	Chatelaine Chains & Guard Chains,	5 20
7000	Soltaire and Gold Brooches,	4 10
5000	Coral, Opal, and Emerald Brooches,	4 8
3000	Gold, Cameo, and Pearl Ear Drops,	4 8
5000	Mosaic, Jet, Lava, & Florentine do.,	4 8
7500	Coral, Opal, and Emerald do.,	4 6
4000	California Diamond Breast Pins,	2.50 10
3000	Gold Fob and Vest Watch Keys,	2.50 8
4000	Fob and Vest Ribbon Slides,	3 10
5000	sets Solitaire Sleeve-but'ns, Studs, &c,	3 9
3000	Gold Thimbles, Pencils, &c.,	4 6
10000	Miniature Lockets,	2.50 10
4000	Miniature Lockets, magic spring,	10 20
3000	Gold Toothpicks, Crosses, &c.,	2 8
5000	Plain Gold Rings,	4 10
5000	Ch sed Gold Rings,	4 11
10000	Stone Set and Signet Rings,	2.50 10
10000	California Diamond Rings,	2 10
7500	sets Ladies' Jewelry—Jet and Gold,	5 15
6000	sets Ladies' Jewelry—Cameo, Pearl, Opal, and other stones,	4 15
10000	Gold Pens, Silver extension holders, and Pencils,	4 10
10000	Gold Pens & gold-mounted holders,	6 10
5000	Gold Pens & gold extens'n holders,	15 25
5000	Ladies' Gilt and Jet Buckles,	5 20
5000	Ladies' Gilt & Jet HairBars & Balls,	5 10
5000	Silver Goblets and Drinking Cups,	5 50
3000	Silver Castors,	15 50
2000	Silver Fruit, Card, & Cake Baskets,	20 50
5000	dozen Silver Tea Spoons, per doz.,	10 20
10000	dozen Silver Table Spoons and Forks, per dozen,	20 40

ARRANDALE & CO., Manufacturers' Agents,

No. 167 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,

Announce that all of the above list of goods will be sold for One Dollar each.

In consequence of the great stagnation of trade in the manufacturing districts of England, thro' the war having cut off the supply of cotton, a large quantity of Valuable Jewelry, originally intended for the English market, has been sent off for sale in this country, AND MUST BE SOLD AT ANY SACRIFICE! Under these circumstances, ARRANDALE & Co., acting as agents for the principal European manufacturers, have resolved upon a GREAT GIFT DISTRIBUTION, subject to the following regulations:

Certificates of the various articles are first put into envelopes, sealed up and mixed; and when ordered, are taken out without regard to choice, and sent by mail, thus giving all a fair chance. On receipt of the certificate you will see what you are to have, and then it is at your option to send the dollar and take the article or not. Purchasers may thus obtain a Gold Watch, Diamond Ring, or any set of Jewelry on our list for One Dollar.

Send 25 Cents for Certificate.

In all transactions by mail, we shall charge for forwarding the Certificates, paying postage, and doing the business, 25 cents each, which must be enclosed when the Certificate is sent for. Five Certificates will be sent for $1, eleven for 2, thirty for $5, sixty-five for $10, and a hundred for $15.

AGENTS.—We want agents in every regiment, and in every town and county in the country, and those acting as such will be allowed 10 cents on every Certificate ordered by them, provided their remittance amounts to one dollar. Agents will collect 25 cents for every Certificate, and remit 15 cents to us, either in cash or postage stamps.

ARRANDALE & CO.,
March 25. 167 Broadway, New York.

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

I WILL procure the 7-30's, in amounts from $50 upward, at short notice. 7-30's delivered at par, and no cost for collecting. H. T. SMALL.
Stafford Springs, Ct., Feb. 11, 1865.

PAPER HANGINGS!

WE have the LARGEST AND BEST STOCK to be found anywhere in New England, FROM THE CHEAPEST STYLES To THE ELEGANT GOLD AND PANEL PAPERS,

And furnish them AT RETAIL OR WHOLESALE,

At Lowest Prices.

☞ We send samples by mail or express
☞ when it is not convenient for customers
☞ to call at our store.

BRIDGMAN & WHITNEY,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.,
April 1, 1865.

TAKE NOTICE!

OPENED THIS DAY!

A NEW CASE OF GOODS, consisting of

COTTONS, PRINTS, & D'LAINES,

Bought and sold at

PANIC PRICES.

SMITH & CONVERSE.
Palmer, April, 1865.

D. H. BRIGHAM & CO.,

SPRINGFIELD ..... MASS.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Ready-Made Clothing,

HATS AND CAPS,

Have decided to open their ENTIRE ESTABLISHMENT to the RETAIL TRADE.

☞Their stock was bought largely within the past two weeks at

PANIC PRICES,

Which enables them to own and sell their stocks

FROM 20 TO 40 PER CENT. LESS THAN MOST DEALERS.

A Special Reduction in Prices

☞ Will be made to persons coming ☜
al from a distance. 3m

POTASH, at NEWTON & CO'S, Palmer.
Of the best quality

The Most Popular Book of Pianoforte Instruction is

RICHARDSONS' NEW METHOD,

Having a Regular Sale of 25,000 Copies a Year.

It is superior in excellence to all other "Methods," and

THE BOOK THAT EVERY PUPIL NEEDS

for the acquirement of a thorough knowledge of Pianoforte playing, It is adapted to ALL GRADES OF TUITION, from the Rudimental Studies of the youngest to the Studies and exercises of Advanced Pupils. Two editions are published, one adopting American the other Foreign Fingering. When the work is ordered, if no preference is designated, the edition with American Fingering will be sent.

Be sure that in ordering it you are particular in specifying the "New Method." Price $3.75. Mailed post-paid to any address. Sold by all Music Dealers. OLIVER DITSON & CO.,
Publishers, 277 Washington Street, Boston.

FISH, OF ALL KINDS,

FOR SALE

AT PARKS' STORE.

Palmer House Block.

FOR SALE.

40 **EWE SHEEP, with Lamb.**

JAMES SNOW.
Palmer, March 25, 1865—3w*

MEAL.

BOLTED MEAL, FLOUR,
RYE MEAL, CORN,
GRASS SEEDS, RYE,

Will be found

At NEWTON & Co's, Palmer,

At the Lowest Figures.

ANOTHER LOT Fresh Ground of KENT'S East India and OLMITZ'

COFFEES,

The best out. At NEWTON & CO'S,
Nassowanno Block, Palmer.

New Styles of

PAPER HANGINGS & BORDERS,

CURTAINS, of various kinds, CURTAIN FIXTURES, Cord and Tassels, a great variety.

Also, a good assortment of

Books, Stationery, Music, Periodicals,

And NEWSPAPERS for sale.

Ware, March 4—3m. G. K. CUTLER.

TOBACCO OF ALL KINDS,

Cavendish, Navy, Fine Cut Chewing, Killckinic Smoking.

We would call particular attention to our Navy Tobacco, that we are selling at 75 cents ℔ lb.

NEWTON & CO.,
Nassowanno Block . . . . Palmer, Mass.

SOAPS, SOAPS!

BURWELLS, Babbitt's, Castile and Common, at NEWTON & CO'S, Palmer.

ANY BOOK WANTED!

CAN be obtained at short notice by leaving orders at our store. A select assortment of STANDARD WORKS on hand, together with TOY BOOKS and BOOKS FOR YOUTH.

Also, different styles of

Pocket Bibles and Testaments,

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, &C.

Give us a Call.

WOOD & ALLEN,
Palmer, Feb. 11, 1865. tf

IF YOU WANT

A GOOD ARTICLE

—OF—

READY-MADE CLOTHING

For a Little Money,

Call at **D. MULVIHILL'S,**
Palmer, March 4, 1865. Nassowanno Block.

HOTEL FOR SALE.

THE property known as the Fiskdale Hotel, in Sturbridge, is offered for sale. The hotel is built of stone, and there is a barn and two sheds in good repair connected with the premises. Also, two acres of good land, covered with fruit trees. Apply to O. Parker on the premises, or to the subscriber in Palmer, Terms will be made easy.
Palmer, Mar. 18, 1865.—3w J. A. SQUIER.

SMITH & CONVERSE,

Successors to M. W. FRENCH & BRO.,

Have on Hand a Choice Lot of

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES,

Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes,

&c., &c., &c.

YARD WIDE COTTONS,

VERY CHEAP.

New Spring Style DeLaines, Very Handsome.

Also, a large assortment of

SPRING SKIRTS,

All Styles and Prices.

GIVE US A CALL.

GEO. F. SMITH. JOHN S. CONVERSE.
Palmer, Mass., 1865.

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, the undersigned has assumed the General subscription Agency for the sale of United States Treasury Notes, bearing seven and three-tenths per cent. Interest, per annum, known as the

SEVEN-THIRTY LOAN.

These Notes are issued under date of June 15th, 1865, and are payable three years from that time, in currency, or are convertible at the option of the holder into

U. S. 5-20 Six per cent. Gold Bearing Bonds.

These bonds are now worth a premium which increased the actual profit on the 7-30 loan, and its exemption from *State and Municipal Taxation*, adds from one to three per cent. more, according to the rate levied on other property. The interest is payable in currency semi-annually, by coupons attached to each note, which may be cut off and sold to any bank or banker.

The interest amounts to

One Cent per Day on a		$50 Note.
Two "	"	$100 "
Ten "	"	$500 "
Twenty	"	$1000 "
$1	"	$5000 "

Notes of all the denominations named will be promptly furnished upon receipt of subscriptions, and the notes forwarded at once. The interest to 15th June next will be paid in advance. This is

THE ONLY LOAN IN MARKET,

now offered by the Government, and it is confidently expected that its superior advantages will make it

The Great Popular Loan of the People.

Less than $300,000,000 of the Loan authorized by the last Congress are now on the market. This amount, at the rate at which it is being absorbed, will all be subscribed for within four months, when the notes will undoubtedly command a premium, as uniformly been the case on closing the subscriptions to other Loans.

In order that citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loan, the National Banks, State Banks, and Private Bankers throughout the country have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will select their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent,

PHILADELPHIA.

Subscriptions will be received by the

First National Bank of Springfield.
Second National Bank of Springfield.
Third National Bank of Springfield.
Ware National Bank of Ware.
Monson National Bank of Monson.
f25 Stafford National Bank of Stafford. 3m

FISK & HATCH,

BANKERS,

And Dealers in Government Securities,

38 Wall Street, New York,

—ARE—

U. S. GOVERNMENT AGENTS,

FOR THE SALE OF THE

POPULAR 7-30 LOAN,

Under the recent arrangement of the Treasury Department with Mr. JAY COOKE, General Subscription Agent.

Checks and Drafts on New York, Legal Tender Notes, and National Bank Notes may be remitted in payment. We also receive all Legal Tender *Five per cent.* Notes, and allow the *accrued interests to date of subscription.*

The 7-30 Notes will be forwarded by express, free of charge, to all points reached by the express companies.

Orders may be forwarded to us direct, or through your nearest bank or banker.

Persons visiting the city will find a full assortment of the notes on hand at our office for immediate delivery.

Orders by mail should be accompanied with the address in full to which the notes are to be forwarded.

We also keep on hand, and buy and sell at market rates, all kinds of

United States Securities.

Accounts of Banks, Bankers, and individuals received on favorable terms.

FISK & HATCH, BANKERS,

f18 38 Wall Street, New York. 3m.

THE NINTH NATIONAL BANK

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

CAPITAL, $1,000,000—PAID IN.

Fiscal Agent of the United States,

And Special Agent for Jay Cooke, Subscription Agent.

Will Deliver 7-30 Notes, Free of Charge,

by express, in all parts of the country, and receive in payment Checks on New York, Philadelphia, and Boston, current bills, and all five per cent. interest notes, with interest to date of subscription. Orders sent by mail will be promptly filled.

This Bank receives the accounts of Banks and Bankers on favorable terms; also of individuals keeping New York accounts.

J. T. HILL Cashier. J. U. ORVIS, Pres't.

DODGE & HASTINGS,

PAY the HIGHEST MARKET PRICE for GOOD VEAL CALVES.

Palmer, Feb. 25, 1865.

A NICE ARTICLE OF **SUGAR HOUSE SYRUP,**

For sale

Palmer, Dec. 8. AT PARKS' STORE.

WANTED!

BUTTER, EGGS, and all kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE at NEWTON & Co's.
Palmer, 1865.

A Long Walk.—Fifty-nine years ago last summer, Mr. Wm. Brooks, of Lewiston, Me., now in his 89th year, walked from that city to Chillicothe, Ohio, a distance of one thousand miles or more, and back all the way, except 18 miles by stage on his homeward trip. He was gone three months. He averaged thirty-three miles per day.

A Deserved Compliment.—When the rebel soldiers were carrying Gen. Wells from the field on a stretcher, Gen. Early inquired who the wounded prisoner was. He was informed that it was Col. Wells. "What, the commander who led the expedition against us last fall? Stop at once. I will send an ambulance for him."

Counterfeit Coupons.—Counterfeit coupons dated March, 1, 1865, for twelve dollars fifty cents, in the similitude of those on the ten-forty five per cent. United States five hundred dollar bonds, have been detected at the United States Depository Office at Baltimore.

Small Bills.—The one and two dollar notes for the national banks are prepared and ready for issue, and will be distributed to the banks according to the date of their organization. The First National Bank of Philadelphia, having been the first organized under the law, will receive the first installment.

Boring Machines.—It is said that one manufacturing establishment at Patterson, N. J., has received orders for $300,000 worth of well boring machines. It could not fill all of the orders.

☞The recent fall of cotton goods is said to have brought the manufacturers to a stand still. But few factories are in operation.

REMOVED!

THE BOOT AND SHOE STORE

—OF—

L. DIMOCK,

Is removed to the center store in

Palmer House Block, Sign of the Boot,

Where I intend to keep constantly on hand

A FULL ASSORTMENT

Of BOOTS AND SHOES, of every description, which I will sell at the

LOWEST POSSIBLE RATES.

Also, **Boots Made to Order,** and **Repairing** done in the best manner and most reasonable terms.

While grateful for your patronage in the past, I am determined to merit it in the future.

Don't mistake the place—Centre Store, Palmer House Block: Sign of the Boot.

Palmer, March 4, 1865. LYMAN DIMOCK

CLOTHING

Marked Down! Down!

NOW IS YOUR TIME TO BUY.

CALL ON THE

NEW YORK

CLOTHING

COMPANY,

138 MAIN ST., SPRINGFIELD,

(Corner of Vernon Street)

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods,

HATS AND CAPS,

From one of

THE LARGEST WHOLESALE ESTABLISHMENTS

in the City of New York,

ANY ONE WISHING

A Good Substantial Article

FOR A

LITTLE MONEY,

WOULD DO WELL TO

EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

ALL GOODS SOLD BY US ARE

WARRANTED

To be as Represented.

We will allow the privilege of exchanging (within three days), any garment sold at retail, which upon examination at home does not meet the entire approval of the purchaser, either in material, style, or fit; or, if that is not sufficiently liberal,

WE WILL REFUND THE MONEY.

Our terms of sale are strictly for cash, and

WE GUARANTEE

A BETTER ARTICLE

OF CLOTHING FOR THE PRICE

than can be obtained elsewhere. Call and satisfy yourselves, at

138 MAIN ST.,

nearly opposite Baptist Church,

SPRINGFIELD.....MASS.

n21tf

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Just received and for sale by

D. MULVIHILL,

Nassowanno Block, Palmer, Mass.

March 4, 1865.

TO LET.

THE ROOMS IN STRONG BLOCK heretofore used as a Tin-shop. Enquire of Palmer, March 4, 1865. JAS. G. ALLEN.

FLOUR

Of all grades, FOR SALE LOW for cash, AT A. H. PARKS' STORE, West end of Palmer House Block, Palmer, Mass.

TOWN REPORTS printed neatly, cheaply and expeditiously at this office.

HEALTH

HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT

BUCHU.

For Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Bladder or Kidneys, Diseases of the Prostrate Gland, Gravel, Brick Dust Deposits, Dropsical Swellings, Organic Weakness, Debility, Female Complaints, &c.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu and

IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Will radically exterminate from the system Diseases arising from habits of Dissipation, at little expense, little or no change of diet, no inconvenience or exposure, completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copabia and Mercury, in curing these diseases.

Use Helmbold's

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

In all Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female, *from whatever cause originating*, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in its taste and odor, IMMEDIATE in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from Broken Down or Delicate Constitutions, *procure the Remedy at once.*

The reader must be aware that however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect his *Bodily Health, Mental Powers and Happiness.* If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue.

All the above diseases require the aid of a diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

IS THE GREAT DIURETIC.

HELMBOLD'S

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED COMPOUND

FLUID

EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,

For purifying the blood, removing all diseases arising from excess and imprudence in life, chronic constitutional diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, and the only reliable and effectual know remedy for the cure of Scrofula, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Pains and Swellings of the Bones, Ulcerations of the Throat and Legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Tetter, Erpsipelas, and all scaly eruptions of the skin, and beautifying the complexion.

AND

HAPPINESS

NOT A FEW

Of the worst disorders that afflict mankind arise from the corruption that accumulates in the Blood. Of all the discoveries that have been made to purge it out, none can equal in effect Helmbold's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla. It cleanses and renovates the Blood, instills the vigor of health into the system and purges out the humors which make disease. It stimulates the healthy functions of the body, and expels the disorders that grow and rankle in the blood. Such a remedy, that could be relied on, has long been sought for, and now, for the first time, the public have one on which they can depend. Our space here does not admit of certificates to show its effects, but the trial of a single bottle will show to the sick that it has virtues surpassing anything they have ever taken.

Two tablespoonsful of the Extract of Sarsaparilla, added to a pint of water, is equal to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is equal to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla, or the decoction as usually made.

The above Extracts are prepared on purely scientific principles—in Vacuo—and embody the full strength of the ingredients entering into their composition. A ready and conclusive test will be a comparison of their properties with those set forth in the U. S. Dispensatory.

HOW TO USE THE REMEDIES.

In diseases of the Blood, Humors on the Face, or any and every part of the body, use Extract Sarsaparilla, applying to Pimples and all external Humors or Eruptions the Improved Rose Wash.

Use the Extract Buchu for all diseases requiring the aid of a Diuretic, except those of the Urinary Organs, such as Gonorrhœa and Gleet; in these use the Extract Buchu and inject with the Improved Rose Wash.

☞THESE EXTRACTS HAVE BEEN ADMITTED TO USE IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY, and also are in very general use in all the STATE HOSPITALS and Public Institutions throughout the land, as well as well as in private practice, and are considered as invaluable remedies.

Medicine delivered to Any Address.

Direct letters to—

HELMBOLD'S DRUG & CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,

594 Broadway, New York,

Next Metropolitan Hotel, or to

HELMBOLD'S MEDICAL DEPOT,

104 South Tenth St., Philadelphia,

Assembly Buildings.

Describe Symptoms in all Communication.

☞Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

☞Beware of Counterfeits.

☞Ask for Helmbold's. Take no Other.

Feb. 25. 1y.

SECURED.

Palmer Steam Mill!

THE subscribers, having leased the Steam Mill formerly occupied by Hall & Trumble, offer for sale

A Full Assortment of

FLOUR, GRAIN, MEAL,

FEED, SALT, LIME,

COAL, WOOD, &c,

At The Lowest Market Prices.

CASH PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.

Palmer, Mass., Dec. 20, 1862.

NEW GROCERY STORE!

The undersigned, having purchased the stock of

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS

lately owned by J. P. Shaw, and removed them to their Flour and Grain Store, and having made large additions thereto, are prepared to furnish

FAMILY GROCERIES as CHEAP as at any other establishment in the county.

As we deal largely in

FLOUR AND GRAIN,

we are enabled to make purchases at

LOW FIGURES,

and sell in the same manner.

All kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods.

☞Remember the place—

At the Palmer Steam Mill.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.

Palmer, Aug. 29, 1863.

GOLD PENS

FOR THE MILLION!

Pens to Suit the Hand, and Prices to Suit the Pocket!

The Best Gold Pens in the World!

On receipt of the following sums we will send, by mail or as directed, a Gold Pen or Pens, selecting the same according to the description, namely:

Gold Pens in Silver Plated Extension Cases, with Pencils.

For $1 a No. 2 pen — For $2 a No. 5 pen
For 1 25 a No. 3 pen — For 2 25 a No. 6 pen
For 1 50 a No. 4 pen

These pens are stamped THE IMPERIAL PEN, and are well finished and fine writing Gold Pens, with good Ardium points, although they are unwarranted and cannot be exchanged.

WARRANTED GOLD PENS.

Our name (American Gold Pen Co., N. Y.) is stamped on all our 1st quality pens, and the points are warranted for six months, except against accident. Our second quality pens are stamped THE NATIONAL PEN, with the initials of our firm, (A. G. P. Co.) and are carefully made, having the same points as our 1st quality pens, the only great difference being in the quality of the Gold

Gold Pens, 1st and 2d Quality, in Solid Silver Extension Cases, with Pencils.

For $2 00 a No. 1 pen, 1st quality, or No. 2 pen 2d qual.
For 2 25 a No. 2 pen 1st quality, or No. 3 pen 2d qual.
For 2 25 a No. 3 pen 1st quality, or No. 4 pen 2d qual.
For 3 50 a No. 4 pen 1st quality, or No. 5 pen 2d qual.
For 4 50 a No. 5 pen 1st quality, or No. 6 pen 2d qual.
For 5 50 a No. 6 pen 1st quality.

The same Gold Pens in Solid Silver or Gold Plated Ebony Desk Holders and Morocco Cases.

For $2 25 a No. 3 pen 1st quality, or No. 4 pen 2d qual.
For 2 50 a No. 4 pen 1st quality, or No. 5 pen 2d qual.
For 3 50 a No 5 pen 1st quality, or No 6 pen 3d qual.
For 4 00 a No. 6 pen 1st quality. For $5 50 a No. 7 pen.
For 6 75 a No. 8 pen. For $1 a No. 12 pen; all 1st qual.

Our pens rank throughout the country as equal if not superior to any gold pens manufactured. Not only for their writing qualities durability and elegant finish. The greatest care is used in their manufacture, and none are sold with the slightest imperfection which skill can detect.

Parties in ordering must specify the name, number and quality in all instances, and whether stiff or limber, coarse or fine.

TO CLUBS.

A discount of 12 per cent. will be allowed on sums of $15, if sent to one address, at one time; 15 per cent. on $25; 20 per cent. on $40.

All remittances by mail, *registered*, are at our risk. To all who enclose 20 cents extra for registering, we guarantee the safe delivery of the goods.

Circulars of all our new styles, with Engravings of exact sizes and prices, sent upon receipt of stamp, if desired. Pens repointed for 50 cents by mail.

Stationers and Jewellers are requested to correspond with us, as we can offer them Great Inducements. Address

AMERICAN GOLD PEN CO.,

j28 3m. No. 200 Broadway, New York

M. P. KNOWLTON,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

Post Office Building, south side of Court Square,

Springfield, Mass.

Soldiers' Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, &c., procured promptly and at reasonable rates.

Immense Success—Third Edition.

"HOW 'TIS DONE," or "The Secret Out," "Gambling Exposed," "Marked Cards," and all other tricks explained, "Fortune Telling," "The Book of Wonders," "Hunting and Fishing Secrets," the Original great Secret of a "Moustach and Whiskers in 42 Days," "How to make Gold, Silver, and Diamonds," and 180 other new discoveries, never before published. A New Book, handsomely printed, and bound; price only 25 cts; 6 for $1; circulars for stamp. Satisfaction guaranteed. Agents Wanted. Address

HUNTER & Co. Publishers,

f4 3m* Hinsdale, N. H

TAPIOCA, FARINA, SAGO, CORN STARCH, CHOCOLATE, COCOA &c., &c., for sale at

A. H. PARKS' Cash Store . . . Palmer, Mass.

A Lot of First-Rate

BUTTER,

FOR SALE in any quantity, from one to 100 pounds, at

A. H. PARKS' STORE, Palmer, Mass.

GEO. S. BOSWORTH,

CARPENTER AND JOINER,

—AND DEALER IN—

Doors, Sash, Blinds, Framing Timber. &c., &c.

Doors, Sash, and Blinds constantly on hand. All kinds of jobbing done to order. Palmer, Jan. 30

A Superior Article of Pure Ground JAVA COFFEE,

For sale at A. H. PARKS' Store,

Palmer House Block

The New 7 3-10 Treasury Notes

ARE on hand and for sale at the MONSON NATIONAL BANK, in denominations of $50, $100, $500, and $1000.

Monson, Dec. 17. E. F. MORRIS, Cashier.

HALL'S VEGETABLE

SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER,

THE best preparation for the Hair. It will immediately free the head from all dandruff, restore the hair to its natural color, and produce a new growth where it has fallen off. It will stop the falling out of the hair in a few days, if faithfully applied, and it will turn gray hair to its original color. Price, one dollar. A large lot just received, and for sale by the bottle or dozen.

WOOD & ALLEN,

Palmer, Mass., Feb. 11, 1865. 1y

REVENUE STAMPS.

ALL DENOMINATIONS of U. S. Revenue Stamps for sale at the Journal Office.

Palmer, Aug. 20, 1864

DENTISTRY.

DR. J. B. GOULD,

Surgical and Mechanical Dentist,

Palmer, Mass.

respectfully informs the Citizens of Palmer and vicinity that he has located himself in this place as a permanent Dentist, and hopes by strict attention to business to win the patronage of the public.

The Most Difficult Operations in Dentistry Performed with Care.

One of the most important and often neglected duties of the age is the preservation of the Natural Teeth, and to this end none should neglect having them frequently examined by a Dentist, that decay and other imperfections may be seasonably remedied. Children's teeth should receive frequent and careful attention, to prevent irregularities or decay.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH

inserted on the improved principle of atmospheric pressure. Teeth, from one to an entire set, inserted on Gold, Silver, or Rubber.

A SUPERIOR ARTICLE of DENTRIFICE and TOOTH BRUSHES constantly on hand.

☞Examinations and advice gratis.

☞All operations warranted.

TERMS REASONABLE.

TESTIMONIALS:

The undersigned, citizens of Monson, have employed Mr. J. B. Gould, in his regular practice as Dentist, with satisfaction, and would cheerfully recommend him to the citizens of this and adjoining towns, as skillful in all branches of this business. They are happy also to commend him as a man of good principles and high moral character.

Rev. T. G. Colton. — Marcus Keep.
" F. Woods. — S. Darling.
N. F. Rogers. — Dr. J. M. Towne.
E. B. Miles. — " Smith.

n19 Dr. J. McKinstrey.

DR. WISTAR'S

BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY,

THE GREAT REMEDY FOR

CONSUMPTION,

And acknowledged by many prominent physicians to be by far the most Reliable Preparation ever introduced for the Relief and Cure of all

LUNG COMPLAINTS.

This well-known remedy is offered to the public, sanctioned by the experience of over forty years, and when resorted to in season, seldom fails to effect a speedy cure of

Coughs, Colds, Croup, Bronchitis, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Hoarseness, Pains or Soreness in the Chest and Side, Bleeding at the Lungs, Liver Complaints, &c., &c.

Its complete success in many cases of confirmed consumption has reversed the opinion so long entertained, that this much dreaded disease is incurable.

To those who have already made use of this Remedy, no appeal is necessary. To those who have not, we have only to refer them to the written testimonials of many of our most distinguished citizens, who have been restored to health when the expectation of being cured was indeed a "forlorn hope." We have space only for the following

Unsolicited Testimony.

From Rev. Francis Lobdell, Pastor of the South cong. church, Bridgeport, t.

Bridgeport, Jan. 1, 1861.

Messrs. Seth W. Fowle & Co.—Gentlemen: I consider it a duty which I owe to suffering humanity, to bear testimony to the virtues of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry: I have used it—when I have had occasion for any remedy for Coughs, Colds, or Sore Throat—for many years, and never, in a single instance, has it failed to relieve and cure me. I have frequently been very hoarse on Saturday, and looked forward to the delivery of two sermons on the following day with sad misgivings, but by a liberal use of the Balsam my hoarseness has invariably been removed, and I have preached without difficulty. I commend it to my brethren in the ministry, and to public speakers generally, as a certain remedy for the bronchial troubles to which we are peculiarly exposed.

Entirely unsolicited I send you this testimonial, which you are at liberty to use in any way you choose. Perhaps the Balsam does not affect all persons alike, but it always removes my hoarseness, and fits me for the minister's hard-working day—the Sabbath.

Very truly yours, FRANCIS LOBDELL.

Clergymen, Lawyers, Singers,

and all those whose occupation requires an unusual exercise of the vocal organs, will find this the Only Remedy which will effectually and instantaneously relieve their difficulties. This Remedy, unlike most others, is not only not nauseous, but is extremely

PLEASANT TO TASTE.

A small quantity allowed to pass over the irritated part at once removes the difficulty.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD HERRY

IS PREPARED BY

SETH W. FOWLE & CO.,

18 Tremont Street, Boston,

1ysI0. and is sold by all druggists. cow.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE

Heals Old Sores.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE cures Burns, Scalds, Cuts.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE cures Wounds, Bruises, Sprains.

REDDINGS' RUSSIA SALVE cures Boils, Ulcers, Cancers.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE cures Salt Rheum, Piles, Erysipelas.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE cures Ringworms, Corns, &c.

☞No family should be without it. Only 25 cents a box. For sale by

SETH W. FOWLE & CO., Boston, Mass and by all druggists and country storekeepers.

GOVERNMENT

PENSION AGENCY!

Government Bounty of $100

Collected for soldiers who have been discharged from service by reason of wounds or disability, without regard to length of time. Invalid soldiers discharged from service, and the widows and orphans of soldiers who died in the U. States service, or of wounds or disease contracted in line of duty, are entitled to pensions. All pension claims against the government, and claims for arrears of pay and bounty, will be promptly attended to and collected at the lowest rates. No charge made to the soldier unless the claim is successful.

This Agency is duly licensed, and the undersigned does his business direct with the authorities at Washington, and not through third parties.

JAS. G. ALLEN, Counsellor & Attorney.

Palmer, March 21, 1863.

New London Northern Railroad.

On and after Monday, January 2, 1865,

Trains Leave Palmer as follows:

7.50 A. M., and 2.15 P. M., for New London and Way Stations.

2.15 P. M., and 6.00 P. M., for Belchertown and Amherst.

Trains for New London connect at Willimantic with trains for Hartford.

Trains for Amherst connect with trains from New London, and Western Railroad trains.

R. N. DOWD, Supt.

New London, Jan. 2, 1865.

PETROLEUM STOCKS

Are now attracting much attention, as

They Pay Larger Dividends

than any other stocks in the market, ranging from

One to Five per Cent. per Month.

Parties wishing to subscribe for stock in the "Great Basin" the "Massachusetts & Oil Creek," the "New England," "Fuller Farm," or other first-class oil companies, or in the

Montezuma Gold Mining Company,

the ore of which assays at over $8,000 per cord, can do so at the office of

Palmer, Jan. 21, 1865. JAS. G. ALLEN.

WOODS' Celebrated Dry Hop Yeast, for sale at PARKS' STORE, Palmer

ENVELOPES, embellished with Business Cards, furnished at this office.

DR. VELPAU'S FRENCH PILLS.

Ladies, take Particular Notice.

THE REAL VELPAU FEMALE PILL.

[Warranted French.]

These Pills, so celebrated many years ago in Paris, for the relief of female irregularities, and afterward so notorious for their criminal employment in the practice of abortion, are now offered for sale for the first time in America. They have been kept in comparative security from the fact that the originator, Dr. Velpau, is a physician in Paris, of great wealth and strictly conscientious principles, and has withheld them from general use lest they should be employed for unlawful purposes. In overcoming Female Obstructions, Falling of the Womb, Whites, Green Sickness, Suppression, Retention, or Immoderate flow of the monthly discharges, they seem to be truly omnipotent, bursting open the flood gates from whatever cause may have stopped them; but they are offered to the public only for legitimate uses and all agents are forbidden to sell them when it is understood that the object is unlawful. Married ladies should never take them when there is any reason to believe themselves pregnant, for they will be sure to produce a miscarriage.

These Pills are entirely safe under all circumstances, being composed entirely of substances from the vegetable kingdom.

Each box has the coat of arms for the city of Paris stamped on the box, with the words "Trade Mark" in French, to counterfeit which is a misdemeanor, and all persons will be dealt with according to law.

☞Full directions accompany every box.

Ladies can obtain a box sealed from the eyes of the curious, by enclosing one dollar and six postoffice stamps to any respectable druggists, or to O. C. STAPLES, General Agent for the United States, Watertown, N. Y.

For sale in Palmer by Wood & Allen, and Dr. Wm. Holbrook. n51y.

FIRE AND LIFE

INSURANCE AGENCY.

Ætna Insurance Company,

Hartford, Ct.

Capital.....$1,500,000

Hartford Fire Ins. Company,

Hartford, Ct.

Capital.....$1,000,000

Phœnix Insurance Company,

Hartford, Ct.

Capital.....$400,000

Springfield Fire & Marine Ins. Co.,

Springfield, Mass.

Capital and Surplus.....$567,863 17

Norwich Fire Insurance Company,

Norwich, Ct.

Capital.....$300,000

INSURANCE AGAINST FIRE,

ON FACTORIES, STORES, DWELLING Houses, Barns, &c.,

Effected on MOST REASONABLE TERMS, in the Best Companies.

Also, Life Insurance

Effected on good risks in the best Mutual Companies.

Address or apply to

E. F. MORRIS,

MONSON, MASS.

June 25, 1864—1y.

SPEER'S SAMBUCI WINE!

Pure and Four Years Old, of Choice Port Grape,

For Physician's Use, For Females, Weakly Persons and Invalids.

THE Great remedy for kidney affections, rheumatism, & all chronic compl'nts.

Excellen Wines for Females.

Every Family at this season should use the

SAMBUCI WINE,

celebrated in Europe for its medicinal and beneficial qualities as a gentle Stimulant, Tonic, Diuretic, and Sudorific, highly esteemed by eminent physicians, used in European and American Hospitals, and by some of the first families in Europe and America.

As a Tonic it has no equal, causing an appetite, and building up the system, being entirely a pure wine of a most valuable grape.

As a Diuretic, it imparts a healthy action to the Glands and Kidneys, and Urinary Organs, very beneficial in Dropsy, Gout and Rheumatic Affections.

Speer's Wine is not a mixture or manufactured article, but is pure from the juice of the Port Grape, cultivated in New Jersey, recommended by Chemists and Physicians as possessing medical properties superior to any other Wines in use, and an excellent article for all weak and debilitated persons, and the aged and infirm, improving the appetite and benefiting ladies and children.

A Ladies' Wine, because it will not intoxicate as other wines, as it contains no mixture of spirits or other liquors, and is admired for rich, peculiar flavor, and nutritive properties, imparting a healthy tone to the digestive organs, and a blooming, soft, and healthy skin and complexion.

☞None genuine unless the signature of "Alfred Speer, Passaic, N. J." is over the cork of each bottle.

Make one Trial of this Wine.

For sale in Palmer by Wood & Allen, and by druggists generally. Trade supplied in Boston by G. C Goodwin, and all wholesale druggists in Boston and New York.

A. SPEER, Proprietor. Vineyard, Passiac, New Jersey; Office, 208 Broadway, New York.

JOHN LAFOY, Paris, Agent for France and Germany. ap16.

WANTED!

All Kinds of Farmer's Produce in Exchange for Goods, at

A. H. PARKS' Store..... Palmer, Mass.

Western Reserve Ohio Cheese.

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY,

For sale at A. H. PARKS' Cash Store, Palmer.

THE best Young Hyson, Black, and Japanese TEAS,

For sale at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer.

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS.

R. H. EDDY,

SOLICITOR OF PATENTS,

Late Agent of U. S. Patent Office, Washington, (under the Act of 1837.)

76 STATE St.....opp. Kilby st.....BOSTON

After an extensive practice of upwards of twenty years, continues to secure Patents in the United States, also in Great Britain, France, and other foreign countries. Caveats, Subscriptions, Bonds, Assignments, and all Papers or Drawings for Patents executed on liberal terms, and with dispatch. Researches made into American or Foreign works to determine the validity or utility of Patents or inventions—and legal or other advice rendered in all matters touching the same. Copies of the claims of any patent furnished by remitting one dollar. Assignments recorded at Washington.

The Agency is not only the largest in New England, but through it inventors have advantages for securing Patents, of ascertaining the patentability of inventions, unsurpassed by, if not immeasurably superior to any which can be offered them elsewhere. The Testimonials below given prove that none is MORE SUCCESSFUL AT THE PATENT OFFICE than the subscriber, and as SUCCESS IS THE BEST PROOF OF ADVANTAGES AND ABILITY, he would add that he has abundant reason to believe, and can prove, that at no other office of the kind are the charges for professional services so moderate. The immense practice of the subscriber during the twelve years past has enabled him to accumulate a vast collection of specifications and official decisions relative to patents.

These, besides his extensive library of legal and mechanical works, and full accounts of patents granted in the United States and Europe, render him able, beyond question, to offer superior facilities for obtaining Patents.

All necessity of a journey to Washington to procure a Patent, and the usual great delay there, are here saved inventors.

TESTIMONIALS.

"I regard Mr. Eddy as one of the most capable and successful practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse." Chas. Mason.

Commissioner of Patents.

"I have no hesitation in assuring inventors that they cannot employ a person more competent and trustworthy, and more capable of putting their applications in a form to secure for them an early and favorable consideration at the Patent Office."

Edmund Burke,

Late Commissioner of Patents.

"Mr. R. H. Eddy has made for me THIRTEEN applications, on all but one of which patents have been granted, and that is now pending. Such unmistakeable proof of great talent and ability on his part leads me to recommend ALL inventors to apply to him to procure their patents, as they may be sure of having the most faithful attention bestowed on their cases, and at very reasonable charges." John Taggart.

During eight months, the subscriber, in course of his large practice, made on TWICE rejected applications, SIXTEEN APPEALS, EVERY ONE of which was decided in his favor by the Commissioner of Patents. R. H. EDDY.

January 1, 1865. 1y

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Photographic Materials,

Wholesale and Retail,

501 Broadway . . . . NEW YORK.

In addition to our main business of PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS, we are headquarters for the following, viz.:

Stereoscopes and Stereoscopic Views.

Of these we have an immense assortment, including War Scenes, American and Foreign Cities and Landscapes, Groups, Statuary, &c., &c. Also, Revolving Stereoscopes, for public or private exhibition. Our Catalogue will be sent to any address on receipt of stamp.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.

We were the first to introduce these into the United States, and we manufacture immense quantities in great variety, ranging in price from 50 cts. to $50 each. Our Albums have the reputation of being superior in beauty and durability to any others. They will be sent by mail, FREE, on receipt of price.

FINE ALBUMS MADE TO ORDER.

CARD PHOTOGRAPHS.

Our Catalogue now embraces over Five Thousand different subjects, to which additions are continually being made, of Portraits of Eminent Americans, &c., viz.: about

100 Major Generals,	550 Statesmen,
200 Brig.-Generals,	139 Divines,
275 Colonels,	125 Authors,
200 Lieut.-Colonels,	40 Artists,
150 Other Officers.	125 Stage,
75 Navy Officers.	50 Prominent Women,

150 Prominent Foreign Portraits,

3,000 Copies of Works of Art.

including reproductions of the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings, Statutes, &c. Catalogues sent on receipt of stamp. An order for One Dozen Pictures from our Catalogue will be filled on the receipt of $1.80, and sent by mail, FREE.

Photographers and others, ordering goods C.O.D. will please remit 25 per cent. of the amount with their order. E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Photographic Materials.

501 Broadway, New York.

☞The prices and quality of our goods cannot fail to satisfy. n19ly

Caution to Females in Delicate Health

DR. DOW,

Physician and Surgeon, 7 Endicott st., Boston,

IS consulted daily for all diseases incident to the female system. Prolapsus Uteri, or Falling of the Womb, Fluor Albus, Suppression, and other Menstrual derangements, are all treated on new pathological principles, and speedy relief guaranteed in a very few days. So invariably certain is the new mode of treatment, that most obstinate complaints yield under it, and the most afflicted person soon rejoices in perfect health.

Dr. Dow has no doubt had greater experience in the cure of diseases of women than any other physician in Boston.

Boarding accommodations for patients who may wish to stay in Boston a few days under his treatment.

Dr. Dow, since 1845, having confined his whole attention to an office practice for the cure of Private Diseases and Female Complaints, acknowledges no superior in the United States.

N. B.—All letters must contain one dollar, or they will not be answered.

Office hours from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

Boston, July 30, 1864. 1y.

CHEAP PASSAGE

—TO AND FROM—

GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND.

TAPSCOTT BROTHERS & CO'S

Emigration & Foreign Exchange Office,

86 SOUTH ST., NEW YORK.

Drafts on England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales.

Tapscott's Favorite Line of **Liverpool Packets** sails every Three Days.

X Line of London Packets, sails every Ten Days.

Parties wishing to send for their friends, or remit money to the Old Country can do so at the lowest rates by applying to

3mj21 **CHAS. E. STEVENS, Ware.**

FOX & HOLBROOK,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

FRESH FISH, OYSTERS,

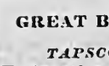
Fruit, Confectionery, Pies and Cakes, Vegetables

Spruce and Hop Beer, Soda,

And SOLE AGENTS in Eastern Hampden for Millard & Waterbury's Hudson Pale Ale.

Nassowanno Block.....Palmer, Mass.

M. Fox. Feb. 20, 1864. C. Holbrook.



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The Palmer Journal.

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Song of the Victors.

The following is the ditty sung by Uncle Sam's Colored Infantry on their march into and through Petersburg and Richmond early last week Monday morning. Though not exactly classic in its diction, it is quite expressive:

Say, darkies, hab you seen de massa,
Wid de mufstash on his face,
Go 'long the road some time dis mornin',
Like he's going to leave de place?
He seen the smoke way up de ribber
Where de Linkum gunboats lay;
He took his hat and left bery sudden,
And I s'pose he's runned away,
De massa run, ha! ha!
De darkey stay, ho! ho!
It must be now de kingdom's comin',
An' de yar ob Jubilo.

He's six foot one way, and four foot todder,
An' he weighs six hundred pown',
His coat so big he couldn't pay de tailor,
An' it won't reach half way roun';
He drills so much dey calls him cap'n,
And he gits so mighty tan'd,
I spec he'll try to fool dem Yankees
For to tink he's contraband.
De massa run, ha! ha!
De darkey stay, ho! ho!
It must be now de kingdom comin',
An' de yar ob Jubilo.

Who Cares?

Who cares for a last year's rose?
Or the flowers of last year's May?
Or the leaf dried sweet in a mouldy book?
Or the love who is away?

Who cares for a cloud gone by?
Or last week's rain and wind?
Or a golden crescent of folded curl
The dead one left behind?

A tress of hair and a faded leaf
Are paltry things in a cynic's eyes;
But to me they are keys that open the gates
Of a paradise of memories.

AN APRIL FOOL.

At seventeen, Miss Somerset had all the young men of our village at her feet; that is to say, she was surrounded and besieged by them wherever she went. Do you wonder that the matrons and maidens of the village did not like this? Miss Somerset was monopolizing all the eligible young men—literally all of them. Imagine how painful it must have been to Jane and Emily and Edith!

Miss Somerset would neither marry herself nor let others marry. This was the great offence. No one grudged her a husband, not at all—"only let her make her choice, and set the rest of the young men free to choose elsewhere." This, however, Miss Somerset was in no hurry to do. She was impartial in the distribution of her smiles and looks of encouragement, and the consequence was that all the young men held on, each flattering himself that he would come in winner in the end. This state of things continued for two years, during which period not a single marriage of any consequence took place in the village, much to the displeasure and disgust, not only of the maidens, but also of the vicar, the vestry-clerk, and Jobbins the pastry cook.

At length, however, the good news came that Miss Somerset was engaged. It was now the turn of the young men to feel injured. Miss Somerset had given her hand to none of the set who had so long flocked around her and paid her homage, but to a new comer in the neighborhood, one Mr. Honiton, the son of a Manchester manufacturer, who, on the death of his father, had inherited considerable landed property and set up as a squire.

Mr. Honiton was married to Miss Somerset, and the bells rang a merry peal, and the little boys ran after the carriages and shouted, and there was great joy everywhere except in the breasts of certain young men who felt that they had played the moth and fluttered about a candle, only to have their wings singed at last. The marriage of Miss Somerset cleared the air. The blighted wall flowers looked up; the young men, who at first thought their disease incurable, recovered wonderfully; and, very shortly, Emily gave her hand and heart to Theodore, and Edith consented to link her destiny with Adolphus. The matrimonial market was thrown open, and business became brisk. Miss Somerset, however, had spoiled the matrimonial prospects of a few past all redemption.

In other respects, however, the village recovered itself, and I have no doubt that we should all have lived happily ever afterwards had it not been for an event which occurred about a year and a half after Miss Somerset's marriage. That event was the death of Mr. Honiton. In the short space of eighteen months the flaxen-haired idol had become a widow. The village received the news with astonishment, amazement, and perhaps some slight satisfaction. "Mrs. Honiton must expect grief and sorrow like other folks; she has had her share of gaiety and pleasure, goodness knows, and perhaps it will do her good." This is what the old maids and the sourest of the matrons whispered to one another coming home from church after a sermon on christian charity. But the village was not prepared for one startling consequence of Mr. Honiton's death. A few weeks after that melancholy occurrence, his widow—the idol—came back to live among us, and took up her abode at the house of her papa, who, it should be stated, had, in the meantime, been gathered to his plebian fathers, leaving his house and property to his daughter. Mrs. Honiton did not show herself for some days after her arrival, and during this period of suspense the village speculated upon the ravages which grief must have made upon her beauty—upon the tears which had dimmed the lustre of her eye, and the nights of watching which had blanched her cheeks and clouded her fair brow. The village—at least the female portion of it—was prepared for a walking monument of the profoundest sorrow, a widowed presentment of the true conventional type, with weeds hanging loosely about her figure, scorning all grace, and showing neither shape nor make. Miss Jane Morley and Miss Margaret Thompson, who had taken refuge from the slights of the world in stern tea-meeting in connection with clubs and high persuasions, pictured her in a pair of flat-soled shoes, wearing a scanty black stuff gown, short and without crinoline, and carrying on her head a coal scuttle swathed in crape.

It was a terrible shock to all these expectants when the widow made her first public appearance among them. Lady Godiva riding through the village in the original Coventry Costume could not have caused a greater sensation. Mrs. Honiton was as beautiful, as radiant, as fashionably dressed, and apparently as young as ever. It was evident she had not been plunged into any violent grief; she had not been left destitute to give others the luxury of commiserating and helping her; and, worse than all, she wore so very natty and retiring a widow's cap that you could scarcely detect that emblem of bereavement. I do not know what an invisible peruke is, but Mrs. Honiton's head-gear was certainly an invisible widow's cap. It was considered quite scandalous that Mrs. Honiton should have got over her calamity so easily. In order, however, to acquit the lady of any charge of heartlessness which may be founded upon these facts, I may state that she gave her hand to Mr. Honiton at the stern command of her father, reserving her heart to herself, and that Mr. Honiton was little better than an idiot, a gentleman who spent most of his time in the stable and the kennel, and placed his wife in the scale of his affections after his horse, his dog, and his gun.—Under these circumstances, it would have been rank hypocrisy in Mrs. Honiton to show herself deeply grieved. But what aggravated the female community most deeply was her widow's cap. When she appeared in it for the first time in church she looked lovelier than ever. The merest suspicion of crimped white muslin peeping out between her black bonnet and her golden hair gave an additional piquancy to her beauty. And then, her weeds were all so fashionably made and elegantly worn that her figure really seemed to be improved by them. Her pink complexion stood out in charming contrast against her black crape bonnet; and this last-mentioned article of her dress was a dainty cockle-shell thing, so neat and natty that you might have imagined it to be a wedding bonnet dyed black.

Do you wonder that the women folks were indignant? They would have been more than women, more than mortal, if they had not. They had suffered already at the hands of this ensnaring syren; they had got rid of her, as they had fondly hoped forever; and here she was again, troubling their waters as of yore. Her cap was assailed by every one. It was a heartless mockery to put on a thing like that, and her husband only dead six weeks; and she ought to be ashamed of herself. But Mrs. Honiton did not appear to be at all ashamed. She paid close attention to the service, and said all the responses, and sang all the psalms, and, with her calm face and placid eyes turned upward, looked like an angel—at least that is what young Parkinson thought, who had neither closed his eyes or his mouth since the fair vision first burst upon him at the very commencement of the service.

Such was the state of affairs when Mr. Charles Bevington came to reside in our village. Charles Bevington was a rising young barrister—a handsome, dashing fellow, with black whiskers, and an easy, nonchalant address. Physically, he was a sort of prize man, a specimen of humanity who would have carried off the gold medal at an exhibition of his species. He had a broad forehead and a broad chest; his frame was muscular and strongly knit; his hair curled all over his well-set head; and his eyes gleamed with vigor and vivacity. With all this, he had a ready tongue, a wonderful faculty for talking rattling nonsense; and he was still single.—Like all the others, Mr. Bevington became attracted by the beauty of the young widow, and very shortly after his arrival in the village he became raving about her.

"I wish you would marry her," said I.

Mr. Bevington was startled at my coming down upon him plump at the very first word with the expression of such a grave wish as this. "Why—how—what do you mean?" he stammered out.

"I mean exactly what I say," I repeated.—"I wish you would marry Mrs. Honiton, for thereby you would do the village a signal service."

"I should have thought quite the contrary," he replied; "for all the young fellows are mad after her."

"That's the mischief," I said.

"Mischief! I really do not understand you."

"Why, the fact is, Mrs. Honiton monopolizes the attention of all the young men, and the other young ladies in the village have nobody to make love to them. If Mrs. Honiton were married, five or six eligible parties would be let loose from her trail to go and court elsewhere. Our damsels are languishing for beaux, and all on account of this bewitching widow."

"Well," he said, "I don't wonder at that."

"No," I said, "but the young ladies wonder at it, and, what is more, they don't like it; and, if you will only go and marry Mrs. Honiton out of the way, I'm sure they'll subscribe for a testimonial to you."

"Are you really serious?" he said.

"Perfectly so," I replied. "In fact, I would marry her myself, out of pity for the poor girls, only for the trifling obstacle, of which you are aware, that I am married already."

"Has she money?" he asked.

"Lots," I replied.

"Then," he said, "there is no need to ask further questions, for I don't require you or any one else to tell me that she is as beautiful as an angel. By Jove! I'll take your advice, and stick up to her."

"Do," I said, "and if you only win the widow's heart, you will, at the same time, win the hearts of all the unmarried ladies of the village. Maidens and matrons will be ready to praise you."

"In that case, I shall step into a perfect mine of affection. Well, I'll go in for it, at any rate."

"Yes," I said, "do; go in and win."

Mr. Bevington did go in for it. He laid siege to the widow immediately, much to the indignation and disgust of her train of admirers, who looked upon the encroachment of the tall, handsome barrister as something entirely disproportionate and unfair. When Mr. Bevington dashed into the midst of them and carried the widow off in triumph, his rivals fell back timidly, and looked up at him as much as to say, "Why don't you compete with one of your own size?" The widow, however, was by no means inclined to encourage a monopoly of herself, and still continued to distribute her smiles with impartiality. The consequence was, that her many admirers held on for some time, and did their best to dispute the ground with the handsome young barrister; but it was very discouraging work. The barrister almost invariably got the best of it, and on such occasions the widow would look at her train and shrug her pretty shoulders, as much as to say, "It is really not my fault. I try to give you all a chance, and if you let this dashing, black whiskered man cut you out, why, you have only yourselves to blame."

Mrs. Honiton's followers began to drop off one by one, and the female villagers looked up. Mr. Webber, the cotton broker, was the first to relax his hold and sink into the waters of despair; then Captain Jarvis; then young Jenkins, the alderman's son, and two or three more; until the prize was disputed by only two—Charlie Bevington, the handsome barrister, and Mr. Joseph Perkins, a mild little gentleman, whose sticking up to Mrs. Honiton had always been regarded as a piece of impudence. As some half dozen of Mrs. Honiton's admirers had now been detached for other service, the village was in humor to be amused by the pretensions of "little Perkins," particularly as little Perkins had only four hundred a year, and was short, and by no means what the ladies call handsome.—Little Perkins had another fault—or, at least, he exhibited certain traits of character which are a positive disadvantage when placed in competition with physical beauty and dash. Perkins was amiable, gentle, and unobtrusive in his manners, kind and generous of disposition, and, on all occasions, highly considerate of the feelings of others. And because he was all this, and wasn't six feet high, and hadn't black whiskers, and didn't bounce and talk loud, the girls called him a "molly." It is the same in the matrimonial market as in the shop or the bazaar. It is the showy article that takes. Women see a gaudy man, all dazzle and bright color, and they say at once, "I'll take this article, please," without even stopping to ask if he will wash, if he will wear, and if his colors are fast. I believe, if it were the custom for women to propose, and if they were left to make their choice, they would all throw the handkerchief to the long-legged, black-whiskered, handsome fellows, perfectly irrespective of brains and character. Scholars, philosophers, and men of thought and mind, would not get wives at all.

So the village laughed at the pretensions of little Mr. Perkins, and, of course, Mr. Bevington was, in every respect, above seriously regarding so insignificant a person as a rival, and treated him as a mastiff treats a puppy dog. He did not exhibit any impatience when Mr. Perkins joined the society of himself and the widow, but rather took delight in drawing him out and encouraging him to go on. Mr. Bevington, in fact, was amused with the little man, and liked to "trot him out," as he expressed it, before the widow. And the widow seemed to enjoy the fun, and was forever sending Perkins to fetch and carry for her. If, when she was sitting by the side of the dashing Mr. Bevington, she happened to drop her handkerchief, she would call to little Perkins to pick it up for her, and Bevington would quietly keep his seat and allow Perkins to perform the office. Everybody pitied little Perkins and wondered that he should be such a fool.

But Mr. Bevington was suddenly called away on business, and Mr. Perkins had the field all to himself. He seized the opportunity to make an offer to the widow. He fell upon his knees, vowed that he loved her to distraction, and swore that he could never be happy without her. Mrs. Honiton rejected him, and actually laughed at him. Poor little Perkins went home and took to his bed, and was ill for weeks.

In the meantime, the handsome barrister returned, and, hearing of Perkins' declaration, was immensely amused, and told the story everywhere with great gusto and delight.

One day, shortly after this, Bevington called upon me with an invitation to an evening party at Mrs. Honiton's house.

"Well," I said, "I presume you have done it—gone in and won, as I advised you."

"Well, I think I may say I have."

"And it's all settled?"

"Well, not exactly. She has some scruples about giving her consent so soon after her bereavement; which is quite right and proper, you know, and I like her all the better for it; but it's all right."

"Ah! doesn't like the idea of serving up the funeral baked meats at the wedding table?" I remarked.

"Precisely, and wants to wear out the black dress; but you'll come to the party, won't you? I want you to be there, particularly, for we are going to have a lark with little Perkins."

"What!" I said, "will he be there after what has occurred?"

"There's the lark," he said. "Observe the date of the party, the first of April. We're going to make an April fool of him."

I asked how he intended to proceed. He explained:

"Oh! the simplest thing in the world," he said. "I have written a letter to Perkins as if from Mrs. Honiton, inviting him to the party, and giving him to believe that she relents towards him and is anxious that he should renew his addresses."

"Does Mrs. Honiton know of it?" I asked.

"Oh, yes, of course she does, and enters into the joke with an anticipation of rare fun. What a lark it would be to see little Perkins hoaxed!"

"It will, indeed," I said, "and I shall certainly be there to see."

I went to the party on the first of April, and arriving rather early, found Mr. Bevington and the widow concocting an elaboration of the plot for making an April fool of Perkins great encouragement, and lead him to a second declaration, and that the guests should all come in at the moment and discover him on his knees at her feet. I thought this going rather too far, and was somewhat surprised that Mrs. Honiton should be so eager to join in so heartless a plot; but as all the guests who were in the secret looked upon it as a great piece of fun, I said nothing and let matters proceed.

Perkins arrived, was announced, and entered the drawing room in a faultless evening suit, evidently ordered for the occasion. He went straight to Mrs. Honiton, shook her warmly by the hand, and looked his happiness and his thanks with an expression of honest earnestness, which made me feel ashamed of myself for having, in the remotest way, entered in a conspiracy against him. I could not have imagined Mrs. Honiton so consummate an actress. She returned his warm grasp in the most impressive manner, and put on an expression of delight and pleasure which it would have been impossible to suspect. Bevington was holding on by the mantel-piece convulsed with suppressed laughter. Mrs. Honiton saw him and frowned gravely, sustaining her part to perfection.—When Bevington had managed to control his laughter, he went up to Perkins and whispered words of encouragement in his ear; and all the evening he followed him about, muttering such things as "Faint heart never won fair lady;" "Fortune favors the brave;" "Go in and win;" "She loves you, Perkins."

The moment came, it was after supper, and after the first quadrille. Mrs. Honiton, who had been Perkins' partner, led him away out of the drawing-room into an adjoining apartment. Bevington gave the intimated signal and we followed. Mr. Perkins and Mrs. Honiton were walking up and down the room arm-in-arm talking softly. Every now and then we could hear Perkins making mention of his heart, his devotion, his long attachment, his unalterable devotion. Mrs. Honiton was silent and looked down modestly, with admirable art. Perkins handed her a chair. He sat down beside her; he whispered more words of love—he fell on his knees at her feet! "Now is the time," cried Bevington, and he rushed into the room, and burst into a roar of laughter. Perkins rose in haste and confusion. Mrs. Honiton rose also, but looked calm and serious. She turned coldly to Bevington, and said:

"Pray, what are you laughing at, sir?"

"Capital! capital!" cried Bevington; "how admirably she acts her part."

"Mr. Bevington," said Mrs. Honiton, in the same cold earnest manner, "the part I am acting is one in which I am prompted by my heart and my inclination, and not by your cruel and unmanly designs. Mr. Perkins has made me an offer of his hand and I accept it confident that he has also bestowed a heart capable of love, capable of feeling, and capable of kindness and generosity."

Mr. Bevington was still trying to laugh, but it was a little on the wrong side of his mouth now. Mrs. Honiton's acting was too deep, too profound for him. She continued:

"You must remember, Mr. Bevington, that I am a widow, and I have been priveleged while very young to acquire experience of your sex. That experience has not come too late for my happiness. I have thought it possible, sir, that a person who acted with such deliberate and wanton cruelty towards the kindhearted and inoffensive of men, might at some future time feel no scruple in practicing that cruelity upon a defenseless woman; and I have thought it most probable that a man who has invariably under many trying circumstances, shown himself to possess all the qualities which make up the character of a true gentleman, will prove himself to be a kind and devoted husband. Sir, I have made my choice."

And Mrs. Honiton gave her hand to Perkins, led him into the ball-room among the company, and there openly announced to her guests that she had made choice of a husband.

And so Mr. Perkins, instead of being made an April fool, was made the happiest man alive. And the village wondered, and refused to believe its eyes, until it saw Mr. and Mrs Perkins roll away in the bridal chariot.

AMMONIA IN FIRE.—An apothecary at Nantes has just discovered by the merest accident that ammonia will put out fires. He happened to have about seventy litres of benzine in his cellar, and his boy, on going down had set fire to it. Assistance was speedily at hand and pail after pail of water was being poured into the cellar without effect, when the apothecary himself took up a pail that was standing neglected in the corner, and emptied the contents into the cellar. To his astonishment the flames were quenched as if by magic, and upon examination he found that the pail, which belonged to his laboratory, had contained a quantity of liquid ammonia. The result is easy to explain on scientific principles; for ammonia, which consists of eighty-two parts of nitrogen and eighten of hydrogen, is easily decomposed by heat, and the nitrogen thus set free in the midst of a conflagration, must infallibly put out the flames. A large supply of liquid ammonia properly administered would be the promptest fire extinguisher ever imagined.

THE FIRST NEEDLES.—Needles were first made in London by a negro from Spain, in the reign of Queen Mary. He died, however without imparting the secret of this art; and it was lost till 1565, when it was recovered in the reign of Elizabeth. It was one Elias Growse, a German who taught the English. The manufacture of needles was literally lost in England for nearly a century; but about 1650 it was recovered by Christopher Greening, who settled at Long Crendon, in Buckinghamshire. The reputation long enjoyed by Whitechapel needles, points out the particular locality in London where the manufacture was once carried on. At the present time the largest number of needles are made at Reddich, in Worcestershire; at Hathersage, in Derbyshire: and near Birmingham. The product of Reddich and its neighborhood alone is very great. Even several years ago it reached 100,000,000 per week.

WHAT SHE WANTED.—A young woman had been converted at a camp meeting. The minister told her that if she had faith, the Lord would give he whatever she would ask in prayer. Believing implicitly in his words she one evening retired to a grove, and fervently prayed the Lord to give her a man. It so happened that an owl sat up in one of the trees, and being disturbed, gave out a who-o-o! She thought the Lord had heard her prayer, and only wished to hear her choice. She was overjoyed, and with the greatest thankfulness of spirit, answered back: "Anybody, Lord, if its only a man."

☞ What kind of chairs are made of stone? *Rock*-ing chairs.

MR. MILLION DOLLARS.

The following, from the address of Henry Ward Beecher at the recent meeting of the Tract Society in Boston, is characteristic and pertinent:

A man may make a million dollars, and be—a man. For a man who has got a million dollars, you know, *is* a man—in New York, and I suppose in Boston. Everybody takes his hat off to Mr. Million Dollars. He is conciliated; he is respected; and, if there is any prospect that the dew will be shaken off his branches, he is invited everywhere. If a man has a million dollars he is a man; but he dies, and his million dollars is cut into four quarters, and four persons carry it off their several ways. Mr. Million Dollars, after an appropriate funeral, is buried, and there he lies; and in a few years nobody talks about him, nobody thinks about him, and nobody hears about him. In fifty years the shrewdest man might go and read his gravestone, and find "Mr. Million Dollars." "Who was he and where is his money?" And it would puzzle an antiquary to tell what those heirs did do with it. It puzzled them, after a few years, to tell where it had gone to. He made his money; it gave him power and influence; he distributed it among his heirs—yes, he distributed it, and they squandered it; he died and went to dust, and that was the last of him so far as this world is concerned—I don't know what became of him beyond.

But suppose that, instead of that, he had made himself his own executor, and had put $50,000 behind a printing press and said, "As long as interest lasts on that $50,000 work, press, work!" Suppose he had taken some treatise written for liberty, based upon the Bible and carrying out the vital power of the gospel, and put it into the hands of the Tract Society, saying, "I consecrate to the printing of that book this $50,000; work with that money as long as it can bear interest." Suppose he had taken $500,000 and appointed them his sentinels—stationing $50,000 there, and there, and there—they would go on working until the last trump sounds; and when a hundred years had passed over his grave his name, through that society, would still be fresh, and his influence potent for good. Every tract would bear his name upon its imprint, and a million tombstones could not make it so illustrious.

WHAT IS ALL THIS WORLD?

Have we not all of us been out in what we call the World? Who is it that has not said, in rambling in idleness and want, "What is all this world?" Who has not stood and, in utter weariness, looked and gazed and longed for something—for some pastime—for, in fact, something to do? There are ten thousand people on the streets. They are standing and stopping, wishing and hoping, and, as they pause, looking not up to those glorious stars which are free to the gaze of all; not upon the bright prospect of realizing what they had pictured in their fancy; but, standing upon the corner, have dropped in utmost despondency and said, "What is all this world?" This is a great center—a great point of concentration of everything—of everything practical and substantial; but with all that which is material, there is something else. There is some heart—there is an ideal life which speaks only to the ideal—which talks only to the heart through the soft sense of perception. Look at the vast throng who walk and wait and wander on these busy thoroughfares. They have come for adventure, for change, for chance; and their object is to be discerned in every feature. We see them, and wonder what their thought may be; and we find that they are merely saying to themselves, "What is all this world?" Sad, indeed, is this contemplation of the hosts of people who pass us daily. Oh! that we could lift up our struggling fellows, who behold the times as a waste, dreary and dark—who perceive no day; who gaze into life as though it were a deep night, starless and black, and say, "What is all this world?"

Let the loomy look for consolation in Hope. This is a consolation which any one can give; but this is the center of changes, of advancements, of adventure, of inventions, and of successes. There is a strong and ever pulsating heart of progress here, and at every throb it is telling of improvement in all its relations, and there is no man who will suffer immediately from its action. Let us gather brightness from the scene, however dreary; and, though we may stand and think to ask, "What is all this world?" ask it not, and be awake to take the future, as having in it a value which we all may use.—*S. F. Flag.*

CUCUMBERS.—A correspondent of the Rural NewYorker, A. J.W.," gives the following directions for raising cucumbers:

"Take a tight barrel with one head, make eight or ten holes, say three quarters of an inch at the bulge of the barrel with a small bit—and sink the barrel in the ground level with the surface of the ground. Then fill up the barrel with stone as high as the holes and put on about four inches of straw; then fill up the balance with good, rich loam, and fill the barrel with water and plant plenty of seed so that you can thin them out to six or eight stalks. In case of drouth put a pail of water in the barrel about once a week. I raised off thre barrels, planted this way, over four barrels of pickles and if they are well watered through the bearing season they will bear until the frost kills the vines.

One needs a scaffold to let the vines run on; say take four poles, ten feet long, and set them about four feet apart with one end on the ground, and raise the other some five feet above the ground with pieces of lath or brush laid across, and I insure that you will have no crooked cucumbers.

SINGULAR RECOVERY OF MONEY.—Some nine years ago, Mrs. Henry Spencer, of Bethlem, Conn., lost her pocket-book, containing between six and seven hundred dollars in notes and bills, while shopping in Waterbury, and nothing was ever heard from it until a few days ago, when she received a letter from a Catholic priest in Oil City, Pa., requesting her to describe the lost property, which she did.—She was soon after rejoiced to have the same returned, just as it was lost except that a portion of the bills had been changed to greenbacks, of which she did not complain.

GENEROUS.—Boston merchants, on Monday, gave $12.500 to the Christian Commission to aid in assisting the wounded in our late battles.

Palmer Journal.

SATURDAY, APRIL 15, 1865.

THE SURRENDER.

Gen. Lee, the commander-in-chief of the rebel armies, surrendered to Gen. Grant on Sunday last! The rebel leader had been hotly pursued by our forces since the evacuation of Richmond, and finding himself flanked on the Danville road with a prospect of being captured, accepted of Gen. Grant's invitation to surrender. The terms proposed by Gen. Grant were that all the arms and public property of Lee's army should be turned over to the army of Gen. Grant,—that the officers should retain their side arms and private baggage, and that officers and men should be paroled and retire to their several homes, not to take up arms against the Government until regularly exchanged. Gen. Lee wanted to talk with Grant about peace, but the latter plainly told him that he had no power to treat on any such matter, and that the easiest way to peace was for the rebels to lay down their arms. These terms were accepted and the rebel army surrendered. The number of men surrendered was over 22,000 which with the 25,000 captured and disabled in the previous fighting around Richmond made Gen. Lee's whole army less than 50,000 men.

The fall of Gen. Lee's army virtually ends the rebellion, for Lee was the head and front of the rebellion. On him rested the only hope of the rebels, and in his loss they loose everything else. There is nothing left to the remnant armies of the confederacy but to follow the example of Lee, and lay down their arms without the expenditure of another drop of blood. Jeff Davis himself, must see the folly of continuning a struggle, which can only add to the distress and misery of the South.

Following close upon the surrender of Gen. Lee, are other victories—the capture of the rebel Gen. Forrest, with his entire army by Gen. Wilson's forces on the 2d; the capture of Selma and Montgomery, Ala., and the surrender of Lynchburg. Raleigh, N. C., is reported evacuated, and Johnston is falling back before Gen. Sherman. A few more days will close all resistance to our forces and witness the surrender or dispersion of all rebels in arms.

PRESIDENT LINCOLN and his party returned to Washington from Richmond last Saturday. His health and spirits have been greatly improved by his visit to the rebel capital. He made no terms with the rebels there, and from what he said in a speech made at the White House Tuesday evening, it is pretty clear that he has not yet decided what terms to offer them. He seems to be satisfied with the Louisianna plan, but if a better one is presented he will be willing to adopt it.

NEWS has gone forth to Europe of the surrender of Lee's army, and the probability of an immediate peace. It will not be good news to the sympathizers of rebellion, nor to those who hold confederate bonds. Even Her Majesty's Government must withdraw its recognition of the rebels as belligerents, or it will soon find itself in trouble. What will the London Times say now?

JEFFERSON DAVIS is said to have looked haggard and despondent when he left Richmond, yet he did not wholly despair of his cause. He was in Danville Saturday night, trying to join Johnston with the archives of the rebel government and a large amount of specie. By this time he has no doubt given up all hope of retrieving his disasters, and is looking out for the best way to save his own neck.

NO MORE calls for men to serve against the rebellion will be made, and where the draft is now ordered it will probably be dispensed with. The occupation of the substitute broker is gone. We have men enough in the field to finish the little job we have on hand; and, better than all, we shall soon see our soldier boys marching home, crowned with immortal glory.

SECRETARY SEWARD is in a precarious condition, erysipelas having followed the injury to his broken arm. He is considerably advanced in years, and it will be difficult for him to bear up under the shock to his system and the disease which has shown itself. His loss at this time would be a great public calamity.

THE President has issued a proclamation closing certain ports of entry along the Atlantic Coast, in the Gulf of Mexico, and on the Mississippi. The intention, we presume, is to warn foreigners not to attempt to open commerce through Southern ports until the final conclusion of peace.

TIMES CHANGE AND MEN CHANGE WITH THEM.—A Washington correspondent says:—"A remarkable instance of the liability of human nature to err in judgements is found in the fact that, of the thousands of men and women residing here whom everybody has supposed for four years to be arrant secessionists, every soul of them now declares that he has always been a good Unionist, and never had believed the rebellion could or should succeed."

REVIEW IN RICHMOND.—There was a grand review of the troops garrisoning Richmond last Saturday afternoon. The populace turned out in large numbers; the military went through their evolutions in fine style, and nothing occurred to mar the harmony of the occasion, or to rupture the *entente cordaile* already existing between soldiers and citizens.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT.—By the premature discharge of a cannon at a salute firing in Springfield, Friday evening last week, Albion Jones, a member of the Union battery, had his right arm blown off between the hand and elbow.

Letter from Richmond.

From Our Own Correspondent.

RICHMOND, VA., April 4th, 1865.

Early on the morning of the 3d inst., a bright fire, increasing rapidly, could be seen in the direction of Richmond. Flashes and explosions immediately followed, when an aide came galloping furiously into our quiet camp, with orders to strike tents *at once*, and be ready to move with sixty rounds of cartridges. Our brigade was soon formed on the Newmarket road, leading to the capital of the rebel Confederacy. After loading, the bugles sounded the advance, which was made rather cautiously until the standards of the Union were planted on the first line of the enemy's works. The rebel artillery was left in position along the line, which was evidence that the birds had flown rather unexpectedly. As our flags were planted along the line, cheer upon cheer rent the air, and then commenced the race for Richmond—the white troops on one road and the inkstands (darkies) on another. On, on, we went, over lines of rebel works bristling with artillery, until the spires of the city which we had read of for the last four years came in view, when the men took the double-quick step with a cheer, and the colored brethren were distanced by the 1st brigade of Devens' division, which entered the city (which was surrendered to the advance by the mayor) in triumph, with colors flying and drums beating "Rally round the flag." The lower or business part of the city was in flames. Shells were bursting in the arsenal; immense columns of black smoke rested upon the town; while in the distance were the famous "Libby" and "Castle Thunder," and the smoking ruins of the rebel gunboats, with the waters of the beautiful James wending their way quietly along at the foot of the hurrying city, seeming to wonder what had caused all this commotion; while away to the right, on a high bluff, were the deserted mansions of Jeff Davis and Alexander H. Stevens, seeming to eye the universal Yankee with quiet composure. What a picture for an artist! The entree of the national army into Richmond will never be forgotten by the country. Immense spoils have been captured. Artillery and tobacco can be counted by the cord, and the great Rebellion has received a staggering blow which it cannot recover from. Let the nation rejoice! Let the enemy mourn, for Uncle Samuel is in earnest. Mr. Lincoln entered Richmond to-day, and oh! what seas of darkies! what yelling for "Massa Lincoln!" These are scenes worth witnessing, worth living for. After nearly four years of war, the soldiers are beginnnig to receive their rewards; and if there ever was a jolly crowd the snldiers have made one since the "Star Spangled Banner" has floated in triumph over the capital of rebeldom. Long may it wave. The city was generally quiet last night, a strong guard having been posted through the streets. Rebel prisoners are being brought in by the hundreds and placed in the Libby. The people received the army with a good deal of enthusiasm, and crowds are taking the oath of allegiance. More anon. W.

RICHMOND AFTER EVACUATION.—It appears that the tobacco burned was valued at $20,000,000. The "French Tobacco," about which we have heard so much, shared in the general destruction. The whole number of buildings destroyed, of all kinds, is about seven hundred. The famous Fort Darling is a heap of ruins. In fact, the city is almost a second Charleston, but not so bad as Columbia. The negroes are applying for admissinn into our army. Some eight hundred have already been set at wnrk for the government. We have six gunboats in the river, at the lower end of the town.

The manner of their exodus from the rebel capital shows that the rebel leaders were wholly unprepared for Grant's combinations. The just-opened mails and the just-sealed answers found in the official rooms; the telegram sent by Lee to Davis, and delivered to him in church on that (to them) sad Sabbath, the 2d of April; the flight of Davis, leaving his furniture and personal effects behind him; the sudden burning of the town and destruction of public property—dispel the theory, for a short time vehemently insisted upon in certain quarters, that the evacuation was a piece of strategic genius, and not the result of inexorable necessity.

A PROCLAMTION.—The President on Tuesday issued another proclamation demanding that the United States war vessels should have the same privileges accorded to them by foreign Governments as are given to their vessels when in our ports. Should these privileges be denied, after sufficient time has elapsed for the Proclamation to have become known to these powers, foreign vessels are to be treated here as our own are in those in which such vessels belong.

CHEAP BONDS.—An immense number of Confederate coupon bonds, with the coupons all registered and signed, were thrown into the streets of Richmond during the recent evacuation. They were picked up by anybody who had the inclination to subject themselves to that trouble, and can be purchased from the boys for a very insignificant sum.

QUEER VICTORY.—The Richmond Whig of the 6th inst. says that Governor Smith, of Virginia, made a speech before the city council of Richmond last Sunday afternoon, announcing that the Confederate troops were victorious and that the city should not be evacuated. He soon after left on horseback.

THE ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH.—The whole 2,300 miles of the Atlantic cable will be finished and on board the Great Eastern in May. The Great Eastern will sail from Valentia, Ireland, about the 1st of July, and it is confidently expected that, by the 20th of July, Europe and America will be in telegraphic communication.

COULD NOT ESCAPE.—The rebel ram Stonewall attempted, on the 21st of March, to escape from the port of Ferrnl, where she had been closely watched by the United States frigates Niagara and Sacramento. The chances of escape must, however, have appeared very small, for she soon returned to port.

AH, YES!—The New York Tribune says the people in that city were drunk with joy on receiving the news of the fall of Richmond. We saw several persons in this vicinity in the same condition, but they had taken their "joy" in too many glasses.

SUNDAY IN RICHMOND.—The Richmond churches were open and well attended on Sunday. In those of the Episcopal denomination the prayer for the president of the confederate states of America was omitted, and that "for all men in authority," substituted.

A HOLIDAY.—It is reported that Governor Andrew will issue a proclamation appointing Wednesday of next week, April 19th, as a general holiday and season of rejoicing because of the victories.

Letter from Springfield.

From Our Own Correspondent.

SPRINGFIELD, April 12, 1865.

THE LATEST TRIUMPH.

Monday morning, the citizens of this staunch and enterprising city were awakened from their slumbers by the clang of bells unnumbered and the shrieks of whistles numerous. Each one—for a moment forgetful of our late victories—doubtless had indistinct impressions of raging flames and cries of "Fire!" but these were speedily dispelled by glances at the prominent buildings, from whose tall and tapering flag-staffs the national colors were triumphantly waving. Upon the street, the crowds were hurrying up and down, all faces cheerful, with the good news of the final surrender of the veritable Lee and his powerless army, upon conditions firmly fixed by that tenacious veteran, Ulysses the obstinate. From the doors of the Republican office an endless crowd swept out, and the air was white with papers borne in the hands of eager seekers for the news. No bulletin adorned the majestic sides of that famous establishment. No flaring letters gratuitously announced the good news; ah, no! the Republican too well knows "how to play it," to use a familiar phrase. No bulletin, "nary one," but papers—plenty—profusion of papers, at four cents apiece. And is it not a glorious thing that the enemy is beaten at every point—vanquished, forced to surrender on fixed terms? The croakers have had their time. They have uttered their doleful "*nons verous.*" Readily have they mouthed their dubious surmises; and without shame have they pronounced the war a failure. Richmond taken by black troops! Petersburg evacuated! Lee surrendered! We are close on Davis. Who says we are fighting in vain?—Who dares to call the war a failure now?

SUNDAY GOSSIP.

We all go to church. Some of us go thither to listen to the sermon; some of us to hear the irreproachable quartette month sweetest melody; some to see the new fashions and new faces, or even old ones, and some to while away the time. We all have an indistinct idea that we go because it is right, proper, and, above all, customary. I have been the rounds—I have been in all the churches. It *is* customary. I am a devotee of custom. In Rome do as they do at Rome. I know where they sing the best. I know whence the most eloquent sermons issue. You may differ with me, but—*I know.* I know where they dress the best and sleep the most. Not at the——; no, nor at the ——; nor yet at the ——. Bless me! don't you know? Why, at the ——, of course.

But, "honestly, now—no joking," as the schoolboys say. I *have* some thoughts concerning the Springfield churches; and I am going to express them. They are not critical—simply thoughts. Thought is a photograph of a first impression; therefore, what follows please regard as first impressions photographed. If the copy is distorted, blame the sun:

One hears the best singing at Dr. Ide's church. *I* say so; some musical authorities disagree. The organ-playing there is often superb; and the soprano and tenor voices of the quartette are excellent. The choir has one rare talent—expression; and that alone is sufficient to secure supremacy. At the South Cong. church, the singing is very fine; and at the Catholic church, being at vespers there one afternoon, I noticed a rich and pure soprano tone which was, evidently, of no mean capacity. But it was injured by its unappreciative companionship; for the Catholic music is of a thunderous nature, and what is more opposite to, and inharmonious with, soprano than thunder? For magnificent, positive, turbulent and logical preaching, hear Dr. Ide. None can surpass him in "painting the moral," or in presenting vivid and life-like pictures. His thnughts burn with energy, and he thoroughly exhausts his subject before leaving it. For calm and spiritual eloquence, for sure and steadfast illustrations of faith and sacrifice, listen to Rev. Mr. Clark, clergyman at the M. E. church on Pynchon street. On Sunday evening, at the prayer meeting in the vestry of his church, he made so calm and energetic an address—so eloquent in its "sequent reasoning"—that he imparted a vitality and fervor to the exercises which clearly showed the value and influence of earnest talent. Rev. Mr. Buckingham, of the South Cong. church, is another example of practical eloquence. The chief merit of any homily is justice, and in the hearts of these three clergymen I am well assured that quality is forever pre-eminent.

HOME FOR THE FRIENDLESS.

Miss Dickinson's recent lecture here seems to have already brought forth fruit. A committee of ladies has lately been established, to act in reference to the "Home for the Friendless," and it is understood, from good authority, that a concert will be given, two or three weeks hence, for the benefit of said institution. It is a praiseworthy object, and one which should be liberally supplied with funds for pursuing its noble work. FESTON.

"CONFEDERATE STATES OF AMERICA."—The letter we publish from Richmond, this week, was written on paper found in the rebel quartermaster's office, and stamped "Confederate States of America." The paper looks as though it was made at a Northern paper mill. We are indebted to the writer of the letter for a copy of the Richmond Whig, giving details of the capture of the rebel capital.

ONE YEAR'S WORK.—One year ago last week Monday Gen. Grant took command of the Army of the Potomac at Culpepper. In that brief period, he has, by his plans and their execution, shattered a Confederacy, used up eleven sovereignties, and spoiled the most magnificent plan of a new nationality that was ever conceived.

FALL IN PRICES.—There is a sensible fall in prices, and people begin to look forward to the day when a dollar will purchase about as much as it did before the war. It is a question, however, whether dollars will not be more hard to get than during the war.

☞It is stated that orders will be sent to our Generals everywhere to open communication with the enemy, and the commanders of rebels in their front, and offer them the same terms which were accepted by Gen. Lee.

PROMOTED.—Friend Foss of the Woonsocket Patriot was elected senator at the recent election. If he makes as good a legislator as he is an editor, he'll do.

☞A handsome carriage, built for Jeff Davis in New Orleans, was left behind at Richmond in the haste of evacuation.

☞It is said that an abundance of American and English gold was left by the rebels in Wilmington, and that silver is not scarce.

☞With a single exception, that of Young, the St. Albans raiders have all been discharged from the Canadian Court.

☞Twenty pilots, formerly engaged in the Nassau blockade running trade, have been arrested at Beaufort, N. C.

A VARIETY OF THINGS.

APRIL SHOWERS! Nice showers, too, we have had the past week. How they make grass spring up, and the buds put forth. How they wet down to the source of life and growth of every green thing, renewing, revivifying and resuscitating the latent life that has been hidden by snows and frosts for many a month. All nature rejoices when under the influence of the copious draughts, and May blossoms and soft zephyrs will soon attest its joy. While there is gladness in the earth there is also gladness upon it at the speedy prospect of a renewed and reunited nation. The old Federal Union has been torn and rent by the wind and storms of an adverse season, and now it is bursting through the darkness into a happy spring time to be followed by a summer of peace, That it may be a long and glorious summer is the fervent prayer of all.

—From August 8th to February 22d, we wrested from the enemy 1301 light and heavy guns.—Add to this number 600 captured by Sherman and Grant in their late movements, and we have 1900 cannon secured from the rebels in eight months' time or 700 more than are required to meet the demands of our own forces during one year's time.

—The London Times says Mr. Lincoln will find "General Lee's army a nut to crack, which will severely try the jaws not only of General Grant but also of General Sherman." They have not only cracked the shell but Grant has ebewed up the kernel. The Times ought to get a new prophet.

—Four different Massachusetts officers claim to have each been the first to enter Richmond, but a negro by the name of Seth Adams, appears to have been the first to hoist the American flag on the summit of the capitnl.

VICTORY!

"Oh, such a day,
So fought, so followed, so fairly won,
Came not till now, to dignify the times."

—The New York Times last week had the advertisements of religious services for Sunday "made up" under the heading "Dry Goods."—Whether that was meant as a hit upon the dryness of the sermons or at a display of the spring fashions in church, we are not advised.

—Senator Foote who seceded from rebellion a while ago and was permitted to sail to Europe, returned in disguise, last week, dressed as an emigrant but was detected and has been sent to prison. He is a bad Foote and Government had better let him run.

—The losses in cotton are said to have been nearly equalled in London by the losses on tea and sugar, and the iron trade is also in a very unsatisfactory condition.

—The difference between the weight of wheat and all the miller obtains from wheat is generally found to be one pound in a bushel, even in the most perfect mills.

—The Princess of Wales is expected to have another son (or a daughter) next summer. She means to keep up the character of the royal family for fruitfulness.

—One third of Richmond was destroyed by the fire kindled by the rebels. They fire Southern cities if they do not fire the Southern heart. They are a lot of incendiaries.

—Mr. Pierpont completed his 80th year on the 6th. He is old enough to remember the election of Washington to the presidency in 1788—9.

—A Vienna journal reiterates the statement that our government will soon acknowledge that of Maximillian in Mexico.

—The French Legislature has formally approved the policy of the emperor, as expressed at the opening of the session.

—A young girl barely fifteen years of age has been detected in abstracting fractional currency from the Treasury printing office where she is employed.

—Poor Brigham Young is a widower. One of his wives died on the 22d of last month. She was the handsomest of all Brigham's wives except six.

—Gen. Grant's medal contains seven hundred dollars' worth of gold, and cost, work and all, $7000.

—Something of a change—Libby Prison is now full of rebel prisoners.

—New England is now united in her Congressional delegations, all her Senators and Representatives being republicans.

—A congregational church of 18 members was organized on the 14th of February last, at Salt Lake City, Utah.

—New shoes and eleven millions of dollars are on their way to Sherman's army.

JEFF'S FAMILY.—Mr. Davis sent his family from Richmond on the 29th of March, four days before he took his final leave of the place. They went to Charlotte, N. C., and it is supposed that they are bound for Texas. They might have remained at Richmond with perfect safety, and President Lincoln would have treated them with the utmost kindness. He does not make war on women and children.

ILL MATCHES.—From the records of our courts it appears that there is a large amount of conubial infelicity just now, divorces being about as plenty as marriages. There are two hundred divorce cases on the docket of the Supreme Court for Suffolk County, present term, and twenty-two inharmonious pairs were uncoupled at St. Louis last week and allowed to run at large.

A GREAT SMOKE.—Five thousand hogsheads of tobacco were burned in Richmond—the greatest case of tobacco smoking ever known. Mr. Trask can rejoice, and be exceeding glad. Was Emperor Nap's backy in the lot thus lost?

BLOCKADING.—Nassau, though on a limited scale, continues to be the resort of blockade-breakers, and pirates. Havana is now their main point of departure, and Galveston their rendezvous.

SHOCKING DEATH.—In Mansfield, Ct., Edwin A. Barrows was lifting his little six-year old daughter over a shaft in a machine shop, when her clothes caught in a belt, and she was dashed from her father's arms to the floor above and instantly killed.

KILLED.—On Tuesday, last week, a son of Mr. Nathan Bryant, of Winchendon, was instantly killed by the bursting of a gun, while firing a salute in honor of the late victories.

GIRL SHOT.—At Hinsdale, H. H., on Friday last week, a son of Prentiss W. Taylor, 8 years old, aimed a gun at an Irish girl, some 10 years old, and shot her fatally in the head.

D. H. BRIGHAM & Co., of Springfield, continue their sale of clothing at *panic* prices.—See advertisement.

PALMER AND VICINITY.

REMOVAL.—The large white house on Sonth Main street, belonging to A. N. Dewey, has been removed to the foreign locality south of the New London railroad.

CHANGES.—The firm of J. & W. Thompson, grocers, has been dissolved, Joseph Thompson continuing the business. The latter has purchased the residence of Mrs. Bailey, on Main street, for $2500.

THE glorious military results of last week were appropriately alluded to in our pulpits on Sunday, and Rev. Mr. Bullock, at the Baptist church, delivered a discourse eminently fitting the occasion.

WE still furnish U. S. 7-30 bonds at this office. The recent victories of our armies in Virginia have increased the sale. It is the best investment that can be made, and the entire loan will soon be taken.

FAST day passed off very quietly in this vicinity. Religious services were held at the Cong. church, but the number of church goers was small in comparison to those who observed the day in pursuits of pleasure.

STORE ROBBERY.—The clothing store of Abel Webber, at Three Rivers, was broken into last Sunday night, and about $300 worth of goods were stolen. An entrance was gained by breaking a window glass and unfastening the window.

BELCHERTOWN.—The Belchertown people celebrated the surrender of Gen. Lee with bells, cannon, illuminations, bonfires, &c. The band came out and played patriotic airs, and the people gathered at the town house, where Rev. Messrs. Blake, Curtis, and Fay addressed them.

WOUNDED.—Geo. W. Johnson, of Monson, member of Co. E., 36th Mass. Regiment, was wounded in the late battles before Richmond. All the Palmer and Monson boys in that regiment are reported well. We have a letter from L. C. Strickland, musician, from Palmer, who dates his epistle, "12 miles west of Richmond, on the march."

BRUTAL ASSAULT.—On Saturday evening, several drunken Irishmen, standing at the corner of Thompson's store, attacked, without provocation, two citizens who were passing.—One of the latter was knocked down, beaten, and kicked, while the other managed to escape unhurt. A police force is needed in that vicinity almost every evening.

THE Palmer Quartette Club, under the direction of Dr. J. B. Gould, gave a concert in the Cong. church on Thursday evening. The house was well filled, and the entertainment was of a chaste, rare, and pleasing character, showing that a cultivated home talent often possesses higher qualities of merit than the scores of travelling concerts which visit us.—The Club propose giving a few concerts in neighboring town, and we bespeak for them a hearty welcome wherever they go.

REJOICINGS ABOUT HOME.—Our victories of Thursday, last week, and the rumored capture of Gen. Lee's whole army, occasioned great rejoicing in this village on Friday. Bells were rung for several hours, cannon fired, and flags displayed. In the evening, stores and houses were illuminated, and the din of bells, cannon-firing, together with the discordant strains of a calithumpian band, continued till a late hour in the evening. Everybody felt that the end was near; consequently, everybody rejoiced with exceeding great joy. But the official news of Monday morning, making the surrender of Gen. Lee a certainty, was the signal for a fresh outbreak of enthusiasm.—All the bells rang for two hours, steam whistles screamed wildly, and cannon thundered. There was a beam of happiness on every face, even to those who had, in their hearts, wished for the success of the Confederate cause. It was evident to everybody that the rebellion was virtually at an end, and it was felt that the event was worthy of celebration. Monday evening was wet and drizzly, but it did not postpone the interest felt for a celebration, and about every storekeeper, shopkeeper, and housekeeper went in for an illumination. The display was, certainly, creditable to the taste and patriotism of the people. Then came another season of bell ringing, cannon firing, drum beating, rocket shooting, bonfires, &c., continuing till after ten o'clock.

The State almshouse also had its celebration among the inmates, the children enjoying it with as much enthusiasm as the older people. The main building was illuminated in the evening.

In all the surrounding towns and villages similar demonstrations were made, filling the air with sounds and signs of joy. Probably, no event in the history of this country has been celebrated with so much noise and genuine feeling of gratitude as this. It will be remembered through a life-time, and told in stories at the fireside of future generations.

ACCIDENT.—During the celebration on Monday, in Ware, two men were severely injured by the premature discharge of a cannon. A young man named Charles Lamb had his left arm fractured below the elbow and his right badly lacerated; and John Grant received the contents of the gun in his face, burning him severely. Both were doing well at last accounts.

FIRE.—The barn belonging to the estate of Elijah Allen, of Ware, on High street, was destroyed by fire on Tuesday morning, about half past three o'clock. The origin of the fire is not known.

FRENCH CLAIMS ON SLIDELL'S PROPERTY.—Some time ago Slidell, the rebel representative at Paris, gave a mortgage to a French banker, for sixty thousand dollars upon his property in New Orleans. The banker now claims the property under the laws of Louisiana, and suit is to be instituted in the United States Court, and it wil be made a test case. Interesting and important legal points will be raised under the confiscation act, the decision of which will govern similar cases hereafter.

RAILROAD TO RICHOMND.—The old railroad route from Washington to Richmond, via. Fredericksburg, will be in operation in about two weeks. The time between the two cities will then be reduced to eight hours. A construction corps have already commenced work on the railroad.

LIBBY PRISON.—The Libby Prison still stands, surrounded on all sides by a heap of smoking and burning ruins. Within its loathsome walls are now confined what rebel soldiers were secured in the capture of Richmond.

WHAT WILL THE THUNDERER SAY NOW?—The London Times thought Gen. Sherman's advance upon Savannah a dreadful mistake, and called its subsequent march into South Carolina and North Carolina a sort of funeral procession, because "he was being tolled to his grave." The only mistake of the Times was in omitting that it was not Sherman's funeral, but that of the Rebellion, to which his hosts so gaily stepped.

POTATOES.—West Pawlet, Vt., probably sends off more potatoes in a year than any railroad station in the country, the amount some years reaching 160,000 bushels. They are sent in the winter in lined freight cars heated by stoves, The yield last year was from 200 to 400 bushels of marketable potatoes per acre, and the average price has been 70 cents.

THINNER.—English workmen have surpassed the thinness of the sheet of iron lately sent to England from Pennsylvania, which was only one-thousandth part of an inch in thickness. A sheet only the fourteen-hundredth part of an inch in thickness has been rolled at Birmingham.

☞Gov. Pierepont, of Virginia, has gone to Richmond with full authority to continue the government and has taken with him his cabinet and the proceedings of the Legislature and the state government while they were located at Alexandria.

☞It is stated that any tobacco brought North from any Southern port will be taxed, an order being about to be issued by the Internal Revenue Commissioner to that effect.

JOHN HAMILTON, whose crockery store has long been an institution in Springfield, has formed a copartnership with Stephen J. Hamilton, Alexis Courier, and Herbert S. Lincoln, and the business will be carried on under the name of Hamilton & Co. Mr. Hamilton will, hereafter, give particular attention to wholesaling kerosene oil, burning fluid, &c., which has become an important branch of their business. See their advertisement.

WHISKERS!—Those wishing a fine set of whiskers, a nice moustache, or a beautiful head of glossy hair, will please read the card of THOS. F. CHAPMAN in another part of this paper.

Whiskers! Whiskers!

Do you want Whiskers or Mustaches? Our Grecian Compound will force them to grow on the smoothest face or chin, or hair on bald heads, in six weeks. Price, $1. Sent by mail anywhere, closely sealed, on receipt of price. Address

1ad24 WARNER & Co., Brooklyn, New York.

TO THE NERVOUS, DEBILITATED AND DESPONDENT OF BOTH SEXES.

A great sufferer having been restored to health in a few days, after many years of misery, is willing to assist his suffering fellow creatures by sending (free), on the receipt of a postpaid addressed envelope, a copy of the *formula* of cure employed. Direct to JOHN M. DAGNALL,

my19 Box 183 Post Office, Brooklyn, N. Y

Dr. S. O. Richardson's

BLOOD-ROOT ELIXIR.

Is an effectual cure for

COSTIVENESS,

and the best remedy ever prepared for

DISEASES OF THE LIVER, and all IMPURITIES OF THE BLOOD.

Sold by all druggists, and at the Doctor's office, 51 Hanover street, Boston. o296m*

MR. EDITOR—Dear Sir:—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send, by return mail to all who wish it, (free) a recipe with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm that will effectually remove, in ten days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth, and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads and Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than thirty days.

All applications answered by return mail without charge. Respectfully yours,

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,

m4 3m 831 Broadway, New York.

REEVES' ORIGINAL
REEVES' GENUINE
REEVES' RELIABLE

AMBROSIA,

FOR THE GROWTH, BEAUTY, AND PRESERVATION OF THE HAIR.

One of the Many Testimonials.

NEW YORK, September, 1862.

I have many evidences to prove that Reeves' Ambrosia is all it is represented to be. I will state a few facts—could relate many more, give the names, residences, etc.

About two years ago I purchased some of Reeves' Ambrosia for my customers. Many, perhaps, bo't it with but little faith in its excellence. But seeing the same ones return time and time again for "another bottle," led me to inquire as to the result of their experience. I was assured by all of benefits obtained beyond expectation. Hair falling out was prevented, that turning gray was arrested, the thin and slowly grnwing hair was made to grow thick and rapid; in fact and were pleased and highly elated. An instance showing the remarkable effects of its use for one year, came to my knowledge as follows: A lady, (one of my customers) who informed me that this preparation had caused her hair to grow, proved the truth of her assertion by removing her bonnet and letting down her beautiful hair. Measuring its length, it showed a growth of 3 feet and 9 inches since using Reeves' Ambrosia. I hear many speak in its praise, and can confidently recommend it from my own experience.

Miss S. MOODY, 319 Grand Street.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30, 1862.

Proprietor of Reeves' Ambrosia—Dear Sir:—Noticing upon one of your circulars a statement from Miss S. Moody, and believing that the person referred to is none other than myself, I desire to fully corrobrate her statement as I did on one occasion, while in her store, discussing the merits of your Ambrosia, remove my bonnet to show a proof of the excellence of your preparation. I would at any time give you a certificate in detail. Shall recommend it all I can, believing it to be infallible. Yours, gratefully,

Mrs. JOS. T. LOVELL.

REEVES' AMBROSIA is for sale by all Druggists, and at 62 Fulton Street, N. Y.

☞Price, 75 Cents per Bottle. d106m.

For sale in Palmer by WOOD & ALLEN, General Agents for Mass.

IF YOU WANT TO KNOW

A little of everything relating to the human system, male and female; the causes and treatment of diseases; the marriage customs of the world; how to marry well, and a thousand things never published before, read the revised and enlarged edition of "MEDICAL COMMON SENSE," a curious book for curious people, and a good book for every one. 400 pages, 100 illustrations. Price, $1 50. Content tables sent free to any address. Books may be had at the bookstores, or will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of the price. Address

E. B. FOOTE, M. D.,

ja28 6m 1130 Broadway, New York.

OLD EYES MADE NEW.

A Pamphlet directing how to speedily restore sight and give up spectacles, without the aid of doctor or medicine. Sent by mail, free, on receipt of 10 cents. Address E. B. FOOTE, M. D.,

6mja28. 1130 Broadway, New York.

OUR DUTY.—We deem it our duty to keep constantly before our readers that most valuable of all medicines known as Coe's Cough Balsam. It has stood the tests of time and experiment, and all who have used it speak in the most praiseworthy terms of its medicinal value. It is the real duty of every parent to keep a constant supply of it in the house, ready for immediate use. Not only is it a most splendid remedy for coughs, sudden colds, influenza, croup and all throat complaints, but it is the consumptive's great relief.—When they are so far gone that no medicine will ever cure them, Coe's Cough Balsam will be found an invaluable friend to allay the coughing help the expectoration and ease the sufferer.—Why will ye that are suffering from coughs, cold croup, sore throat, hoarseness—and that are liable to pulmonary attacks, not take our advice, and provide yourself with a supply of Coe's Cough Balsam—the best and cheapest Cough Balsam in the world? It costs but forty cents and can be found upon the counters of druggists.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a Sure Cure For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address. REV. EDWARD A. WILSON.
3m. Williamsburgh, Kings County, New York.

A Card to Invalids.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and visious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the receipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *Free of Charge.*

Address JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D., Bible House, New York City.

Lyon's Periodical Drops!

The Great Female Remedy for Irregularities.

These drops are a scientifically compounded fluid preparation, and better than any Pills, Powder, or Nostrums. Being liquid, their action is direct and positive, rendering them a reliable, speedy and certain specific for the cure of all obstructions and suppressions of nature. Their popularity is indicated by the fact that over 100,000 bottles are annually sold and consumed by the ladies of the United States, every one of whome speaks in the strongest terms of praise of their great merits. They are rapidly taking the place of every other Female Remedy, and are considered by all who know aught of them, as the surest, safest, and most infallible preparation in the world, for the cure of all female complaints, the removal of all obstructions of nature and the promotion of health, regularity and strength. Explicit directions stating when they may be used, and explaining when and why they should not, nor could not be used without producing effects contrary to nature's chosen laws, will be found, carefully folded around each bottle, with the written signature of JOHN L LYON, without which none are genuine.

Prepared by Dr. JOHN L. LYON, 195 Chapel Street, New Haven, Conn., who can be consulted either personally, or by mail, (enclosing stamp,) concerning all private diseases and female weaknesses.

Sold by Druggists everywhere.

C. G. CLARK & CO.,
Gen'l Agents for U. S. and Canadas.

BORN.

In Toronto, C. W., March 14th, a son to Dr. J. W. ELLIOT, formerly of Palmer.

In Stafford, (Glenville) 2d, a daughter to LEICESTER BLISK.

MARRIED.

In Belchertown, 4th, CHARLES S. KNIGHT of Pelham, and FLENILLE E., daughter of Seth J. Bennett.

In Greenwich, 4th, HENRY TIFFIN and JANET PACKARD.

DIED.

In Palmer, at the poor farm, 8th, IRA WASHBURN, 78.

In Greenwich, 1st, JAMES POWERS, 72.

In Enfield, March 25th, of diptheria, IDA MAY, 7; April 2d, HATTIE M., 9, children of J. M. Cowan of Pelham.

In Pelham, March 24th, of diptheria, MARCIA A. BARTLETT, 17.

In Wilbraham, 12th, ESTES BURR, 63.

In Ware, 10th, JOHN SMITH, 70.

In Belchertown, 11th, ALDEN V.. 5, son of F. M. Dickinson.

In Stafford Springs, 7th, POLLY B., 73, wife of Orrin Harwood, Esq.

In Ware, 7th, Mrs. HANNAH FAY, 62; 8th, Sergt. WM. WITHEROW, 20, of company D, 31st Mass. regiment.

In Wilbraham, March 27th, ENOCH C. HINE, 65.

In Monson, 11th, ANNA GAGE, 71; ELLEN MCGUIRE, 50.

E. S. BURWELL,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,
GRAINER, and furnisher of

PAPER HANGINGS.

☞ White-washing and Paper Hanging done at short notice. All work warranted.

Shop next Caswell's Blacksmith shop. Orders may be left at Dr. Cowan's office.
Palmer, April 15. 1865.

PAY UP.

OWING to the recent change in business we are desirous of settling our old books. All persons indebted to us will please make immediate payment and much oblige P. P. KELLOGG.
Palmer, April 15, 1865. 4w.

CAME INTO the enclosure of the subscriber, several stray geese. The owner is requested to come and take them away. W. LEACH.
Monson, April 15, 1865.

NEW JUVENILE MUSIC BOOK.

By L. O. EMERSON, author of the "Golden Wreath," "Harp of Judah," &c.

MERRY CHIMES;

Containing Elementary Instructions, Attractive Exercises, and Several Hundred Popular Songs.

This New Book will be found superior to all similar works, in many points essential to its success as a popular Instruction Book in Vocal Music, and Collection of Melodies for the Young.

The Elementary Department contains Just those Peculiar Elements that Attract and Retain the Attention of Children. The Songs are not old and time-worn—sung through a dozen books—but new and sparkling, adapted to all occasions, and Alive with the Spirit of the Times.

A large number have been written expressly for this work. The Melodies are equally good, and include very many Compositions never before published.

All who have examined this work predict for it a success beyond that of any similar publication. Price 50 cents a copy—$5 a dozen.

SPECIMEN PAGES, containing several choice pieces, will be sent to any one on application.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Publishers,
277 Washington Street, Boston.

AT NEWTON & CO'S

WILL be found those choice Milk Crackers. Also Boston and Springfield Crackers.

SPRING SALES!

DRY GOODS AND CARPETS!

TINKHAM & CO.,
SPRINGFIELD ..... MASS.,
New offer

A NEW AND SPLENDID STOCK
OF NEW SPRING GOODS,

All bought at the recent **Panic Prices,** and to be sold at prices fully corresponding to the lowest point reached. Every department full of Choice Goods, the whole making by far

THE LARGEST AND MOST ATTRACTIVE Stock in Western Massachusetts,

to which the attention of purchasers in this part of the state is invited.

WE KNOW WE CAN MAKE IT AN OBJECT FOR PURCHASERS

of Dry Goods and Carpets to visit Springfield, to visit our store and buy their goods of us. No effort will be spared to make those who favor us with a call satisfied that what we claim is correct. Particular attention is paid to

DRESS GOODS,

of every kind, including a very large and desirable variety of

MOURNING DRESS GOODS,

Choice stock of

WHITE GOODS,

Rich Embroideries, Laces, Trimmings, and Fancy Goods,

SILKS, in all Colors,

SUPERB BLACK SILKS,

SPRING CLOAKS,

Mantillas, Shawls, CLOAKINGS,

☞ The Largest Stock in the City. Garments made to order.

Immense stock of

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.

Extra Bargains in

COTTONS AND LINENS.

A Heavy Stock, bought since the recent Large Fall in Value.

CARPETS, CARPETS,

Carpets have also felt the pressure, and can now be sold at a large discount from old prices. We are fully prepared to offer the best terms possible, and have a larger and better stock than can be found in this region, particularly in all the better grades of carpets—goods that are not found out of the larger cities. Our stock includes every kind and description of Carpet Goods.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS.

CURTAINS AND CURTAIN GOODS,
WINDOW SHADES,

☞ The best variety in Springfield. ☜

New Goods will be Received Daily
DURING THE SEASON.

THE LARGEST AND BEST LIGHTED Dry Goods Store in New England, out of Boston.

184, 186, 188 MAIN STREET,
a15 SPRINGFIELD. 4m

"A Word to the Wise is Sufficient."

D. H. BRIGHAM & CO.,
OF SPRINGFIELD,

ADVERTISED two weeks ago to give special attention to the

Retail Clothing Trade,

And for the past ten days have had

A CONTINUOUS RUSH!

They are selling their Goods Regardless OF COST!

As the panic has reduced the price of many goods about one-half, and

THEY ARE BOUND TO SELL!

AN EARLY CALL will secure

SPLENDID BARGAINS,

and insure

An Immense Stock to Select From!

What's the use of Paying a Profit?

BUY AT PANIC PRICES AT
D. H. BRIGHAM & CO'S
Wholesale and Retail Clothing House,
a1 SPRINGFIELD, MASS. 3m

COPARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned has associated with himself STEPHEN J. HAMILTON, ALEXIS COURIER, and HERBERT S. LINCOLN, as partners in the Crockery, Glass, and China Ware business, to date from March 1, 1865, which will be carried on hereafter under the firm of Hamilton & Co., at the old stand, Union Block, 197 Main st., Springfield. JOHN HAMILTON.

John Hamilton will devote his attention most particularly to the wholesaling of Kerosene Oil, Burning Fluid, Benzine, and Spirits Turpentine, orders for which will be received for the present at the above named place of business. ap15 1m

GUARDIAN'S SALE.

HAMPDEN, ss.—By virtue of a license from Hon. William S. Shurtleff, Judge of Probate for said county, will be sold at public auction, on the premises in Palmer, on Wednesday, the third day of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, all the right and interest that Julia A. Lamb and Eliza M. Lamb, as heirs-at-law, have in and to the real estate of Chloe Lamb, late of said Palmer, deceased. The interests of said Julia A., and Eliza M. are as follows: Each is entitled to an undivided twenty fourth part of the farm of about one hundred acres, and the same proportion of one half of the buildings thereon. Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.

JAMES C. BURNHAM,
Guardian of Julia A. Lamb.
SARAH L. LAMB,
Guardian of Eliza M. Lamb.
Palmer, April 12, 1865, a15

All the other heirs interested in the residue of said estate will sell their shares at auction at the same time. A. R. MURDOCK, Auctioneer.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between Joseph and William Thompson is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

J. & W. THOMPSON.

The business will be carried on as heretofore by the subscriber, to whom all debts will be paid, and who will pay all demands against said J. & W. Thompson. JOSEPH THOMPSON.

PALMER, April 10, 1865.

IF YOU WANT
A GOOD ARTICLE
—OF—
READY-MADE CLOTHING
For a Little Money,
Call at D. MULVIHILL'S,
Palmer, March 4, 1865. Nassowanno Block.

APRIL 1, 1865.

FALL

—IN—

GOLD!

FALL

—IN—

Merchandize!

I HAVE THIS DAY

REDUCED THE PRICE

—OF—

MY STOCK OF GOODS

TO THEIR

GOLD VALUE,

COMPRISING ALL MY

DRESS GOODS,

DOMESTIC GOODS,

Gent's Furnishing Goods,

READY-MADE

CLOTHING,

BOOTS & SHOES,

CARPETINGS,

CROCKERY, GLASS WARE,

&c., &c., &c.

ANY PART OF MY STOCK

CAN BE BOUGHT AT

LOW FIGURES,

W. W. CROSS,

PALMER, 1865.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

WE ARE NOW RECEIVING
A NEW LINE OF

Dry Goods and Groceries,

Bought since the Fall of Richmond,
which we will sell

At the Lowest Cash Prices.

We have a Large Stock of Men's and Boys'

CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, &C.,

which we are determined to sell.

Please call before purchasing elsewhere.

KELLOGG & TINKHAM.
Palmer, April 8, 1865. tf.

VOLNEY WINCHELL,

WILL BUY MAY, JULY, AND SEPTEMBER
COUPONS,

At a small Discount from Gold Prices.

GOLD, SILVER,

Coin Drafts, and all kinds of Government Securities bought and sold.

☞ Please cut this out and keep it for a memorandum.

VOLNEY WINCHELL.
192 Main Street, Springfield,
April 1, 1865.

HAMS! DRIED BEEF!
HAMS! DRIED APPLES!
ALL KINDS OF FISH!
At NEWTON & Co's . . . Palmer, Mass.

SPICES, of all varieties, Raisins, Citron, Extracts, Bloing, Pepper Sauce, Tomato Ketchup, At NEWTON & Co's, Pamler.

LOOK AT PRICES!

With Gold at $1.50.

Porto Rico Sugar,	5½ lb for $1.00
White New Orleans do.,	5¾ " " 1.00
Granulated, Pulv., & Crushed do.,	4 " " 1.00
Porto Rico Molasses,	$1.15 per gallon
Muscovado do.,	1.00 " "
Black Teas, best quality,	1.33 " pound
Good Black Teas,	.75 " "

CALL AND SEE THESE GOODS

—AT—

NEWTON & CO'S,

m25 Nassowanno Block, Palmer.

FARMERS, ATTENTION!

DO you want to raise LARGE CROPS this season? If so buy largely of

Bone Dust, Super Phosphate of Lime, Lodi Poudrette, and Fish Guano,

and your wants will be realized. For sale by

E. E. TOWNE, Monson.

REMOVED.

I HAVE removed my shop from Commercial Block to the new building adjoining the Journal Office, where I am prepared to make

BOOTS AND SHOES.

and do REPAIRING at short notice.

CALVIN HITCHCOCK.
Palmer, April 8, 1865.

PAINTING.

THE subscribers have taken the shop lately occupied by A. M. Titus, and will attend to all orders for

Painting, Graining, Paper Hanging, &c.,

at short notice. Special attention given to

SIGN PAINTING.

GRAVES & CLARK.
Palmer, April 8, 1865.

NOTICE!

P. P. KELLOGG and C. M. TINKHAM have formed a copartnership under the name of Kellogg & Tinkham. and will do business at the old stand of P. P. Kellogg.
Palmer, April 1, 1865. a83w.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT!

GREAT SALE OF

Watches, Chains, Diamond Rings, etc.

ONE MILLION DOLLARS WORTH! To be disposed of at ONE DOLLAR EACH! Without regard to Value! Not to be paid for until you know what you are to receive!!

Splendid List of Articles! All to be sold for One Dollar Each!

			Each
250	Gents' Gold hunting case Watches,	$50 to	$150
250	Ladies' Gold and enamelled hunting case Watches,	35	70
500	Gents' hunting case Silver Watches,	35	70
200	Diamond Rings,	50	100
5000	Gold Vest and Neck Chains,	4	30
3000	Gold Oval Band Bracelets,	4	8
5000	Jet and Gold Bracelets,	6	10
2000	Chatelaine Chains & Guard Chains,	5	20
7000	Solitaire and Gold Brooches,	4	10
5000	Coral, Opal, and Emerald Brooches,	4	8
3000	Gold, Cameo, and Pearl Ear Drops,	4	8
5000	Mosaic, Jet, Lava, & Florentine do.,	4	8
7000	Coral, Opal, and Emerald do.,	4	6
4000	California Diamond Breast Pins,	2.50	10
3000	Gold Fob and Vest Watch Keys,	2.50	8
4000	Fob and Vest Ribbon Slides,	3	10
5000	sets Solitaire Sleeve-but'ns, Studs, &c,	3	9
3000	Gold Thimbles, Pencils, &c.,	4	6
10000	Miniature Lockets,	2.50	10
4000	Miniature Lockets, magic spring,	10	20
3000	Gold Toothpicks, Crosses, &c.,	2	8
5000	Plain Gold Rings,	4	10
5000	Chased Gold Rings,	4	11
10000	Stone Set and Signet Rings,	2.50	10
10000	California Diamond Rings,	2	10
7500	sets Ladies' Jewelry—Jet and Gold,	5	15
6000	sets Ladies' Jewelry—Cameo, Pearl, Opal, and other stones,	4	15
10000	Gold Pens, Silver extension holders, and Pencils,	4	10
10000	Gold Pens & gold-mounted holders,	6	10
5000	Gold Pens & gold extens'n holders,	15	25
5000	Ladies' Gilt and Jet Buckles,	5	20
5000	Ladies' Gilt & Jet HairBars & Balls,	5	10
5000	Silver Goblets and Drinking Cups,	5	50
3000	Silver Castors,	15	50
2000	Silver Fruit, Card, & Cake Baskets,	20	50
5000	dozen Silver Tea Spoons, per doz.,	10	20
10000	dozen Silver Table Spoons and Forks, per dozen,	20	40

ARRANDALE & CO., Manufacturers' Agents,
No. 167 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,

Announce that all of the above list of goods will be sold for One Dollar each.

In consequence of the great stagnation of trade in the manufacturing districts of England, thro' the war having cut off the supply of cotton, a large quantity of Valuable Jewelry, originally intended for the English market, has been sent off for sale in this country, AND MUST BE SOLD AT ANY SACRIFICE! Under these circumstances, ARRANDALE & Co., acting as agents for the principal European manufacturers, have resolved upon a GREAT GIFT DISTRIBUTION, subject to the following regulations:

Certificates of the various articles are first put into envelopes, sealed up and mixed; and when ordered, are taken out without regard to choice, and sent by mail, thus giving all a fair chance. On receipt of the certificate you will see what you are to have, and then it is at your option to send the dollar and take the article or not, Purchasers may thus obtain a Gold Watch, Diamond Ring, or any set of Jewelry on our list for One Dollar.

Send 25 Cents for Certificate.

In all transactions by mail, we shall charge for forwarding the Certificates, paying postage, and doing the business, 25 cents each, which must be enclosed when the Certificate is sent for. Five Certificates will be sent for $1, eleven for 2, thirty for $5, sixty-five for $10, and a hundred for $15.

AGENTS.—We want agents in every regiment, and in every town and county in the country, and those acting as such will be allowed 10 cents on every Certificate ordered by them, provided their remittance amounts to one dollar. Agents will collect 25 cents for every Certificate, and remit 15 cents to us, either in cash or postage stamps.

ARRANDALE & CO.,
March 25. 167 Broadway, New York.

GOLD AT 150,

—AND—

MY PRICES

For all kinds of Goods
ARE MARKED TO CORRESPOND.

Good Prints, Fast Colors,	20 cts.
All others,	22@25
Best DeLaines,	30
7-8 Brown Cottons,	20
Nice yard wide, do.	20
Best 9-8 do., do.,	37½
Larg't size best qual. Ladies' Nuhias,	1 25
Heavy Long Shawls, largest size,	7 00
Best quality do.,	11 00
More Ladies' Rubber Boots,	2 50
More Ladies' Rubber Sandals,	1 00
Colored Cambries (slightly soiled),	17
A lot of shop worn shoes,	75
Good Bleached Cottons,	20, 30, @40
Good Cot. and Wool Flannels,	40@60
Heavy Cotton Goods, for suits,	80
Good Balmoral Skirts,	$3@$4.50
Nice Alpaccas,	50@75
Best All Wool Delaines,	75
Heavy yard wide Cottons,	37½
Heaviest Cottons made,	45
A lot of Ladies' Cambric Collars,	half price.
Six pounds Good Brown Sugar for	$1.00
Five and 5½ pounds very choice do.,	1.00
4½ pounds Crushed & Granulated do.,	1.00
Good Molasses, for	.80@.90
Best Porto Rico in the world,	1.00

All-widths OIL CLOTHS, Palm Leaf MATTRASSES, HOOP SKIRTS, every size from 6 to 40 springs.

A variety of SUGARS; several kinds of MOLASSES and SYRUPS; TEAS and COFFEES.

☞ Remember the French Breakfast and Dinner Coffee.

VARIOUS GRADES OF FLOUR,

From the cheapest to the best made. BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, RYE FLOUR, GRAHAM FLOUR, CORN AND RYE MEAL, always on hand.

Just Received, a lot of *SMITH'S PARAFINE*, for Boots, Harnesses, or any Leather work. The *only sure Water Proof Leather Preserver* known, and will be furnished by the dozen or gross, at New York prices.

Always on hand an assortment of

Clocks, Trunks, Toys and Fancy Goods,

Cooking Extracts and Perfumeries,

All the popular *PATENT MEDICINES*,

In STONE and WOODEN WARE, the usual variety.

Crockery and Glass Ware, enough of it.

HATS AND CAPS,

a good stock at all times. Also,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

for Men and Boys, and as good a variety of Ladies', Misses', and Childrens', Shoes, in Leather and Serge Work, as can be found, in stores out of the cities.

Recollect, I always have

A LARGE STOCK OF GOODS,

At *PRICES TO SUIT THE PEOPLE* and the times, all marked in plain figures, and

ONE PRICE ONLY.

☞ Every one who owes me is requested to make immediate payment, as a change in business is contemplated.

E. E. TOWNE.

Monson, Feb. 25, 1865.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

PROBATE COURT. HAMPDEN, ss.

To all persons interested in the Estate of Ezra Perry, jr., late of Brimfield, in said County, deceased. Greeting:

Whereas, A. W. Porter, Executor of the will of said deceased, has presented for allowance the first and final account of his administration upon the estate of said deceased:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Springfield, in said county of Hampden, on the fourth Tuesday of April current, at nine o'clock before noon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be allowed. And said A. W. Porter is ordered to serve this Citation by publishing or causing to be published the same once a week, in the Palmer Journal, a newspaper printed at Palmer, three weeks successively, the first publication to be fourteen days, at least before said Court, and by sending, or causing to be sent, a written or printed copy hereof, properly mailed, postage prepaid to each of the heirs, devisees, or legatees of said deceased, or their legal representatives, known to the petitioner, within two days of the date of said first publication.

Witness, WILLIAM S. SHURTLEFF, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this sixth day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five. SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

Copy—attest, SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register

COMMONWEALTH of MASSACHUSETTS, Hampden, ss.

To all persons interested in the estate of Amasa Switzer, late of Monson, in said county, deceased, Greeting:

Whereas, Austin Foller, administrator with the will annexed, of the estate of said deceased, has presented for allowance the first and final account of his administration upon the estate of said deceased:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Springfield, in said county, on the fourth Tuesday of April next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be allowed.

And said administrator is ordered to serve this Citation by publishing the same once a week, three weeks successively, in the Palmer Journal, a newspaper printed at Palmer, the first publication to be fourteen days at least before said Court, and by sending, or causing to be sent, a written or printed copy hereof, properly mailed, postage prepaid, to each of the heirs, devisees, or legatees of said deceased, or their legal representatives, known to said administrator, within two days of said first publication.

Witness, WILLIAM S. SHURTLEFF, Esquire Judge of said Court, this, seventh day of March, in the year one thousand, eight hundred and sixty-five. SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

Copy—attest SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

MEAL.

BOLTED MEAL, FLOUR,
RYE MEAL, CORN,
GRASS SEEDS, RYE,
Will be found
At NEWTON & Co's, Palmer,
At the Lowest Figures.

ANOTHER LOT Fresh Ground of KENT'S East India and OLMITZ' COFFEES.

The best out. At NEWTON & CO'S, Nassowanno Block, Palmer.

TOBACCO OF ALL KINDS,

Cavendish, Navy, Fine Cut Chewing, Killekinic Smoking.

We would call particular attention to our Navy Tobacco, that we are selling at 75 cents ℔ lb.

NEWTON & CO.,
Nassowanno Block . . . . Palmer, Mass.

SOAPS, SOAPS!

BURWELLS, Babbitt's, Castile and Common, at NEWTON & CO'S, Palmer.

ANY BOOK WANTED!

CAN be obtained at short notice by leaving orders at our store. A select assortment of STANDARD WORKS on hand, together with TOY BOOKS and BOOKS FOR YOUTH.

Also, different styles of

Pocket Bibles and Testaments,
PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, &C.

Give us a Call.

WOOD & ALLEN,
Palmer, Feb. 11, 1865. tf

FISH, OF ALL KINDS,
FOR SALE
AT PARKS' STORE.
Palmer House Block.

SMITH & CONVERSE,

Successors to M. W. FRENCH & BRO.

Have on Hand a Choice Lot of

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes,

&c., &c., &c.

YARD WIDE COTTONS,
VERY CHEAP.

New Spring Style DeLaines, Very Handsome.

Also, a large assortment of

SPRING SKIRTS,

All Styles and Prices.

GIVE US A CALL.

GEO. F. SMITH. JOHN S. CONVERSE.
Palmer, Mass., 1865.

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, the undersigned has assumed the General subscription Agency for the sale of United States Treasury Notes, bearing seven and three-tenths per cent. interest, per annum, known as the

SEVEN-THIRTY LOAN.

These Notes are issued under date of June 15th, 1865, and are payable three years from that time, in currency, or are convertible at the option of the holder into

U. S. 5-20 Six per cent. Gold Bearing Bonds.

These bonds are now worth a premium which increases the actual profit on the 7 30 loan, and its exemption from *State and Municipal Taxation*, adds from one to three per cent. more, according to the rate levied on other property. The interest is payable in currency semi-annually, by coupons attached to each note, which may be cut off and sold to any bank or banker.

The interest amounts to

One Cent per Day on a		$50 Note.
Ten	" "	$100 "
Ten "	"	$500 "
Twenty "	"	$1000 "
$1 "	"	$5000 "

Notes of all the denominations named will be promptly furnished upon receipt of subscriptions, and the notes forwarded at once. The interest to 15th June next will be paid in advance. This is

THE ONLY LOAN IN MARKET,

now offered by the Government, and it is confidently expected that its superior advantages will make it

The Great Popular Loan of the People.

Less than $300,000,000 of the Loan authorized by the last Congress are now on the market. This amount, at the rate at which it is being absorbed, will all be subscribed for within four months, when the notes will undoubtedly command a premium, as uniformly been the case on closing the subscriptions to other Loans.

In order that citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loan, the National Banks, State Banks, and Private Bankers throughout the country have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will select their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent,
PHILADELPHIA.

Subscriptions will be received by the
First National Bank of Springfield.
Second National Bank of Springfield.
Third National Bank of Springfield.
Ware National Bank of Ware.
Monson National Bank of Monson.
f25 Stafford National Bank of Stafford. 3m

FISK & HATCH,

BANKERS,

And Dealers in Government Securities,
38 Wall Street, New York,

—ARE—

U. S. GOVERNMENT AGENTS,

FOR THE SALE OF THE

POPULAR 7-30 LOAN,

Under the recent arrangement of the Treasury Department with Mr. JAY COOKE, General Subscription Agent.

Checks and Drafts on New York, Legal Tender Notes, and National Bank Notes may be remitted in payment. We also receive all Legal Tender *Five per cent.* Notes, and allow the *accrued interests to date of subscription.*

The 7-30 Notes will be forwarded by express, free of charge, to all points reached by the express companies.

Orders may be forwarded to us direct, or through your nearest bank or banker.

Persons visiting the city will find a full assortment of the notes on hand at our office for immediate delivery.

Orders by mail should be accompanied with the address in full to which the notes are to be forwarded.

We also keep on hand, and buy and sell at market rates, all kinds of

United States Securities.

Accounts of Banks, Bankers, and individu received on favorable terms.

FISK & HATCH, BANKERS,
f18 38 Wall Street, New York. 3m.

THE NINTH NATIONAL BANK

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
CAPITAL, $1,000,000—PAID IN,
Fiscal Agent of the United States,
And Special Agent for Jay Cooke, Subscription Agent.

Will Deliver 7-30 Notes, Free of Charge,

by express, in all parts of the country, and receive in payment Checks on New York, Philadelphia, and Boston, current bills, and all five per cent. interest notes, with interest to date of subscription. Orders sent by mail will be promptly filled.

This Bank receives the accounts of Banks and Bankers on favorable terms; also of individuals keeping New York accounts.

J. T. HILL Cashier. J. U. ORVIS, Pres't.

DODGE & HASTINGS,

PAY the HIGHEST MARKET PRICE for GOOD VEAL CALVES.

Palmer, Feb. 25, 1865.

A NICE ARTICLE OF
SUGAR HOUSE SYRUP,
For sale
Palmer, Dec. 8. AT PARKS' STORE.

WANTED!

BUTTER, EGGS, and all kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE at NEWTON & Co's.
Palmer, 1865.

☞ An Irish lawyer, in a neighboring county, recently addressed the court as "gentlemen," instead of "your honors." After he had concluded, a brother of the bar reminded him of his error. He immediately arose and apologized thus: "May it please the court, in the heat of the debate, I called your honors gentlemen. I made a mistake, your honors." The lawyer sat down, and we hope the court was satisfied.

FREED HIS SLAVES.—Gov. Bramlette of Kentucky has shown his sympathy with the abolition amendment to the constitution by freeing all his slaves. So says the Louisville Journal which is by far the most influential paper in the State, and now strongly in favor of emancipation.

☞ A gentleman praising the personal charms of a very plain woman in the presence of Foote, the latter said, "And why don't you lay claims to such an accomplished beauty?" "What right have I to her?" exclaimed the gentleman." "Every right by the law of nations," replied Foote; "every right, as the first discoverer."

TAKE NOTICE!

OPENED THIS DAY!

A NEW CASE OF GOODS, consisting of

COTTONS, PRINTS, & D'LAINES,

Bought and sold at

PANIC PRICES.

SMITH & CONVERSE.

Palmer, April, 1865.

PAPER HANGINGS!

WE have the LARGEST AND BEST STOCK to be found anywhere in New England, FROM THE CHEAPEST STYLES TO THE

ELEGANT GOLD AND PANEL PAPERS,

And furnish them AT RETAIL OR WHOLESALE,

At Lowest Prices.

☞ We send samples by mail or express
☞ when it is not convenient for customers
☞ to call at our store.

BRIDGMAN & WHITNEY,

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.,

April 1, 1865.

CLOTHING

Marked Down! Down!

NOW IS YOUR TIME TO BUY.

CALL ON THE

NEW YORK

CLOTHING

COMPANY,

138 MAIN ST., SPRINGFIELD,

(Corner of Vernon Street)

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,

HATS AND CAPS,

From one of

THE LARGEST WHOLESALE ESTABLISHMENTS

in the City of New York,

ANY ONE WISHING

A Good Substantial Article

FOR A

LITTLE MONEY,

WOULD DO WELL TO

EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

ALL GOODS SOLD BY US ARE

WARRANTED

TO BE AS REPRESENTED.

We will allow the privilege of exchanging (within three days), any garment sold at retail, which upon examination at home does not meet the entire approval of the purchaser, either in material, style, or fit; or, if that is not sufficiently liberal,

WE WILL REFUND THE MONEY.

Our term. of sale are strictly for cash, and

WE GUARANTEE

A BETTER ARTICLE

OF CLOTHING FOR THE PRICE

than can be obtained elsewhere. Call and satisfy yourselves, at

138 MAIN ST.,

nearly opposite Baptist Church,

SPRINGFIELD..... MASS.

n21tf

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Just received and for sale by

D. MULVIHILL,

Nassowanno Block, Palmer, Mass.

March 4, 1865.

TO LET.

THE ROOMS IN STRONG BLOCK heretofore used as a Tin-shop. Enquire of Palmer, March 4, 1855. JAS. G. ALLEN.

FLOUR

Of all grades, FOR SALE LOW for cash, AT A. H. PARKS' STORE, West end of Palmer House Block, Palmer, Mass.

HEALTH

HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT

BUCHU.

For Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Bladder or Kidneys, Diseases of the Prostrate Gland, Gravel, Brick Dust Deposits, Dropsical Swellings, Organic Weakness, Debility, Female Complaints, &c.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu and

IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Will radically exterminate from the system Diseases arising from habits of Dissipation, at little expense, little or no change of diet, no inconvenience or exposure, completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copabia and Mercury, in curing these diseases.

USE HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

In all Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in MALE OR FEMALE, *from whatever cause originating*, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in its taste and odor, IMMEDIATE in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from Broken Down or Delicate Constitutions, *procure the Remedy at once.*

The reader must be aware that however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect his *Bodily Health, Mental Powers and Happiness.* If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue.

All the above diseases require the aid of a diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

IS THE GREAT DIURETIC.

HELMBOLD'S

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED COMPOUND

FLUID

EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,

For purifying the blood, removing all diseases arising from excess ane imprudence in life, chronic constitutional diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, and the only reliable and effectual know remedy for the cure of Scrofula, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Pains and Swellings of the Bones, Ulcerations of the Throat and Legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Tetter, Erysipelas, and all scaly eruptions of the skin, and beautifying the complexion.

HAPPINESS

NOT A FEW

Of the worst disorders that afflict mankind arise from the corruption that accumulates in the Blood. Of all the discoveries that have been made to purge it out, none can equal in effect Helmbold's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla. It cleanses and renovates the Blood, instills the vigor of health into the system and purges out the humors which make disease. It stimulates the healthy functions of the body, and expels the disorders that grow and rankle in the blood. Such a remedy, that could be relied on, has long been sought for, and now, for the first time, the public have one on which they can depend. Our space here does not admit of certificates to show its effects, but the trial of a single bottle will show to the sick that it has virtues surpassing anything they have ever taken.

Two tablespoonsful of the Extract of Sarsaparilla, added to a pint of water, is equal to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is equal to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla, or the decoction as usually made.

The above Extracts are prepared on purely scientific principles—in Vacuo—and embody the full strength of the ingredients entering into their composition. A ready and conclusive test will be a comparison of their properties with those set forth in the U. S. Dispensatory.

HOW TO USE THE REMEDIES.

In diseases of the Blood, Humors on the Face, or any and every part of the body, use Extract Sarsaparilla, applying to Pimples and all external Humors or Eruptions the Improved Rose Wash.

Use the Extract Buchu for all diseases requiring the aid of a Diuretic, except those of the Urinary Organs, such as Gonorrhœa and Gleet; in these use the Extrac Buchu and inject with the Improved Rose Wash.

☞THESE EXTRACTS HAVE BEEN ADMITTED TO USE IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY, and also are in very general use in all the STATE HOSPITALS and Public Institutions throughout the land, as well as well as in private practice, and are considered as invaluable remedies.

Medicine delivered to Any Address.

Direct letters to—

HELMBOLD'S DRUG & CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,

594 Broadway, New York,

Next Metropolitan Hotel, or to

HELMBOLD'S MEDICAL DEPOT,

104 South Tenth St., Philadelphia,

Assembly Buildings.

Describe Symptoms in all Communication.

☞ Sold by all Druggists everywhere.
☞ Beware of Counterfeits.
☞ Ask for Helmbold's. Take no Other.

Feb. 25. 1y.

SECURED.

Palmer Steam Mill!

THE subscribers, having leased the Steam Mill formerly occupied by Hall & Trumble, offer for sale

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

FLOUR, GRAIN, MEAL,

FEED, SALT, LIME,

COAL, WOOD, &c,

AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

CASH PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.

Palmer, Mass., Dec. 20, 1862.

NEW GROCERY STORE!

The undersigned, having purchased the stock of

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS

lately owned by J. P. SHAW, and removed them to their Flour and Grain Store, and having made large additions thereto, are prepared to furnish FAMILY GROCERIES as CHEAP as at any other establishment in the county.

As we deal largely in

FLOUR AND GRAIN,

we are enabled to make purchases at

LOW FIGURES,

and sell in the same manner.

All kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods.

☞Remember the place—

At the Palmer Steam Mill.

HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.

Palmer, Aug. 29, 1863.

GOLD PENS

FOR THE MILLION!

Pens to Suit the Hand, and Prices to Suit the Pocket!

The Best Gold Pens in the World!

On receipt of the following sums we will send, by mail or as directed, a Gold Pen or Pens, selecting the same according to the description, namely:

Gold Pens in Silver Plated Extension Cases, with Pencils.

For $1 a No. 2 pen — For $2 a No. 5 pen
For 1 25 a No. 3 pen — For 2 25 a No. 6 pen
For 1 50 a No. 4 pen

These pens are stamped THE IMPERIAL PEN, and are well finished and fine writing Gold Pens, with good Ardium points, although they are unwarranted and cannot be exchanged.

WARRANTED GOLD PENS.

Our name (American Gold Pen Co., N. Y.) is stamped on all our 1st quality pens, and the points are warranted for six months, except against accident. Our SECOND quality pens are stamped THE NATIONAL PEN, with the initials of our firm, (A. G. P. Co.) and are carefully made, having the same points as our 1st quality pens, the only great difference being in the quality of the Gold

Gold Pens, 1st and 2d Quality, in Solid Silver Extension Cases, with Pencils.

For $2 00 a No. 1 pen, 1st quality, or No. 2 pen 2d qual.
For 2 25 a No. 2 pen 1st quality, or No. 3 pen 2d qual.
For 2 25 a No. 3 pen 1st quality, or No. 4 pen 2d qual.
For 3 50 a No. 4 pen 1st quality, or No. 5 pen 2d qual.
For 4 50 a No. 5 pen 1st quality, or No. 6 pen 2d qual.
For 5 50 a No 6 pen 1st quality.

The same Gold Pens in Solid Silver or Gold Plated Ebony Desk Holders and Morocco Cases.

For $2 25 a No. 3 pen 1st quality, or No. 4 pen 2d qual.
For 2 50 a No. 4 pen 1st quality, or No. 5 pen 2d qual.
For 3 50 a No 5 pen 1st quality, or No 6 pen 3d qual.
For 4 00 a No. 6 pen 1st quality. For $5 50 a No. 7 pen.
For 6 75 a No. 8 pen. For $12 a No. 12 pen; all 1st qual.

Our pens rank throughout the country as equal if not superior to any gold pens manufactured Not only for their writing qualities durability and elegant finish. The greatest care is used in their manufacture, and none are sold with the slightest imperfection which skill can detect.

Parties in ordering must specify the name, number and quality in all instances, and whether stiff or limber, coarse or fine.

TO CLUBS.

A discount of 12 per cent. will be allowed on sums of $15, if sent to one address, at one time; 15 per cent. on $25; 20 per cent. on $40.

All remittances by mail, *registered*, are at our risk. To all who enclose 20 cents extra for registering, we guarantee the safe delivery of the goods.

Circulars of all our new styles, with Engravings of exact sizes and prices, sent upon receipt of stamp, if desired. Pens repointed for 50 cents by mail.

Stationers and Jewellers are requested to correspond with us, as we can offer them GREAT INDUCEMENTS. Address

AMERICAN GOLD PEN CO.,

j28 3m. No. 200 Broadway, New York

M. P. KNOWLTON,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

Post Office Building, south side of Court Square,

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

Soldiers' Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, &c., procured promptly and at reasonable rates.

Immense Success—Third Edition.

"HOW 'TIS DONE," or "The Secret Out," "Gambling Exposed," "Marked Cards," and all other tricks explained, "Fortune Telling," "The Book of Wonders," "Hunting and Fishing Secrets," the Original great Secret of a "Moustach and Whiskers in 42 Days," "How to make Gold, Silver, and Diamonds," and 180 other new discoveries, never before published. A New Book, handsomely printed, and bound; price only 25 cts; 6 for $1; circulars for stamp. Satisfaction guaranteed. Agents Wanted. Address

HUNTER & Co. Publishers,

f4 3m* Hinsdale, N. H

TAPIOCA, FARINA, SAGO, CORN STARCH, CHOCOLATE, COCOA &c., &c., for sale at

A. H. PARKS' Cash Store . . . PALMER, MASS.

A Lot of First-Rate

BUTTER,

FOR SALE in any quantity, from one to 100 pounds, at

A. H. PARKS' STORE, Palmer, Mass.

GEO. S. BOSWORTH,

CARPENTER AND JOINER,

—AND DEALER IN—

Doors, Sash, Blinds, Framing Timber. &c., &c.

Doors, Sash, and Blinds constantly on hand. All kinds of jobbing done to order. Palmer, Jan. 30

A Superior Article of Pure Ground JAVA COFFEE,

For sale at A. H. PARKS' Store,

Palmer House Block

The New 7 3-10 Treasury Notes

ARE on hand and for sale at the MONSON NATIONAL BANK, in denomiuations of $50, $100, $500, and $1000.

Monson, Dec. 17. E. F. MORRIS, Cashier.

HALL'S VEGETABLE

SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER,

THE best preparation for the Hair. It will immediately free the head from all dandruff, restore the hair to its natural color, and produce a new growth where it has fallen off. It will stop the falling out of the hair in a few days, if faithfully applied, and it will turn gray hair to its original color. Price, one dollar. A large lot just received, and for sale by the bottle or dozen.

WOOD & ALLEN,

Palmer, Mass., Feb. 11, 1865. 1y

REVENUE STAMPS.

ALL DENOMINATIONS of U. S. Revenue Stamps for sale at the Journal Office.

Palmer, Aug. 29, 1864

DENTISTRY.

DR. J. B. GOULD,

Surgical and Mechanical Dentist,

Palmer, Mass.

respectfully informs the Citizens of Palmer and vicinity that he has located himself in this place as a permanent Dentist, and hopes by strict attention to business to win the patronage of the public.

The Most Difficult Operations in Dentistry Performed with Care.

One of the most important and often neglected duties of the age is the preservation of the Natural Teeth, and to this end none should neglect having them frequently examined by a Dentist, that decay and other imperfections may be seasonably remedied. Children's teeth should receive frequent and careful attention, to prevent irregularities or decay.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH

inserted on the improved principle of atmospheric pressure. Teeth, from one to an entire set, inserted on Gold, Silver, or Rubber.

A SUPERIOR ARTICLE of DENTRIFICE and TOOTH BRUSHES constantly on hand.

☞Examinations and advice gratis.

☞All operations warranted.

TERMS REASONABLE.

TESTIMONIALS:

The undersigned, citizens of Monson, have employed Mr. J. B. Gould, in his regular practice as Dentist, with satisfaction, and would cheerfully recommend him to the citizens of this and adjoining towns, as skillful in all branches of this business. They are happy also to commend him as a man of good principles and high moral character.

Rev. T. G. Colton. — Marcus Keep.
" F. Woods. — S. Darling.
N. F. Rogers. — Dr. J. M. Towne.
E. B. Miles. — " Smith.

n19 Dr. J. McKinstrey.

DR. WISTAR'S

BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY,

THE GREAT REMEDY FOR

CONSUMPTION,

And acknowledged by many prominent physicians to be by far the most Reliable Preparation ever introduced for the Relief and ure of all

LUNG COMPLAINTS.

This well-known remedy is offered to the public, sanctioned by the experience of over forty years, and when resorted to in season, seldom fails to effect a speedy cure of

Coughs, Colds, Croup, Bronchitis, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Hoarseness, Pains or Soreness in the Chest and Side, Bleeding at the Lungs, Liver Complaints, &c., &c.

Its complete success in many cases of confirmed consumption has reversed the opinion so long entertained, that this much dreaded disease is incurable.

To those who have already made use of this Remedy, no appeal is necessary. To those who have not, we have only to refer them to the written testimonials of many of our most distinguished citizens, who have been restored to health when the expectation of being cured was indeed a "forlorn hope." We have space only for the following

Unsolicited Testimony.

From REV. FRANCIS LOBDELL, Pastor of the South ong. hurch, Bridgeport, t.

BRIDGEPORT, Jan. t, 1861.

MESSRS. SETH W. FOWLE & Co.—Gentlemen: I consider it a duty which I owe to suffering humanity, to bear testimony to the virtues of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry: I have used it—when I have had occasion for any remedy for Coughs, Colds, or Sore Throat—for many years, and never, in a single instance, has it failed to relieve and cure me. I have frequently been very hoarse on Saturday, and looked forward to the delivery of two sermons on the following day with sad misgivings, but by a liberal use of the Balsam my hoarseness has invariably been removed, and I have preached without difficulty. I commend it to my brethren in the ministry, and to public speakers generally, as a certain remedy for the bronchial troubles to which we are peculiarly exposed.

Entirely unsolicited I send you this testimonial, which you are at liberty to use in any way you choose. Perhaps the Balsam does not affect all persons alike, but it always removes my hoarseness, and fits me for the minister's hard-working day—the Sabbath.

FRANCIS LOBDELL.

Very truly yours,

Clergymen, Lawyers, Singers,

and all those whose occupation requires an unusual exercise of the vocal organs, will find this the Only Remedy which will effectually and instantaneously relieve their difficulties. This Remedy, unlike most others, is not only not nauseous, but is extremely

PLEASANT TO TASTE.

A small quantity allowed to pass over the irritated part at once removes the difficulty.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD HERRY

IS PREPARED BY

SETH W. FOWLE & CO.,

18 TREMONT STREET, BOSTON,

1y10. and is sold by all druggists. cow.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE

HEALS OLD SORES.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE cures Burns, Scalds, Cuts.
REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE cures Wounds, Bruises, Sprains.
REDDINGS' RUSSIA SALVE cures Boils, Ulcers, Cancers.
REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE cures Salt Rheum, Piles, Erysipelas.
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PENSION AGENCY!

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Collected for soldiers who have been discharged from service by reason of wounds or disability, without regard to length of time. Invalid soldiers discharged from service, and the widows and orphans of soldiers who died in the U. States service, or of wounds or disease contracted in line of duty, are entitled to pensions. All pension claims against the government, and claims for arrears of pay and bounty, will be promptly attended to and collected at the lowest rates. No charge made to the soldier unless the claim is successful.

This Agency is duly licensed, and the undersigned does his business direct with the authorities at Washington, and not through third parties.

JAS. G. ALLEN, Counsellor & Attorney.

Palmer, March 21, 1863.

New London Northern Railroad.

On and after MONDAY, JANUARY 2, 1865,

Trains Leave Palmer as follows:

7.50 A. M., and 2.15 P. M., for New London and Way Stations.

2.15 P. M., and 6.00 P. M., for Belchertown and Amherst.

Trains for New London connect at Willimantic with trains for Hartford.

Trains for Amherst connect with trains from New London, and Western Railroad trains.

R. N. DOWD, Supt.

New London, Jan. 2, 1865.

PETROLEUM STOCKS

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They Pay Larger Dividends

than any other stocks in the market, ranging from

One to Five per Cent. per Month.

Parties wishing to subscribe for stock in the "Great Basin" the "Massachusetts & Oil Creek," the "New England," "Fuller Farm," or other first-class oil companies, or in the

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the ore of which assays at over $8,000 per cord, can do so at the office of

Palmer, Jan. 21, 1865. JAS. G. ALLEN.

WOODS' Celebrated Dry Hop Yeast, for sale at PARKS' STORE, Palmer

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Each box has the coat of arms for the city of Paris stamped on the box, with the words "Trade Mark" in French, to counterfeit which is a misdemeanor, and all persons will be dealt with according to law.

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SAMBUCI WINE,

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As a Tonic it has no equal, causing an appetite, and building up the system, being entirely a pure wine of a most valuable grape.

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Speer's Wine is not a mixture or manufactured article, but is pure from the juice of the Port Grape, cultivated in New Jersey, recommended by Chemists and Physicians as possessing medical properties superior to any other Wines in use, and an excellent article for all weak and debilitated persons, and the aged and infirm, improving the appetite and benefiting ladies and children.

A Ladies' Wine, because it will not intoxicate as other wines, as it contains no mixture of spirits or other liquors, and is admired for rich, peculiar flavor, and nutritive properties, imparting a healthy tone to the digestive organs, and a blooming, soft, and healthy skin and complexion.

☞None genuine unless the signature of "Alfred Speer, Passiac, N. J." is over the cork of each bottle.

Make one Trial of this Wine.

For sale in Palmer by Wood & Allen, and by druggists generally. Trade supplied in Boston by G. C Goodwin, and all wholesale druggists in Boston and New York.

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SOLICITOR OF PATENTS,

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January 1, 1865. 1y

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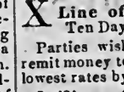

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The Palmer Journal.

VOLUME XVI. PALMER, MASS., SATURDAY, APRIL 22, 1865. NUMBER 6.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.
—BY—
GORDON M. FISK & Co.

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A Voice of Music.

I've heard music in the cities,
In the valleys and the woods,
And amidst the hoary mountains
Heard the chimes of roaring floods;
But, dear lady, ah! believe me,
Naught to me is more divine
Than to listen to the sweet sounds
Of that silvery voice of thine.

Oft I've listened to the trumpet,
Listened to the mellow horn—
Hearkened to the wondrous touches
Of the hand of genius born;
But, dear lady, ah! believe me,
Never did the skill of man
So enchant me as thy singing
Since our friendship we began.

Nightingales and birds that mock thee,
Larks and thrushes—every kind
Of the feathered tribe of songsters—
Have, indeed, oft charmed my mind;
But, dear lady, ah! believe me,
Though their warbling they combine,
I can never more compare it
To that darling voice of thine.

HANNAH GNELDT'S DOORSTEP.

Hannah Gneldt leaned upon her broom, and looked out from the low kitchen door across the wintry fields and the ice-glazed streamlet which lay between her and the little village of Greennook, with its one tapering spire and sloping roofs and blank white walls, bare now of the summer verdure. She had done her household work, polished every article capable of polish, and soaped and sanded all the rest. At the last she had swept clean her door stone, and now felt free to do what she chose—to rest, or gossip, or sit down to needlework, a thing impossible to her while a spot beneath her roof was out of order. Just now, however, she felt neither like gossipping or sewing. Her heart was very full, and she found it necessary to stand still and think awhile. Only that she was not used to it, she would have cried, she was so very sad.—It seemed to her that the happiest people were those who lay in their green graves in the church-yard, with crossed hands upon their bosom, and feet quiet from all earthly going to and fro forevermore.

Not that Hannah Gneldt was tired in body or weary with the toil of household duty; for she was strong of frame, and her health was perfect, as her hands were willing. It was on her humble heart the burden lay—her spirit that was worn with earthly travail.

"Twenty-three years to-day I've been his wife," she muttered, "and I've loved him well, and worked hard and faithfully to keep things decent; and it's come to this at last! 'Things had been better,' said he, 'if I'd married Miss Lester!'"

Yes, that was what Farmer Gneldt, harassed by toil and debt, had said to her that very morning; and it seemed to Hannah like the confession of a long repentance, forced from her husband's lips at last.

"Poor man! I wish I could help him," she sighed, leaning on her broom beside the door. "I doubt he's right about Miss Lester."

With that her eyes fell, and rested by chance on the door-step.

"I can mend that, anyhow," she said; and I have time, for work is done."

So she hung the broom up, and peeped into her oven, and set the kettle on; and then, hooded and shawled, crossed the fields to where the farm joined that of Simeon Gray.

On one spot were men at work and stones lying about.

Hannah Gneldt nodded to the old farmer, and he came to meet her.

"I want a stone," she said. "May I have one?"

"I wish you'd take 'em all," said the farmer. "A lot o' rubbish. You see I'm clearing away what they call the old grave-yard at last. Wife talks to me o' sacrilege and disturbin' bones. Bless you! there hain't been none for years and years; and, these hard times, a man can't let land go to waste. I tell wife she don't know nothin' about it.—What d'ye want to do? Pave a bit around the well?"

"No, I want a step," said Hannah. "That great white one is just the thing." And she pointed to a slab hard by.

"Ike shall carry it over to-night," said the farmer.

"No," said Hannah, "I can roll it along."

And her arms, strong as most men's, went to work at once, and the slab was rolled, and pushed, and lifted on its way. It would have been toil for a laborer, but it did Hannah good. She tugged away, pushing and lifting, and adding woman's ingenuity to man's strength; so that at last it was at her own door. There she let it rest, and dug the old stone out, and afterward brought water to wash the slab with—white as driven snow for the most part, with some little yellow weather-stains about the edge, and on one side the black inscription—a name, a line of eulogy, and dates. Hannah stared with the curiosity of one who cannot read.

"I wish I could tell what that was," she said. "Some one's name and age. Ah! there were sore hearts when that was new. I hope that, when I die, Oliver will have written over me that I was a good wife. I've tried to be. I ought to know that big letter—wait a bit, I believe it is Z."

Then she turned the inscription downward, and washed the other side, clear and white, and fitted it into its place.

She received little credit for her work.—Oliver only muttered,

"You needn't have published the fact that I couldn't afford a porch to all the place."—And no one noticed the step afterward save Hannah when she scrubbed it.

Matters were very bad at the Gneldts.'—Oliver brooded over the fire in speechless sorrow, and grew greyer and balder with each passing day. Hannah kept ruin off a little by making a home of the poor house, and a feast of the humble fare, by her housewife's skill. She might even have been cheerful but for the memory of that luckless speech.

Working in her garden one day, when the first spring grass was growing green, Hannah heard footsteps, and, lifting her head, saw two gentlemen beside her, and arose precipitately, with womanly anxiety about her ankles, not strictly covered, perhaps, by her cotton gown. The nearest gentleman, an elderly man, with bright dark eyes, addressed her.

"Mrs. Gneldt, I presume."

"Yes, sir."

She asked him to walk in, and he did so, the other following.

In the little parlor they sat down.

"You are Mrs. Hannah Gneldt, Oliver Gneldt's wife?"

"Yes, sir. It is about—about—excuse me, you look like a lawyer, and I fear it's more trouble for Oliver."

"Reassure yourself," said the gentleman.—"Reassure yourself, madame. Your husband is not concerned, save through you, and that, I hope pleasantly. Your name was Burns before you were married?"

"Yes, sir. Hannah Burns."

"Do you remember dates well?"

"No, sir."

"You have, perhaps, records of family events—your own birth, your parents' marriage, your grandfather's death?"

Hannah Gneldt wonderingly replied, "I have mother's Bible, and they say it's all there."

"How far back?"

"To grandfather's birth, I believe—grandfather Burns. He had one child, and I am the only one my parents ever had. Oliver set down our wedding-day and our two boys' birthdays."

"And your great-grandfather—the record of his death is there?"

"I don't know; you may see. Wait, I'll call Oliver."

Going to the door, Hannah took down a horn, used for that purpose, and uttered a call, which brought Oliver Gneldt home from the field at once.

He, also, felt alarm, but explanation quieted him. Almost as much astonished as his wife, he brought out the old Bible.

"The death of my wife's great-grandfather, Zebulon Burns, is not here," he said. "The first record is in his hand I believe. It is the birth of his eldest child."

So it proved, and the lawyer looked disappointed.

"You cannot remember the day of his death?" he said. "I mean the date of it."

"He died long before I was born," said Hannah, "and, though rich, left nothing to grandfather. They had quarrelled, I believe. He must have been very eccentric, and a servant or housekeeper had great influence over him. She told odd stories about him. She had the property, I think. Margery—Margery—"

"Margery Wilbur, I think," said the lawyer.

"Yes," said Hannah, "I remember now."

"You are quiet people, not likely to talk too much," said the lawyer. "I will tell you something. We have found a will among the effects of a legal gentleman who died very suddenly, in a fit of apoplexy. Don't hope too much, mind. A will in your favor—that is, now in your favor, as your father's only child."

Hannah clutched her husband's hand.

"It was written by one on his death-bed, dated the 10th of March, 17—, and leaves all his property to your father, his grandson, then a boy. Hush! don't hope too much.—Margery Wilbur or her heirs now hold this property under a will dated March 15, 17—,"

"A later will," said Oliver. "Then, of course, they are the rightful possessors.—What need of all this?—the latest will must stand."

"Not if it is a forgery," said the lawyer.

Oliver laughed, the bitter laugh of care and disappointment.

"Who can prove that?" he said.

"No one, perhaps. Yet the record of the old man's death might. A man whose dying hand signed a will on the 10th of March would scarcely make another on the 15th.—We believe the will a forgery, written on old parchment since the discovery of the one I have spoken of. Margery Wilbur took possession with no legal forms, for no one appeared to contest her title. Where was your great-grandfather buried?"

"Here," said Hannah. "They say he was brought down at his request—Mrs. Wilbur as chief mourner, and his son—grandfather—not even sent for. An old grave-yard somewhere. Oh, Oliver! Oliver!"

She turned quite white, and uttered a cry. "Oliver, that must be the grave-yard on Gray's place, that he dug over last winter in the warm spell."

"Then it is gone," said Oliver, "and our last hope with it. No, gentlemen, good luck could never come to us. Poverty means to cling to us to the last. I wish you better clients."

"Oliver! Oliver!" gasped Hannah Gneldt, "tell me one thing. Zebulon was great-grandfather's name. Zebulon is spelled with a Z., isn't it? Oh, do speak!"

"I think you are going mad, Hannah; of course it is."

"Oh! the big Z—I remember it so well!—I knew it was Z; and it would have been broken to pieces before now. Oliver, don't you remember my door-step that you were so angry at? I believe it's my poor old great-grandfather's gravestone. And I not to know it when I stared at the great Z."

Oliver Gneldt said nothing. He feared his wife's brain was turned, and that made him faint and cold as he followed her into the garden, and there watched while the three others lifted at the flat slab.

It lay before them, on the green spring grass, black letters on its whiteness, and, bending over it, they read aloud,

"Zebulon Burns. Born May—. Died March 14, 17—," with eulogistic verses, with long s's underneath, as in duty bound.

"It's poor great-grandfather!" said Hannah.

The lawyer extended his hands, grasping those of Oliver and his wife.

"The proof is found," he said. "The latest will is a forgery, for it is dated the day after the old man's death. Mrs. Gneldt is heiress to a large property. I congratulate you."

And Hannah, with her head on her husband's shoulder, whispered, "Oliver, it would not have been better to have married Miss Lester, after all!"

☞ An Irish post-boy, having driven a gentleman a long stage during torrents of rain, the gentleman said to him, "Paddy, are you not very wet?" "Arrah! I don't mind being very wet; but, plaze your honor, I'm very dhry, indeed."

☞ Two physicians had a quarrel in New York, last week, about some property, which resulted in the cowhiding of one of them by his opponent. The assailant was arrested.

A VALUABLE CREED.

Gail Hamilton has some original and practical ideas of religion. We wonder if there are many faithful "professors" of the creed in America!

"We want a religion that softens the step, and tunes the voice to melody, and fills the eye with sunshine, and checks the impatient exclamation and harsh rebuke; a religion that is polite, deferential to superiors, courteous to inferiors, and considerate to friends; a religion that goes into the family, and keeps the husband from being spiteful when the dinner is late—keeps the wife from being fretful when the husband tracks the newly-washed floor with his muddy boots, and makes the husband mindful of the scraper and the door-mat—keeps the mother patient when the baby is cross; amuses the children, as well as instructs them; promptly looks after the apprentice in the shop and the clerk behind the counter, and the student in the office, with a fatherly care and motherly love; setting the solitary in families, and introducing them to pleasant and wholesome society, that their lonely feet may not be led into temptation. We want a religion that shall interpose continually between the ruts and gullies and rocks of the highway of life and the sensitive souls that are travelling over them.

"We want a religion that bears heavily, not only on the exceeding rascality of lying and stealing, but that banishes short measures from the counter, small baskets from the stalls, pebbles from the cotton bags, clay from the sugar, chickory from the coffee, otter from the butter, beet juice from vinegar, alum from bread, strychnine from wine, water from milk-cans, and buttons from the contribution box. The religion that is to save the world will not put all the bad ones at the bottom. It will not make one half of a pair of shoes of good leather and the other of poor leather, so that the first shall redound to the maker's credit and the second to his cash; nor, if the shoes be promised on Thursday morning, will it let Thursday morning spin out till Saturday night. It does not send the little boy who has come for the daily quart of milk to the barn-yard to see the calf, and seize the opportunity to skim off the cream; nor does it surround stale butter with fresh, and sell the whole for good; nor sell off the slack-baked bread upon the stable-boy; nor dust the pepper; nor 'deacon' the apples.

The religion that is to sanctify the world pays its debts. It does not borrow money with little or no purpose of re-payment, by concealing or glossing over the fact.

It looks upon a man who has failed in trade but continues to live in luxury as a thief. It looks upon him who promises to pay fifty dollars on demand, with interest, and who neglects to pay fifty dollars on demand, with or without interest, as a liar.

A PRETTY WAITER GIRL OF THE MASCULINE GENDER.

An effeminate appearing young Canadian, only eighteen years of age, named James Gay, alias Jennie Lamont, was arrested in New York on Saturday, for disguising himself in female attire and pretending to be an innocent country girl. The Herald gives the following particulars of the case:

It appears that, since January last, the accused has been employed as a waiter girl in the concert saloon 654 Broadway; but he has been so modest and unassuming that not even a shade of suspicion was aroused in the mind of any one, till Friday night, that this pretty waiter girl was assuming a false character. In what manner the discovery was eventually made is not stated by the police; but it is supposed that one of his saloon associates in possession of the secret divulged the fact, which led to the arrest. The prisoner has been employed in two or three other saloons on Broadway for a year past, during all of which time his employers supposed him to be one of the opposite sex. So successfully has the false character been carried out by James, that many of the patrons of the saloons where he was making himself useful as well as ornamental became quite infatuated with the pretty waiter girl, took her out to supper, riding through Central Park, besides extending other polite and delicate attentions. Day, who lives at 171 Green street, was arrested a few months since, near one of the down-town hotels, while dressed in his proper costume, on suspicion of being a female; but it subsequently appearing that he was not in disguise, he was discharged. His parents, with seven brothers and three sisters, reside in Canada.

AIM AT SOMETHING.

Arthur Gilman, in one of his public addresses, tells what he calls "an Andover story." One day, he says, a man went into a store there, and began telling about a fire.—"There had never been such a fire," he said, "in the county of Essex. A man, going by Deacon Pettingill's barn, saw an owl on the ridge-pole. He fired at the owl; and the wadding, somehow or other, getting into the shingles, set the barn on fire, and it was all destroyed—ten tons of hay, six head of cattle, the finest horse in the country," &c. "The deacon was nearly crazed by it." The men in the store began exclaiming and commenting upon it. "What a loss!" says one.—"Why, the deacon will well nigh break down under it!" says another; and so they went on speculating, one after another, and the conversation drifted on in all sorts of conjectures. At last, a quiet man, who sat spitting in the fire, looked up and asked, "Did he hit the owl?" That man was for getting at the point of the thing. Let all public speakers, in the pulpit and elsewhere, heed the moral. Did you aim at something, and did you hit what you aimed at? No matter about the splurge, and the smoke, and the hay—"Did you hit that owl?"

☞ A writer in Blackwood says: "When people want to speak of a native of Holland, they call him an Amsterdam Dutchman; but, when they speak of one of the German race generally, they leave out the *Amster*."

☞ Douglas Jerrold calls women's arms "the serpents that wind about a man's neck, killing his best resolutions."

☞ In the moon there is only a man. In the honeymoon there is a man and a woman.

☞ Pride is a flower that grows in the devil's garden.

What Folks Say.

Why not let the people talk—
Let them talk away;
What's the use in bothering
About—"what folks say"?

Let them say whate'er they will;
Talk—it is their way.
What's the use in plaguing you
About—"what folks say"?

Talk is pleasant exercise—
Healthy, by the way;
What's the use in worrying
About—"what folks say"?

Better let the people talk—
Talk whate'er they may;
Weak and stupid those who care
About—"what folks say".

Why not let the people talk—
Let them talk away;
What's the use in bothering
About—"what folks say"?

EMPLOYMENT OF WEALTH.

Religion teaches both to fear and respect riches; for, accordingly as they are used, they become the source of the greatest evil or the greatest benefit to ourselves and others.

When riches are sought for by cupidity, confidence no longer exists among men; friendship is betrayed; integrity and good faith disappear; blood flows; poison is prepared, and human nature becomes ferocious. When avarice accumulates and retains riches, industry is discouraged, the arts languish, and the poor suffer. When the voluptuary or luxurious dissipate their riches, manners degenerate, marriage is but the announcement of divorce, and distinct conditions are confounded. We then seek in vain for the dignity of the ancestors in their descendants, for, in such cases of degeneracy, they possess their names alone! But when riches become the handmaid of Christian charity they create, as it were, a new world; they cause the comforts of life to be abundant; they are the stimulants, too, and the rewards, of labor; they seek merit, and prevent indigence; they dry the tears of the unhappy; they break the captive's chains, and strengthen wavering virtue; they people the wilderness, and make fertility return to the uncultivated fields.—Thus the charitable rich are not simply men—they are, as it were, providence rendered visible, and, applied in a sensible manner, the happiness of the world! Who does not covet this high honor?

HOW THE DEVIL LOST.

The following is too good to be lost: "A young man who ardently desired wealth, was visited by His Satantic Majesty, who tempted him to promise his soul for eternity if he could be supplied on this earth with all the money he could use. The bargain was concluded. The devil was to supply the money and was at last to have the soul, unless the young man could spend more money than the devil could furnish. Years passed away, the man married, was extravagant in his living, built palaces, speculated widely, lost and gave away fortunes, and yet his coffers were always full. He turned to politician, and bribed his way to fame without reducing his "pile" of gold. He became a "filibuster," and fitted out ships and armies, but his banker honored all his drafts. He went to St. Paul to live, and paid the usual rates of interest of all the money he could borrow; but although the devil made wry faces when he came to pay the bills, yet they were all paid. One expedient after another failed; the devil counted the time only two years, that he must wait for the soul; and mocked the efforts of the despairing man. One more trial was resolved upon—the man started a newspaper! the devil growled at the bill at the end of the first quarter, and was savage in six months, melancholy in nine and broke—"dead broke"—at the end of the year. So the newspaper went down but the soul was saved.—*Frankfort Commonwealth.*

SIT FACING THE LIGHT.—We do much injury to our eyes by sitting sidewise by the lamp, so that one eye is in a strong glare of light while the other is in the shade. The optic nerves, which transmit light to the brain, unite before they reach it. A strong light vibrating through one nerve and a dim one through the other will impair their perfect unity, and the custom, followed night after night for years, will, by thus destroying harmony of the delicate nerves, result in damaged eyesight. The woman who works at night by her table loses her sight early. Some evening, when you have thus sat for an hour, go immediately into a partially dark room.—A blur will be before the light-scorched eye, while the other will be clear. The contraction of the iris has something to do with this; but the jarring, discordant action of the nerves is the same. They were designed to act as one; if they act as two there is wear and tear. Eyesight will fail with the decline of the body, but people who can't read and won't sew in the evening keep their sight longest. Avoid this "strain" on the sister nerves by facing the light.

☞ Two of the selectmen of a certain town in Windham county, Vt., have a sharp eye to the main chance. Being authorized to procure men to apply on the credit of the town they secured two men at the town's expense, *as substitutes for themselves.*

AN INGENIOUS DEVICE.—An Irish girl told her forbidden lover she was longing to possess his portrait, and intended to obtain it. "But how if your friends should see it?" inquired he. "Ah, but I'll tell the artist not to make it like you, so they won't know it."

☞ The silent accomplish more than the noisy. The tail of the rattlesnake makes all the noise, but the head does all the execution.

☞ The Printer says the first printers were Titans. The race of *tight 'uns* is not yet extinct.

☞ A Massachusetts clergyman is soon to publish a book which will be called "The Thinking Bayonet." It will be noticeable for bright reflections.

☞ Can any civil engineer inform us how it is that the *mouths* of rivers are larger than their *heads*?

☞ If a man were blown from a house-top by a gale, would he regard it as a windfall?

OIL SPRINGS "NO NEW THING."

The following passage, copied from the Massachusetts Magazine for July 1791, may interest those who have struck, or are expecting to strike oil:

In the northern parts of Pennsylvania there is a creek called Oil creek, which empties itself into the Alleghany river, issuing from a spring on the top of which floats an oil similar to what is called Barbadoes tar, and from which may be collected by one man several gallons in a day. The American troops, in marching that way, halted at the spring, collected the oil and bathed their joints with it. This gave them great relief, and freed them immediately from the rheumatic complaints, with which many of them were affected. The troops drank freely of the waters; they operated as a gentle purge.

There is another spring in the western parts of Virginia, as extraordinary in its kind as the one just mentioned, called the Burning Spring. It was known a long time to the hunters. They frequently encamped by it for the sake of obtaining good water. Some of them arrived late one night, and after making a fire, took a brand to light them to the spring. On their coming to it some fire dropped from the brand, and in an instant the water was in a flame and so continued, over which they could roast their meat as soon as by the greatest fire. It was left in this situation, and continued burning for three months without intermission. The fire was extinguished by excluding the air from it or smothering it. The water taken from it will not burn. This shows that the fire is occasioned by nothing more than a vapor that ascends from the water.

There are two springs high up on the Potomac, one of which has about the same degree of heat as blood running from the veins. It is much frequented by people who have lost their health. The waters are drank with freedom, and also serve as a hot bath, by which much good has been experienced.—The other spring issuing from the same mountain a little farther off, is as remarkable for its coldness as the other for its heat, and differs from common springs in as many degrees.

OUR FRIENDS.

Have you friends? If so, love them, cherish them, and you make your own life, as well as theirs, a bright youthful dream. The birds may sing in the spring time, but they leave us at the first wail of the autumn winds. The flowers may bloom sweetly around in the spring time, but they are soon nipped by the frost, or wither away their short life in obscurity. But the esteem and affection of a true friend will cling around the heart long after the birds are hushed, and the flowers decay—even till the dear one has vanished from the earth.

Sometimes when they are with us we imagine their affection to be cold and indifferent, and the dark clouds of distrust soon dim the blue sky of love. We sit silently and sorrowfully in the lengthening shadows of doubt, our heart aching with misgivings, and vain regrets, until suddenly the smiling face of our friend again appears, when we clasp the warm hand with a tearful gladness, and thank heaven they are ours yet in gentleness and forgiveness.

Oh, love your friends! Too soon some of the brightest and best of them may wait your coming "on the other shore." Then when we meet them there, the unkind look the unloving act, it may be will come thronging back upon our soul and we may be cast out from their presence forever, to dwell with the legions of darkness.—*Western Recorder.*

THE EXPRESSION OF DRESS.—Some women are like the modest daises and violets—they never look or feel better than when dressed in a morning wrapper. Others are not themselves unless they can flame out in gorgeous dyes, like the tulip and the blush rose. Who has not seen women just like white lilies?—We know several double marigolds and poppies. There are women fit only for velvets, like the dahlias; others graceful and shy, like the azaleas. Now and then you see hollyhocks, and sunflowers. When women are free to dress as they like, uncontrolled by others, and not limited by their circumstances they do not fail to express their true characters, and dres becomes a form of expression very genuine and useful.

HADN'T HAD HIS DESERTS.—In the town of ——, in Connecticut, lived an eccentric character, Squire S——, noted for his oddity and singular speeches. The town hearse having by long use got into a dilapidated condition, it was determined to get up a public subscription to repair it. In due time the committee called on Squire S——, and asked him to subscribe for the object. "No!" says the Squire, "I wont give a single cent.—Twenty years ago I subscribed five dollars to build the old thing, and neither myself or my family ever had any use for it from that day to this, and I won't give a cent to repair it."

TALENTED YOUTH.—A good anecdote is told of a house painter's son, who used the brush dexterously, but had acquired the habit of "putting it on too thick." One day his father having frequently scolded him for his lavish daubing and all to no purpose gave him a severe flagellation.

"There you young rascal," said he after having performed the painful duty, "how do you like that?"

"Well I don't know, dad," whined the boy in reply, "but it seems to me you put it on a thunderin' sight thicker than I did."

NEVER SAFE.—No man and no woman is safe who has once formed the habit of looking to drink for solace, or cheerfulness or comfort. While the world goes well they will likely be temperate; but the habit is built, the railroad to destruction is cut ready for use, the rails are laid down, the station houses erected, and the train is on the line waiting only for the locomotive; it comes to us; it grapples and away we go in a moment down the line we have been constructing, like a flash of lightning, to destruction.—*Charles Reade.*

☞ The best snuff in the world is a snuff of fresh air.

☞ "I'll give ye a poke in the eye," as the thread said to the needle.

Palmer Journal.

SATURDAY, APRIL 22, 1865.

A NATIONAL TRAGEDY!

President Lincoln Killed by an Assassin!

Secretary Seward and Two of His Attendants Dangerously Stabbed!

ARREST OF ONE OF THE ASSASSINS!

The Country in Mourning!

President Lincoln is dead! He was assassinated at Ford's Theatre, Washington, on Friday evening, last week, and died at fifteen minutes after seven o'clock on Saturday morning. The assassin was J. Wilkes Booth, an actor, and brother of the celebrated tragedian Edwin Booth, who has recently been playing at the Boston Theatre.

In the third act of Our American Cousin, a man entered the theatre and crowded his way to the rear of the President's box, where Mr. Lincoln and his wife, with several friends, were sitting. He was confronted by one of the occupants of Mr. Lincoln's box as he entered, but struck him a blow with a knife, passed on to the President, and shot him in the back of the head. Then, leaping down from the box upon the stage, he exclaimed, "*Sic semper tyrannis!*" "The South is avenged!" and, brandishing a knife across the stage, made his escape by a rear door from the theatre.

The report of a pistol and the screams of Mrs. Lincoln startled the audience, and, when some one cried out that the President was shot, the excitement was intense.

The President was seen to turn in his seat, and persons lesped upon the stage and clambered up to the box. His clothes were stripped from his shoulders, but no wound was, at first, found. He was entirely insensible.—Further search revealed the fact that he had been shot in the head. Major Potter, Paymaster in the Army, and Major Rathbone (the latter having been in the box), assisted by others, carried the President from the theatre, the blood from the death-wound falling upon the floor, stairway, and sidewalks as he was borne to the nearest house opposite, which was that of Mr. Ulke. Mrs. Lincoln was assisted to cross the street with her husband, in a frantic condition, uttering heart-rending shrieks. She was attended by Miss Laura Keene and others. At the house, an army surgeon, being at hand, called for a small portion of brandy, which was administered, and it was thereupon announced to the pressing and excited crowd that he was alive, and not dead, as Mrs. Lincoln, in her agony, insisted. It was then found that Major Rathbone had received a wound in the arm, which he had intentionally concealed to prevent excitement. He then fainted. The Surgeon General was sent for, and Drs. Hall and Stone also arrived.

While this scene was transpiring at the theatre, another and more desperate tragedy was being enacted at the house of Secretary Seward. A man rang the door bell about ten o'clock, which was answered by a colored boy. He crowded by him without making known his errand. He encountered, at the head of the stairs, Frederick W. Seward, Mr. Seward's son, Major Seward, and Mr. Hassel, each of whom he wounded successively as they attempted to stop the assassin. In the room with the sick secretary were his daughter and Geo. F. Robinson, a soldier nurse; and to the latter Mr. Seward is indebted for his life. As Robinson opened the door to learn the cause of the disturbance, the ruffian struck at him with a knife, which the soldier parried so that it hit him in the head, and he fell to the floor. The assassin sprang to the bed and struck Mr. Seward a tremendous blow in the face with his knife. Mr. Robinson was up in a moment, and engaged with the assassin; but, before he could get him from the bed, he had given Mr. Seward another wound in the face. The struggle between Robinson and the assassin was desperate and fearful; but Major Seward, coming to the rescue of Robinson, forced the desperado to let go his hold and beat a hasty retreat. During the scuffle Robinson was dangerously wounded, receiving two severe cuts from the dagger of the assassin.

Both of the murderers escaped on fleet horses which had been provided beforehand. Every effort to arrest them has been put forth, but it is not certain that either has been captured.—A man named Surratt was arrested on Monday night, supposed to have been the assassin of Seward, the negro servant and Major Seward identifying him as such.

The murderer of Mr. Lincoln is known to be Booth, the actor. He is a violent secessionist, and has several times been heard to threaten the life of the President. In his trunk have been found letters showing that the conspiracy was formed months ago, with the intention of carrying it into effect before the 4th of March. The plot, no doubt, embraced the slaughter of several members of the Cabinet, and also Gen. Grant.

A reward of $140,000 is offered for the arrest of Booth, and if he escapes it will be a marvel. The whole country is in hunt of the murderer, determined that he shall suffer for his heinous crime.

The President did not return to consciousness after being shot, but breathed slowly and heavily till about seven o'clock Saturday morning, when he died. Secretary Seward is recovering, and also his son, and the nurse who encountered the assassin at the head of the stairs.

Funeral of President Lincoln.

The funeral ceremonies of President Lincoln took place at Washington at noon on Wednesday. Services were performed at the White house by Rev. Dr. Gurley, the late President's pastor, preaching the discourse. The opening prayer was by Bishop Simpson, Methodist Episcopalian, and the closing prayer was by Rev. Dr. Gray, Baptist. The services were very solemn and were attended by President Johnson and the Cabinet, with the exception of Mr. Seward. A large platform erected outside the mansion was filled with delegates from various states and societies. The large East room, where the body lay, was filled with the immediate friends of the family, cabinet officers, heads of departments, and clergymen.

The service at the President's residence closed at 2 o'clock and the procession was then formed, taking the line of Pennsylvania Avenue. As the procession started minute guns were fired and bells of all the churches commenced tolling. The streets were lined with people, and the roofs of all the houses along the route were covered with spectators.

First in the order of the procession was a detachment of colored troops, white regiments of infantry, artillery and cavalry, navy, marine and army officers on foot, the pall bearers in carriages. Next the hearse, drawn by six white horses, the coffin prominent to every beholder. The floor upon which it rested was strewn with evergreens, and the coffin was covered with white flowers. Then followed the President and cabinet, the diplomatic corps, members of Congress, governors of states, delegations from various states, fire companies civic associations, clerks of the various departments and others, all in the order of procession, together with many public and private carriages, all closing up with a large number of colored men. The body was conveyed to and deposited in the rotunda of the capital. This was the largest funeral procession that ever took place in Washington, one hour and a half being occupied in passing a given point. It was in the highest degree imposing.

In the rotunda Rev. Dr. Gurley made a few remarks, and then the remains were left to lie in state until taken to their final resting place at Springfield, Ill.

The nearest relatives of the late president's family, now at Washington, are his two sons, Capt. Robert and Thaddeus Lincoln, N. W. Edward and C. N. Culver of Springfield, brothers-in-law of the late president, and Dr. Lyman B. Todd, of Lexington, Ky., and Gen. J. B. Todd of Dacotah, cousins of Mrs. Lincoln. Mrs. Lincoln was not present at the funeral, and it is said that Mrs. Lincoln has not even seen her husband's corpse since the morning of his death.

On the Way Home.

The remains of President Lincoln left Washington on Friday at 8 A. M., going through Baltimore and Harrisburg, to Philadelphia, where they arrived last night. The remains will leave Philadelphia at 4 o'clock Monday morning, and arrive at New York at 10 o'clock, where they will remain till 4 P. M. on Tuesday, the 25th. They will arrive at Albany at 11 P. M.; leave Albany at 4 P. M. of the 26th; arrive at Buffalo at 7. A. M. of the 27th; leave Buffalo at 10.10; arrive at Cleveland at 7 A. M. of the 28th; leave Cleveland at midnight; arrive at Columbus at 7.30 A. M. of the 29th; leave Columbus at 8 P. M.; arrive at Indianapolis at 7 A. M. of the 30th; leave Indianapolis at midnight; arrive at Chicago at 11 A. M., May 1; leave Chicago at 9.30 P. M. of May 2d, and arrive at Springfield at 8 A. M., May 3d.

At the various points on the route where the remains are to be taken from the hearse car by State or municipal authorities, to receive public honors, the authorities will make such arrangements as may be fitting and appropriate to the occasion, under the direction of the military commander of the division, department, or district; but the remains will continue always under the special charge of the officers and escort assigned by the war department.

The assassination of an European ruler would unsettle all financial matters, if it did not inaugurate a new Government; but it is not so here. The murder of the President hardly affects the gold market, and does not in the least interfere with the operations of Government. The Vice President is sworn into the Presidential office the same day that the President dies, and all departments of the Government move on unimpaired. While such an event would have shaken the oldest monarchy to its foundations, it shows that this Government rests with the people, and remains firm through the shock of war and the terror of conspiracies.

There is evidence going to show that the horrible tragedy recently enacted at Washington was conceived in Canada, by secessionists there, with the sanction of parties at Richmond. The assassin of Mr. Seward is believed to be one of the St. Albans raiders. There is little doubt that others equally guilty are lurking around Washington, and that, if the plot had been carried out at an earlier day, a larger number of victims would have suffered.

Booth, the assassin of the President, has not yet been arrested, notwithstanding reports to the contrary are every day started. The rewards are so large, and the penalties so severe for harboring him, that he cannot much longer avoid arrest. Several of his accomplices are in custody.

General Lee is reported to have shut himself up, on hearing of the death of Lincoln, and refused to hear details. Roger Pryor, at Petersburg, stated that, in this crisis, the South had lost its best friend; and this is a general feeling among secessionists, now that the rebellion has failed.

The people of Illinois are already moving for a national monument to President Lincoln. A plat of ground containing six acres is set apart in the center of the city of Springfield for the burial place.

The Nation's Loss.

Amid the universal rejoicing of last week—when the country was wild with delight over victory and the dawning of peace—when all the bells were ringing merry peals of joy—when cannon were thundering forth the glad tidings, and the world smiled in the loveliness of spring—a terrible calamity burst upon the country, which darkened the whole horizon of the nation's hope, and engulfed the whole people in the deepest sorrow. President Lincoln had been assassinated! Everybody stood aghast, horrified and almost speechless at the intelligence. Yet it was true; and then joy was turned to mourning, and a wail of anguish went up to heaven.

Since the assassination of Julius Cæsar no event has occurred to move the world like this. Wherever civilization finds a home, wherever Christianity prevails, Abraham Lincoln will be mourned; and, through all the coming history of this nation, his name will be venersted like that of Washington. He was a plain, homely man, who always spoke clearly and to the purpose, and acted as sincerely as he spoke. He has been the Moses to lead the dark sons of Africa out of bondage and make the nation free. Under his sturdy hand the ship of State has been guided safely through the dangers of the rebellion; and, just as it was anchoring in the port of peace, he has been suddenly taken from us.

As George Washington was the Father of this country, so Abraham Lincoln had become its Saviour. With the hundreds and thousands of brave men who have fallen in defence of the Government he has fallen also.

It may be well that he has died thus. His blood will cement more strongly our national ties, and make us more fully realize the worth of what we have gained by years of suffering and bloodshed. The sacrifice is, indeed, great; yet, among all the people, who else could have been found better prepared or more willing to make it?

Words are not adequate to express the deep feeling of sorrow which this event has inspired. Emblems of mourning may signify much, but the secret, darkening sadness which every one feels must remain untold. It comes home to us at a time when each one feels that he owes a debt of gratitude to the nation's preserver.

The nation mourns, but it yields to the blow, blessing God that He gave the country such a man as Abraham Lincoln.

The New President.

The sudden death of Abraham Lincoln makes Vice President Andrew Johnson President of the United States. It will be interesting to many to know something of him, since his sudden elevation to the executive chair of the nation. He was born in Raleigh, N. C., Dec. 29, 1808, and became an orphan at an early age. It is reported that he was an inmate of the county almshouse for several years. He subsequently learned the trade of a tailor, and while an apprentice was taught the alphabet. His thirst for knowledge increased as he grew older, and he literally devoured almost every book that came in his way. He removed to Greenville, Tenn., in 1826, and established himself in business. He soon became a prominent man in the village, and was elected to important offices, going through the list from alderman, mayor, representative, senator, Congressman, finally to become Governor of Tennessee. He was re-elected Governor of Tennessee in 1855, and, at the expiration of his term, was elected U. S. Senator. March 4th, 1863, he was made military Governor of Tennessee, with the rank of Brigadier General. He was, from the first, a strong Union man, and the rebels both feared and hated him. Possessing strong intellectual powers, coupled with good sense, and large public experience, he was very readily taken as candidate for the Vice Presidency. Circumstances have transpired which place him in the highest office in the gift of the American people, and there is unbounded confidence in his ability to direct the helm of State. From him traitors will receive little sympathy, and in exchanging President Lincoln for him they will lose much of that mildness and leniency which has been shown them. In a few remarks which he made to the treasury clerks since the death of Mr. Lincoln, he said:

"I can only remark, my friends, that the people of the United States have always considered and treated arson as a great crime and murder as the greatest crime. I will show them the greatest crime is treason, and that as such it will be punished."

Similar remarks were made to a deputation of clergymen who called to pay their respects to the President. It is very evident that the sympathizers with secession will have to behave themselves now, and they clearly see it.

Hung in Black.—The demand for mourning drapery the past week brought forth about every yard of black cloth to be found in the country, and in many cases buildings could not be draped for want of material. In all northern cities the business streets were literally seas of waving black and white cloth, suspended from roof to walk. Flags trimmed with black, and other devices, expressive of the general sorrow were everywhere to be seen.

The Secretary of War offers, in addition to all other rewards, $100,000 for the arrest of Booth, the assassin of President Lincoln; also, $25,000 reward for the apprehension of G. A. Atzerot, one of Booth's accomplices, and $25,000 reward for Daniel C. Harold, another of Booth's accomplices. All persons harboring or aiding these men will be treated as companions in the assassination.

The plague has broken out in the East, and is travelling westward. At St. Petersburg ten thousand have died, and the cases average one hundred a day. Forty physicians had died at last accounts. All Europe is alarmed at its appearance. Precautionary measures are being adopted in all European cities.

Compelled to Leave.—Junius Brutus Booth, a brother of the assassin, who was announced to play last Saturday night in Cincinnati, was compelled to leave the city in hot haste.

The War.

The rebellion is fast fading out, and notwithstanding the death of President Lincoln the rebels will be pushed vigorously till they all lay down their arms. They are nearly all anxious to surrender on the same terms given to Gen. Lee, the guerrilla Mosby among the rest. It is a question whether his surrender should be accepted except upon his delivering himself up to be tried as an outlaw.

Mobile surrendered to our arms on Wednesday, last week, the troops withdrawing after the capture of forts Spanish and Blakely.

Gen. Sherman is pushing on after Johnston in North Carolina. He has captured Raleigh, and among his prisoners is Gov. Vance. A large amount of stores of all kinds were captured; Gen. Stoneman has been tearing up the railroads in North Carolina and captured Salisbury on Wednesday last. It has been reported that Johnston had surrendered to Sherman, but this is probably not correct. Davis has been to see Johnston, and it is not at all unlikely that he has instructed him to keep Sherman busy following him till he, (Davis). can get out of harm's way.

The death of Lincoln creates great indignation among the soldiers, and they are anxious to avenge his death. They are counselled to calmness by their officers.

The Old Flag Over Sumter.

The ceremony of raising the old flag over Fort Sumter occurred on Friday, last week, the fourth anniversary of the surrender of the Fort. The event attracted a large number of visitors to Charleston. Long before ten o'clock the streets and wharves were thronged with people. The negroes turned out by thousands, and white citizens were largely in attendance. All the national vessels were decked in colors, and salutes were fired at eight o'clock in honor of the capitulation of Lee. The monitors have never been up to the city before, and the curiosity to see them was great. The whole forenoon was occupied in transporting immense numbers of visitors to Fort Sumter. Detachments of marines and sailors, survivors of the assault on Fort Sumter, with the 129th New York and 35th Massachusetts Volunteers, were drawn up in a line to receive the visitors. Some time was passed in examining the fort before the ceremonies commenced. From 3000 to 4000 persons were present, including from 400 to 500 citizens of Charleston. Gens. Gillmore and Anderson arrived at noon. The eyes of the latter were filled with joy as he glanced at the flag-staff on which he was to hoist the old flag. Mr. Beecher arrived at 2 1-2 o'clock. The ceremonies commenced by singing the song and chorus entitled "Victory at last," and a prayer by a Rev. Mr. Harris, chaplain in the army, the same who offered prayer when Maj. Anderson removed his command to Sumter, Dec. 27th, 1860. Then followed reading from Psalms by Rev. Dr. Storrs and the people alternately.—Major Anderson's despatch announcing the fall of Fort Sumter was read by Gen. Townsend. The flag was then raised by Gen. Anderson, after some remarks suitable to the occasion. Tumultuous shouts welcomed the throwing of the flag to the breeze. A salute of 100 guns from Sumter and a national salute from the fleet and the forts in the harbor followed. The singing of the "Star Spangled Banner" ensued, the whole audience joining. Mr. Beecher then delivered an eloquent address.

Assassins Advertising for a Reward.—Among the circumstances tending to show that the plot to assassinate Mr. Lincoln and other members of the administration was encouraged by the secessionists, is an advertisement which appeared in the Selma Dispatch, an Alabama paper, last December, and which was copied into the newspapers here, offering, for a stipulated reward, to murder Mr. Lincoln, Andrew Johnson, and Wm. H. Seward:

"One Million Dollars Wanted, to Have Peace by the 1st of March.—If the citizens of the Southern Confederacy will furnish me with the cash, or good securities for the sum of one million dollars, I will cause the lives of Abraham Lincoln, Wm. H. Seward, and Andrew Johnson to be taken by the 1st of March next. This will give us peace, and satisfy the world that cruel tyrants cannot live in a 'land of liberty.' If this is not accomplished, nothing will be claimed beyond the sum of fifty thousand dollars, in advance, which is supposed to be necessary in order to reach and slaughter the three villains.

I will give, myself, one thousand dollars toward this patriotic purpose.

Every one wishing to contribute will address box X., Cahaba, Ala.

December 1, 1864.

The Stability of the Government, even on the day when the nation was mourning the assassination of its head, is significantly indicated that the sale of the 7-30 Loan on Saturday were over $3.700,000. Political assassination is the height of folly as well as crime when directed against the President of a Republic. Its object commonly is to overturn a government by the death of an individual or family; but the safety of free States does not depend on individuals, or families, and as long as a dozen men remain in them, there can be no difficulty in obtaining a Chief-Magistrate.

One of the Conspirators.—Surratt who is believed to have been the ruffian who attempted to take the life of Secretary Seward, is described as having been for many years a desperado of the worst character. Not long since, a suit was brought against him by a young lady residing across Eastern Branch, for seduction, and so desperate was his character that, for some time, the officers were afraid to serve the writ; but one of them, by lying in ambush, succeeded in taking him.

The Extra Session of Congress.—It is stated that Speaker Colfax has given up his intended journey to California, as he deems an extra session of Congress inevitable. President Lincoln, before going to the army, prepared a call for an extra session, which was signed by himself and by Secretary Seward, to be used in case of accident. His safe return rendered this paper null and void, and he determined, on the afternoon before he was murdered, not to have an extra session. P. S.—Mr. Colfax is going to California.

The De Facto Vice Puesident.—The death of Mr. Lincoln has placed Mr. Johnson in the vacant Presidential chair. In the event of the death or removal of Mr. Johnson, the next in succession is Mr. Lafayette S. Foster, who, as President *pro tem.* of the Senate by the act of Congress, is *de facto* Vice President of the United States.

Letter from His Brother.—Edwin Booth has written a letter expressive of his regret and anguish at the murder of the President by the hand of his brother. The manager of the Boston theater at which he was playing has released him from his engagement.

Letter from Richmond.

Richmond, Va., April 11th, 1865.

You see by the heading that I, (with the army,) am at the long coveted city. I came up the James, passing the torpedoes, (their location marked by a red flag which a reb Lieutenant who put the torpedoes down, assisted in finding, and thus marked their location. Being thus known vessels are able to shun them) sunken vessels and spiles, forts without number surmounted with guns of fearful magnitude, commanding nearly every rod of the river for 12 or 15 miles from Richmond down. I am now stopping at the famous Spottswood house, the only hotel now open in the city, and although the necessaries (catables) of life have been for a long time past nearly lost sight of, yet as if by magic, with the advent of Uncle Sam's boys they are brought forth in abundance. Meat, of all kinds, bread, butter, cheese, eggs, potatoes, asparagus, onions, &c., &c., are now served up without stint. Board is four dollars a day. Prices have declined about 1000 per cent. since the evacuation.—One dollar—greenback—buys as much as one hundred—reb trash—did before our arrival. Now the confederate currency is utterly worthless, except as waste paper.

The first objects of interest seen as the city is neared, are the gunboats, canal boats, &c., or rather wrecks of them, for they were nearly all burned or blown up by the rebs as they left, but the most appalling are the ruins caused by the fire. The loss is estimated at not less than one hundred and twenty million dollars on a gold basis. The best business part of the city is now a mass of smoldering ruins. The buildings comprised nearly all the banks, machine shops, storage houses, &c. The cost of one building only, without the machinery, was seven hundred thousand dollars, ($700,000.) This was a flouring mill, fifteen stories high. Large quantities of tobacco, bacon, grain &c., were in the buildings destroyed. Probably not less than forty acres of ground were burned over. The capital, custom-house and the governor's house, alone of the public buildings, remain. Libby Prison has changed its occupants. Reb prisoners now grace its large, loathsome apartments. Justice, though it lingered so long, has at last overtaken that Sodom and Gomorrah of the 19th century. The city is filled to overflowing with Union and rebel soldiers and Union and rebel citizens. The Union citizens are those that have arrived since we occupied the city. The old residents are cowed but not converted, but I think time and Yankee associations will bring them round. To-day I saw a novel sight for this city—a squad of white prisoners, some of them of the F. F. V's marched through the street led by a colored sergeant, and followed by a colored private with a fixed bayonet. Scenes of this kind add a hundred fold to their mortification and shame. It is understood that Gen. Breckenridge gave the order for the firing of the city and also of the shutting off of the water so that the fire could not be quenched. This is pronounced by the inhabitants a diabolical act, and has made more Union men than could have been made any other way. Gen. Lee is expected this way soon. Jeff is not expected this way at present. He converted everything convertible into gold before he left—report says several millions. The citizens are taking the oath of allegiance to a very great extent. It is a bitter pill but must be swallowed if they would receive protection, and all are willing to accept that. I have visited the Powhattan estate about a mile down the river, and stood upon the stone upon which the head of Capt. John Smith was placed to receive the fatal blow, and also the stone that marks the grave of the Indian chief, Powhattan. I think there is more suffering in this city than the citizens are willing to acknowledge. The fire has ruined many that before were well off. There does not seem to be much money here, and it will probably be a long time before the city will be rebuilt unless it is done by parties north of Mason & Dixon's line. But I forget myself; that line, I believe, is rubbed out. The citizens are surprised at the kind treatment they receive from the Yankee army. I think they really expected their lives were in danger and their property would be destroyed. For several days few ventured out on the street either from a fear or mortification, or both. Provisions are rather scarce but I think none will suffer that have the greenbacks. Yours truly,

O. H. B.

Assassination.—None but villains of the deepest dye resort to assassination. Indeed few men can be found, who are base and vile enough to steal upon a man unawares and take his life. It is cowardly as it is brutish. In a semi-barbarous age it was not an uncommon way of getting rid of tyranical rulers, to make room for others who laid claim to power. In the assassination of President Lincoln no motive as high as either of these could have prevailed. The rebellion had been crushed, and nothing could be hoped by the rebels from Lincoln's death. It was but the hellish, fiendish spirit of revenge which the defeated villains of secession desired to wreak upon the north by murdering the President. Their revenge is gratified but the sword of Justice is sharp and will overtake them in their wickedness.

"Is there a crime
Beneath the roof of heaven that stains the soul
Of man, with more infernal hope than damned
Assassination?"

The Fatal Bullet.—The New York Herald states that, about eight or ten days ago, Booth was in New York, drinking profusely, and, while under the influence of liquor, declared his intention to kill President Lincoln, and exhibited a nicked bullet, which, he said, was to do the deed. His talk was always bold and reckless, but his friends never thought he had the heart of an assassin.

Extensive Fire in New York.—Last Sunday morning, a fire broke out in the extensive cooperage establishment of A. T. Briggs, on Water street, which was destroyed, together with four bonded warehouses and their contents, and a lumber-yard owned by J. Duryea. The warehouses were owned by Mr. Briggs and kept by Mr. Denison. The total loss is estimated at $1,500,000.

The Men Surrendered by Lee.—It has been stated that Gen. Lee had turned over only eight thousand men, and it was supposed that the best portion of his army was sent to Johnston before the completion of the negotiation for surrender. This statement is incorrect. He has turned over, under the articles of capitulation, over thirty-five thousand men, with a hundred and fifty pieces of artillery, and ten thousand stand of arms.

A Guerilla Leader to be Hung.—Powell Hardeman, a noted leader of a band of guerillas, was captured at Pulaski a few days ago by Col. W. E. Gilmore, whose plantation was visited by Hardeman some months ago and $9000 worth of property destroyed. He was tried by court martial and sentenced to be hung, which has been approved by the commanding general.

PALMER AND VICINITY.

The slips of the Baptist church will be rented next Monday evening.

In Want of a Shepherd.—The Baptist church and society of this village are in want of a pastor.

Dea. Abraham Haskell, formerly of Monson, died at Janesville, Wis., on the 4th inst., at the age of 81. He was a useful, christian citizen.

Rev. C. H. Hanaford, of the Methodist church at Four Corners, will preach a sermon on the death of President Lincoln to-morrow (Sabbath) afternoon.

The Palmer Quartette Club, assisted by Misses Glazier and Stebbins, will give a concert in Wales next Tuesday evening, and in Warren on Wednesday evening.

Enlargement of a Cemetery.—The selectmen have purchased of E. Converse three acres of land adjoining the depot cemetery, for its enlargement. They paid the modest price of $300 per acre.

The Tract Journal gives credit to Deacon A. W. Porter of Monson for $600 contributed to the Tract Society in the month of February. Dea. Porter is always liberal in his contributions to benevolent objects.

The opening ball at the Palmer House, on Friday evening, last week, was largely attended; and Mr. Merriam, the proprietor, convinced his guests that he knew how to keep a hotel. The house has received additions to its furniture, making it comfortable, pleasant, and a good place to stop at.

The exhibition of the Thorndike Dramatic Club in that village on Fast Day evening was a brilliant entertainment, according to the testimony of those who attended, and they were many, filling the house to overflowing. The several characters were played with remarkable effect, eliciting frequent applause.

There are copperheads and Northern traitors black hearted enough to rejoice at the death of Abraham Lincoln, and who have not the prudence to conceal their feelings. One or two such have been found in Monson, who, on being told that the President was dead, said they were d—d glad of it. The people of Monson can hardly refrain from laying violent hands upon such recreants.

The news of President Lincoln's assassination caused much excitement in this town.—People gathered on the walks to talk about it, and it was difficult to conceal the emotion which every one felt. All the bells were tolled when the telegraph announced that the President was dead, and flags were run up at half-mast. On Sunday morning Rev. Dr. Vaill preached a discourse appropriate to the occasion, and in the evening Rev. Wm. K. Vaill delivered an address of a similar character.

Wednesday was, indeed, a sad and mournful day, resembling the Sabbath more than a week day. Bells were tolled at sunrise and at twelve o'clock. After the morning hours all business was suspended, and the stores were closed. Tokens of mourning were displayed all along the streets. At 12 o'clock, funeral services were held at the Cong. church, which were pretty generally attended by our citizens.

☞ Rebel officers who surrendered with Lee's army transacted a brisk business in disposing of their horses to the officers of the Union army, and showed their appreciation of the finances of Jeff Davis' confederacy by a universal refusal to take rebel money in payment.

Another Canadian Raid.—Information has been received by the Government that an oganized band of 130 men are in Carrolton county, Canada, preparing to make a raid on Ogdensburg or Rochester. Measures are being taken to give them a warm reception.

Whiskers!—Those wishing a fine set of whiskers, a nice moustache, or a beautiful head of glossy hair, will please read the card of Thos. F. Chapman in another part of this paper.

Again and Again.—Our readers may think it strange that we so often urge upon their attention a medicinal preparation. Already have we, for a number of weeks, urged the importance of a supply of Coe's Cough Balsam in the house ready for immediate use. But our excuse is the vast amount of sickness, sorrow and death that are the immediate result of sudden coughs, colds and pulmonary attacks; while thousands of children are dying from croup and lung complaints. Time and experience have proved that Coe's Cough Balsam is the most reliable preparation ever known to the world. Like magic it relieves the irritation of the throat, removes the stoppages that prevent breathing in croup, and heals all soreness of the throat, chest and lungs. No man should neglect to supply his family with a safe and reliable medicine like Coe's Cough Balsam, any more than he should neglect the supply of their daily bread. It costs but forty cents, and the bottles contain twice as much as those of any other remedy at the same cost, while in merit it is superior to all others. All drug stores keep it for sale.

A Card to Invalids.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *Free of Charge.*

Address JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D., Bible House, New York City.

Whiskers! Whiskers!

Do you want Whiskers or Mustaches? Our Grecian Compound will force them to grow on the smoothest face or chin, or hair on bald heads, in six weeks. Price, $1. Sent by mail anywhere, closely sealed, on receipt of price. Address
1sd24 WARNER & Co., Brooklyn, New York.

TO THE NERVOUS, DEBILITATED AND DESPONDENT OF BOTH SEXES.

A great sufferer having been restored to health in a few days after many years of misery, is willing to assist his suffering fellow creatures by sending (free), on the receipt of a postpaid addressed envelope, a copy of the *formula* of cure employed. Direct to JOHN M. DAGNALL,
my19 Box 183 Post Office, Brooklyn, N. Y.

UNION LOSSES.—The Union losses in the recent battles near Petersburg are said to have been overstated. They will not probably, all told, exceed ten or eleven thousand. The Medical Director at City Point, estimates the number of wounded in the retreat of Lee, at five thousand. This was all he was instructed to make provision for.

☞ On the night of the 3d inst., the safe of the Ohio Farmers' Insurance Company, at Westfield, Ohio, was robbed of $60,000 in U. S. bonds.

☞ Tennessee has unanimously ratified the constitutional amendment abolishing slavery. She is the twentieth State so doing.

To Consumptives.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a Sure Cure For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sofferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address. REV. EDWARD A. WILSON.
3m. Williamsburgh, Kings County, New York.

A CARD.—MR. EDITOR:—In reply to many letters and inquiries from people in this section of the country, the undersigned take great pleasure in saying through the columns of your paper, that our renowned preparation known as COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE, is a certain cure for Dyspepsia, in its worst stages. Many cures of long standing, within our own acquaintance, have been completely and we believe permanently cured. It will stop distress after eating almost instantaneously, and enables the dyspeptic who has lived for years upon Graham bread and the plainest diet, to eat as heartily as he pleases, and anything he chooses, without danger of distress, or souring, or rising on the stomach. It is an infallible corrector of indigestion and constipation, creates a healthy appetite, stops sick-headache, heart-horn, sickness at the stomach, pains, cramps, or colic in either stomach or bowels, and sweetens offensive breath, as soon as you take it, and by enabling the patient to take plenty of hearty food, "which is the parent of health," produces vigor, strength and energy. In every trial we have known it has speedily eradicated Dyspepsia with all its attendant sufferings, weaknesses, debility, and loss of power, giving instead, a proper activity and tone to the stomach and organs of digestion, and as we confidently believe, and as the published certificates in our circulars, almanacs, and in many of the leading Journals, from convalescent patients will *confirm*, completly, permanently, and almost miraculously "cure the worst case of Dyspepsia in existence." We warrant it in every instance. It can be obtained at all the Drug Stores in the United States and Canadas, at $1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. C. G. CLARK & CO.,
1y14. Proprietors, New Haven, Ct.

If You Want to Know

A little of everything relating to the human system, male and female; the causes and treatment of diseases; the marriage customs of the world; how to marry well, and a thousand things never published before, read the revised and enlarged edition of "MEDICAL COMMON SENSE," a curious book for curious people, and a good book for every one. 400 pages, 100 illustrations. Price, $1 50. Content tables sent free to any address. Books may be had at the bookstores, or will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of the price. Address
E. B. FOOTE, M. D.,
ja28 6m 1130 Broadway, New York.

Old Eyes Made New.

A Pamphlet directing how to speedily restore sight and give up spectacles, without the aid of doctor or medicine. Sent by mail, free, on receipt of 10 cents. Address E. B. FOOTE, M. D.,
6mja28. 1130 Broadway, New York.

REEVES' ORIGINAL
REEVES' GENUINE
REEVES' RELIABLE
AMBROSIA,
FOR THE GROWTH, BEAUTY, AND PRESERVATION OF THE HAIR.

One of the Many Testimonials.

NEW YORK, September, 1862.

I have many evidences to prove that Reeves' Ambrosia is all it is represented to be. I will state a few facts—could relate many more, give the names, residences, etc.

About two years ago I purchased some of Reeves' Ambrosia for my customers. Many, perhaps, bo't it with but little faith in its excellence. But seeing the same ones return time and time again for "another bottle," led me to inquire as to the result of their experience. I was assured by all of benefits obtained beyond expectation. Hair falling out was prevented, that turning gray was arrested, the thin and slowly growing hair was made to grow thick and rapid; in fact and were pleased and highly elated. An instance showing the remarkable effects of its use for one year, came to my knowledge as follows: A lady, (one of my customers) who informed me that this preparation had caused her hair to grow, proved the truth of her assertion by removing her bonnet and letting down her beautiful hair. Measuring its length, it showed a growth of 3 feet and 9 inches since using Reeves' Ambrosia. I hear many speak in its praise, and can confidently recommend it from my own experience.

Miss S. MOODY, 319 Grand Street.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30, 1862.

Proprietor of Reeves' Ambrosia—Dear Sir:—Noticing upon one of your circulars a statement from Miss S. Moody, and believing that the person referred to is none other than myself, I desire to fully corrobrate her statement as I did on one occasion, while in her store, discussing the merits of your Ambrosia, remove my bonnet to show a proof of the excellence of your preparation. I would at any time give you a certificate in detail. Shall recommend it all I can, believing it to be infallible. Yours, gratefully,
Mrs. JOS. T. LOVELL.

REEVES' AMBROSIA is for sale by all Druggists, and at 62 Fulton Street, N. Y.
☞ Price, 75 Cents per Bottle. d106m.
For sale in Palmer by WOOD & ALLEN, General Agents for Mass.

MR. EDITOR—Dear Sir:—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send, by return mail to all who wish it, (free) a recipe with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm that will effectually remove, in ten days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth, and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads and Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than thirty days.

All applications answered by return mail without charge. Respectfully yours,
THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
m4 3m 831 Broadway, New York.

Dr. S. O. Richardson's
BLOOD-ROOT ELIXIR
Is an effectual cure for
COSTIVENESS,
and the best remedy ever prepared for
DISEASES OF THE LIVER, and all IMPURITIES OF THE BLOOD.
Sold by all druggists, and at the Doctor's office, 51 Hanover street, Boston. o296m*

MARRIED.

In Belchertown, 13th, by Rev. W. N. Fay, Rev. E. HAYDEN WATROUS of Harwick, R. I., formerly of Palmer, and Mrs. MARY E. BLODGETT of Springfield.

In West Brookfield, 12th, by Rev. C. A. Forbes, of Coleraine, AUSTIN P. FENTON and SARAH A. FORBES of Monson.

In Stafford Springs, 20th, by Rev. A. W. Ide, SAMUEL L. DRESSER of North Coventry, and DELPHINE SPICER of South Coventry.

DIED.

In Palmer, 16th, MARY R., 34, widow of the late Albert P. Chapman, and only daughter of A. V. Blanchard.

In Springfield, 16th, Mrs. S. B. CHAPIN, 64, widow of Samuel Chapin, Jr., of South Wilbraham.

In Lee, 7th, Mrs. MARY TAYLOR, 80.

In Ware, 16th, Mrs. MARY DEAN, 49.

In Orcuttville, 14th, HARRISON HOWE, 36. One of nature's noblemen, Mr. H. stood among the citizens of Stafford as a man without an enemy. His funeral was largely attended by mourning citizens.

In Stafford, 14th, the widow of Hon. Calvin Willey, formerly of Tolland.

GOLD LOWER! GOODS LOWER!

LOOK AT PRICES!

Good Brown Sugar,	9 lb for	$1.00
Porto Rico do.,	7 " "	1.00
Coffee do.,	6 " "	1.00
Granulated, Pulv., and Crushed do.,	5 " "	1.00
Porto Rico Molasses,	per gallon,	.90
Good do.,	"	.75
Best quality Tea,	per pound,	1.25
Good do.,	"	.75

WE HAVE A
LARGE STOCK OF GROCERIES,
Bought at the LOWEST FIGURES.
CALL AND SEE THEM
—AT—
NEWTON & CO'S,
Nassowanno Block, Palmer.

FARMERS, ATTENTION!

DO you want to raise LARGE CROPS this season? If so buy largely of
Bone Dust, Super Phosphate of Lime, Lodi Poudrette, and Fish Guano,
and your wants will be realized. For sale by
E. E. TOWNE, Monson.

HAMS! DRIED BEEF!
HAMS! DRIED APPLES!
ALL KINDS OF FISH!
At NEWTON & Co's . . . Palmer. Mass.

SPICES, of all varieties, Raisins, Citron, Extracts, Bluing, Pepper Sauce, Tomato Ketchup, At NEWTON & Co's, Pamler.

REMOVED.

I HAVE removed my shop from Commercial Block to the new building adjoining the Journal Office, where I am prepared to make
BOOTS AND SHOES.
and do REPAIRING at short notice.
CALVIN HITCHCOCK.
Palmer, April 8, 1865.

ASSESSOR'S NOTICE.

THE inhabitants of the town of Palmer are hereby notified to bring in to the assessors of said Palmer, at the town house, on Monday, the first day of May, a true list of their polls and estates, both real and personal, (not exempted from taxation) of which they are possessed on said first day of May. JOHN CLOUGH, } Assessors
AUSTIN R. SMITH. } of
JAMES GAMWELL, } Palmer.
Palmer, April 21, 1865. 2w.

A TIMELY WARNING.

DISEASES of the Urinary and Sexual Organs, the result of Self-abuse, Sexual Excesses, &c. Reports on the above, supplying the means of cure, sent free on receipt of a red stamp.
Address JOHN D. WILLIAMS,
a21. P. O. box, 2853, Philadelphia, Pa.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS,
White Lead and Snow White Zinc, Fresh Ground Brandon Brown and Yellow,
And a General Assortment of Colors,
For sale at LOW PRICES for Cash.

I HAVE secured the services of two of the best Painters in this vicinity, and am prepared to do jobs of
PAINTING, GLAZING, WHITEWASHING, PAPERING, &c., &c.
☞ Orders promptly attended to.
Ware, April 15, 1865. GEO. ROBINSON.

AGRICULUURAL TOOLS.

I have a FINE ASSORTMENT of
PLOWS, CULTIVATORS, SHOVELS, HOES, FORKS, &c., &c.,
Which I shall sell at PEACE PRICES.
GEO. ROBINSON.
Ware, April 12, 1865.

New Styles of
PAPER HANGINGS & BORDERS,
CURTAINS, of various kinds, CURTAIN FIXTURES, Cord and Tassels, a great variety.
Also, a good assortment of
Books, Stationery, Music, Periodicals,
And NEWSPAPERS for sale.
Ware, March 4—3m. G. K. CUTLER.

PUMPS! PUMPS!
BEMIS'
DOUBLE PLATFORM PUMP!
One of the Greatest Inventions of the Age!

While other pumps are invariably operated by a person's strength, these are operated by a person's whole weight in addition to his strength, which any one can see is a great acquisition of power.

These pumps are simple, easily worked, and besides they cannot freeze in winter. They are adapted to all places, and especially those where a large amount of water is required to be raised. They must be very durable for two reasons—they are a double pump, and each motion of the plungers raises about three times the amount of water that is raised by the common suction pump, which makes six times less wear in raising the same amount of water.

This pump was patented Aug. 9, 1864, by Wm. A. Bemis, of Lyndon Centre, Vt. Re-issued, Jan. 31, 1865.

Please examine this pump, which is in practical operation at
S. B. WITHERELL'S Stove & Furnace Warehouse, N. 1, Main St., (West end) WARE.
and judge of its merits by your own observation and experience.
Ware, April 15, 1865. 3m

PAINTING.

THE subscribers have taken the shop lately occupied by A. M. Titus, and will attend to all orders for
Painting, Graining, Paper Hanging, &c.,
at short notice. Special attention given to
SIGN PAINTING.
GRAVES & CLARK.
Palmer, April 8, 1865.

COPARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned has associated with himself STEPHEN J. HAMILTON, ALEXIS COURIER, and HERBERT S. LINCOLN, as partners, in the Crockery, Glass, and China Ware business, to date from March 1, 1865, which will be carried on hereafter under the firm of Hamilton & Co., at the old stand, Union Block, 197 Main st., Springfield. JOHN HAMILTON.

John Hamilton will devote his attention most particularly to the wholesaling of Kerosene Oil, Burning Fluid, Benzine, and Spirits Turpentine, orders for which will be received for the present at the above named place of business. ap15Im

NOTICE!

P. P. KELLOGG and C. M. TINKHAM have formed a copartnership under the name of Kellogg & Tinkham, and will do business at the old staud of P. P. Kellogg.
Palmer, April 1, 1865. a83w.

APRIL 1, 1865.

FALL
—IN—
GOLD!
FALL
—IN—
Merchandize!

I HAVE THIS DAY
REDUCED THE PRICE
—OF—
MY STOCK OF GOODS
TO THEIR
GOLD VALUE,
COMPRISING ALL MY
DRESS GOODS,
DOMESTIC GOODS,
Gent's Furnishing Goods,
READY-MADE
CLOTHING,
Boots & Shoes,
CARPETINGS,
CROCKERY, GLASS WARE,
&c., &c., &c.

ANY PART OF MY STOCK
CAN BE BOUGHT AT
LOW FIGURES,

W. W. CROSS,
PALMER, 1865.

SPRING SALES!

DRY GOODS AND CARPETS!

TINKHAM & CO.,
SPRINGFIELD ..... MASS.,
Now offer
A NEW AND SPLENDID STOCK
OF NEW SPRING GOODS,
All bought at the recent **Panic Prices**, and to be sold at prices fully corresponding to the lowest point reached. Every department full of Choice Goods, the whole making by far
THE LARGEST AND MOST ATTRACTIVE Stock in Western Massachusetts,
to which the attention of purchasers in this part of the state is invited.

WE KNOW WE CAN MAKE IT AN OBJECT FOR PURCHASERS
of Dry Goods and Carpets to visit Springfield, to visit our store and buy their goods of us. No effort will be spared to make those who favor us with a call satisfied that what we claim is correct. Particular attention is paid to
DRESS GOODS,
of every kind, including a very large and desirable variety of
MOURNING DRESS GOODS,
Choice stock of
WHITE GOODS,
Rich Embroideries, Laces, Trimmings, and Fancy Goods,
SILKS, in all Colors,
SUPERB BLACK SILKS,
SPRING CLOAKS,
Mantillas, Shawls, CLOAKINGS,
☞ The Largest Stock in the City. Garments made to order.
Immense stock of
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.
Extra Bargains in
COTTONS AND LINENS.
A Heavy Stock, bought since the recent Large Fall in Value.
CARPETS, CARPETS,
Carpets have also felt the pressure, and can now be sold at a large discount from old prices. We are fully prepared to offer the best terms possible, and have a larger and better stock than can be found in this region, particularly in all the better grades of carpets—goods that are not found out of the larger cities. Our stock includes every kind and description of Carpet Goods.
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS.
CURTAINS AND CURTAIN GOODS,
WINDOW SHADES,
☞ The best variety in Springfield. ☜

New Goods will be Received Daily
DURING THE SEASON.
THE LARGEST AND BEST LIGHTED Dry Goods Store in New England, out of Boston.
184, 186, 188 MAIN STREET,
a15 SPRINGFIELD. 4m

"A Word to the Wise is Sufficient."

D. H. BRIGHAM & CO.,
OF SPRINGFIELD,
ADVERTISED two weeks ago to give special attention to the
Retail Clothing Trade,
And for the past ten days have had
A CONTINUOUS RUSH!
They are selling their Goods Regardless of Cost!
As the panic has reduced the price of many goods about one-half, and
THEY ARE BOUND TO SELL!
AN EARLY CALL will secure
SPLENDID BARGAINS,
and insure
An Immense Stock to Select From!
What's the use of Paying a Profit?
BUY AT PANIC PRICES AT
D. H. BRIGHAM & CO'S
Wholesale and Retail Clothing House,
a1 SPRINGFIELD, MASS. 3m

POTASH, at NEWTON & CO'S, Palmer.
Of the best quality

Manhood: How Lost, How Restored.

JUST PUBLISHED, a new edition of DR. CULVERWELL'S CELEBRATED ESSAY on the Radical Cure (without medicine) of Spermatorrhœa, or seminal weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and physical Incapacity; Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

☞ Price, in a sealed envelope, only six cents. The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine, or the application of the knife—pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sofferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.

☞ This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cents or two post stamps. Address the publishers,
CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, Post Office Box 4,586.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

WE ARE NOW RECEIVING A NEW LINE OF
Dry Goods and Groceries,
Bought since the Fall of Richmond,
which we will sell
At the Lowest Cash Prices.
We have a Large Stock of Men's and Boys'
CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, &C.,
which we are determined to sell.
Please call before purchasing elsewhere.
KELLOGG & TINKHAM.
Palmer, April 8, 1865. tf.

WOODS' Celebrated Dry Hop Yeast, for sale at PARKS' STORE, Palmer

ENVELOPES, embellished with Business Cards, furnished at this office.

GOLD AT 150,
—AND—
MY PRICES
For all kinds of Goods
ARE MARKED TO CORRESPOND.

Good Prints, Fast Colors,	20 cts.
All others,	22@25
Best DeLaines,	30
7-8 Brown Cottons,	20
Nice yard wide, do.	20
Best 9-8 do., do.,	37½
Larg't size best qual. Ladies' Nubias,	1 25
Heavy Long Shawls, largest size,	7 00
Best quality do.,	11 00
More Ladies' Rubber Boots,	2 50
More Ladies' Rubber Sandals,	1 00
Colored Cambrics (slightly soiled),	17
A lot of shop worn shoes,	75
Good Bleached Cottons,	20, 30, @40
Good Cot. and Wool Flannels,	40@60
Heavy Cotton Goods, for suits,	80
Good Balmoral Skirts,	$3@$4.50
Nice Alpaccas,	50@75
Best All Wool Delaines,	75
Heavy yard wide Cottons,	37½
Heaviest Cottons made,	45
A lot of Ladies' Cambric Collars, half price.	
Six pounds Good Brown Sugar for	$1.00
Five and 5½ pounds very choice do.,	1.00
4½ pounds Crushed & Granulated do.,	1.00
Good Molasses, for	.80@.90
Best Porto Rico in the world,	1.00

All-widths OIL CLOTHS, Palm Leaf MATTRASSES, HOOP SKIRTS, every size from 6 to 40 springs.

A variety of SUGARS; several kinds of MOLASSES and SYRUPS; TEAS and COFFEES.

☞ Remember the French Breakfast and Dinner Coffee.

VARIOUS GRADES OF FLOUR,
From the cheapest to the best made. BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, RYE FLOUR, GRAHAM FLOUR, CORN AND RYE MEAL, always on hand.

Just Received, a lot of *SMITH'S PARAFINE*, for Boots, Harnesses, or any Leather work. The *only sure Water Proof Leather Preserver* known, and will be furnished by the dozen or gross, at New York prices.

Always on hand an assortment of
Clocks, Trunks, Toys and Fancy Goods,
Cooking Extracts and Perfumeries;
All the popular *PATENT MEDICINES*,
In STONE and WOODEN WARE, the usual variety.
Crockery and Glass Ware, enough of it.
HATS AND CAPS,
a good stock at all times. Also,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
for Men and Boys, and as good a variety of Ladies', Misses', and Childrens', Shoes, in Leather and Serge Work, as can be found, in stores out of the cities.

Recollect, I always have
A LARGE STOCK OF GOODS,
At *PRICES TO SUIT THE PEOPLE* and the times, all marked in plain figures, and
ONE PRICE ONLY.

☞ Every one who owes me is requested to make immediate payment, as a change in business is contemplated. E. E. TOWNE.
Monson, Feb. 25, 1865.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

PROBATE COURT. HAMPDEN, ss.

To all persons interested in the Estate of Ezra Perry, jr., late of Brimfield, in said County deceased, Greeting:

Whereas, A. W. Porter, Executor of the will of said deceased, has presented for allowance the first and final account of his administration upon the estate of said deceased:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Springfield, in said county of Hampden, on the fourth Tuesday of April current, at nine o'clock before noon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be allowed. And said A. W. Porter is ordered to serve this Citation by publishing or causing to be published the same once a week, in the Palmer Journal, a newspaper printed at Palmer, three weeks successively, the first publication to be fourteen days, at least before said Court, and by sending, or causing to be sent, a written or printed copy hereof, properly mailed, postage prepaid to each of the heirs, devisees, or legatees of said deceased, or their legal representatives, known to the petitioner, within two days of the date of said first publication.

Witness, WILLIAM S. SHURTLEFF, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this sixth day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five. SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.
Copy—attest, SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register

COMMONWEALTH of MASSACHUSETTS, Hampden, ss.

To all persons interested in the estate of Amasa Switzer, late of Monson, in said county, deceased, Greeting:

Whereas, Austin Foller, administrator with the will annexed, of the estate of said deceased, has presented for allowance the first and final account of his administration upon the estate of said deceased:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Springfield, in said county, on the fourth Tuesday of April next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be allowed.

And said administrator is ordered to serve this Citation by publishing the same once a week, three weeks successively, in the Palmer Journal, a newspaper printed at Palmer, the first publication to be fourteen days at least before said Court, and by sending, or causing to be sent, a written or printed copy hereof, properly mailed, postage prepaid, to each of the heirs, devisees, or legatees of said deceased, or their legal representatives, known to said administrator, within two days of said first publication.

Witness, WILLIAM S. SHURTLEFF, Esquire Judge of said Court, this seventh day of March, in the year one thousand, eight hundred and sixty-five. SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.
Copy—attest SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

MEAL.

BOLTED MEAL, FLOUR,
RYE MEAL, CORN,
GRASS SEEDS, RYE,
Will be found
At NEWTON & Co's, Palmer,
At the Lowest Figures.

ANOTHER LOT Fresh Ground of KENT'S East India and OLMITZ' COFFEES,
The best out. At NEWTON & CO'S, Nassowanno Block, Palmer.

TOBACCO OF ALL KINDS,
Cavendish, Navy, Fine Cut Chewing, Killekinic Smoking.
We would call particular attention to our Navy Tobacco, that we are selling at 75 cents ₱ lb.
NEWTON & CO.,
Nassowanno Block . . . . Palmer, Mass.

SOAPS, SOAPS!
BURWELLS, Babbitt's, Castile and Common, at NEWTON & CO'S, Palmer.

ANY BOOK WANTED!

CAN be obtained at short notice by leaving orders at our store. A select assortment of STANDARD WORKS on hand, together with TOY BOOKS and BOOKS FOR YOUTH.
Also, different styles of
Pocket Bibles and Testaments,
PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, &C.
Give us a Call.
WOOD & ALLEN,
Palmer, Feb. 11, 1865. tf

FLOUR
Of all grades, FOR SALE LOW for cash,
AT A. H. PARKS' STORE,
West end of Palmer House Block, Palmer, Mass

SMITH & CONVERSE,
Successors to M. W. FRENCH & BRO.
Have on Hand a Choice Lot of
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes,
&c., &c., &c.
YARD WIDE COTTONS,
VERY CHEAP.
New Spring Style DeLaines, Very Handsome.
Also, a large assortment of
SPRING SKIRTS,
All Styles and Prices.
GIVE US A CALL.
GEO. F. SMITH. JOHN S. CONVERSE
Palmer, Mass., 1865.

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, the undersigned has assumed the General subscription Agency for the sale of United States Treasury Notes, bearing seven and three-tenths per cent. interest, per annum, known as the
SEVEN-THIRTY LOAN.

These Notes are issued under date of June 15th, 1865, and are payable three years from that time, in currency, or are convertible at the option of the holder into

U. S. 5-20 Six per cent. Gold Bearing Bonds.

These bonds are now worth a premium which increases the actual profit on the 7-30 loan, and its exemption from *State and Municipal Taxation*, adds from one to three per cent. more, according to the rate levied on other property. The interest is payable in currency semi-annually, by coupons attached to each note, which may be cut off and sold to any bank or banker.

The interest amounts to

One Cent per Day on a $50 Note.		
Two "	"	$100 "
Ten "	"	$500 "
Twenty "	"	$1000 "
$1 "	"	$5000 "

Notes of all the denominations named will be promptly furnished upon receipt of subscriptions, and the notes forwarded at once. The interest to 15th June next will be paid to advance. This is

THE ONLY LOAN IN MARKET,

now offered by the Government, and it is confidently expected that its superior advantages will make it

The Great Popular Loan of the People.

Less than $300,000,000 of the Loan authorized by the last Congress are now on the market. This amount, at the rate at which it is being absorbed, will all be subscribed for within four months, when the notes will undoubtedly command a premium, as uniformly been the case on closing the subscriptions to other Loans.

In order that citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loan, the National Banks, State Banks, and Private Bankers throughout the country have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will select their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent,
PHILADELPHIA.

Subscriptions will be received by the
First National Bank of Springfield.
Second National Bank of Springfield.
Third National Bank of Springfield.
Ware National Bank of Ware.
Monson National Bank of Monson.
f25 Stafford National Bank of Stafford. 3m

FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS,
And Dealers in Government Securities,
38 Wall Street, New York,
—ARE—
U. S. GOVERNMENT AGENTS,
FOR THE SALE OF THE
POPULAR 7-30 LOAN,
Under the recent arrangement of the Treasury Department with Mr. JAY COOKE, General Subscription Agent.

Checks and Drafts on New York, Legal Tender Notes, and National Bank Notes may be remitted in payment. We also receive all Legal Tender *Five per cent.* Notes, and allow the *accrued interests to date of subscription.*

The 7-30 Notes will be forwarded by express, free of charge, to all points reached by the express companies.

Orders may be forwarded to us direct, or through your nearest bank or banker.

Persons visiting the city will find a full assortment of the notes on hand at our office for immediate delivery.

Orders by mail should be accompanied with the address in full to which the notes are to be forwarded.

We also keep on hand, and buy and sell at market rates, all kinds of
United States Securities.
Accounts of Banks, Bankers, and Individu received on favorable terms.
On or about the 1st of May we shall remove to the commodious offices No. 5 Nassau st. Continental Bank Building, now occupied by the Third National Bank.
FISK & HATCH, BANKERS,
f18 38 Wall Street, New York. 3m.

THE NINTH NATIONAL BANK
OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
CAPITAL, $1,000,000---PAID IN,
Fiscal Agent of the United States,
And Special Agent for Jay Cooke, Subscription Agent.
Will Deliver 7-30 Notes, Free of Charge,
by express, in all parts of the country, and receive in payment Checks on New York, Philadelphia, and Boston, current bills, and all five per cent. interest notes, with interest to date of subscription. Orders sent by mail will be promptly filled.
This Bank receives the accounts of Banks and Bankers on favorable terms; also of individuals keeping New York accounts.
J. T. HILL Cashier. J. U. ORVIS, Pres't.

DODGE & HASTINGS,
PAY the HIGHEST MARKET PRICE for GOOD VEAL CALVES.
Palmer, Feb. 25, 1865.

A NICE ARTICLE OF
SUGAR HOUSE SYRUP,
For sale
Palmer, Dec. 8. AT PARKS' STORE.

WANTED!
BUTTER, EGGS, and all kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE at NEWTON & Co's
Palmer, 1865.

UNION PEOPLE IN RICHMOND.—A letter from Richmond says it is estimated that there are 20,000 Union people in that city, who will gladly return to the starry folds of their proper flag, It was only by force of arms that they bowed to the acts of the rebel government. To this class will be added the half-way men, who now will of course be good Union citizens.

TWO FALLS.—Beef fell with Richmond—fell two cents a pound. The poet tells us that emperors fell with oats, or oats with emperors, we do not remember which; and now secessionists and meat go down together.

HIRING DESERTERS.—Agents from the agricultural regions of Pennsylvania are hiring large numbers of deserters and reconstructed rebels for farm work. Government furnishes transportation and the rates of wages are from eight to ten dollars a month.

☞ The rebel Congress, when they skedadled, left in the capital building a large number of whiskey bottles, spittoons and filth.

☞ An imposing American fleet will return the visit of the Russian naval officers to America as soon as the Colorado is ready for sea.

☞ The wagons of the Sanitary Commission accompanied our victorious troops into Richmond and Petersburg.

TAKE NOTICE!

OPENED THIS DAY!

A NEW CASE OF GOODS, consisting of

COTTONS, PRINTS, & D'LAINES,

Bought and sold at

PANIC PRICES.

SMITH & CONVERSE.

Palmer, April, 1865.

PAPER HANGINGS!

WE have the LARGEST AND BEST STOCK to be found anywhere in New England,
FROM THE CHEAPEST STYLES
TO THE
ELEGANT GOLD AND PANEL PAPERS,
And furnish them
AT RETAIL OR WHOLESALE,
At Lowest Prices.

☞ We send samples by mail or express
☞ when it is not convenient for customers
☞ to call at our store.

BRIDGMAN & WHITNEY,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.,
April 1, 1865.

CLOTHING

Marked Down! Down!

NOW IS YOUR TIME TO BUY.

CALL ON THE
NEW YORK
CLOTHING
COMPANY,
138 MAIN ST., SPRINGFIELD,
(Corner of Vernon Street)

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,
HATS AND CAPS,
From one of
THE LARGEST WHOLESALE ESTABLISHMENTS
in the City of New York,

ANY ONE WISHING
A Good Substantial Article
FOR A
LITTLE MONEY,
WOULD DO WELL TO
EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

ALL GOODS SOLD BY US ARE
WARRANTED
TO BE AS REPRESENTED.

We will allow the privilege of exchanging (within three days), any garment sold at retail, which upon examination at home does not meet the entire approval of the purchaser, either in material, style, or fit; or, if that is not sufficiently liberal,

WE WILL REFUND THE MONEY.

Our term. of sale are strictly for cash, and

WE GUARANTEE
A BETTER ARTICLE
OF CLOTHING FOR THE PRICE
than can be obtained elsewhere. Call and satisfy yourselves, at

138 MAIN ST.,
nearly opposite Baptist Church,
SPRINGFIELD..... MASS.
n21tf

READY MADE CLOTHING,
Just received and for sale by
D. MULVIHILL,
Nassowanno Block, Palmer, Mass.
March 4, 1865.

TO LET.

THE ROOMS IN STRONG BLOCK heretofore used as a Tin-shop. Enquire of
Palmer, March 4, 1865. JAS. G. ALLEN.

HEALTH

HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT
BUCHU.

For Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Bladder or Kidneys, Diseases of the Prostrate Gland, Gravel, Brick Dust Deposits, Dropsical Swellings, Organic Weakness, Debility, Female Complaints, &c.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu and
IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Will radically exterminate from the system Diseases arising from habits of Dissipation, at little expense, little or no change of diet, no inconvenience or exposure, completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copabia and Mercury, in curing these diseases.

USE HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

In all Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in MALE OR FEMALE, *from whatever cause originating*, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in its taste and odor, IMMEDIATE in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from Broken Down or Delicate Constitutions, *procure the Remedy at once.*

The reader must be aware that however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect his *Bodily Health, Mental Powers and Happiness.* If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue.

All the above diseases require the aid of a diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
IS THE GREAT DIURETIC.

HELMBOLD'S
HIGHLY CONCENTRATED COMPOUND
FLUID
EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,

For purifying the blood, removing all diseases arising from excess ane imprudence in life, chronic constitutional diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, and the only reliable and effectual know remedy for the cure of Scrofula, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Pains and Swellings of the Bones, Ulcerations of the Throat and Legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Tetter, Erpsipelas, and all scaly eruptions of the skin, and beautifying the complexion.

AND

HAPPINESS

NOT A FEW

Of the worst disorders that afflict mankind arise from the corruption that accumulates in the Blood. Of all the discoveries that have been made to purge it out, none can equal in effect Helmbold's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla. It cleanses and renovates the Blood, instills the vigor of health into the system and purges out the humors which make disease. It stimulates the healthy functions of the body, and expels the disorders that grow and rankle in the blood. Such a remedy, that could be relied on, has long been sought for, and now, for the first time, the public have one on which they can depend. Our space here does not admit of certificates to show its effects, but the trial of a single bottle will show to the sick that it has virtues surpassing anything they have ever taken.

Two tablespoonsful of the Extract of Sarsaparilla, added to a pint of water, is equal to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is equal to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla, or the decoction as usually made.

The above Extracts are prepared on purely scientific principles—in Vacuo—and embody the full strength of the ingredients entering into their composition. A ready and conclusive test will be a comparison of their properties with those set forth in the U. S. Dispensatory.

HOW TO USE THE REMEDIES.

In diseases of the Blood, Humors on the Face, or any and every part of the body, use Extract Sarsaparilla, applying to Pimples and all external Humors or Eruptions the Improved Rose Wash.

Use the Extract Buchu for all diseases requiring the aid of a Diuretic, except those of the Urinary Organs, such as Gonorrhœa and Gleet; in these use the Extract Buchu and inject with the Improved Rose Wash.

☞ THESE EXTRACTS HAVE BEEN ADMITTED TO USE IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY, and also are in very general use in all the STATE HOSPITALS and Public Institutions throughout the land, as well as well as in private practice, and are considered as invaluable remedies.

Medicine delivered to Any Address.

Direct letters to—
HELMBOLD'S DRUG & CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,
594 Broadway, New York,
Next Metropolitan Hotel, or to
HELMBOLD'S MEDICAL DEPOT,
104 South Tenth St., Philadelphia,
Assembly Buildings.

Describe Symptoms in all Communication.

☞ Sold by all Druggists everywhere.
☞ Beware of Counterfeits.
☞ Ask for Helmbold's. Take no Other.
Feb. 25. 1y.

SECURED.

Palmer Steam Mill!

THE subscribers, having leased the Steam Mill formerly occupied by Hall & Trumble, offer for sale
A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
FLOUR, GRAIN, MEAL,
FEED, SALT, LIME,
COAL, WOOD, &c,
AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

CASH PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.
HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.
Palmer, Mass., Dec. 20, 1862.

NEW GROCERY STORE!

The undersigned, having purchased the stock of
GROCERIES & PROVISIONS
lately owned by J. P. SHAW, and removed them to their Flour and Grain Store, and having made large additions thereto, are prepared to furnish
FAMILY GROCERIES as CHEAP as at any other establishment in the county.
As we deal largely in
FLOUR AND GRAIN,
we are enabled to make purchases at
LOW FIGURES,
and sell in the same manner.
All kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods.
☞ Remember the place—
At the Palmer Steam Mill.
HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.
Palmer, Aug. 29, 1863.

GOLD PENS

FOR THE MILLION!

Pens to Suit the Hand, and Prices to Suit the Pocket!

The Best Gold Pens in the World!

On receipt of the following sums we will send, by mail or as directed, a Gold Pen or Pens, selecting the same according to the description, namely:

Gold Pens in Silver Plated Extension Cases, with Pencils.

For $1 a No. 2 pen — For $2 a No. 5 pen
For 1 25 a No. 3 pen — For 2 25 a No. 6 pen
For 1 50 a No. 4 pen

These pens are stamped THE IMPERIAL PEN, and are well finished and fine writing Gold Pens, with good Ardium points, although they are unwarranted and cannot be exchanged.

WARRANTED GOLD PENS.

Our name (American Gold Pen Co., N. Y.) is stamped on all our 1st quality pens, and the points are warranted for six months, except against accident. Our SECOND quality pens are stamped THE NATIONAL PEN, with the initials of our firm, (A. G. P. Co.) and are carefully made, having the same points as our 1st quality pens, the only great difference being in the quality of the Gold

Gold Pens, 1st and 2d Quality, in Solid Silver Extension Cases, with Pencils.

For $2 00 a No. 1 pen, 1st quality, or No. 2 pen 2d qual.
For 2 25 a No. 2 pen 1st quality, or No. 3 pen 2d qual.
For 2 25 a No. 3 pen 1st quality, or No. 4 pen 2d qual.
For 3 50 a No. 4 pen 1st quality, or No. 5 pen 2d qual.
For 4 50 a No. 5 pen 1st quality, or No. 6 pen 2d qual.
For 5 50 a No 6 pen 1st quality.

The same Gold Pens in Solid Silver or Gold Plated Ebony Desk Holders and Morocco Cases.

For $2 25 a No. 3 pen 1st quality, or No. 4 pen 2d qual.
For 2 50 a No. 4 pen 1st quality, or No. 5 pen 2d qual.
For 3 50 a No 5 pen 1st quality, or No. 6 pen 3d qual.
For 4 00 a No. 6 pen 1st quality. For $5 50 a No 7 pen.
For 6 75 a No. 8 pen. For $12 a No. 12 pen; all 1st qual.

Our pens rank throughout the country as equal if not superior to any gold pens manufactured Not only for their writing qualities durability and elegant finish. The greatest care is used in their manufacture, and none are sold with the slightest imperfection which skill can detect.

Parties in ordering must specify the name, number and quality in all instances, and whether stiff or limber, coarse or fine.

TO CLUBS.

A discount of 12 per cent. will be allowed on sums of $15, if sent to one address, at one time; 15 per cent. on $25; 20 per cent. on $40.

All remittances by mail, *registered*, are at our risk. To all who enclose 20 cents extra for registering, we guarantee the safe delivery of the goods.

Circulars of all our new styles, with Engravings of exact sizes and prices, sent upon receipt of stamp, if desired. Pens repointed for 50 cents by mail.

Stationers and Jewellers are requested to correspond with us, as we can offer them GREAT INDUCEMENTS. Address
AMERICAN GOLD PEN CO.,
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Attorney and Counsellor at Law.
Post Office Building, south side of Court Square,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.
Soldiers' Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, &c., procured promptly and at reasonable rates.

Immense Success—Third Edition.

"HOW 'TIS DONE," or "The Secret Out," "Gambling Exposed," "Marked Cards," and all other tricks explained, "Fortune Telling," "The Book of Wonders," "Hunting and Fishing Secrets," the Original great Secret of a "Moustach and Whiskers in 42 Days," "How to make Gold, Silver, and Diamonds," and 180 other new discoveries, never before published. A New Book, handsomely printed and bound; price only 25 cts; 6 for $1; circulars for stamp. Satisfaction guaranteed. Agents Wanted. Address
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A. H. PARKS' Cash Store . . . PALMER, MASS.

A Lot of First-Rate
BUTTER,
FOR SALE in any quantity, from one to 100 pounds, at
A. H. PARKS' STORE, Palmer, Mass.

GEO. S. BOSWORTH,
CARPENTER AND JOINER,
—AND DEALER IN—
Doors, Sash, Blinds, Framing Timber. &c., &c.
Doors, Sash, and Blinds constantly on hand. All kinds of jobbing done to order. Palmer, Jan. 30

A Superior Article of Pure Ground JAVA COFFEE,
For sale at A. H. PARKS' Store,
Palmer House Block

The New 7 3-10 Treasury Notes
ARE on hand and for sale at the MONSON NATIONAL BANK, in denominations of $50, $100, $500, and $1000.
Monson, Dec. 17. E. F. MORRIS, Cashier.

HALL'S VEGETABLE
SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER,

THE best preparation for the Hair. It will immediately free the head from all dandruff, restore the hair to its natural color, and produce a new growth where it has fallen off. It will stop the falling out of the hair in a few days, if faithfully applied, and it will turn gray hair to its original color. Price, one dollar. A large lot just received, and for sale by the bottle or dozen.
WOOD & ALLEN,
Palmer, Mass., Feb. 11, 1865. 1y

REVENUE STAMPS.

ALL DENOMINATIONS of U. S. Revenue Stamps for sale at the Journal Office.
Palmer, Aug. 20, 1864

DENTISTRY.

DR. J. B. GOULD,

Surgical and Mechanical Dentist,

Palmer, Mass.

respectfully informs the Citizens of Palmer and vicinity that he has located himself in this place as a permanent Dentist, and hopes by strict attention to business to win the patronage of the public.

The Most Difficult Operations in Dentistry Performed with Care.

One of the most important and often neglected duties of the age is the preservation of the Natural Teeth, and to this end none should neglect having them frequently examined by a Dentist, that decay and other imperfections may be seasonably remedied. Children's teeth should receive frequent and careful attention, to prevent irregularities or decay.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH

inserted on the improved principle of atmospheric pressure. Teeth, from one to an entire set, inserted on Gold, Silver, or Rubber.

A SUPERIOR ARTICLE of DENTRIFICE and TOOTH BRUSHES constantly on hand.

☞ Examinations and advice gratis.
☞ All operations warranted.

TERMS REASONABLE.

TESTIMONIALS:

The undersigned, citizens of Monson, have employed Mr. J. B. Gould, in his regular practice as Dentist, with satisfaction, and would cheerfully recommend him to the citizens of this and adjoining towns, as skillful in all branches of this business. They are happy also to commend him as a man of good principles and high moral character.

Rev. T. G. Colton. — Marcus Keep.
" F. Woods. — S. Darling.
N. F. Rogers. — Dr. J. M. Towne.
E. B. Miles. — " Smith.
n19 Dr. J. McKinstrey.

Important to All Invalids!

IRON IN THE BLOOD!

IT is well known to the medical profession that IRON is the Vital Principle or Life Element of the blood. This is derived chiefly from the food we eat; but if the food is not properly digested, or if from any cause whatever, the necessary quantity of iron is not taken into the circulation, or becomes reduced, the whole system suffers. The bad blood will irritate the heart, will clog up the lungs, will stupefy the brain, will obstruct the liver, and will send its disease producing elements to all parts of the system, and every one will suffer in whatever organ may be predisposed to disease.

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OR PROTECTED solution of the PROTOXIDE OF IRON. A NEW Discovery in Medicine that strikes at the Root of Disease by supplying the Blood with its Vital Principle or Life Element—blood.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP

Cures Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Fever and Ague, Loss of Energy, Low Spirits.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP

infuses strength, vigor, and new life into the system, and builds up an "Iron Constitution."

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP

cures Nervous Affections, Female Complaints, and all Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP

is a SPECIFIC for all diseases originating in a BAD STATE OF THE BLOOD, or accompanied by Debility or a Low State of the System.

Pamphlets containing certificates of cures, and recommendations from some of the most eminent Pyhsicians, Clergymen, and others, will be sent FREE to any address.

We select a few of the names to show the character of the testimonials.

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Rev. Arthur B. Fuller. — S. H. Kendall, M. D.
Rev. Aug. R. Pope. — W. R. Chisholm, M. D.
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Has fully established the superiority of Redding's Russia Salve over all other healing preparations.
It cures all kinds of
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For sale by SETH W. FOWLE & Co. 18 Tremont st., Boston, and by all Druggists and Grocers, and at all country stores.

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GOVERNMENT BOUNTY OF $100

Collected for soldiers who have been discharged from service by reason of wounds or disability, without regard to length of time. Invalid soldiers discharged from service, and the widows and orphans of soldiers who died in the U. States service, or of wounds or disease contracted in line of duty, are entitled to pensions. All pension claims against the government, and claims for arrears of pay and bounty, will be promptly attended to and collected at the lowest rates. No charge made to the soldier unless the claim is successful.

This Agency is duly licensed, and the undersigned does his business direct with the authorities at Washington, and not through third parties.
JAS. G. ALLEN, Counsellor & Attorney.
Palmer, March 21, 1863.

New London Northern Railroad.

On and after MONDAY, JANUARY 2, 1865,
Trains Leave Palmer as follows:
7.50 A. M., and 2.15 P. M., for New London and Way Stations.
2.15 P. M., and 6.00 P. M, for Belchertown and Amherst.
Trains for New London connect at Willimantic with trains for Hartford.
Trains for Amherst connect with trains from New London, and Western Railroad trains.
R. N. DOWD, Supt.
New London, Jan. 2, 1865.

PETROLEUM STOCKS
Are now attracting much attention, as
They Pay Larger Dividends
than any other stocks in the market, ranging from
One to Five per Cent. per Month.
Parties wishing to subscribe for stock in the "Great Basin" the "Massachusetts & Oil Creek," the "New England," "Fuller Farm," or other first-class oil companies, or in the
Montezuma Gold Mining Company,
the ore of which assays at over $8,000 per cord, can do so at the office of
Palmer, Jan. 21, 1865. JAS. G. ALLEN.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT!
GREAT SALE OF
Watches, Chains, Diamond Rings, etc.

ONE MILLION DOLLARS WORTH! To be disposed of at ONE DOLLAR EACH! Without regard to Value! Not to be paid for until you know what you are to receive!!

Splendid List of Articles! All to be sold for One Dollar Each!

	Each
250 Gents' Gold hunting case Watches,	$50 to $150
250 Ladies' Gold and enamelled hunting case Watches,	35 70
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200 Diamond Rings,	50 100
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3000 Gold Oval Band Bracelets,	4 8
5000 Jet and Gold Bracelets,	6 10
2000 Chatelaine Chains & Guard Chains,	5 20
7000 Solitaire and Gold Brooches,	4 10
5000 Coral, Opal, and Emerald Brooches,	4 8
3000 Gold, Cameo, and Pearl Ear Drops,	4 8
5000 Mosaic, Jet, Lava, & Florentine do.,	4 6
7,000 Coral, Opal, and Emerald do.,	4 10
4000 California Diamond Breast Pins,	2.50 8
3000 Gold Fob and Vest Watch Keys,	2.50 10
4000 Fob and Vest Ribbon Slides,	3 9
5000 sets Solitaire Sleeve-but'ns, Studs, &c,	3 6
3000 Gold Thimbles, Pencils, &c.,	4 10
10000 Miniature Lockets,	2.50 20
4000 Miniature Lockets, magic spring,	10 8
3000 Gold Toothpicks, Crosses, &c.,	2 10
5000 Plain Gold Rings,	4 11
5000 Chased Gold Rings,	4 10
10000 Stone Set and Signet Rings,	2.50 10
10000 California Diamond Rings,	2 15
7500 sets Ladies' Jewelry—Jet and Gold,	5
6000 sets Ladies' Jewelry—Cameo, Pearl, Opal, and other stones,	4 15
10000 Gold Pens, Silver extension holders, and Pencils,	4 10
10000 Gold Pens & gold-mounted holders,	6 10
5000 Gold Pens & gold extens'n holders,	15 25
5000 Ladies' Gilt and Jet Buckles,	5 20
5000 Ladies' Gilt & Jet Hair Bars & Balls,	5 10
5000 Silver Goblets and Drinking Cups,	5 50
3000 Silver Castors,	15 50
2000 Silver Fruit, Card, & Cake Baskets,	20 50
5000 dozen Silver Tea Spoons, per doz.,	10 20
10000 dozen Silver Table Spoons and Forks, per dozen,	20 40

ARRANDALE & CO., Manufacturers' Agents,
No. 167 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,
Announce that all of the above list of goods will be sold for One Dollar each.

In consequence of the great stagnation of trade in the manufacturing districts of England, thro' the war having cut off the supply of cotton, a large quantity of Valuable Jewelry, originally intended for the English market, has been sent off for sale in this country, AND MUST BE SOLD AT ANY SACRIFICE! Under these circumstances, ARRANDALE & Co., acting as agents for the principal European manufacturers, have resolved upon a GREAT GIFT DISTRIBUTION, subject to the following regulations:

Certificates of the various articles are first put into envelopes, sealed up and mixed; and when ordered, are taken out without regard to choice, and sent by mail, thus giving all a fair chance. On receipt of the certificate you will see what you are to have, and then it is at your option to send the dollar and take the article or not. Purchasers may thus obtain a Gold Watch, Diamond Ring, or any set of Jewelry on our list for One Dollar.

Send 25 Cents for Certificate.

In all transactions by mail, we shall charge for forwarding the Certificates, paying postage, and doing the business, 25 cents each, which must be enclosed when the Certificate is sent for. Five Certificates will be sent for $1, eleven for 2, thirty for $5, sixty-five for $10, and a hundred for $15.

AGENTS.—We want agents in every regiment, and in every town and county in the country, and those acting as such will be allowed 10 cents on every Certificate ordered by them, provided their remittance amounts to one dollar. Agents will collect 25 cents for every Certificate, and remit 15 cents to us, either in cash or postage stamps.
ARRANDALE & CO.,
March 25. 167 Broadway, New York.

DR. VELPAU'S FRENCH PILLS.

LADIES, TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.
THE REAL VELPAU FEMALE PILL.
[Warranted French.]

These Pills, so celebrated many years ago in Paris, for the relief of female irregularities, and afterward so notorious for their criminal employment in the practice of abortion, are now offered for sale for the first time in America. They have been kept in comparative security from the fact that the originator, Dr. Velpau, is a physician in Paris, of great wealth and strictly conscientious principles, and has withheld them from general use lest they should be employed for unlawful purposes. In overcoming Female Obstructions, Falling of the Womb, Whites, Green Sickness, Suppression, Retention, or Immoderate flow of the monthly discharges, they seem to be truly omnipotent, bursting open the flood gates from whatever cause may have stopped them; but they are offered to the public only for legitimate uses and all agents are forbidden to sell them when it is understood that the object is unlawful. Married ladies should never take them when there is any reason to believe themselves pregnant, for they will be sure to produce a miscarriage.

These Pills are entirely safe under all circumstances, being compased entirely of substances from the vegetable kingdom.

Each box has the coat of arms for the city of Paris stamped on the box, with the words "Trade Mark" in French, to counterfeit which is a misdemeanor, and all persons will be dealt with according to law.

☞ Full directions accompany every box.

Ladies can obtain a box sealed from the eyes of the curious, by enclosing one dollar and six post-office stamps to any respectable druggists, or to O. C. STAPLES, General Agent for the United States, Watertown, N. Y.

For sale in Palmer by Wood & Allen, and Dr. Wm. Holbrook. n51y.

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Capital.....$1,500,000

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Capital and Surplus.....$567,863 17

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Effected on MOST REASONABLE TERMS, in the Best Companies.

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MONSON, MASS.
June 25, 1864—1y.

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R. H. EDDY,
SOLICITOR OF PATENTS,
Late Agent of U. S. Patent Office, Washington, (under the Act of 1837.)
76 STATE ST.....opp. Kilby st.....BOSTON

After an extensive practice of upwards of twenty years, continues to secure Patents in the United States, also in Great Britain, France, and other foreign countries. Caveats, Specifications, Bonds, Assignments, and all Papers or Drawings for Patents executed on liberal terms, and with dispatch. Researches made into American or Foreign works to determine the validity or utility of Patents or inventions—and legal or other advice rendered in all matters touching the same. Copies of the claims of any patent furnished by remitting one dollar. Assignments recorded at Washington.

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These, besides his extensive library of legal and mechanical works, and full accounts of patents granted in the United States and Europe, render him able, beyond question, to offer superior facilities for obtaining Patents.

All necessity of a journey to Washington to procure a Patent, and the usual great delay there, are here saved inventors.

TESTIMONIALS.

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Commissioner of Patents.

"I have no besitation in assuring inventors that they cannot employ a person more competent and trustworthy, and more capable of putting their applications in a form to secure for them an early and favorable consideration at the Patent Office." EDMUND BURKE,
Late Commissioner of Patents.

"Mr. R. H. Eddy has made for me THIRTEEN applications, on all but one of which patents have been granted, and that is now pending. Such unmistakeable proof of great talent and ability on his part leads me to recommend ALL inventors to apply to him to procure their patents, as they may be sure of having the most faithful attention be stowed on their cases, and at very reasonable charges." JOHN TAGGART.

During eight months, the subscriber, in course of his large practice, made on TWICE rejected applications, SIXTEEN APPEALS, EVERY ONE of which was decided in his favor by the Commissioner of Patents. R. H. EDDY.
January 1, 1865. 1y

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Manufacturers of Photographic Materials,
Wholesale and Retail,
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Of these we have an immense assortment, including War Scenes, American and Foreign Cities, and Landscapes, Groups, Statuary, &c., &c. Also, Revolving Stereoscopes, for public or private exhibition. Our Catalogue will be sent to any address on receipt of stamp.

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Caution to Females in Delicate Health.
Dr. DOW,
Physician and Surgeon, 7 Endicott st., Boston,

IS consulted daily for all diseases incident to the female system. Prolapsus Uteri, or Falling of the Womb, Fluor Albus, Suppression, and other Menstrual derangements, are all treated on new pathological principles, and speedy relief guaranteed in a very few days. So invariably certain is the new mode of treatment, that most obstinate complaints yield under it, and the most afflicted person soon rejoices in perfect health.

Dr. Dow has no doubt had greater experience in the cure of diseases of women than any other physician in Boston.

Boarding accommodations for patients who may wish to stay in Boston a few days under his treatment.

Dr. Dow, since 1845, having confined his whole attention to an office practice for the cure of Private Diseases and Female Complaints, acknowledges no superior in the United States.

N. B.—All letters must contain one dollar, or they will not be answered.

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Boston, July 30, 1864. 1y.

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Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
FRESH FISH, OYSTERS,
Fruit, Confectionery, Pies and Cakes, Vegetables.
Spruce and Hop Beer, Soda,
And SOLE AGENTS in Eastern Hampden for Millard & Waterbury's Hudson Pale Ale.
Nassowanno Block.....Palmer, Mass.
M. Fox. Feb. 20, 1864. C. HOLBROOK.

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DENTIST,
Office and residence in
LAWRENCE BLOCK, PALMER, MASS.

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FINE CUT, CHEWING, and SMOKING, of the best quality. Also, the best
Plug Tobacco, Navy Cavendish, &c.,
For sale AT PARK'S STORE, Palmer.

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All Kinds of Farmer's Produce in Exchange for Goods, at
A. H. PARKS' Store..... Palmer, Mass.

Western Reserve Ohio Cheese.
OF SUPERIOR QUALITY,
For sale at A. H. PARKS' Cash Store, Palmer.

THE best Young Hyson, Black, and Japanese TEAS,
For sale at A. H. PARKS' Store, Palmer.

FISH, OF ALL KINDS,
FOR SALE
AT PARKS' STORE.
Palmer House Block.

The Palmer Journal.

VOLUME XVI. PALMER, MASS., SATURDAY, APRIL 29, 1865. NUMBER 7.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.
—BY—
GORDON M. FISK & Co.

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J. G. ALLEN, Counsellor and Attorney at Law, Notary Public, and General Insurance Agent.

J. H. BLAIR, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, office in Palmer House Block.

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J. S. LOOMIS, Dealer in all kinds of House Furniture, Coffins, and Burial Caskets.

J. W. THOMPSON, Dealer in Groceries, Crockery, Provisions, Flour.

LOOMIS & ELSBREE, Carriage Makers and Repairers, at the old stand of N. Smith & Co.

L. DIMOCK, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, Center Store Palmer House Block.

MRS. A. C. COLLINS, Dealer in Millinery and Fancy Goods.

NASSOWANNO HOUSE, by J. W. Weeks, opposite the depot.

NEWTON & CO., Dealers in Groceries, Flour, Feed, Crockery, Glassware, &c., Nassowanno Block.

N. PIPER, Manufacturer of Monuments, Tombstones, and other Marble Works.

P. P. KELLOGG, Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Ready Made Clothing, Boots, Shoes, &c.

S. G. NEWTON, Deputy Sheriff, for Hampden County.

SHAW & NICHOLS, Dealers in Flour, Grain, Meal, Feed, Lime, Salt, Lime, &c., McGilvray Block.

SMITH & CONVERSE, Dealers in Dry Goods, and Groceries, opposite the depot.

S. R. LAWRENCE & CO. will pay the Highest Market Price for Hides and Skins deliv'd at their Market

WM. BARNES & CO., Dealers in Stoves, Tin Ware, Pipe, &c.

WM. MERRIAM, Currier and Retail Dealer in all kinds of Leather.

WOOD & ALLEN, Druggists, and dealers in Medicines and Fancy Articles.

W. W. CROSS, Dealer in Dry Goods, Millinery, Carpets, and Crockery Ware.

WARE.

BYRNS & CO., Staple and Fancy Bakers, opposite the Hotel, Main street.

E. F. HITCHCOCK, Dealer in Stoves, and manufacturer of Tin Ware, &c.

F. D. RICHARDS, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

F. L. CHAPIN, Life Insurance Agent, office at the Savings Bank.

G. C. HOLDEN, Dealer in Fruit, Confectionery, Pies, Cakes, Oysters and Ice Cream.

GEO. ROBINSON, Dealer in Hardware, Agricultural and Mechanic Tools, Paints, Oils, and Glass, Furniture and Wooden Ware. Especial attention given to Framing Pictures.

H. S. PARSONS, Dealer in Fine Watches and Jewelry, Agent for Florence Sewing Machines.

MRS. A. F. STRICKLAND, Dress and Cloak Maker. Room opposite the Bank, up stairs.

P. D. WILLIS, Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots, Shoes, Flour, Fish, Crockery, &c.

S. B. WITHERELL, Dealer in Furnaces and Stoves, and Tin, Iron and Copper Work.

WM. MCKINSTREY, Merchant Tailor and Manufacturer of Custom Clothing, opposite the Bank.

WM. O. GOULD, Dealer in Millinery of all kinds, Demond's Block, Main street, up stairs.

The Dying Soldier.

I die for my God and my country,
Away in this fair Southern clime;
Where hundreds around me are lying,
Wasting in manhood and prime.

Oh! comrade, if you should survive me,
Tell my father I died not in vain;
To fight for one's country is noble,
To die for one's country is gain.

And tell my dear mother, *for her sake,*
How bravely I tried to keep up;
Hopefully drinking my measure,
Though bitter and deep was the cup.

Tell her, her sweet, gentle counsel
Was ne'er on her soldier-boy lost;
Not when on the dark waves of Jurdan
My frail little vessel was tossed.

And, O! tell my brother I suffered,
But not like our Saviour, so dear;
Whose anguish, Gethsemane witnessed,
Brings oft, in my weakness, a tear.

Tell sister—the youngest—the darling,
The pet and the lamb of our fold,
Tell her I loved her and blessed her,
Through hunger, and weakness, and cold.

Day and night they are falling around me—
My comrades, so brave and so true;
Will no one be left, just to carry
My blessing, O! mother, to you?

To tell you I trusted in Jesus,
With whom I ere long hope to dwell—
To tell you my foes are forgiven,
And, loved ones, to bid you farewell?

Spring Weather.

It shines, it rains, then shines again—
What does the weather mean?
It hangs in doubt, the sun comes out,
With drizzling mists between.

Now dark, now light, like day, like night,
'Tis now changing, fickle weather;
It mists at times, then rains or shines,
And sometimes all together.

Oh! now I see, it is like me—
A wise head, and a dunce;
I fret, I smile, then cry awhile,
And sometimes all at once.

I pout, I fret, well pleased I get—
Both diligent and lazy;
In my own way, in such a day,
When rainy, shiny, hazy.

ESCAPE OF A MURDERER.

The 22d of August, 18—, the corpse of a young man was found in the Louessard forest, near Valence. He had been assassinated. The fatal blow was inflicted with a dagger.—He was struck in the back, and the blow was given with so much violence that the steel had buried itself in his lungs. His death must have been instantaneus. There was no witness of the deed. It was perpetrated in a lonely wood, far from any human habitation. No one had heard the cries of the victim. A letter from a lady was found in the young man's pocket book. It gave his rendezvous in the Louessard woods for the very hour at which, according to the medical men, he must have been assassinated. There was a signature to the letter. It was Mmme. T——'s name. The police went to her house. She lived at Valence. They searched her house. They found a considerable file of letters addressed to her by the murdered man. The accusation was more than justified. She acknowledged the letter found on the mordered man to be from her. She denied that she was his murderess. When interrogated by the *Judge d'Instruction*, she refused to give any explanation, and let justice run its course. A few days before the opening of the assizes I was summoned to Valence to defend Madame T——. I saw her often in prison. I questioned her again and again without being able to obtain from her a single fact or a single gleam of light which could assist me in her defence. She was impenetrable. I begged her to come to my assistance. I said to her, "An *alibi* would save you. Where were you at the hoor when the crime was committed?" "I was away from home." "Where?" "I cannot tell yoo."—The evening before the trial came, I pressed her more and more earnestly with questions. She sat listening to me, her elbows on her knees, her head in her hands, her eyes fixed on mine. It seemed to me that a terrible struggle was going on in her mind, now that she felt that she was soon to be before the court. I said to her, "Speak! speak! The question is not to save you from prison or death, hot from infamy?" When I said infamy, she rose. I thought she was going to speak. She looked earnestly at me—hesitated a moment—and fell back, silent, into her chair. I knew that woman was not goilty. It was evident there was, at the hottom of this tragical event, a mystery which she refosed to reveal. Her silence might have the most terrible consequences; hot silent she was. Her family abandoned her. As for her husband, whose honor was mortally wounded, he left her under the load of the accusation. He was an energetic, cold man, who evidently never forgave a wrong. Nevertheless, a few moments before the prisoner was arraigned, he called and was admitted into the jail. I was there. She looked proudly at him. He remained like a block of marble. He did not say a word; he did not utter a reproach. He followed his wife, and entered the court house with her, as if he would protect her by his presence. The case was opened. I defended her; and, as the note signed by M'me T. was the only evidence against her, my task was not a difficult one. M'me T. was acquitted. The proud glance which M'me T. gave her husband was a flood of light to my mind. I asked myself, "Is not M. T. the guilty party? Did not he surprise his wife's commerce with the mordered man? Did not he force her to write the note, and was not he alone at the rendezvous? Was it not a husband's vengeance? 'Twas not impossible; and thus M'me T.'s silence was explained." I was not the only person to whose mind these suspicions suggested themselves. As I left the court house, some of my friends and acquaintances made the same reflections. The public authorities might entertain the same suspicions. It was consequently very possible that they might discover their error, and prosecute M. T. for the really guilty party. I went up to him and told him my fears. He pooh poohed them. I said to him, "I believe you innocent. The public accuses you. Think of your situation. I am persuaded that you would be acquitted; but, believe me, one criminal trial in your family is enough; shun a second. I leave here, this evening, by post, for Grenoble. Go with me. You can at once reach Switzerland. Don't stay here, for your peace is forever gone." He reflected a moment, and then he said, "I will go with you." It was night when we quitted Valence—a January night. I hastened my departure, for I was averse to spending the day at St. Marcellin, as the murdered man was a native of St. Marcellin, where his father was keeper of the posting-house. We covered ourselves with blankets, and hestowed ourselves under them as well as we could; and off we went at a good sound pace, despite the snow and sleet which covered the road. When we reached the Viney posting-house we asked for fresh horses. The hostler replied: "We cannot give you a single one, for so many people have gone hy here, coming from the famous trial which has just ended at Valence. They have taken most of our horses and every one of our postilions; so we cannot let you have a single horse.—The keeper uf the posting-house at St. Marcellin has just reached here. He went to Valence to attend the trial of the murderers of his son; and even he is obliged to wait." I instantly got out of the cabriolet, and said to my companion, "Hide yourself as well as you can in your cloak." The noise made by my cabriolet, as it rolled on, brought to the door the keeper of the St. Marcellin posting-house. He recognized me, but did not say a word. Then he gave a searching glance into my cahriolet. He said, in a dry, abrupt voice, "Pierre, pot in the horses; I'll drive these gentlemen." My forehead was instantly covered with a cold perspiration. I said to myself: "That man has divined everything. He knows M. T. is in my cabriolet. We are no lunger in the hands of a jury—we are at the mercy of a father. He has, onquestinnably, recogoized the morderer of his son. He has determined to do himself justice. The night is pitch dark. The road is dangeroos. If, at the descent of the Sone, the right hand horse gnes too near the parapet of the road, oor driver has hot to leap nimbly to the left, while we tnomble down a precipice thirty feet high, into the waters of the Isere." There was no help for it; off we most go. You may imagine what thoughts filled the minds of the three men thos brought together. The silence was most oppressive. The keeper of the posting-house occasionally torned roond tuwards os. His eyes shone with the light of feverish vengeance. We reached the descent of the Sone. He did not stop to lock the wheels, a precaution always taken at that place. He, on the contrary, applied the lash vigarously to his horses. The cabriolet bounded like a ball as the team impetuously dashed forward. It seemed to me that oor driver, absurbed by a sentiment of vengeance, had gone crazy, and risked his life with oors. I am sure that for five minutes, I did not breathe once. The horses slackened their pace. At length we reached St. Marcellin.—Horses were changed. There was still one danger before us: Suppose the keeper of the posting-hoose were to inform the authorities of the flight of a goilty party? I wronged the mao. When fresh horses were pot in, he came up to me. He was hathed in perspiration, cold as the weather was. His accents were fevered, broken, panting, agitated. It was evident that he had, for an hour, been struggling in a terrible, superhuman manner. He said to me: "Sir, it is your duty, as a lawyer, to defend the innocent; it is a crime to protect the goilty. Go, go as quickly as you can; and remember this:—Never again, as long as you live, tempt a father by putting the assassin of his own son in his power."

THE DYING SOLDIER.

At the great meeting uf the Ohio Commission lately held at Washington, one of the speakers related the following affecting incident:

"An Indiana boy of the 85th regiment sent at midnight, for a delegate of the commission. He was dying and wished to leave his little treasures with him to send them with a letter to his poor mother.

'Are you a Christian?' the delegate asked.

'O, yes; I was before I entered the army. Tell mother that God is with me; all is well.' Then giving three rings to the delegate, he said, 'that is for mother, that for sister and sister will know who to give the other to.—There is one thing more,' he added after a pause. A little package was then taken from his knapsack and brought him. In it there were three photographs. He took up the first, looked at it intently, and said,

'O, thank God, for a pious mother!—Through her prayers and instrumentality I have been brought to Christ. Good-bye, mother, we shall meet in heaven.'

He kissed it and laid it down on the cot.

He took up the second and said: 'Thank God, for a pious sister! We have held sweet communion on earth, and we will hold sweeter communion in heaven. Good-bye, sister,' and he kissed it and laid it down with the other.

He took up the third, the nameless one, and as he looked fondly at it his eyes filled with tears. 'O, said he I *did* hope that you and I would have many precious seasons on earth, but God has ordered otherwise. My country demanded my services. I gave them with cheerfolness. But ere long we'll both be where there will he no wars, but all will be peace throughout eternity. 'Yes thank God! we'll meet again;' and he put the precious picture to his lips and kissed it, and breathed his last with the photograph on his lips.'"

ONE DROP AT A TIME.—Have you ever watched an icicle as it formed? You noticed how it froze, one drnp at a time, until it was a foot long or more. If the water was clean, the icicle remained clean, and sparkled brightly in the sun; bot if the water was but slightly muddy, the icicle looked foul, and its beauty was spoiled. Just so our characters are forming. One little thought or feeling at a time adds its influence. If every thought be pure and right, the soul will be lovely, and will sparkle with happiness; but if impure and wrong, there will be final deformity and wretchedness.

EVERY-DAY CAKE.—One cup of molasses, one cup of sugar, one cup of butter, two eggs, two-thirds of a cup of milk, with one tea-spoonful of soda dissolved in it, two tea-spoonfuls of cream of tartar, and flour enough to make it as other loaf cake, one tea-spoonful of salt, one of clove, one of cinnamon, and one of nutmeg.

MARRIED THE WRONG LADY.

Love is a very uncertain thing, and it is not safe to be too certain nf the symptoms until they are unmistakable. The following will explain oor meaning:—

Vienna has been stirred up by the comical result of a strange love story. It seems that in the hoose of one Kerr Kohne, a teacher of languages, Dr. Kant, a yonng lawyer, happened to form the acquaintance of a lady bordened with some property and thirty years. The lady being unmarried, evinced particolar interest in the young, shy, and rather abashed man of law. She made love to him, in fact, very strongly, and persoaded him to visit her at her house. But alas! he loved another lady. One, evening while conversing with the doctor, she said: "With yoor favorable idea of matrimony may I ask it, if yoo ever thoogbt of marrying yourself?" Dr. Kant sighed, and his eyes resting on the ground, hesitatingly mottered in reply: "I have already thoogbt of marrying, and made my choice, bot—" "Bot?" the lady interposed. "Bot," he continoed" the lady is rich, very rich, and I am poor. I think I could hardly aspire to her hand, and, rather than allow myself to be taxed with sordid designs, I will bury my passions in my breast, and leave it unavowed forever." At an early hoor the next day she betook herself to a sulicitor, and in legal form, declared her wish to present and hand over as his property the som of 150,000 goilders—(£15,000)—to Dr. Kant. When the document had been sigoed, countersigned and doly completed, she sat down in the office, and, enclosing it in an elegant envelope, added a note to the following effect: "Dear sir—I have much pleasore in enclosing a paper which I hope, will remove the obstacle in the way of yuor marriage. Believe me, etc., Alice Martini." Dr. Kant, for he and no other was the addressed, was the happiest man in the world on receiving this generoos epistle. Repairing at once to the hunse of the parents of Fraulein Fischel, the lady of his love, he proposed for and received the hand of a girl who had long been flattered hy his delicate though unavowed attentions. His reply to Fraolein Martini, besides conveying his sincerest thanks, contained twn *cartes-de-visites*, linked together with the significant rose-colored ribbon. Miss Martini forthwith sued the happy bridegrooom for restitution, bot as no promise of mariage had been made the case was by two successive courts decided against her.

FRUIT TREES FOR ORNAMENT.

The idea of Mr. Saunders, the able Superintendent of the garden cunnected with the Department of Agriculture at Washington, that farmers shuold plant fruit trees for shade and ornament, instead of those taken from the forest, is a good one, and well worthy of attention. By the exercise of a little taste in the selection and grouping, a yard or lawn may be made to present almost as attractive an appearance when planted with fruit as with ornamental and shade trees. There are some varieties of the cherry, for instance, that are of very graceful habit, and whuse foliage is extremely beautiful; and, certainly, when covered with its luscious fruit, nothing can be more ornamental. The Siberian crab is, also, much prized for its beauty when loaded with froit; and nuthing can be more attractive than a group of apple trees when covered with their fragrant and delicately tinted blossoms or loaded with their ripening fruit. There are few who would object, while enjoying the refreshing shade of their trees, to having a luscious pear, a mellow apple, or a horsting plum, fall at their feet; which, perhaps, would be the most efficient way of urging their claim to be osed for ornament as well as otility. A rustic seat placed here and there among these trees, and, in some sunny spot, an arbor covered with the fruit and foliage of the vine, would make as attractive and *tasty* a lawn as one would wish to see. This soggestion, of course, applies more particularly to farmers of limited incomes. Those whose means enable them to devute their attention to horticultore can, of course, have all their luxories without encroaching on the space usoally devoted to the yord or lawn.—But to those who are obliged to devote the most of their attention to matters more especially connected with their particular calling, this idea appears to us to be particularly valuable. The family would all take especial pride and pleasore in watching and tending what contributed so much to the happiness of the whole household; and, in this way, "the boys" would soon acquire a taste and fondness for froit culture, which would occupy their leisure time much more profitably than driving "fast horses" or hanging about the village streets.

HOW PLANTS GROW.—Plants derive bot the smallest fraction of the materials hy which they grow from the ground. The earth gives them a stable mechanical support, but their nourishment comes almost entirely from the air and water. Dr. Barrow relates this instance in proof: "A small tree of five pounds' weight was set in two hundred poonds of dried earth; and, having been watered constantly for five years, was then taken on, when it weighed above one hundred and sixty pnonds; hut the earth in which it grew had not lost quite two ounces of its weight.

HUSBAND WANTED.—Among the many old customs which distinguish the Japanese, is one which would startle the yoong ladies of America. Beneath the windows of their houses an empty flower-pot is often seen, "lying horizontally on the portico ronf." Its positinn cannot be accidental, since it is seen so in many cases; nor can it be looked upon as a religious symbol, for then there would, prubahly, be one on every house. It is nothing more or less than a matrimonial advertisement, the plain English of which is: "A young lady in the house. Husband wanted."

☞ Baron Liebig, the German scientific gentleman, has a substitute for human, (or mother's) milk. Some of the Baron's rivals are now trying to get ahead of him by inventing a substitute for mothers themselves. Every infant is to be its own mother.

☞ A woman who threw a man out of a window of a house in London, a short time ago, has been committed for trial for wilful murder.

Dreamland.

Out of the sweet old legends
Beckons a fair white hand,
And silvery, bell-like voices
Tell of an unknown land;

Where magic roses blossom
In the evening's golden light,
And the air is laden with fragrance
From the lillies, silver-white.

The trees, with their waving branches,
Murmur a fairy song,
And the brooklet merrily dances
As it ripples and gurgles along.

And tender, enchanting love-songs
Float on the balmy breeze,
And the heart's unspeakable longing
By their music is set at ease.

Would that my steps could reach it—
That happy, fl wery strand!
For all my earth.y afflictions
Would cease in that fairy land.

Oft in my dreams I see it,
In its glamour bright and fair,
But with daylight's earliest glimmer
It vanishes into air.

AN ANCIENT MAIDEN ON MARRIAGE.

"Gail Hamilton," in her smart though ill-natured book entitled "A new atmosphere," gives the following illustration, as her estimate of the average sentiments of men on the subject uf matrimony. Perhaps if she could speak more from experience than from theory, her opinion would be somewhat modified:

"Men do not marry for the purpose of making women happy, but to make themselves happy. A girl looks forward in her marriage to what she will do fur her husband's happiness. A man, to what he will enjoy through his wife's ministration. "He needs a wife," say the good women who were burn and bred in these opinions and do not suspect their grosaness. 'It is a grand good match; I don't know anybody that needs a wife more than he,' said one uf these at a little gathering, speaking of a recent marriage. "Why?" innocently questioned another woman, who was supposed to have somewhat peculiar views concerning these things. 'O, you never want anybnly to marry?' burst out a choros of voices—which was surely a very broad interference from one narrow monosyllable. "But why does he need a wife?" persisted the questioner. "Fur sympathy and cumpanionship,' triomphantly replied the first woman, knowing that her interlocotor could take no exception. Bot a third woman not knowing that anything lay behind these questions, and answers, and feeling that the original position was but feebly maintained by such unsubstantial things as sympathy and cumpanionship, being also a near neighbor of the person in question, and acquainted with the facts proceeded to strengthen the case by adding, 'Well, he was alone, and he wa'n't very well, and he was taken sick one night, and couldn't get anybody to take care uf him.' 'But why not hire a nurse?' 'Well, he did and she was very good; but she wouldn't do his washiog." Only wait long enough, and you are sure to get the truth at last. It was not sympathy and companionship, after all, that the man wanted; it was his washing.

HOW TO GROW BEAUTIFUL.

Persons may outlive disease and become healthy by proper attention to the laws of their physical constitution. By moderate and daily exercise, man may become active and strong in limb and muscle. But to grow beautiful, how? Age dims the lustre of the eye, pales the roses on beauty's cheek, while crows-feet, and furrows, and wrinkles, and lost teeth, and grey hairs, and bald head, and tottering limbs, most sadly mar the human form divine. But, dim as the eye is, pallid and sunken as may be the face of beauty, and frail and feeble as may be that once strong, erect, and manly body, the immortal sool, just fledging its wings for its home in heaven, may look out through those faded windows as beautifol as the dew-drop of summer's morning—as melting as the glistening tear in affection's morning—hut by growing kindly, by cultivating a sympathy with all human kind, by cherishing forbearance toward the follies anil foibles of our race, and feeding, day by day, on that love to God and man which lifts us from the brute and makes us akin to angels.

HOW TO PHOTOGRAPH HOMELY PEOPLE.—Have a lace cortain, stretched on a wooden frame, placed between the camera and the sitter. The farther the curtain is from the mndel, and, consequently, the nearer it is to the lens, the softer the features appear. The threads of the lace give the grain of a chalk drawing or engraving, and the defects of the model are modified and softened down. This method is said to produce very nice results, and to bid fair to come into general use in taking the photographs of "homely" people.

A USE FOR OLD HOOP SKIRTS.—Lay the discarded skirt upon one of your garden beds. Plant a small pole, about as tall as a lady, in the middle of it, and attach the skirt to the top of the pole by means of strings frnm the upper hoop. Then sow seeds of the morning glory or some other vine at proper distances around it; and, in due time, you will have a lovely pyramid, of living green or rainbnw color, at small labor and less expense. Add the money saved in wooden trellises to your wife's allowance fur dress, and she will find it a highly profitable speculation.

☞ "Sir," said a sturdy beggar to a benevolent man, "please to give me a quarter; I am hungry and unable to procure food."—The quarter was given, when the beggar said: "You have done a noble deed. You have saved me from something which I fear I will yet have to come to." "What is that?" said the benefactor. "Work," was the mournful answer.

A WITTY ANSWER.—The late Judge Davis of Massachosetts, who was a small, undersized man, being once in company with six large men, one of them said, "Judge Davis, how do you feel in the presence of six gentlemen of soch amplitude of dimensions as oorselves?" "Feel," said the little lean man, raising himself to his greatest height, "I feel like a fourpence half-penny among six cents."

☞ Why is a photographic album like the drainer of a bar counter? Because it is often the receptacle for empty muge.

THIS LIFE AND THE NEXT.

In this life we grow up to oor foll stature and then we decrease till we deccase, we decline and die. In another we cume at first to a perfect statore, and so continue forever. We are here solject tu sorrows and sins, the first grievious tu os as we are men, the other as we are good men; lo, we shall one day be freed and perfect. It is a sweet meditiitation that fell from a reverend divine, that many vegetable and brute creatures do exceed man in length of days, and in happiness, in their kind, as not wanting the things they desire. The oak, the raven, the stork, and the stag, fill op many years; in regard of whnm man dies in the minority of childhood. This made the philosophers call nature a stepdame to man, to the rest a troe mnther. For she gives him least time that could make best ose of his time, and least pleasure that could best apprehend it, and take cumfort in it.—But here divinity teacheth and revealeth a large recompense from our God. Other creatures live long, and then perish to nothing; man dies soon here, that afterward he may live forever. The shortness is recompensed with eternity. Dost thou blame nature, O philosopher, for cutting thee so short that thou canst not get knowledge? Open thine eyes—perfect knowledge is not to be had here, though thy days were double to Methoselah's. Above, it is. Bless God, then, for thy life's shortness, for the sooner thoo diest, the sonner thou comest to thy desired knowledge. The best here is short of the least there. Let no man blame God, for making him too suon happy. Say rather with the Psalmist, "My sool is athirst for Gnd; O, when shall I come to appear in the glorioos presence of the Lord;" Who would not forsake a prison for a palace, a tabernacle for a city, a sea of dangers fur a firm land of bliss, the life of men for the life of angels?

MEMORY IN DROWNING.

Some years ago, A. held a bond against B. for several hondred dollars, having some time to run. When the bond came due, A. made a diligent search for it among his papers, but it was not to he found. Knowing for a certninty that the bund had not been paid or otherwise legally disposed of, A. concluded to frankly inform his neighbor B. of its loss and rely upon his sense of justice for its payment. But, to his sorprise, when informed of the loss, B. denied ever having given such a bond, and strongly intimated a fraudolent design on his part in asserting that such a transaction had taken place between them.—Being unable to prove his claim, A. was compelled to submit to the loss of the debt, and also to the charge of dishonorable intentions in urging the demand. Years passed away, and the affair almost ceased to be thought of, when, one day, while A. was bathing in Charles River, he was seized with cramp and came near drowning. After sinking and rising several times, he was seized by a friend and drawn to the shore, and carried home apparently lifeless; but, by the application of the usual remedies, he was restored. As soon as he gained sufficient strength he went to his book-case, took out a book, and, from between its leaves, took out the identical bond which had been so long missing. He then stated that, while drowning, and sinking, as he supposed to rise no more, there suddenly stood out before him, as it were in a picture, every act of his life, from his childhood to the moment when he sank beneath the waters; and, among other acts, was that of his placing that bond in a book and laying it away in the book-case. A., armed with the long-lost document, found in this marvelous manner, called upon B., of whom he recovered the debt with interest. Other instances of quickened memury might be given if we had time and space.

FISH AS FOOD.—The Portland Press advocates the free eating of fish, which in Lent comes timely, and says there is in fish a substance which is not found in the flesh of land animals. We refer to iodine, which tends to prevent scrofulous and tubercular diseases that afflict those in the higher ranks of life.—It has been proved by analysis that the solid matter of fish is very little inferior to game or poultry. That fish is a health-giving food there is abundant proof. The most healthy, robust, and prolific families are those whose principal food is fish. Fishermen are proverbial for their good health and strong constitution. The women, too, belonging to this class, are not only hale and hearty, but good looking, and many really beautiful.

HUMOROUS.—If you lose an opportunity, your opponent may find it.

Men, like bullets, go farthest when they are smnothest.

Wealth is not apt to be modest; the face on a guinea never blushes.

If there is urhanity in cities, may we not look for suburhanity in suburbs?

Puns are unpopular.—Men with one idea are perplexed with a double meaning.

With great trees the seed is smaller and the blossoms later than with small bushes.

It isn't pleasant to be in company with fellows who are only what a sandwich should be—half-bred.

Beauty has its privileges. A woman who has plainness of countenance must not indulge in plainness of speech.

A CURIOUS FACT.—The third instance of the succession of a Vice President of the United States to the vacant chair of the President is marked, as were the two former instances, by the peculiar fact that the vacancy occurs in the very early part of the term of office. President Harrison was inaugurated March 4th, 1841, and died April 4th of the same year, only a month after his inauguration. President Taylor was inaugurated eight years later, Mar. 4th, 1849, and died July 9th of the same year, about four months after entering office. President Lincoln was inaugurated for the second term on March 4th, 1865, and was killed April 14th, less than two months after the commencement of the term of office.

STATE BOUNTIES.—Gov. Andrew has issued an order that, until forther orders, the bounties paid by this Commonwealth to men enlisted in the military service of the United States, for one, two, and three years, respectively, and credited to the quota of Massachusetts, will be one hondred dollars bounty in hand, or else twenty dollars a month during the time the soldier is in service.

Palmer Journal.

SATURDAY, APRIL 29, 1865.

BOOTH, THE ASSASSIN, SHOT!

The assassin of President Lincoln is no more. It proved true that he fled on horseback, immediately after murdering the President, and with an accomplice, David C. Harold, made his way to St. Mary's county, Md. He several times narrowly escaped arrest.—They concealed themselves in a swamp, and paid a man $300 dollars for carrying them across the Rappahanock. Booth had a fractured ankle, which was the result of his fall upon the stage, after shooting the President, or the fall of his horse while making his escape.

Our cavalry got track of Booth at Port Royal, where he had crossed the river, and from a rebel captain at Bowling Green, they learned that he and his accomplice were stopping at the house of John and William Garrett, three miles back. The Garretts promptly informed our cavalry that the men were in their barn, but disclaimed any intention to harbor them. Booth refused to surrender, and the barn was set on fire to smoke him out.—His accomplice, Harrold, put out his arms to be handcuffed, but Booth fired upon our cavalry. As the roof began to fall in, Booth made a demonstration as if to escape when Sergt. Corbett fired, intending to wound him in the arm, but the shot struck his neck, bringing him down. He was shot at 4 o'clock Wednesday morning, and died at 7. The 16th New York cavalry, were the captors. Before dying he told Lieut. Baker, in whose lap his head lay, to tell his mother that he died for his country.

Booth was heavily armed with a carbine, revolver, and the knife which he used upon Major Rathbone in the theatre. The body of Booth is at Washington, and also Harrold.—Booth had shaved off his moustache, and allowed his beard to grow upon his face. He looked haggard and dirty. The doctor who set his fractured limb, and the two Garretts, in whose barn he was found, are under arrest.

It is, perhaps, well that he was killed, as it saves the country the excitement which would have followed his arrest. Justice has been swift in overtaking him, and he has paid the penalty of his horrid crime.

HONORS TO THE DEAD PRESIDENT.

The remains of our illustrious chief magistrate, Abraham Lincoln, reach Columbus, Ohio, to-day, and leave this evening for Indianapolis, Ind. The funeral ceremonies which have taken place at Philadelphia, New York, Albany, and other points on the way, have been of a grand and magnificent character.—In all the history of this nation, no funeral pageant ever equalled this. Along the whole line of road over which the remains have passed the people have vied with each other in showing their profound sorrow for the eminent dead. At New York, on Tuesday, the procession and demonstrations were the most imposing ever witnessed. The procession was four hours in passing a given point, and, besides this vast throng of moving people, the sidewalks, housetops, windows, and every spot large enough for a man or child to stand upon, was occupied. The address was by George Bancroft, the historian, who paid the highest tribute that words can express to the memory of President Lincoln. At Albany, on Wednesday, another long procession and another day of solemn ceremonies took place. At Buffalo and Cleveland appropriate honors were paid to the distinguished dead. The remains will leave Indianapolis on Sunday evening, and arrive at Chicago Monday noon, May 1. In the evening of Tuesday they will leave Chicago, and reach Springfield at 8 A. M. on Wednesday, where the final funeral ceremonies will take place.

A writer who saw the body at New York says:

To those who had not seen Mr. Lincoln in life the view may be satisfactory; but to those who were familiar with the features, it is far otherwise. The color is leaden, almost brown; the forehead recedes sharp and clearly marked; the eyes deep sunk and close held upon the sockets; the cheek bones, always high, are unusually prominent; the unnaturally thin lips shut tight and firm, as if glued together; and the small chin, covered with slight beard, seemed pointed and sharp. The body is dressed in black, the white turned-over collar and the clear white gloves making a strong contrast to the black neck-cloth and the leaden-hued features. This is all that remains of the man whom goodness made great, and whose rest in the hearts of the people is forever fixed and abiding. It will not be possible, despite the perfection of embalming, to continue much longer the exhibition; as the constant shaking of the cars, aided by the exposure to the air and the increeping of dust, has already undone much of the cunning workmanship, and it is doubtful if it will be deemed wise to tempt dissolution much further. Late in the night, says the same account, the corpse had materially altered. Dark and unearthly as the face was before, it was, at 11 o'clock, nearly five shades darker. The dust had gathered upon the features, the lower jaw somewhat dropped, the lips slightly parted, and the teeth visible.

The war department has ordered a vigorous prosecution of the war, without waiting for a termination of Gen. Sherman's armistice.—Three corps of the Potomac army have gone into western North Carolina, and orders have been sent to our forces in the Southwest to make every possible effort to head off Davis and his specie train, which is estimated to contain from $6,000,000 to $13,000,000.

It is now rendered certain that Secretary Seward and his son will recover from the attack of the assassin on the evening of the 14th. The secretary has rode out, and is gaining rapidly. Frederick Seward is recovering as rapidly as could be expected, and the soldier who saved the secretary's life will also get well.

The presence of so many paroled rebel prisoners at Washington operates badly, and it is thought that they will be ordered to leave. At Wheeling, Va., the returned rebels have been notified to depart, and return no more. The loyal people will not tolerate secret enemies in their midst.

THE WAR.

The war is rapidly closing, and a month hence there will be no organized resistance to our arms anywhere, unless Jeff Davis makes another stand in Texas.

Rebel Georgia papers report the movements of Gen. Wilson to the 20th inst. West Point, Columbus, and Griffin were said to be in our hands, and the capture of Macon was confirmed. At West Point, Gen. Tyler was killed and 142 men captured. Two bridges, the depot, and all the rolling stock of the West Point and Montgomery Railroad were destroyed.

Among the trophies of Gen. Stoneman's expedition are 12 battle flags and banners. The famous prison pen at Salisbury was burned to the ground, and the starved inmates carried toward Knoxville, on the way to which place almost all of them died.

Gov. Brown, of Georgia, has called out all the militia between the ages of 16 and 60, for the defence of the State, in view of Gen. Wilson's movements.

Gen. Sherman telegraphs the War Department that Gen. Wilson occupied Macon, Ga., on the 20th inst., and captured Howell Cobb, G. W. Smith, and others; but, as they claimed the benefit of the armistice previously granted, Gen. Wilson was directed to withdraw his forces to the outskirts of the town and await further orders.

It was reported in New Orleans on the 18th, that Gen. Kirby Smith was disbanding his army, and that his troops were returning to their homes.

Major Gen. Canby reports that there were over 150 pieces of artillery found in the works around Mobile, with large quantities of ammunition and war supplies. The prisoners taken number about 1000, and the cotton secured is about 3000 bales.

It was reported in New Orleans on the 18th, that Jeff Davis crossed the Mississippi River at Tinker's Bend, which was occupied by the Texas cavalry, on the 16th, escaping the observation of the naval forces.

The rebel cruiser Tallahassee arrived at Liverpool from Bermuda on the 9th of April. She has been re-christened Amelia, and will shortly enter the merchant service.

Better General than Diplomat.

The reputation of General Sherman ranks among the foremost military commanders in the world, and his campaigns will ever be considered the boldest and the best executed of any planned against the great rebellion. But Sherman has shown himself a better general than diplomat. On the 18th inst., he met the rebel Gen. Johnston near Ream's Station, N. C., and entered into an agreement by which hostilities were at once suspended, and the rebel armies were to be disbanded, their arms to be stored in the several State capitals, and the several State Governments, as now organized, were to be recognized on their officers taking the oath of allegiance to the United States, and where conflicting State Governments have resulted from the war, the legitimacy of all shall be submitted to the United States Supreme Court. It was further provided for the re-establishment of all federal courts in the several States, with powers as defined by the Constitution and laws of Congress—that the people and inhabitants of all States be guaranteed, so far as the executive can guarantee, their political rights and franchise, as well as their rights of person and property, as defined by the Constitution of the United States and of the respective States—that the executive authority of the government of the United States shall not disturb any of the people by reason of the late war, so long as they live in peace and quiet, abstain from acts of armed hostility, and obey the laws in existence at the place of their residence. In general terms, the war was to cease, a general amnesty being granted so far as the executive power of the United States can command, or on condition of the disbandment of the Confederate armies and the distribution of arms, and the resumption of peaceful pursuits by the officers and men hitherto composing said armies.

A saving clause to these conditions provided that they should be presented to the United States Government for official sanction. It was understood that Jeff Davis approved of the compromise, and also John C. Breckinridge. Indeed, it was all they could ask. It allowed even the leaders to remain anywhere in the Confederacy unmolested, the present State Governments to remain, with slavery attached, and gave the rebels their arms and ammunition, which they could at any time turn against the Federal Government. Sherman had, clearly, overstepped his powers as military commander, and allowed himself to be outgeneraled in diplomacy by the wily rebels.—But we must not condemn Sherman too hastily. Though his ideas as to a settlement of difficulties were erroneous, he, undoubtedly, thought the highest good would result from his negotiations. The mistake may be the means of allowing Jeff Davis to escape with his booty, which is considerable, and retard the campaign against Johnston, unless he immediately surrenders.

The Federal Government promptly disapproved of the arrangement, and sent General Grant down to North Carolina to terminate the armistice. Gen. Grant reached Raleigh on Monday, and delivered to Gen. Sherman the reply to his negotiations. Word was immediately sent to General Johnston, terminating the armistice, and informing him that army commanders could not negotiate in civil matters. So the mistake made by Sherman is corrected, and Johnston will, probably, surrender on the same terms proposed by Grant to General Lee.

Punishment of Disloyalty.—It is not surprising that the indignation felt over the cowardly assassination of President Lincoln should vent itself in acts of violence when northern traitors openly exult at the assassination. In a number of places, persons thus announcing their joy have been set upon, beaten, tarred and feathered and otherwise maltreated. The editor of the Westminister (Carrol County, Md.) Democrat, one Joseph Shaw, was mobbed for disloyalty on the night of the assassination, and the *materiel* of his office destroyed. He was warned away by the citizens but on Monday returned. The same night the citizens waited on him, requesting his departure, when he fired upon them, wounding a young man named Bell. The enraged populace then fell upon Shaw and killed him on the spot.

What Shall Be Done?

The Rebel Confederacy is no more, and the lingering remnants of once large armies will soon cease their hostilities. Jeff Davis has fled; there is no head or center to the rebellion; and the people of the misguided and almost ruined South now want to get back into the Union and enjoy peace. The Federal Government is the conqueror, and the South is at the conqueror's feet. The States and people in rebellion are waiting to hear the terms on which they will be received, and they should not be kept long in suspense. Had President Lincoln lived a few days longer, he would have set forth the policy and plans of the Government towards the wayward States in a proclamation; but his untimely death has necessitated a postponement of any such manifesto. From the terms arranged upon by Gen. Sherman and Gen. Johnston, it is easy to see what terms the rebels would like—to be recognized in their present State governments and State institutions, including slavery; but such were not the plans of President Lincoln, nor will such be the plans of President Johnson. We get a clue to the latter's policy in the few remarks he has made to delegations who have called upon him. He has invariably stated that the leaders of this rebellion should be trested as criminals of the blackest character, but that the masses should receive pardon.—Like Mr. Lincoln, he proposes the organization of new State governments by loyal people, the governments so organized excluding slavery, agreeably to the act of Congress.

It will be hard for the old State governments to surrender their authority, but there will be no other way provided for the people to enjoy peace and prosperity but through loyal rulers. The rebel leaders, who now manage the affairs of State in the South, must suffer for their disloyalty. President Johnson has said it, and he will do as he says. There are those who will plead that mercy may be shown them.—We, too, would plead for mercy; but will it not be a mercy to the South to inflict punishment upon those who have brought such dire calamities upon the people of the whole Union? If they are permitted to go unharmed, what would there be to deter future conspirators from getting up rebellions whenever their ambition or malicious spirits prompted them?

If it is not right to hang the rascals, let them be forever banished; and let those who are not deserving of banishment, be disfranchised; so that, forever after, the generations which follow may know that the traitor to his country deserves and inherits eternal infamy.

Doom of the Assassins.—It would seem as if there were no spot on the globe to which the perpetrators of the great tragedy at Washington could escape for refuge from the punishment which the whole human family is interested in administering. The confederate chiefs will disclaim participation in the plot, and they will probably offer to surrender the criminals, if within their reach, though their broken and despised power is insufficient to enforce a mandate to that end. Nor do we see where thes outlaws can find refuge. Not in European countries or dependencies within the operation of our extradition treaties; not in Mexico, for neither Maximilian nor his patron Napoleon can tolerate political assassins.—Spain has no treaty of mutual surrrender with us, yet probably she would yeild up refugees thus stained with illustrious blood. Turn where they will, these conspirators find the avenues of escape closed against them! Like the Roman empire when it stretched dominion over the known earth, the modern republic leaves no refuge to enemies like those, but suicide.

Tragic Effect of the Assassination.—A youth, named Charles Johnson, residing with his father, Wiliam Johnson, at 187, East Fourteenth street, New York, who had for some time been subject to fits, during dinner last Tuesday said, "I am going to follow Abraham Lincoln, and I will die under this roof to-morrow night." He then rose from the table and proceeded up stairs, stating that he was going to bed. His family thought no more of the matter till his mother, on going down to the front basement, saw him in the back room in the act of brandishing a razor. He looked very excited, and exclaimed in a loud voice, "This is the razor." His mother immediately screamed for help, but before any one could respond, the unhappy boy had succeeded in putting an end to his existence.

Not Afraid of Assassination.—President Johnson wisely determines to show the world that, in spite of the recent terrible tragedy, the protection of our Executive is not, even now, to be in the bayonets of a guard, but in the love and vigilance of the people. He exposes himself in public places with the utmost indifference. A gentleman, meeting him in the parlor of the Kirkwood House a few days ago, asked: "Mr. President, is it wise for you thus to jeopardize yourself?" He replied: "Yes.—I have already been shot at twice, you remember, without injury. Threatened men live long."

How They Used Her.—A female secessionist at Oldtown, Me., having expressed joy at the death of President Lincoln, was waited upon by about a hundred and fifty of the patriotic ladies of that town, with the American flag, and invited by them to take it in her hand and march with them after a drum and fife.—She demurred, but was induced to do it to avoid faring worse. She was marched through the principal streets, and made to cheer and wave the flag at all prominent points.

Poisoned His Wife.—Dr. Pritchard, a physician of good standing in Glasgow, is under arrest on the charge of having poisoned his wife. He is suspected, too, of having poisoned his wife's mother, Mrs. Taylor. The evidence is rather circumstancial, but portions of it is rather hard on the accused, particularly the fact that he had an intrigue with a servant girl in his household.

Our Late President.—Mr. Lincoln was the first of our Presidents who died in his second term of office. President Harrison died just after entering the second month of his term, and President Taylor in his seventeenth month. Had President Lincoln lived till noon of the day on which he died he would have completed the sixth week of his second term.

One Rebel Port.—Galveston yet remains open to rebels, though twelve federal cruisers were off the port in the latter part of March. A blockade runner arrived at Nassau, on the 30th of March, from Galveston, with 1000 bales of cotton.

A VARIETY OF THINGS.

The season is propitious, promising early fruits from the soil in reward to him who tills it. Trees and shrubbery are putting forth their foliage very rapidly and the fields already afford pasturage to cattle. Should the usual rains of Spring and early Summer be granted us, the year will no doubt be bountiful, far exceeding in fruitfulness several of past years.

—President Lincoln could not have died at any time when his acts or life could be appreciated better than now. He had crowned a four years' presidency, begun in war and slavery, with a dawning peace which is to become permanent. His outgoing life saw the nation free, and that is more than the generations who have gone before us have seen or ever expected to. Was not that act enough to make any man immortal?

—A rebel attempted to shoot Gen. Kipatrick, after Raleigh had surrendered and he was marching through the town at the head of his troops. The ball struck one of his staff officers, and in ten minutes the assassin was swinging from the limb of a tree.

—Jefferson D. is lugging away a large amount of treasures on which to feast himself when he gets beyond the limits of the confederacy, which limits are now prescribed to a small area. His evil gains will be seasoned with a bitterness that few would care to taste.

—Two children in Collinsville, Conn., were killed by eating a poisonous root, supposed to be the wild parsnip, which they picked up on some plowed ground.

—It is stated that among Mr. Lincoln's papers has been found a package of letters marked in his own hand-writing, "Assassination-Letters."—While many of them threatened his life others warned him of the plot to take it.

—Gen. Palmer the commandant of Kentucky has ordered that hereafter no more guerrillas shall be executed publicly. Hereafter all persons sentenced to death will be executed privately.

—They haven't heard of the surrender of Lee at Atlanta, Ga., yet, but the rebel papers there insist that he has defeated Grant, slaughtering 6000 federal soldiers. Smart people in Atlanta.

—The anticipated retreat of Jeff Davis from Texas to Mexico, with a purpose of involving us in new difficulties, has been duly considered by our government, and the project is likely to be environed with new difficulties.

—The French and English ships-of-war in Hampton Roads placed their colors at half-mast on the arrival of the intelligence of President Lincoln's death.

—William Knox, a Scotch poet, who died in 1829, is the author of the poem entitled "Oh, why should the spirit of mortal be proud," attributed by many to the pen of President Lincoln.

—Wilkes Booth is said to own land in Boston. The only land that he has any title to in America is enough to make him a grave.

—No rebel deserters or paroled prisoners will for the present, be allowed to come to Washington.

—Eastern men are buying nice farms in Missouri at the low price of five and ten dollars per acre.

—It is reported that Gen. Lee has expressed an intention to leave Richmond and reside on Mr. Hill Carber's farm, City Point.

—The rebels call Selma, Ala., now in our possession, the Pittsburg of the South because of the great number of manufacturing establishments there.

—Booth, who murdered President Lincoln, is said to be 25 years old—also, 33. He is old enough to hang, in either case; and, though his deed is that of a madman, he is not crazy enough to escape the gallows.

—The retreating rebel garrison of Mobile are on their way to Macon, Ga., with our forces in close pursuit.

—The Jersey City Times says Edwin Booth will petition the Maryland Legislature to change his name to Abraham M. Lincoln.

—Richmond merchants who owe money to Northern men are taking measures to pay their debts.

—Twelve hundred workmen have been dismissed from the armory at Springfield and more are going. That's right. Let them make hoes and pruning hooks instead of rifles.

—The extensive machine shop and U. S. arsenal, three miles below St. Louis, were burned last Friday night.

—The "Black Hawk," flagship of the Mississippi river squadron, was destroyed by fire, Saturday morning.

—At Richmond, last Thursday, Gen. Lee and staff were photographed in a group.

—Com McKean, U. S. navy, died on Saturday. He has been in the service since 1813.

—Schools for the education of colored children have been opened in Richmond.

—Curls are all the fashion.

—Farmers are planting in many places.

Bold Robbery.—At Bangor, on Thursday last week, in broad daylight, a rogue named Cornelius Sullivan placed a stout wooden stick into the handle of a broker's door so that it could not be opened from the inside, and immediately broke in the window and siezed about $2500 in 7-30 and 5 20 U. S. Bonds and made off at full speed. The broker and his clerk were inside at the time but could not open the door. People outside saw the robbery, however, and made chase, but at last accounts the bold operator had not been caught.

Mistress of the White House.—Mrs. Johnson's health is such that she cannot preside at the White House, and one of her daughters, Mrs. Stover, it is expected, will act for her. Mrs. Stover is the widow of the gallant Col. Stover, who fell in battle near Nashville. One of the President's sons, Charles Johnson, was killed by a fall from his horse, in 1863, but Robert and Andrew are living. He has another daughter besides Mrs. Stover, Mrs. Patterson, wife of Judge Patterson.

Reduction of Expenses.—The Provost Marshal General has issued an order directing a material reduction in the force of employees in provost marshal's offices, a termination of all contracts for lodgings and subsistanee of recruits, substitutes, and drafted men, the release of all men drafted under the last call and not mustered into service, and for a rigid and sweeping curtailment of expenses throughout all the branches of this department.

Failure.—The attempt to raise the monitor Milwaukee sunk in the Mobile Bay, resulted in the breaking in two of the vessel. The monitor Osage has had her guns taken out, and it is thought that by a little more lightening that she can be made to float.

Jeff Davis & Co. at Augusta.—The Richmond Whig reports that Jeff Davis and a handful of his office-holders, have reached Augusta, Ga., preparatory to a flight across the Mississippi.

PALMER AND VICINITY.

The heavy frosts which have occurred in this vicinity, it is feared, have injured the peach and pear buds.

Divorced.—The Superior Court has granted a bill of divorce to Melissa Emery, from Horace B. Emery, of Palmer.

Baptist Church.—Rev. Mr. Barrett, of Newton Theological Seminary, will preach at the Baptist church to-morrow. Slips not already rented can be hired on application to L. Dimock, who has a plan of the slips at his store.

"If Thine Eye Offend Thee, Pluck it Out."—Alvin S. Hastings, of this town, recently submitted to an operation by which a diseased eye was removed, in order to save the sight of the other eye. The operation was successfully performed at Boston.

A Loud Call.—Several wealthy men in this village, who gave in no income, have been summoned to call on the U. S. assessor at Pittsfield, and show reason why they should not be doomed to pay a tax which he has levied against them.

On the Way.—A Mr. Heymen, of Boston, who made a vow four years ago, to walk from that city to Washington when Richmond should be taken, passed through Palmer on his long journey, on Thursday last, and dined at the Antique. He carries an American flag and an umbrella.

Court Matters.—In the superior court at Springfield, on Wednesday, the suit of the administrators of the estate of Jacob B. Merrick against Solomon A Fay, of Palmer, was decided by a verdict of $11,200 for the plaintiffs. The administrators claimed that Mr. Fay held stocks to the amount of $11,000, as collateral security on a note given by Merrick, and the suit was brought to recover the value of the stocks thus held.

Sad Bereavement.—The family of Newell A. Taylor, of this village, has been sadly afflicted in the loss of their three children, dying within a few days of each other, two of them by the fatal epidemic which has found many victims in this town. During the illness of their children other members of the family also suffered from sickness, and their house, for ten weeks, has been literally a house of affliction. The sympathy which goes out from christian hearts should be theirs.

Government Taxes.—The amount of U. S. taxes in the Eastern Hampden district for March is $10,486.18, some of the largest of which are: Boston Duck Co., $1843.33; Merrick, Fay, & Co., Monson, $2484.90; Monson Woolen Co., $173; Hampden Man. Co., Monson, $1102.15; Monson & Brimfield Co., $450.70; J. L. Reynolds, Monson, $932.85; N. F. Rogers, Monson, $129.60; Chas. Fuller, Monson, $210; Shaw Man. Co., Wales, $323.45; Wales Man. Co., $255.20; Dell Man. Co., Wales, $248.06; Wm. R. Parks, Palmer, $280.

Wilbraham.—E. N. Smith, for several years merchant at Collins' Depot, is about removing to Indian Orchard. He sells some of his goods at suction to-day.—Gates & French, who manufacture a cheap kind of tweed, have held up till the demand is better.—Spectacle Pond, in the western part of Wilbraham, which is really two ponds, according to the observation of the inhabitants of that section flows together every seventh year. This spring it did so, and people went down to witness the phenomenon, and brought back bushels of bullpouts, which they picked up in the grass on the space between the two ponds, where the water had overflown.

Belchertown.—The people of Belchertown assembled in large numbers at the town house on Wednesday of last week, formed a procession, headed by the band, followed by the hearse, with two sable sons of the south acting as grooms, next the clergymen, town officers, and citizens, and marched to the Congregational church, which was heavily draped in mourning, where funeral services were held for President Lincoln.——The council which met at Belchetown, Monday, voted that the connection of Rev. H. B. Blake with the Congregational Church in that place should be dissolved.——Franklin Dickinson has been re-appointed trial justice for Hampshire county.

The subscriptions to the 7-30 loan are growing larger every day. This is the last loan which the government will make that can be taken by the people. If in the future it makes other loans they will be taken on bids from capitalists as formerly. Large numbers of working people are now investing their spare dollars in this popular loan. It will soon be all taken and then the bonds will be at a premium.

It is the opinion of well informed persons that Jeff Davis will escape to Texas, where he can organize about 40,000 troops for a further prosecution of the war, and if hard pressed he can move into Mexico. What our government is trying to do is to catch him before he gets to Texas, and if Gen. Sherman had not made a foolish truce with Johnston, Davis would probably have been caught.

The civil war in the Republic of Uruguay is at an end. The insurrection headed by Gen. Flores, chief of the party of "Colorados" has been successful, and President Aguirre has resigned. A mutual understanding has been arrived at between both parties and all political offences are to be forgiven. A new election under the new order of things is shortly to be held.

President Johnson has appointed Thursday, the 25th of May, as a day of fasting, humiliation, and prayer, in commemoration of the national affliction at the assassination of President Lincoln.

Apprehensions exist of an approaching insurrection of slaves at Havanna. Large deposits of arms have been found, and several negroes have been arrested. The plot is said to extend all over the Island.

The Burning of Richmond.—The National Intelligencer says that while Gen. Ewell was at the provost marshal's office, in Washington, he conversed with several official and private individuals. He took the occasion utterly to deny the allegation that he ordered the burning of Richmond, or that the fire which occurred upon his evacuation of the place was caused either by his order or that of any Confederate authority. He said the fire was the work of the Richmond mob.

Reviling the Honored Dead.—Western papers state that the inhabitants of Marietta, Ind., fired a salute, shouted, danced, sung, and gave other demoniac expressions to their joy at the assassination of President Lincoln.—They then made an effigy of Mr. Lincoln, and, after parading it through the streets, set fire to and burned it. At several places in Canada joy was manifested publicly at the death of the President.

Hunting for Mosby.—Major General Hancock reports that nearly all of Mosby's command have surrendered, including nearly or quite all of the officers except Mosby himself. Some of Mosby's own men are hunting for him, being stimulated by a reward of $2000 offered for him by Gen. Hancock, who has been directed to establish his headquarters at Washington.

A Piratical Game Frustrated.—The Toronto papers contain an affidavit, stating that the notorious McDonald, of that City, together with a member of the Toronto Council, named Dennison, has been discovered preparing a vessel at Collingwood for a piratical expedition upon the lakes. The scheme has been frustrated by the seizure of the vessel.

Orders to Wear Mourning.—Secretary McCulloch has sent an order to all the offices of internal revenue in the country, directing that, "in honor of the memory of our late illustrious chief magistrate, all officers and others subject to the order of the secretary of the treasury, wear crape on the left arm for the period of six months."

A Memorial to the Widow of the Deceased President.—A movement is on foot among the merchants of Boston, to collect one hundred thousand dollars to be presented to Mrs. Lincoln as a token of the respect and veneration felt by the people for the memory of their departed President.

Improvised Mourning.—On Sunday morning the Congregational Church at South Dartmouth being found destitute of mourning, the ladies quickly removed their black lace veils and with them made festoons for the pulpit, having previously covered it with a Union flag.

A National Monument.—The proposed National Monument, commemorating the murder of President Lincoln, will, it is thought, be erected on the site of Ford's Theatre, that establishment to be purchased and torn down.

Not All True.—The thousand and one stories told about Booth, the assassin, must be taken with several grains of allowance. Some of them may be true, but many of them have already been pronounced false, and many others undoubtedly are.

More About the Assassin.—Booth is said to be "worth" $250,000, the result of oil operations. Other accounts say that he is poor, and was a mere bravo, murdering Mr. Lincoln for hire.

Suicide.—Mrs. Josephine Moore, daughter of Mrs. S. P. Bonny of Ware, committed suicide on Saturday last, by cutting her throat with a razor. Her mind had been deranged for several years which is the cause assigned for the fatal deed.

License Law.—The committee of the Legislature having the subject of a new license law referred to them, have reported in favor of such a law; but it will be a hard matter to get such a bill through the legislature.

☞ Roger A. Pryor, who was an original secessionist, now draws rations from the U. S. Commissary at Petersburg, Va.

Whiskers!—Those wishing a fine set of whiskers, a nice moustache, or a beautiful head of glossy hair, will please read the card of Thos. F. Chapman in another part of this paper.

Again and Again.—Our readers may think it strange that we so often urge upon their attention a medicinal preparation. Already have we, for a number of weeks, urged the importance of a supply of Coe's Cough Balsam in the house ready for immediate use. But our excuse is the vast amount of sickness, sorrow and death that are the immediate result of sudden coughs, colds and pulmonary attacks; while thousands of children are dying from croup and lung complaints. Time and experience have proved that Coe's Cough Balsam is the most reliable preparation ever known to the world. Like magic it relieves the irritation of the throat, removes the stoppages that prevent breathing in croup, and heals all soreness of the throat, chest and lungs. No man should neglect to supply his family with a safe and reliable medicine like Coe's Cough Balsam, any more than he should neglect the supply of their daily bread. It costs but forty cents, and the bottles contain twice as much as those of any other remedy at the same cost, while in merit it is superior to all others. All drug stores keep it for sale.

A CARD.

The First Congregational Society of Palmer, (Thorndike) take this method to express their thanks to the Dramatic Club of Thorndike for their liberal donation of fifty dollars.

Thorndike, April 26, 1865.

A Card to Invalids.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the receipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *Free of Charge.*

Address JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D., Bible House, New York City.

Old Eyes Made New.

A Pamphlet directing how to speedily restore sight and give up spectacles, without the aid of doctor or medicine. Sent by mail, free, on receipt of 10 cents. Address E. B. FOOTE, M. D.,
6mja26 1130 Broadway, New York.

Whiskers! Whiskers!

Do you want Whiskers or Mustaches? Our Grecian Compound will force them to grow on the smoothest face or chin, or hair on bald heads, in six weeks. Price, $1. Sent by mail anywhere, closely sealed, on receipt of price. Address
1sd24 WARNER & Co., Brooklyn, New York.

If You Want to Know

A little of everything relating to the human system, male and female; the causes and treatment of diseases; the marriage customs of the world; how to marry well, and a thousand things never published before, read the revised and enlarged edition of "MEDICAL COMMON SENSE," a curious book for curious people, and a good book for every one. 400 pages, 100 illustrations. Price, $1 50. Content tables sent free to any address. Books may be had at the bookstores, or will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of the price. Address
E. B. FOOTE, M. D.,
ja28 6m 1130 Broadway, New York.

TO THE NERVOUS, DEBILITATED AND DESPONDENT OF BOTH SEXES.

A great sufferer having been restored to health in a few days, after many years of misery, is willing to assist his suffering fellow creatures by sending (free), on the receipt of a postpaid addressed envelope, a copy of the *formula* of cure employed. Direct to JOHN M. DAGNALL,
my19 Box 183 Post Office, Brooklyn, N. Y.

To Consumptives.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a Sure Cure For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address. REV. EDWARD A. WILSON.
3m. Williamsburgh, Kings County, New York.

Lyon's Periodical Drops!

The Great Female Remedy for Irregularities.

These drops are a scientifically compounded fluid preparation, and better than any Pills, Powder, or Nostrums. Being liquid, their action is direct and positive, rendering them a reliable, speedy and certain specific for the cure of all obstructions and suppressions of nature. Their popularity is indicated by the fact that over 100,000 bottles are annually sold and consumed by the ladies of the United States, every one of whome speaks in the strongest terms of praise of their great merits. They are rapidly taking the place of every other Female Remedy, and are considered by all who know aught of them, as the surest, safest, and most infallible preparation in the world, for the cure of all female complaints, the removal of all obstructions of nature and the promotion of health, regularity and strength. Explicit directions stating when they may be used, and explaining when and why they should not, nor could not be used without producing effects contrary to nature's chosen laws, will be found, carefully folded around each bottle, with the written signature of JOHN L LYON, without which none are genuine.

Prepared by Dr. JOHN L. LYON, 195 Chapel Street, New Haven, Conn., who can be consulted either personally, or by mail, (enclosing stamp,) concerning all private diseases and female weaknesses.

Sold by Druggists everywhere.
C. G CLARK & CO.,
Gen'l Agents for U. S. and Canadas.

REEVES' ORIGINAL
REEVES' GENUINE
REEVES' RELIABLE
AMBROSIA.

FOR THE GROWTH, BEAUTY, AND PRESERVATION OF THE HAIR.

One of the Many Testimonials.

NEW YORK, September, 1862.

I have many evidences to prove that Reeves' Ambrosia is all it is represented to be. I will state a few facts—could relate many more, give the names, residences, etc.

About two years ago I purchased some of Reeves' Ambrosia for my customers. Many, perhaps, bo't it with but little faith in its excellence. But seeing the same ones return time and time again for "another bottle," led me to inquire as to the result of their experience. I was assured by all of benefits obtained beyond expectation. Hair falling out was prevented, that turning gray was arrested, the thin and slowly growing hair was made to grow thick and rapid; in fact and were pleased and highly elated. An instance showing the remarkable effects of its use for one year, came to my knowledge as follows: A lady, (one of my customers) who informed me that this preparation had caused her hair to grow, proved the truth of her assertion by removing her bonnet and letting down her beautiful hair. Measuring its length, it showed a growth of 3 feet and 9 inches since using Reeves' Ambrosia. I hear many speak in its praise, and can confidently recommend it from my own experience.

MISS S. MOODY, 319 Grand Street.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30, 1862.

Proprietor of Reeves' Ambrosia—Dear Sir:—Noticing upon one of your circulars a statement from Miss S. Moody, and believing that the person referred to is none other than myself, I desire to fully corrobrate her statement as I did on one occasion, while in her store, discussing the merits of your Ambrosia, remove my bonnet to show a friend of the excellence of your preparation. I would at any time give you a certificate in detail. Simply recommend it all I can, believing it to be unfallible. Yours, gratefully,
Mrs. JOS. T. LOVELL.

REEVES' AMBROSIA is for sale by all Druggists, and at 62 Fulton Street, N. Y.

Price, 75 Cents per Bottle. d106m.

For sale in Palmer by WOOD & ALLEN, General Agents for Mass.

MR. EDITOR—Dear Sir:—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send, by return mail to all who wish it, (free) a recipe with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm that will effectually remove, in ten days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth, and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads and Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than thirty days.

All applications answered by return mail without charge. Respectfully yours,
THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
m4 3m 831 Broadway, New York.

MARRIED.

In Ware, 20th, by Rev. A. E. P. Perkins, FRANK W. WELLINGTON of Worcester, son of T. W. Wellington, Esq, and LIZZIE M. DEWITT of Ware, daughter of Hon. Francis DeWitt.

In Amherst, 19th, by Rev. John Dyer, FREDERIC B. PHELPS of Belchertown, and SARAH T. DICKINSON of Amherst.

In Northampton, 20th, ALBERT ALLEN and EXERETTA SHUMWAY, all of Belchertown.

DIED.

In Palmer, March 17th, CHARLES N., 1 year, 7 months; April 1st, ETTA A., 9 years, 9 months; 22d, ELLA J., 5 years, 4 months, children of Newell A. Taylor.

In Ware, 22d, Miss JOSEPHINE MOORES 25.

WANTED—By an American woman, a situation as Housekeeper in a small family. Good reference given. Address immediately, Miss M. J. SHERMAN, Amherst, Mass.

MEAL.

BOLTED MEAL, FLOUR,
RYE MEAL, CORN,
GRASS SEEDS, RYE,
Will be found
At NEWTON & Co's, Palmer,
At the Lowest Figures.

SPICES, of all varieties, Raisins, Citron, Extracts, Bluing, Pepper Sauce, Tomato Ketchup, At NEWTON & Co's, Palmer.

Administrator's Auction Sale.

HAMPDEN, SS.—By leave of Hon. William S. Shurtleff, Judge of Probate for said county, will be sold at public auction on Wednesday, the 24th day of May next, at 2 o'clock P. M., the following real estate:

The first class four story brick hotel block known as the

"NASSOWANNO HOUSE,"

occupied as a first-class Hotel, three Stores, Post Office, and Express Office, situated in the depot village of Palmer, Mass.

Also, the three story Brick Block occupied for Stores and Tenements, situated a few rods westerly, and known as

"STRONG'S BLOCK."

The above sale affords a rare opportunity to purchase most valuable property in the thriving village of Palmer.

Terms and conditions made known at the time and place of sale, or by inquiry of the undersigned.
JAMES G. ALLEN, Administrator.
Palmer, April 29, 1865.

GUARDIAN'S SALE.

HAMPDEN, ss.—By virtue of a license from Hon. William S. Shurtleff, Judge of Probate for said county, will be sold at public auction, on the premises in Palmer, on Wednesday, the third day of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, all the right and interest that Julia A. Lamb and Eliza M. Lamb, as heirs-at-law, have in and to the real estate of Chloe Lamb, late of said Palmer, deceased. The interests of said Julia A., and Eliza M. are as follows: Each is entitled to an undivided twenty fourth part of the farm of about one hundred acres, and the same proportion of one half of the buildings thereon. Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.
JAMES C. BURNHAM,
Guardian of Julia A. Lamb.
SARAH L. LAMB,
Guardian of Eliza M. Lamb.
Palmer, April 12, 1865, al5

All the other heirs interested in the residue of said estate will sell their shares at auction at the same time. A. R. MURDOCK, Auctioneer.

GUARDIAN'S SALE.

BY order of the Judge of Probate I will sell at public auction, on the premises, in Warren, half a mile west of the depot, on Wednesday, May 31, at 2 o'clock P. M., a piece of land containing about 5¾ acres and water privilege, known as the Taft privilege, and belonging to the heirs of Erastus Hawes, deceased.
LATHROP CLARK, Guardian.
Monson, April 29, 1865.

COMMONWEALTH of MASSACHUSETTS.
Hampden, ss. Probate Court.
To all persons interested in the estate of Oren Hovey, late of Monson, in said county, deceased, Greeting:

Whereas, the administrators of the estate of said deceased, have presented for allowance the first account of their administration upon the estate of said deceased:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Monson, in said county, on the second Tuesday of June next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be allowed.

And said administrators are ordered to serve this Citation by publishing the same once a week, three weeks successively, in the Palmer Journal, a newspaper printed at Palmer, the first publication to be fourteen days at least before said Court, and by sending, or causing to be sent, a written or printed copy hereof, properly mailed, postage prepaid, to each of the heirs, of said deceased, or their legal representatives, known to said administrators, within two days of said first publication.

Witness, WILLIAM S. SHURTLEFF, Esquire Judge of said Court, this twenty-fifth day of April, in the year one thousand, eight hundred and sixty-five. SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.
Copy—attest SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

COMMONWEALTH of MASSACHUSETTS.
Hampden, ss. Probate Court.
To the Heirs-at-Law, Next of Kin, and all other Persons interested in the estate of Anna Gage, late of Monson, in said county, deceased, Greeting:

Whereas a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament and codicil of said deceased has been presented to said Court, for Probate, by Leonard G. Cushman, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to him, the executor therein named,

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be holden at Monson, in said county of Hampden, on the second Tuesday of June next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, against the same.

And said Leonard G. Cushman is hereby directed to give public notice thereof by publishing this citation once a week, for three successive weeks, in the newspaper called the Palmer Journal, printed at Palmer, the first publication to be fourteen days, at least before said Court, and by sending, or causing to be sent, a written or printed copy hereof, properly mailed, postage prepaid to each of the heirs, devisees, or legatees of said deceased, or their legal representatives, known to the petitioner, within two days of the date of said first publication.

Witness, WILLIAM S. SHURTLEFF, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this twenty-fifth day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five. SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.
Copy—attest, SAMUEL B. SPOONER, Register.

GOLD LOWER! GOODS LOWER!

LOOK AT PRICES!

Good Brown Sugar,	9 lb for	$1.00
Porto Rico do.,	7 " "	1.00
Coffee do.,	6 " "	1.00
Granulated, Pulv., and Crushed do.,	5 " "	1.00
Porto Rico Molasses,	per gallon,	.90
Good do.,	"	.75
Best quality Tea,	per pound,	1.25
Good do.,	"	.75

WE HAVE A
LARGE STOCK OF GROCERIES,
Bought at the LOWEST FIGURES.
CALL AND SEE THEM
—AT—
NEWTON & CO'S,
Nassowanno Block, Palmer.

PAINTING.

THE subscribers have taken the shop lately occupied by A. M. Titus, and will attend to all orders for
Painting, Graining, Paper Hanging, &c.,
at short notice. Special attention given to
SIGN PAINTING.
GRAVES & CLARK.
Palmer, April 8, 1865.

COPARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned has associated with himself STEPHEN J. HAMILTON, ALEXIS COURIER, and HERBERT S. LINCOLN, as partners in the Crockery, Glass, and China Ware business, to date from March 1, 1865, which will be carried on hereafter under the firm of Hamilton & Co., at the old stand, Union Block, 197 Main st., Springfield. JOHN HAMILTON.

John Hamilton will devote his attention most particularly to the wholesaling of Kerosene Oil, Burning Fluid, Benzine, and Spirits Turpentine, orders for which will be received for the present at the above named place of business. ap15 1m

SOAPS, SOAPS!

BURWELLS, Babbitt's, Castile and Common, at NEWTON & CO'S, Palmer.

NOTICE.

I HEREBY give notice that I have given my son, NATHAN H. RICH, his time from this date, and shall claim none of his wages, nor pay any debts of his contracting. J. C. RICH.
Palmer, April 25, 1865. a29.

ASSESSOR'S NOTICE.

THE inhabitants of the town of Palmer are hereby notified to bring in to the assessors of said Palmer, at the town house, on Monday, the first day of May, a true list of their polls and estates, both real and personal, (not exempted from taxation) of which they are possessed on said first day of May.
JOHN CLOUGH, } Assessors
AUSTIN R. SMITH, } of
JAMES GAMWELL, } Palmer.
Palmer, April 21, 1865. 2w.

GOLD AT 150,
—AND—
MY PRICES
For all kinds of Goods
ARE MARKED TO CORRESPOND.

Good Prints, Fast Colors,	20 cts.
All others,	22@25
Best DeLaines,	30
7-8 Brown Cottons,	20
Nice yard wide, do.	20
Best 9-8 do., do.,	37½
Larg't size best qual. Ladies' Nubias,	1 25
Heavy Long Shawls, largest size,	7 00
Best quality do.,	11 00
More Ladies' Rubber Boots,	2 50
More Ladies' Rubber Sandals,	1 00
Colored Cambries (slightly soiled),	17
A lot of shop worn shoes,	75
Good Bleached Cottons,	20, 30, @40
Good Cot. and Wool Flannels,	40@60
Heavy Cotton Goods, for suits,	80
Good Balmoral Skirts,	$3@$4.50
Nice Alpaccas,	50@75
Best All Wool Delaines,	75
Heavy yard wide Cottons,	37½
Heaviest Cottons made,	45
A lot of Ladies' Cambric Collars, half price.	
Six pounds Good Brown Sugar for	$1.00
Five and 6¾ pounds very choice do.,	1.00
4½ pounds Crushed & Granulated do.,	1.00
Good Molasses, for	.83@.90
Best Porto Rico in the world,	1.00

All-widths OIL CLOTHS, Palm Leaf MATTRASSES, HOOP SKIRTS, every size from 6 to 40 springs.

A variety of SUGARS; several kinds of MOLASSES and SYRUPS; TEAS and COFFEES.

☞Remember the French Breakfast and Dinner Coffee.

VARIOUS GRADES OF FLOUR,

From the cheapest to the best made. BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, RYE FLOUR, GRAHAM FLOUR, CORN AND RYE MEAL, always on hand.

Just Received, a lot of *SMITH'S PARAFINE*, for Boots, Harnesses, or any Leather work. The *only sure Water Proof Leather Preserver* known, and will be furnished by the dozen or gross, at New York prices.

Always on hand an assortment of
Clocks, Trunks, Toys and Fancy Goods,
Cooking Extracts and Perfumeries,
All the popular *PATENT MEDICINES*,
In STONE and WOODEN WARE, the usual variety.
Crockery and Glass Ware, enough of it.
HATS AND CAPS,
a good stock at all times. Also,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
for Men and Boys, and as good a variety of Ladies', Misses', and Childrens', Shoes, in Leather and Serge Work, as can be found, in stores out of the cities.

Recollect, I always have
A LARGE STOCK OF GOODS,
At *PRICES TO SUIT THE PEOPLE* and the times, all marked in plain figures, and
ONE PRICE ONLY.

☞Every one who owes me is requested to make immediate payment, as a change in business is contemplated.
E. E. TOWNE.
Monson, Feb. 25, 1865.

AT NEWTON & CO'S
WILL be found those choice Milk Crackers. Also Boston and Springfield Crackers.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between Joseph and William Thompson is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
J. & W. THOMPSON.

The business will be carried on as heretofore by the subscriber, to whom all debts will be paid, and who will pay all demands against said J. & W. Thompson. JOSEPH THOMPSON.
PALMER, April 10, 1865.

E. S. BURWELL,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter,
GRAINER, and furnisher of
PAPER HANGINGS.

☞Whitening and Paper Hanging done at short notice. All work warranted.
Shop next Caswell's Blacksmith shop. Orders may be left at Dr. Cowan's office.
Palmer, April 15, 1865.

IF YOU WANT
A GOOD ARTICLE
—OF—
READY-MADE CLOTHING
For a Little Money,
Call at D. MULVIHILL'S,
Palmer, March 4, 1865. Nassowanno Block.

ANY BOOK WANTED!

CAN be obtained at short notice by leaving orders at our store. A select assortment of STANDARD WORKS on hand, together with TOY BOOKS and BOOKS FOR YOUTH.
Also, different styles of
Pocket Bibles and Testaments,
PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, &C.
Give us a Call.
WOOD & ALLEN,
Palmer, Feb. 11, 1865. tf

FLOUR
Of all grades, FOR SALE LOW for cash,
AT A. H. PARKS' STORE,
West end of Palmer House Block, Palmer, Mass

FARMERS, ATTENTION!

DO you want to raise LARGE CROPS this season? If so buy largely of
Bone Dust, Super Phosphate of Lime, Lodi Poudrette, and Fish Guano,
and your wants will be realized. For sale by
E. E. TOWNE, Monson.

PAY UP.

OWING to the recent change in business we are desirous of settling our old books. All persons indebted to us will please make immediate payment and much oblige P. P. KELLOGG.
Palmer, April 15, 1865. 4w.

REMOVED.

I HAVE removed my shop from Commercial Block to the new building adjoining the Journal Office, where I am prepared to make
BOOTS AND SHOES.
and do REPAIRING at short notice.
CALVIN HITCHCOCK.
Palmer, April 8, 1865.

A TIMELY WARNING.

DISEASES of the Urinary and Sexual Organs, the result of Self-abuse, Sexual Excesses, &c. Reports on the above, supplying the means of cure, sent free on receipt of a red stamp.
Address JOHN D. WILLIAMS,
a21. P. O. box, 2853, Philadelphia, Pa.

TOBACCO OF ALL KINDS,

Cavendish, Navy, Fine Cut Chewing, Killekinie Smoking.

We would call particular attention to our Navy Tobacco, that we are selling at 75 cents ℔ lb.
NEWTON & CO.,
Nassowanno Block . . . . Palmer, Mass.

WOODS' Celebrated Dry Hop Yeast, for sale at PARKS' STORE, Palmer

NOTICE!

P. P. KELLOGG and C. M. TINKHAM have formed a copartnership under the name of Kellogg & Tinkham, and will do business at the old stand of P. P. Kellogg.
Palmer, April 1, 1865. a83w.

POTASH, at NEWTON & CO'S, Palmer.
Of the best quality

APRIL 1, 1865.

FALL
—IN—
Merchandize!

I HAVE THIS DAY
REDUCED THE PRICE
—OF—
MY STOCK OF GOODS
TO THEIR
GOLD VALUE,
COMPRISING ALL MY
DRESS GOODS,
DOMESTIC GOODS,
Gent's Furnishing Goods,
READY-MADE
CLOTHING,
BOOTS & SHOES,
CARPETINGS,
CROCKERY, GLASS WARE,
&c., &c., &c.

ANY PART OF MY STOCK
CAN BE BOUGHT AT
LOW FIGURES,

W. W. CROSS,
PALMER, 1865.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

WE ARE NOW RECEIVING
A NEW LINE OF
Dry Goods and Groceries,
Bought since the Fall of Richmond,
which we will sell
At the Lowest Cash Prices.
We have a Large Stock of Men's and Boys'
CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, &C.,
which we are determined to sell.
Please call before purchasing elsewhere.
KELLOGG & TINKHAM.
Palmer, April 8, 1865. tf.

SPRING SALES!

DRY GOODS AND CARPETS!

TINKHAM & CO.,
SPRINGFIELD . . . . . MASS.,
Now offer
A NEW AND SPLENDID STOCK
OF NEW SPRING GOODS,
All bought at the recent **Panic Prices**, and to be sold at prices fully corresponding to the lowest point reached. Every department full of Choice Goods, the whole making by far
THE LARGEST AND MOST ATTRACTIVE Stock in Western Massachusetts,
to which the attention of purchasers in this part of the state is invited.

WE KNOW WE CAN MAKE IT AN OBJECT FOR PURCHASERS

of Dry Goods and Carpets to visit Springfield, to visit our store and buy their goods of us. No effort will be spared to make those who favor us with a call satisfied that what we claim is correct. Particular attention is paid to
DRESS GOODS,
of every kind, including a very large and desirable variety of
MOURNING DRESS GOODS,
Choice stock of
WHITE GOODS,
Rich Embroideries, Laces, Trimmings, and Fancy Goods,
SILKS, in all Colors,
SUPERB BLACK SILKS,
SPRING CLOAKS,
Mantillas, Shawls, CLOAKINGS,
☞The Largest Stock in the City. Garments made to order.
Immense stock of
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.
Extra Bargains in
COTTONS AND LINENS.
A Heavy Stock, bought since the recent Large Fall in Value.
CARPETS, CARPETS,
Carpets have also felt the pressure, and can now be sold at a large discount from old prices. We are fully prepared to offer the best terms possible, and have a larger and better stock than can be found in this region, particularly in all the better grades of carpets—goods that are not found out of the larger cities. Our stock includes every kind and description of Carpet Goods.
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS.
CURTAINS AND CURTAIN GOODS,
WINDOW SHADES,
☞The best variety in Springfield.☜

New Goods will be Received Daily
DURING THE SEASON.
THE LARGEST AND BEST LIGHTED Dry Goods Store in New England, out of Boston.
184, 186, 188 MAIN STREET,
a15 SPRINGFIELD. 4m

"A Word to the Wise is Sufficient."

D. H. BRIGHAM & CO.,
OF SPRINGFIELD,
ADVERTISED two weeks ago to give special attention to the
Retail Clothing Trade,
And for the past ten days have had
A CONTINUOUS RUSH!
They are selling their Goods Regardless of Cost!
As the panic has reduced the price of many goods about one-half, and
THEY ARE BOUND TO SELL!
AN EARLY CALL will secure
SPLENDID BARGAINS,
and insure
An Immense Stock to Select From!
What's the use of Paying a Profit?
BUY AT PANIC PRICES AT
D. H. BRIGHAM & CO'S
Wholesale and Retail Clothing House,
a1 SPRINGFIELD, MASS. 3m

Manhood: How Lost, How Restored.

JUST PUBLISHED, a new edition of DR. CULVERWELL'S CELEBRATED ESSAY on the Radical Cure (without medicine) of Spermatorrhœa, or seminal weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and physical Incapacity; Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

☞Price, in a sealed envelope, only six cents. The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine, or the application of the knife—pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.

☞This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cents or two post stamps. Address the publishers,
CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, Post Office Box 4,586.

ANOTHER LOT Fresh Ground of
KENT'S East India and OLMITZ'
COFFEES,
The best out. At NEWTON & CO'S.
Nassowanno Block, Palmer.

HAMS! DRIED BEEF!
HAMS! DRIED APPLES!
ALL KINDS OF FISH!
At NEWTON & Co's . . . Palmer, Mass.

SMITH & CONVERSE,
Successors to M. W. FRENCH & BRO.,
Have on Hand a Choice Lot of
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes,
&c., &c., &c.
YARD WIDE COTTONS,
VERY CHEAP.
New Spring Style DeLaines, Very Handsome.
Also, a large assortment of
SPRING SKIRTS,
All Styles and Prices.
GIVE US A CALL.
GEO. F. SMITH. JOHN S. CONVERSE.
Palmer, Mass., 1865.

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, the undersigned has assumed the General subscription Agency for the sale of United States Treasury Notes, bearing seven and three-tenths per cent. interest, per annum, known as the
SEVEN-THIRTY LOAN.

These Notes are issued under date of June 15th, 1865, and are payable three years from that time, in currency, or are convertible at the option of the holder into
U. S. 5-20 Six per cent. Gold Bearing Bonds.

These bonds are now worth a premium which increases the actual profit on the 7-30 loan, and its exemption from *State and Municipal Taxation*, adds from one to three per cent. more, according to the rate levied on other property. The interest is payable in currency semi-annually, by coupons attached to each note, which may be cut off and sold to any bank or banker.

The interest amounts to

One Cent per Day on a		$50	Note.
Two "	"	$100	"
Ten "	"	$500	"
Twenty "	"	$1000	"
$1 "	"	$5000	"

Notes of all the denominations named will be promptly furnished upon receipt of subscriptions, and the notes forwarded at once. The interest to 15th June next will be paid in advance. This is
THE ONLY LOAN IN MARKET,
now offered by the Government, and it is confidently expected that its superior advantages will make it
The Great Popular Loan of the People.

Less than $200,000,000 of the Loan authorized by the last Congress are now on the market. This amount, at the rate at which it is being absorbed, will all be subscribed for within four months, when the notes will undoubtedly command a premium, as uniformly been the case on closing the subscriptions to other Loans.

In order that citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loan, the National Banks, State Banks, and Private Bankers throughout the country have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will select their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent,
PHILADELPHIA.

Subscriptions will be received by the
First National Bank of Springfield,
Second National Bank of Springfield,
Third National Bank of Springfield,
Ware National Bank of Ware,
Monson National Bank of Monson,
f25 Stafford National Bank of Stafford. 3m

FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS,
And Dealers in Government Securities,
38 Wall Street, New York,
—ARE—
U. S. GOVERNMENT AGENTS,
FOR THE SALE OF THE
POPULAR 7-30 LOAN,
Under the recent arrangement of the Treasury Department with Mr. JAY COOKE, General Subscription Agent.

Checks and Drafts on New York, Legal Tender Notes, and National Bank Notes may be remitted in payment. We also receive all Legal Tender *Five per cent.* Notes, and allow the *accrued interests to date of subscription.*

The 7-30 Notes will be forwarded by express, free of charge, to all points reached by the express companies.

Orders may be forwarded to us direct, or through your nearest bank or banker.

Persons visiting the city will find a full assortment of the notes on hand at our office for immediate delivery.

Orders by mail should be accompanied with the address in full to which the notes are to be forwarded.

We also keep on hand, and buy and sell at market rates, all kinds of
United States Securities.
Accounts of Banks, Bankers, and individu received on favorable terms.

On or about the 1st of May we shall remove to the commodious offices No. 5 Nassau st. Continental Bank Building, now occupied by the Third National Bank.
FISK & HATCH, BANKERS,
f18 38 Wall Street, New York. 3m.

THE NINTH NATIONAL BANK
OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
CAPITAL, $1,000,000—PAID IN,
Fiscal Agent of the United States,
And Special Agent for Jay Cooke, Subscription Agent.

Will Deliver 7-30 Notes, Free of Charge,
by express, in all parts of the country, and receive in payment Checks on New York, Philadelphia, and Boston, current bills, and all five per cent. interest notes, with interest to date of subscription. Orders sent by mail will be promptly filled.

This Bank receives the accounts of Banks and Bankers on favorable terms; also of individuals keeping New York accounts.
J. T. HILL, Cashier. J. U. ORVIS, Pres't.

DODGE & HASTINGS,
PAY the HIGHEST MARKET PRICE
for GOOD VEAL CALVES.
Palmer, Feb. 25, 1865.

A NICE ARTICLE OF
SUGAR HOUSE SYRUP,
For sale
Palmer, Dec. 8. AT PARKS' STORE.

WANTED!

BUTTER, EGGS, and all kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE at NEWTON & Co's.
Palmer, 1865.

IMPORTANT TO DRUNKARDS.—The following, clipped from an English journal, is warranted a cure for drunkenness:

Sulphate of iron, five grains; magnesia, ten grains; peppermint water, eleven drachms; spirit of nutmeg, one drachm; twice a day.—This preparation acts as a tonic and stimulant, and so partially supplies the place of the accustomed liquur, and prevents that absolute physical and moral prostration which follows a sudden breakiug off from the use of stimulating drinks.

GOING ON A TOUR.—The Emperor Napoleon contemplates a systematic tour, which will last several years, through the French Provinces, in order to introduce the Imperial Prince to his future subjects. The south of France is to be the first stage, and is to have its turn this year.

KENTUCKY.—Gen. Palmer is at Eminence, Kentucky, for the purpose of receiving the surrender of all the Confederate forces in that State, including Colonel Jessie's command.—Those who will not surrender will be declared outlaws, and the people will be called upon to hunt them down.

REMOVED.—The Portuguese Government has acceded to the American Minister's demand for the removal of the commander of Fort Belem for firing on the frigate Niagara after her commander had signalled him that he understood his summons.

TAKE NOTICE!

OPENED THIS DAY!

A NEW CASE OF GOODS, consisting of

COTTONS, PRINTS, & D'LAINES,

Bought and sold at

PANIC PRICES.

SMITH & CONVERSE.

Palmer, April, 1865.

PAPER HANGINGS!

WE have the LARGEST AND BEST STOCK to be found anywhere in New England,
FROM THE CHEAPEST STYLES
TO THE
ELEGANT GOLD AND PANEL PAPERS,
And furnish them
AT RETAIL OR WHOLESALE,
At Lowest Prices.

☞ We send samples by mail or express
☞ when it is not convenient for customers
☞ to call at our store.

BRIDGMAN & WHITNEY,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.,
April 1, 1865.

CLOTHING
Marked Down! Down!

NOW IS YOUR TIME TO BUY.

CALL ON THE
NEW YORK
CLOTHING
COMPANY,
138 MAIN ST., SPRINGFIELD,
(Corner of Vernon Street)

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,
HATS AND CAPS,
From one of
THE LARGEST WHOLESALE ESTABLISHMENTS
in the City of New York,

ANY ONE WISHING
A Good Substantial Article
FOR A
LITTLE MONEY,
WOULD DO WELL TO
EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

ALL GOODS SOLD BY US ARE
WARRANTED
TO BE AS REPRESENTED.

We will allow the privilege of exchanging (within three days), any garment sold at retail, which upon examination at home does not meet the entire approval of the purchaser, either in material, style, or fit; or, if that is not sufficiently liberal,

WE WILL REFUND THE MONEY.

Our terms of sale are strictly for cash, and
WE GUARANTEE
A BETTER ARTICLE
OF CLOTHING FOR THE PRICE
than can be obtained elsewhere. Call and satisfy yourselves, at

138 MAIN ST.,
nearly opposite Baptist Church,
SPRINGFIELD..... MASS.
n21tf

READY MADE CLOTHING,
Just received and for sale by
D. MULVIHILL,
Nassowanno Block, Palmer, Mass.
March 4, 1865.

TO LET.
THE ROOMS IN STRONG BLOCK heretofore used as a Tin-shop. Enquire of
Palmer, March 4, 1865. JAS. G. ALLEN.

HEALTH

HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT
BUCHU.

For Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Bladder or Kidneys, Diseases of the Prostrate Gland, Gravel, Brick Dust Deposits, Dropsical Swellings, Organic Weakness, Debility, Female Complaints, &c.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu and
IMPROVED ROSE WASH
Will radically exterminate from the system Diseases arising from habits of Dissipation, at little expense, little or no change of diet, no inconvenience or exposure, completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copabia and Mercury, in curing these diseases.

USE HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU
In all Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in MALE OR FEMALE, *from whatever cause originating*, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in its taste and odor, IMMEDIATE in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from Broken Down or Delicate Constitutions, *procure the Remedy at once.*

The reader must be aware that however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect his *Bodily Health, Mental Powers and Happiness.* If no treatment is submitted to, Consumptiun or Insanity may ensue.

All the above diseases require the aid of a diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
IS THE GREAT DIURETIC.

HELMBOLD'S
HIGHLY CONCENTRATED COMPOUND
FLUID
EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,
For purifying the blood, removing all diseases arising from excess and imprudence in life, chronic constitutional diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, and the only reliable and effectual know remedy for the cure of Scrofula, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Pains and Swellings of the Bones, Ulcerations of the Throat and Legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Tetter, Erpsipelas, and all scaly eruptions of the skin, and beautifying the complexion.

HAPPINESS

NOT A FEW
Of the worst disorders that afflict mankind arise from the corruption that accumulates in the Blood. Of all the discoveries that have been made to purge it out, none can equal in effect Helmbold's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla. It cleanses and renovates the Blood, instills the vigor of health into the system and purges out the humors which make disease. It stimulates the healthy functions of the body, and expels the disorders that grow and rankle in the blood. Such a remedy, that could be relied on, has long been sought for, and now, for the first time, the public have one on which they can depend. Our space here does not admit of certificates to show its effects, but the trial of a single bottle will show to the sick that it has virtues surpassing anything they have ever taken.

Two tablespoonsful of the Extract of Sarsaparilla, added to a pint of water, is equal to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is equal to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla, or the decoction as usually made.

The above Extracts are prepared on purely scientific principles—in Vacuo—and embody the full strength of the ingredients entering into their composition. A ready and conclusive test will be a comparison of their properties with those set forth in the U. S. Dispensatory.

HOW TO USE THE REMEDIES.

In diseases of the Blood, Humors on the Face, or any and every part of the body, use Extract Sarsaparilla, applying to Pimples and all external Humors or Eruptions the Improved Rose Wash.

Use the Extract Buchu for all diseases requiring the aid of a Diuretic, except those of the Urinary Organs, such as Gonorrhœa and Gleet; in these use the Extrac Buchu and inject with the Improved Rose Wash

☞THESE EXTRACTS HAVE BEEN ADMITTED TO USE IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY, and also are in very general use in all the STATE HOSPITALS and Public Institutions throughout the land, as well as in private practice, and are considered as invaluable remedies.

Medicine delivered to Any Address.
Direct letters to—
HELMBOLD'S DRUG & CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,
594 Broadway, New York,
Next Metropolitan Hotel, or to
HELMBOLD'S MEDICAL DEPOT,
104 South Tenth St., Philadelphia,
Assembly Buildings.

Describe Symptoms in all Communication.

☞ Sold by all Druggists everywhere.
☞ Beware of Counterfeits.
☞ Ask for Helmbold's. Take no Other.
Feb. 25. 1y

SECURED.

Palmer Steam Mill!

THE subscribers, having leased the Steam Mill formerly occupied by Hall & Trumble, offer for sale
A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
FLOUR, GRAIN, MEAL,
FEED, SALT, LIME,
COAL, WOOD, &c,
AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

CASH PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.
HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.
Palmer, Mass., Dec. 20, 1862.

NEW GROCERY STORE!

The undersigned, having purchased the stock of
GROCERIES & PROVISIONS
lately owned by J. P. SHAW, and removed them to their Flour and Grain Store, and having made large additions thereto, are prepared to furnish
FAMILY GROCERIES as CHEAP as at any other establishment in the county.
As we deal largely in
FLOUR AND GRAIN,
we are enabled to make purchases at
LOW FIGURES,
and sell in the same manner.

All kinds of FARMERS' PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods.

☞Remember the place—
At the Palmer Steam Mill.
HOVEY & SUTCLIFFE.
Palmer, Aug. 29, 1863.

GOLD PENS
FOR THE MILLION!
Pens to Suit the Hand, and Prices to Suit the Pocket!

The Best Gold Pens in the World!

On receipt of the following sums we will send, by mail or as directed, a Gold Pen or Pens, selecting the same according to the description, namely:
Gold Pens in Silver Plated Extension Cases, with Pencils.

For $1 a No. 2 pen — For $2 a No. 5 pen
For 1 25 a No. 3 pen — For 2 25 a No. 6 pen
For 1 50 a No. 4 pen

These pens are stamped THE IMPERIAL PEN, and are well finished and fine writing Gold Pens, with good Ardinm points, although they are unwarranted and cannot be exchanged.

WARRANTED GOLD PENS.

Our name (American Gold Pen Co., N. Y.) is stamped on all our 1st quality pens, and the points are warranted for six months, except against accident. Our second quality pens are stamped THE NATIONAL PEN, with the initials of our firm, (A. G. P. Co.) and are carefully made, having the same points as our 1st quality pens, the only great difference being in the quality of the Gold
Gold Pens, 1st and 2d Quality, in Solid Silver Extension Cases, with Pencils.

For $2 00 a No. 1 pen, 1st quality, or No. 2 pen 2d qual.
For 2 25 a No. 2 pen 1st quality, or No. 3 pen 2d qual
For 2 25 a No. 3 pen 1st quality, or No. 4 pen 2d qual.
For 3 50 a No. 4 pen 1st quality, or No. 5 pen 2d qual.
For 4 50 a No. 5 pen 1st quality, or No. 6 pen 2d qual.
For 4 50 a No. 6 pen 1st quality.

The same Gold Pens in Solid Silver or Gold Plated Ebony Desk Holders and Morocco Cases.

For $2 25 a No. 3 pen 1st quality, or No. 4 pen 2d qual.
For 2 50 a No. 4 pen 1st quality, or No. 5 pen 2d qual.
For 3 50 a No. 5 pen 1st quality, or No. 6 pen 3d qual.
For 4 00 a No. 6 pen 1st quality. For $5 50 a No 7 pen.
For 6 75 a No. 8 pen. For $12 a No. 12 pen; all 1st qual.

Our pens rank throughout the country as equal if not superior to any gold pens manufactured Not only for their writing qualities durability and elegant finish. The greatest care is used in their manufacture, and none are sold with the slightest imperfection which skill can detect.

Parties in ordering must specify the name, number and quality in all instances, and whether stiff or limber, coarse or fine.

TO CLUBS.

A discount of 12 per cent. will be allowed on sums of $15, if sent to one address, at one time; 15 per cent. on $25; 20 per cent. on $40.

All remittances by mail, *registered*, are at our risk. To all who enclose 20 cents extra for registering, we guarantee the safe delivery of the goods.

Circulars of all our new styles, with Engravings of exact sizes and prices, sent upon receipt of stamp, if desired. Pens repointed for 50 cents by mail.

Stationers and Jewellers are requested to correspond with us, as we can offer them GREAT INDUCEMENTS. Address
AMERICAN GOLD PEN CO.,
j28 3m. Nu. 200 Broadway, New York

M. P. KNOWLTON,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.
Post Office Building, south side of Court Square,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.
Soldiers' Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, &c., procured promptly and at reasonable rates.

Immense Success—Third Edition.
"HOW 'TIS DONE," or "The Secret Out," "Gambling Exposed," "Marked Cards," and all other tricks explained, "Fortune Telling," "The Book of Wonders," "Hunting and Fishing Secrets," the Original great Secret of a Moustach and Whiskers in 42 Days," "How to make Gold, Silver, and Diamonds," and 180 other new discoveries, never before published. A New Book, handsomely printed and bound; price only 25 cts; 6 for $1; circulars for stamp. Satisfaction guaranteed. Agents Wanted. Address
HUNTER & Co. Publishers,
fl 3m* Hinsdale, N. H

TAPIOCA, FARINA, SAGO, CORN STARCH, CHOCOLATE, COCOA &c., &c., for sale at
A. H. PARKS' Cash Store . . . PALMER, MASS.

A Lot of First-Rate
BUTTER,
FOR SALE in any quantity, from one to 100 pounds, at
A. H. PARKS' STORE, Palmer, Mass.

GEO. S. BOSWORTH,
CARPENTER AND JOINER,
—AND DEALER IN—
Doors, Sash, Blinds, Framing Timber, &c., &c.
Doors, Sash, and Blinds constantly on hand. All kinds of jobbing done to order. Palmer, Jan. 30

A Superior Article of Pure Ground JAVA COFFEE,
For sale at A. H. PARKS' Store,
Palmer House Block

The New 7 3-10 Treasury Notes
ARE on hand and for sale at the MONSON NATIONAL BANK, in denominations of $50, $100, $500, and $1000.
Monson, Dec. 17. E. F. MORRIS, Cashier.

HALL'S VEGETABLE
SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER,
THE best preparation for the Hair. It will immediately free the head from all dandruff, restore the hair to its natural color, and produce a new growth where it has fallen off. It will stop the falling out of the hair in a few days, if faithfully applied, and it will turn gray hair to its original color. Price, one dollar. A large lot just received, and for sale by the bottle or dozen.
WOOD & ALLEN,
Palmer, Mass., Feb. 11, 1865. 1y

REVENUE STAMPS.
ALL DENOMINATIONS of U. S. Revenue Stamps for sale at the Journal Office.
Palmer, Aug. 20, 1864

DENTISTRY.
DR. J. B. GOULD,
Surgical and Mechanical Dentist,
Palmer, Mass.

respectfully informs the Citizens of Palmer and vicinity that he has located himself in this place as a permanent Dentist, and hopes by strict attention to business to win the patronage of the public.

The Most Difficult Operations in Dentistry Performed with Care.

One of the most important and often neglected duties of the age is the preservation of the Natural Teeth, and to this end none should neglect having them frequently examined by a Dentist, that decay and other imperfections may be seasonably remedied. Children's teeth should receive frequent and careful attention, to prevent irregularities or decay.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH
inserted on the improved principle of atmospheric pressure. Teeth, from one to an entire set, inserted on Gold, Silver, or Rubber.

A SUPERIOR ARTICLE of DENTRIFICE and TOOTH BRUSHES constantly on hand.

☞Examinations and advice gratis.
☞All operations warranted.

TERMS REASONABLE.

TESTIMONIALS:
The undersigned, citizens of Monson, have employed Mr. J. B. Gould, in his regular practice as Dentist, with satisfaction, and would cheerfully recommend him to the citizens of this and adjoining towns, as skillful in all branches of this business. They are happy also to commend him as a man of good principles and high moral character.

Rev. T. G. Coltun. — Marcus Keep.
" F. Woods. — S. Darling.
N. F. Rogers. — Dr. J. M. Towne.
E. B. Miles. — " Smith.
n19 Dr. J. McKinstrey.

DR. WISTAR'S
BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY,
THE GREAT REMEDY FOR
CONSUMPTION,
And acknowledged by many prominent physicians to be by far the most Reliable Preparation ever introduced for the Relief and cure of all
LUNG COMPLAINTS.

This well-known remedy is offered to the public, sanctioned by the experience of over forty years, and when resorted to in season, seldom fails to effect a speedy cure of
Coughs, Colds, Croup, Bronchitis, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Hoarseness, Pains or Soreness in the Chest and Side, Bleeding at the Lungs, Liver Complaints, &c., &c.

Its complete success in many cases of confirmed consumption has reversed the opinion so long entertained, that this much dreaded disease is incurable.

To those who have already made use of this Remedy, no appeal is necessary. To those who have not, we have only to refer them to the written testimonials of many of our most distinguished citizens, who have been restored to health when the expectation of being cured was indeed a "forlorn hope." We have space only for the following

Unsolicited Testimony.

From REV. FRANCIS LOBDELL, Pastor of the South ong. hurch, Bridgeport, t.
BRIDGEPORT, Jan. 1, 1864.
MESSRS. SETH W. FOWLE & Co.—Gentlemen: I consider it a duty which I owe to suffering humanity, to bear testimony to the virtues of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry: I have used it—when I have had occasion for any remedy for Coughs, Colds, or Sore Throat—for many years, and never, in a single instance, has it failed to relieve and cure me. I have frequently been very hoarse on Saturday, and looked forward to the delivery of two sermons on the following day with sad misgivings, but by a liberal use of the Balsam my hoarseness has invariably been removed, and I have preached without difficulty. I commend it to my brethren in the ministry, and to public speakers generally, as a certain remedy for the bronchial troubles in which we are peculiarly exposed.

Entirely unsolicited I send you this testimonial, which you are at liberty to use in any way you choose. Perhaps the Balsam does not affect all persons alike, but it always removes my hoarseness, and fits me for the minister's hard-working day—the Sabbath.
Very truly yours, FRANCIS LOBDELL.

Clergymen, Lawyers, Singers,
and all those whose occupation requires an unusual exercise of the vocal organs, will find this the Only Remedy which will effectually and instantaneously relieve their difficulties. This Remedy, unlike most others, is not only not nauseous, but is extremely
PLEASANT TO TASTE.

A small quantity allowed to pass over the irritated part at once removes the difficulty.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY
IS PREPARED BY
SETH W. FOWLE & CO.,
18 TREMONT STREET, BOSTON,
Iys10. and is sold by all druggists. cow.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE
HEALS OLD SORES.
REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE cures Burns, Scalds, Cuts.
REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE cures Wounds, Bruises, Sprains.
REDDINGS' RUSSIA SALVE cures Boils, Ulcers, Cancers.
REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE cures Salt Rheum, Piles, Erysipelas.
REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE cures Ringworms, Corns, &c.

☞ No family should be without it. Only 25 cents a box. For sale by
SETH W. FOWLE & CO., Boston, Mass
and by all druggists and country storekeepers.

GOVERNMENT
PENSION AGENCY!
GOVERNMENT BOUNTY OF $100
Collected for soldiers who have been discharged from service by reason of wounds or disability, without regard to length of time. Invalid soldiers discharged from service, and the widows and orphans of soldiers who died in the U. States service, or of wounds or disease contracted in line of duty, are entitled to pensions. All pension claims against the government, and claims for arrears of pay and bounty, will be promptly attended to and collected at the lowest rates. No charge made to the soldier unless the claim is successful.

This Agency is duly licensed, and the undersigned does his business direct with the authorities at Washington, and not through third parties.
JAS. G. ALLEN. Counsellor & Attorney.
Palmer, March 21, 1863.

New London Northern Railroad.
On and after MONDAY, JANUARY 2, 1865,
Trains Leave Palmer as follows:
7.50 A. M., and 2.15 P. M., for New Loudon and Way Stations.
2.15 P. M., and 6.00 P. M, for Belchertown and Amherst.
Trains for New London connect at Willimantic with trains for Hartford.
Trains for Amherst connect with trains from New Loudon, and Western Railroad trains.
R. N. DOWD, Supt.
New London, Jan. 2, 1865.

PETROLEUM STOCKS
Are now attracting much attention, as
They Pay Larger Dividends
than any other stocks in the market, ranging from
One to Five per Cent. per Month.
Parties wishing to subscribe for stock in the "Great Basin" the "Massachusetts & Oil Creek," the "New England," "Fuller Farm," or other first-class oil companies, or in the
Montezuma Gold Mining Company,
the ore of which assays at over $8,000 per cord, can do so at the office of
Palmer, Jan. 21, 1865. JAS. G. ALLEN.

ENVELOPES, embellished with Business Cards, furnished at this office.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT!
GREAT SALE OF
Watches, Chains, Diamond Rings, etc.
ONE MILLION DOLLARS WORTH! To be disposed of at ONE DOLLAR EACH! Without regard to Value! Nut to be paid for until you know what you are to receive!!

Splendid List of Articles! All to be sold for One Dollar Each!

		Each
250	Gents' Gold hunting case Watches,	$50 to $150
250	Ladies' Gold and enamelled hunting case Watches,	35 70
500	Gents' hunting case Silver Watches,	35 70
200	Diamond Rings,	50 100
5000	Gold Vest and Neck Chains,	4 30
3000	Gold Oval Band Bracelets,	4 8
5000	Jet and Gold Bracelets,	6 10
2000	Chatelaine Chains & Guard Chains,	5 20
7000	Soltaire and Gold Brooches,	4 10
5000	Coral, Opal, and Emerald Brooches,	4 8
3000	Gold, Cameo, and Pearl Ear Drops,	4 8
5000	Mosaic, Jet, Lava, & Florentine do.,	4 8
7500	Coral, Opal, and Emerald do.,	4 6
4000	California Diamond Breast Pins,	2.50 10
3000	Gold Fob and Vest Watch Keys,	2.50 8
4000	Fob and Vest Ribbon Slides,	3 10
5000	sets Solitaire Sleeve-buttons, Studs, &c,	3 9
3000	Gold Thimbles, Pencils, &c.,	4 6
10000	Miniature Lockets,	2.50 10
4000	Miniature Lockets, magic spring,	10 20
3000	Gold Toothpicks, Crosses, &c.,	2 8
5000	Plain Gold Rings,	4 10
5300	Ch sed Gold Rings,	4 11
10000	Stone Set and Signet Rings,	2.50 10
10000	California Diamond Rings,	2 10
7500	sets Ladies' Jewelry—Jet and Gold,	5 15
6000	sets Ladies' Jewelry—Cameo, Pearl, Opal, and other stones,	4 15
10000	Gold Pens, Silver extension holders, and Pencils,	4 10
10000	Gold Pens & gold mounted holders,	6 10
5000	Gold Pens & gold extens'n holders,	15 25
5000	Ladies' Gilt and Jet Buckles,	5 20
5000	Ladies' Gilt & Jet Hair Bars & Balls,	5 10
5000	Silver Gublets and Drinking Cups,	5 50
3000	Silver Castors,	15 50
2000	Silver Fruit, Card, & Cake Baskets,	20 50
5000	dozen Silver Tea Spoons, per doz.,	10 20
10000	dozen Silver Table Spuons and Forks, per dozen,	20 40

ARRANDALE & CO., Manufacturers' Agents,
No. 167 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,
Announce that all of the above list of goods will be sold for One Dollar each.

In consequence of the great stagnation of trade in the manufacturing districts of England, thro' the war having cut off the supply of cotton, a large quantity of Valuable Jewelry, originally intended for the English market, has been sent off for sale in this country, AND MUST BE SOLD AT ANY SACRIFICE! Under these circumstances, ARRANDALE & Co., acting as agents for the principal European manufacturers, have resolved upon a GREAT GIFT DISTRIBUTION, subject to the following regulations:

Certificates of the various articles are first put into envelopes; sealed up and mixed; and when ordered, are taken out without regard to choice, and sent by mail, thus giving all a fair chance. On receipt of the certificate you will see what you are to have, and then it is at your option to send the dollar and take the article or not. Purchasers may thus obtain a Gold Watch, Diamond Ring, or any set of Jewelry on our list for One Dollar.

Send 25 Cents for Certificate.

In all transactions by mail, we shall charge for forwarding the Certificates, paying postage, and doing the business. 25 cents each, which must be enclosed when the Certificate is sent for. Five Certificates will be sent for $1, eleven for 2, thirty for $5, sixty-five for $10, and a hundred for $15.

AGENTS.—We want agents in every regiment, and in every town and county in the country, and those acting as such will be allowed 10 cents on every Certificate ordered by them, provided their remittance amounts to one dollar. Agents will collect 25 cents for every Certificate, and remit 15 cents to us, either in cash or postage stamps.
ARRANDALE & CO.,
March 25. 167 Broadway, New York.

DR. VELPAU'S FRENCH PILLS.
LADIES, TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.
THE REAL VELPAU FEMALE PILL.
[Warranted French.]

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